PETITIONER'S 10

Petitioner's Exhibit No. 10 Northern Indiana Public Service Company LLC Page 1

VERIFIED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF RICK SMITH

OFFICIAL EXHIBITS

- 1 Q1. Please state your name, business address and title.
- 2 A1. My name is Rick Smith. I am the Manager of Operations Compliance for
- 3 Northern Indiana Public Service Company LLC ("NIPSCO"). My business
- 4 address is 801 East 86th Avenue, Merrillville, Indiana 46410.
- 5 Q2. Please describe your educational and employment background.
- 6 A2. I am a graduate of Purdue University in West Lafayette, Indiana with a
- 7 Bachelor of Science degree in Aeronautical Technology. I have a Master of
- 8 Business Administration degree from Auburn University in Auburn,
- 9 Alabama. I began my employment with NIPSCO in 2010 as an
- 10 Underground Construction & Maintenance Supervisor (Valparaiso,
- 11 Indiana 2010-2012); Service Supervisor (Valparaiso, Indiana 2012-2013);
- 12 Superintendent of Gas Operations (Hammond, Indiana 2013-2015);
- Manager of Pipeline Services, overseeing the leak survey department
- 14 (Merrillville, Indiana 2015-2017); Manager of Damage Prevention &
- Operations Projects, overseeing damage prevention, corrosion, and the
- prone to fail riser program (Merrillville, Indiana 2017-2020). I have been in

- my current position of Manager of Operations Compliance (Merrillville,
 Indiana) since 2020.
- 3 Q3. What are your responsibilities as Manager of Operations Compliance?
- 4 A3. As Manager of Operations Compliance, I have oversight and delivery of 5 support services for pipeline safety and compliance for all of NIPSCO's gas 6 operations. I am responsible for implementing an industry leading Pipeline 7 Safety Management System, driving a risk assessment and mitigation 8 strategy through NIPSCO's integrity management programs, and driving 9 improvements in public awareness of natural gas safety issues. In my role, 10 I am also NIPSCO's liaison with the Indiana Utility Regulatory 11 Commission's Pipeline Safety Division ("PSD") facilitating inspections, 12 collaborating on pipeline safety initiatives, and submitting required 13 compliance reports to the PSD and / or the Pipeline and Hazardous 14 Materials Safety Administration ("PHMSA"). I also provide strategic 15 guidance to NIPSCO's Damage Prevention Organization.
- 16 Q4. Have you previously testified before the Indiana Utility Regulatory
 17 Commission ("Commission") or any other regulatory commission?
- 18 A4. No.

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1 Q8. Please provide an overview of NIPSCO's Damage Prevention

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Organization.

A8. NIPSCO's Damage Prevention Organization is responsible for helping to manage and mitigate the risk of damage through a variety of activities including underground facility locating, excavator engagement and outreach, and damage investigation. Increasingly, the damage prevention function also entails the capture and evaluation of data related to excavation activities and damage events. NIPSCO has a dedicated staff of 21 employees charged with working with NIPSCO's locate contractors and with the excavator community to reduce the risk of damage to NIPSCO's underground gas facilities. NIPSCO's Damage Prevention Organization also audits its underground locate contractors to detect any locator training deficiencies by performing field audits of random locates. Members of this organization also work with NIPSCO's communications group to assist with public awareness efforts. The Damage Prevention Organization holds meetings with employees, excavators, and the public to raise awareness of damage prevention and promote public safety. The organization also gathers, organizes and retains data to look for trends that could help

improve the Damage Prevention Program. I will further explain the

1 function performed by the members of the Damage Prevention 2 Organization later in my testimony where I provide a detailed description 3 of the proposed adjustments to the costs of the organization that are 4 designed to further improve efforts to prevent damages and thereby improve the safety of NIPSCO's system.

6 Q9. Please describe what actions NIPSCO has taken to improve its Damage

Prevention Program.

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A9.

Since 2017, NIPSCO has improved its Damage Prevention Program in a number of ways including through the implementation of a safety management system, and ongoing collaboration with the PSD in reviewing damage information and discussing ways to continue to improve damage prevention efforts. In terms of the process for locating its underground facilities, NIPSCO transitioned from using one primary locate contractor to using two locate contractors. This was done to ensure NIPSCO has a more diverse contractor pool and to give NIPSCO the ability to shift resources, if needed, based on performance or a surge of regional locate requests. In addition, a data analytical risk model was developed to help ensure that locator resources were deployed at excavation sites representing the highest probability of a damage. In regards to implementing its safety

management system, NIPSCO completed a gap analysis in 2016 consistent with the American Petroleum Institute ("API") Recommended Practice 1173 ("RP 1173"),¹ identified leadership competencies, rolled out a Corrective Action Program ("CAP"), is refining certain processes and procedures, and is using the safety management system framework to further promote a culture focused on safety. In 2019, the American Gas Association (AGA) Board of Directors approved a resolution recommending that all members implement RP 1173. Collaboration with the PSD, including quarterly meetings and frequent communications, has facilitated the exchange of ideas, discussions regarding damage prevention data and damage trends NIPSCO and the PSD are observing.

API RP 1173, Pipeline Safety Management Systems, is a recommended practice establishing a pipeline safety management systems framework for organizations that operate hazardous liquids and gas pipelines jurisdictional to the US Department of Transportation. RP 1173 provides pipeline operators with safety management system requirements that, when properly applied, provide a framework to reveal and manage risk, promote a learning environment, and continuously improve pipeline safety and integrity. At the foundation of a pipeline safety management system is the operator's existing pipeline safety system, including the operator's pipeline safety processes and procedures. RP 1173 provides a comprehensive framework and defines the elements needed to identify and address safety for a pipeline's life cycle. These safety management system requirements identify what is to be done and leaves the details associated with implementation and maintenance of the requirements to the individual pipeline operators.

1 Q10. Please describe how NIPSCO's Damage Prevention Program complies

2 with pipeline safety regulations.

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<u>Under</u> 49 CFR 192.614 – Damage prevention program – each operator of a buried pipeline must carry out a written program to prevent damage to its pipelines from excavation activities. NIPSCO's Damage Prevention Program satisfies the requirements of 49 CFR Part 192.614 and consists of four main components: (1) participation in a one-call system operated in accordance with 49 CFR Part 198.37; (2) execution of line locate requests governed by the Indiana Dig Law; (3) excavator outreach pursuant to Section 6.3 of API Recommended Practice 1162 ("RP 1162");² and (4) damage prevention and public awareness guidance on one-call center outreach under Section 6.3 of RP 1162. Federal pipeline safety regulations (49 CFR 192.616 and 49 CFR 195.440) require pipeline operators to develop and implement public awareness programs that follow the guidance provided by RP 1162. RP 1162 is an industry consensus standard that provides guidance and recommendations to pipeline operators for the development and implementation of enhanced public awareness programs.

American Petroleum Institute, Public Awareness Programs for Pipeline Operators, API Recommended Practice 1162, First Edition, December 2003. This API guidance has been incorporated into Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

1		It addresses various elements of such programs, including the intended
2		audiences, the kinds of information to be communicated, frequencies and
3		methodologies for communicating the information, and evaluation of the
4		programs for effectiveness.
5	Q11.	Please provide a more detailed explanation of NIPSCO's ongoing efforts
6		to reduce the risk of third-party damages to its underground facilities?
7	A11.	In an effort to prevent third-party damages that pose a potential threat to
8		the public, excavators, and NIPSCO's employees, NIPSCO participates in
9		the Indiana Underground Plant Protection Service, Inc.'s one-call system
10		("Indiana 811"). Any party conducting excavation work is required to call
11		Indiana 811 at least two business days before excavation is scheduled to
12		commence. See Ind. Code ch. 8-1-26 (the Indiana "Dig Law"). Indiana 811
13		notifies NIPSCO if its facilities are impacted and NIPSCO pays 95¢ per
14		ticket to Indiana 811 for each locate request. NIPSCO then routes the
15		information to its underground locate contractors or internal employees so
16		that the Company's facilities can be marked.

Q12. What is the function of the locate contractors?

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18 A12. The locate contractors use specialized equipment and maps to locate and

- mark the location of NIPSCO's underground facilities on the ground prior
 to excavation. In the event the contractor cannot successfully locate the
 facilities, NIPSCO personnel go out to the excavation site to assist in the
 performance of the locate using maps, records, and system knowledge.
- 5 Q13. Please describe NIPSCO's participation in a one-call system.
- A13. NIPSCO provides maps of its gas infrastructure to the one call system
 provider, Indiana 811. When an excavator notifies Indiana 811 where they
 intend to excavate, the location of the excavation is referenced to the maps
 provided to Indiana 811. If there is a possible conflict between the proposed
 excavation and NIPSCO's facility, Indiana 811 creates a "dig ticket" and
 sends it to NIPSCO for field execution.
- 12 Q14. Please describe NIPSCO's execution of line locate requests.
- 13 A14. When NIPSCO receives a dig ticket, the ticket is evaluated and assigned a
 14 risk score which is then sent to NIPSCO's locate contractor for field
 15 execution. The locate contractor completes the locate request (places paint
 16 and flags marking the approximate location of NIPSCO's facility), captures
 17 pictures of the completed locate request, and creates a sketch of the
 18 approximate location of NIPSCO's facilities in relation to the proposed

1		excavation. The locate contractor then notifies Indiana 811 that the ticket
2		has been completed and submits the pictures and sketch to the excavator
3		by email (if an email is provided).
4	Q15.	Is excavator error a leading cause of damages to NIPSCO's facilities?
5	A15.	Yes. Excavator error remains the highest root cause of damages to
6		NIPSCO's facilities and accounts for approximately 40% of all NIPSCO
7		damages. As discussed below, NIPSCO's Damage Prevention Program has
8		driven significant improvements in terms of reducing damage to its
9		facilities, even as the volume of excavation around its system has increased.
10	Q16.	Please describe NIPSCO's excavator outreach program.
11	A16.	NIPSCO's excavator outreach program is designed to educate excavators of
12		safe excavation best practices, assist with complex locate projects, and
13		provide training on the requirements under the Indiana Dig Law. The risk
14		score of a dig ticket is used to prioritize or dictate the level of outreach
15		needed on each ticket. High risk tickets could result in "Watch and Protect"
16		where a dedicated resource remains onsite for the duration of the
17		excavation to provide oversight and assistance. Medium risk tickets could

result in extra audits, phone calls with the excavators covering the scope of

- the ticket and any conflicts, or a visit from NIPSCO's Damage Prevention

 Coordinators.³ The sheer volume of locate requests presents a challenge in

 terms of the ability to perform such functions in every instance.
- 4 Q17. Please explain NIPSCO's Watch and Protect program.
- A17. NIPSCO's Watch and Protect program is a way of mitigating damages to distribution pipelines by remaining on site for the duration of the excavation. During Watch and Protect, the employee ensures all active and abandoned pipelines are accounted for, reviews NIPSCO's infrastructure with the excavator, educates the excavator on safe digging best practices, and stops work if any unsafe digging practices are observed.⁴
- Q18. Please describe NIPSCO's damage prevention and public awareness program.
- 13 A18. NIPSCO's Damage Prevention Organization and Public Awareness team

During the audits, the employee ensures the scope of the dig ticket is completed, the lines are accurately located in accordance with the Indiana Dig Law, and observes the excavator's dig practices while onsite.

The Watch and Protect work by the Damage Prevention Organization is performed on identified high risk excavations in proximity to distribution pipelines. As discussed in the testimony of NIPSCO Witness Sylvester, the Watch and Protect work by the GMT Department is performed on all excavations around transmission pipelines given the high pressure nature of these facilities.

work very closely together. A key activity for the Damage Prevention
Organization is a thorough investigation of each incident of damage.
During the investigation, several data points are collected. Some of these
data points are evaluated by the Public Awareness team. Trends are
identified and suggested actions to mitigate the damages are developed to
further reduce the risk of a damage. Media campaigns, targeted excavator
outreach, and targeted industrial education are examples of the mitigation
activities. Safe dig practices are an important component of NIPSCO's
public awareness program. A key performance indicator of the
effectiveness of NIPSCO's damage prevention/public awareness program
is the number of damages that occur to NIPSCO's pipeline due to "Failure
to Call" Indiana 811. A "Failure to Call" is a situation where NIPSCO was
never notified to locate the pipeline and a damage occurred. "Failure to
Call" is the second leading root cause of damages to NIPSCO's facilities and
accounts for approximately 33% of all NIPSCO damages. NIPSCO
mitigates this by complying with RP 1162 initiatives and by educating and
engaging the public by participating in local trade shows, community
events, advertising campaigns, social media, mailers, having messaging
available in English and Spanish, an enhanced emergency responder

1		outreach program, and by providing safety education programs targeted to
2		professional excavators and elementary school students within NIPSCO's
3		footprint.
4	Q19.	Please explain how the risk of excavator damage is incorporated into and
5		identified in NIPSCO's Distribution Integrity Management Program
6		("DIMP") and Transmission Integrity Management Program ("TIMP").
7	A19.	Enacted in 2002, 49 CFR Part 192 Subpart O mandated the creation of a
8		TIMP plan covering the higher pressure transmission pipeline and
9		corresponding systems. Enacted in 2011, 49 CFR Part 192 Subpart P
10		mandated the creation of a DIMP plan covering the lower pressure
11		distribution system. These integrity programs provide a mandated
12		regulatory structure for the assessment of system risks and progressive
13		implementation of solutions and continuous improvements based upon
14		those system risks over time. Excavation damage is the highest system risk
15		identified by NIPSCO's DIMP and TIMP plans.
16	Q20.	As part of the implementation of its DIMP and TIMP plans, has NIPSCO
17		engaged in continuous improvement initiatives designed to reduce the
18		risk of excavation damage to its underground facilities?

1 A20. Yes. In response to the high DIMP and TIMP risk scores related to 2 excavation damages, NIPSCO implemented several continuous 3 improvement initiatives to help further reduce damages to its 4 infrastructure. A few examples of these initiatives include, creation of a 5 damage prevention risk model, enhanced partnership and accountability 6 with its locate contractors, increased field presence of damage prevention 7 coordinators, increased Watch and Protect activities, collaboration with the 8 Commission's PSD on important key performance indicators to provide 9 data over time related to damage prevention, and a prioritized audit 10 program based on the risk score of dig tickets. 11 Q21. Have NIPSCO's continuous improvement initiatives resulted in a 12 reduction in facility damages? 13 A21. Yes. NIPSCO has reduced damages per 1,000 locate tickets (Damages per 14 Thousand) from 3.75 in calendar year 2013 to 1.90 as of July 31, 2021. 15 NIPSCO has also reduced the number of damages for "Locating Practices" 16 Not Sufficient" from 292 in calendar year 2013 to 139 as of July 31, 2021, 17 which occurred at a time when there was an increase of locate ticket 18 requests. While NIPSCO's damage prevention efforts have resulted in 19 fewer damages since 2013, NIPSCO must comply with CFR 49 Part

192.907(a) by making continual improvements. The level of risk associated with excavation activities, as well as the ongoing collaboration with the PSD, also drives NIPSCO's continued efforts to improve in this area. Based on an evaluation of its practices, NIPSCO has identified additional measures that could be implemented to achieve further safety improvements, including, an increase in excavator outreach and education coupled with additional audits, to further reduce damages to its infrastructure.

Q22. Please explain NIPSCO's excavator error damage prevention initiatives.

A22. As noted above, 40% of all damages to NIPSCO's facilities are from excavator error. This is usually the result of an excavator not visually verifying the depth of a utility before using a bore machine, operating mechanized equipment within two feet of the marked gas line, or not safely planning excavation. Excavator education sessions, field observations, planning sessions, Watch and Protect, and collaboration with the excavator community for innovative damage prevention techniques are initiatives that NIPSCO has taken to reduce excavator error. The Watch and Protect initiative has been used on high risk excavations on distribution pipelines, as it provides the highest level of oversight. Table 1 below shows the

number of Indiana 811 dig tickets within NIPSCO's service territory.

Table 1



For 2021, roughly 42,500 excavators and homeowners submitted more than 250,000 Indiana 811 dig tickets. In 2021, NIPSCO's 14 Damage Prevention Coordinators were able to reach out to 7,164 of the excavators that submitted tickets and provided education. However, to further NIPSCO's efforts to reduce excavator errors on our system, it would be preferable to enhance our abilities to reinforce the Indiana Dig Law, promote best practices for excavators to follow, and to educate them on the resources available through NIPSCO, should they need assistance. NIPSCO's 14 Damage Prevention Coordinators have only been able to reach out to 7,164 excavators to provide education and outreach, which amounts to only 17% of the 42,500 different

1		excavators / homeowners.
2	Q23.	Is NIPSCO proposing enhancements to its existing Damage Prevention
3		Program in order to further prevent damages to its facilities resulting
4		from excavator error?
5	A23.	Yes. As discussed above, the risk of third-party damage to facilities
6		resulting from excavation activities remains the single greatest threat to
7		NIPSCO's system and the public. In response to pipeline safety regulations,
8		its commitment to safety, and in order to build upon and continuously
9		improve its Damage Prevention Program, NIPSCO has evaluated the state
10		of its Damage Prevention Program and the ongoing damages and near
11		misses that impact its system, and has identified the following seven
12		initiatives to further reduce the number of damages associated with
13		excavator error:
14 15 16 17		• Add 11 Damage Prevention Coordinators for a total of 25. This will allow NIPSCO to respond to all dig tickets with a risk score of 95 and higher. 18% of NIPSCO's damages occur on tickets with a risk score of 95 or higher.
18 19		• Add three Assigners for a total of seven. Additional support staff is needed to efficiently route the Damage Prevention Coordinators.
20 21 22		• Increase the number of quality control audits conducted by NIPSCO's locate contractors from 5% of the annual ticket volume to 15%. This additional quality control will impact the terms and

1	pricing of NIPSCO's locate contracts by approximately \$2.3 million.
2 3 4	 Add two Frontline Leaders for a total of four. Additional staff are needed to ensure the productivity and safety of the expanded department.
5 6	 Add 16 Watch and Protect staff for a total of 24. This activity will reduce damages to NIPSCO's facilities and enhance safety.
7 8 9	 Add two full time Enhanced Emergency Responder Outreach trainers. The training educates officials on gas safety and is another voice in the community around safe digging practices.
10 11 12 13 14 15	• Complete an additional 40 in person natural gas safety education sessions annually. Students learn important messages like the purpose and meaning of 811 utility flag markers and what to do if someone is going to excavate in their yard. Equally important, students naturally share their new knowledge with peers and their families at home.
16 Q24	Please provide a description of the work performed by Damage
17	Prevention Coordinators.
18 A24.	Damage Prevention Coordinators perform audits on NIPSCO's contract
19	locators, provide onsite excavator assistance, audit excavators for
20	adherence to the Indiana Dig Law (Ind. Code ch. 8-1-26), provide training
21	to excavators (jobsite and office settings), complete root cause
22	investigations on all gas damages, and attend various community events
23	promoting safe digging practices. Additional Damage Prevention
24	Coordinators will allow NIPSCO to increase the ability to reach
25	approximately 25% of the new excavators. This additional outreach is

instrumental in preventing damages. In October of 2017, NIPSCO added 7

Damage Prevention Coordinators. This helped NIPSCO see a reduction of
0.43 damages per 1,000 tickets in 2018 from 2017. Increasing these damage
mitigation activities will provide benefits in terms of further reducing
facility damages.

6 Q25. Please provide a description of the work performed by Assigners.

A25.

Assigners evaluate all the dig tickets received by their risk score, evaluate data related to excavation activities and damage events, and create assignments for the Damage Prevention Coordinators to execute in the field. This position requires constant visibility to the excavator history and the plant conditions. An example of this is keeping track of the projects and the amount of site visits we have conducted to observe the contractor. Water/Sewer excavation tickets are inherently risky to the gas industry because the facilities are typically under the gas main. When a water main replacement project is started, there is a high likelihood that each of their tickets will be rated as a high risk. The Assigners role is to keep track of where they send the Damage Prevention Coordinator and how often they send them to the location. Excavator history, foreman history, and plant conditions are all items that the Assigner must keep in mind to be effective.

1		An effective Assigner will send resources out as needed, allowing NIPSCO
2		to visit new excavators that may not know the law or other best practices.
3		The additional Assigners will allow NIPSCO to dedicate the necessary time
4		doing this research and properly support the additional 11 Damage
5		Prevention Coordinators.
6	Q26.	Please provide a description of the work performed by Frontline Leaders.
7	A26.	Frontline Leaders ensure safety of their employees, provide oversight of the
8		Damage Prevention Coordinators and Assigners, interact with high risk
9		excavators as needed, and ensure assistance of difficult to locate facilities.
10		The additional two supervisors are needed to ensure proper span of control.
11	Q27.	Please provide a description of NIPSCO's Quality Control initiative as it
12		relates to damage prevention.
13	A27.	As noted earlier, locator error accounts for 17% of NIPSCO's facility
14		damages. The added quality control fosters a quality conscious employee,
15		drives process improvements, builds credibility with the excavator
16		community, and proactively identifies issues. The Quality Control
17		program will provide increased field evaluations on a regular basis. The
18		incremental volume of audits would increase by approximately 44,000

tickets at a cost of \$2,302,628 (see Adjustment OM 2A-22R in Petitioner's Confidential Exhibit No. 19-S2 for supporting detailed calculations). NIPSCO's locate contractors will need to hire additional staff to complete the additional quality control audits. This cost is incrementally added to the cost to locate a ticket. By increasing the amount of audits our locate contractors complete from 5% of the ticket volume to 15%, facility damages should be further reduced and this increase also ensures compliance to the Indiana dig law.

9 Q28. Please provide a description of NIPSCO's Watch and Protect initiative.

A28. Watch and Protect is an activity that can be performed by either our contract locators or internal NIPSCO resources. This activity involves participating in the pre-job briefing with the excavator, completing an audit of locates, identifying any retired facilities that may be indicated on NIPSCO's maps and records, and remaining onsite for the duration of the excavation. While onsite, the technician will stop any unsafe activity that may occur as it relates to safe excavation. The Watch and Protect activity is used on high risk excavations on distribution pipelines. Factors that can cause a ticket to be considered high risk include but are not limited to: higher pressure gas lines, the excavator's facility damage history, excavation method, pipe

material type, and critical facilities (hospitals, police stations, fire departments, etc). An example of the effectiveness of Watch and Protect is a water main replacement project completed in the NIPSCO footprint. In the first 6 months of the project, two contractors accounted for 14 damages on the project. NIPSCO invested in Watch and Protect for the remainder of the project (six months) and only had one damage related to those contractors. The increase in Watch and Protect activities on the most high-risk tickets will support increased interaction with excavators on the highest risk tickets.

Q29. Please describe the incremental activities NIPSCO is proposing for the

Watch and Protect initiative.

A29. The Watch and Protect program will provide increased oversight to ensure safe excavation practices in the field for high risk activities. The incremental resources to perform these services are expected to be 16 additional resources available through NIPSCO contractors. The estimated cost of the additional resources is \$2,010,573 (see Adjustment OM 2A-22R in Petitioner's Confidential Exhibit No. 19-S2 for supporting detailed calculations). These additional services will reduce damages to NIPSCO's assets to ensure NIPSCO will continue to deliver safe and reliable services

1		during high risk excavations on distribution pipelines. By increasing the
2		amount of Watch and Protect services, NIPSCO will be able to cover a
3		greater percentage of the highest risk excavation tickets. As of July 31, 2021,
4		NIPSCO has eight contracted employees mitigating risk through this
5		activity.
6	Q30.	Please describe Petitioner's Exhibit No. 3, Attachment 3-C-S2,
7		Adjustment OM-2A-22R and the amounts included in the Forward Test
8		Year.
9	A30.	Adjustment OM 2A-22R increases to the Forward Test Year (the period
10		beginning January 1, 2022 and ending December 31, 2022) operating
11		expenses in the amount of \$5,993,237 for the addition of 11 Damage
12		Prevention Coordinators, three Assigners, two Frontline Leaders, 16
13		resources to perform watch and protect services, and includes additional
14		investments in quality control. This pro forma adjustment increases the
15		Forward Test Year O&M expense to reflect certain incremental expenses
16		that NIPSCO is seeking to recover in base rates. If this adjustment is not
17		included, the Forward Test Year gas operating expenses will be
18		understated.

1 Q31. Please describe NIPSCO's Enhanced Emergency Responder Outreach

2 Program.

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The Enhanced Emergency Responder Outreach Project was undertaken to comply with 49 CFR § 192.1007(d)(2), which requires that a distribution integrity management program ("DIMP") Plan "determine and implement measures to reduce the risks from failure of its gas distribution system" and 49 CFR § 192.615, which establishes the minimum Code expectation and requires "establishment of written procedures to minimize the hazard resulting from a gas pipeline emergency" including "[e]stablishing and maintaining adequate means of communication with appropriate fire, police, and other public officials." The Enhanced Emergency Responder Outreach Project is intended to fund Emergency Responder Liaisons and to fund support materials for an expanded outreach to first responders. The NIPSCO trainers travel to fire departments and educate the local officials on gas safety, safe digging techniques, unified command, collaboration on Incident Command Structure (ICS), and engage in a collaborative review of emergency response procedures and expected roles. The National Transportation Safety Board ("NTSB") recommends this training to be recurrent.

1	Q32.	Is this the same program NIPSCO implemented as Project PS5 as part of
2		the Pipeline Safety Compliance Program approved in Cause No. 45007?
3	A32.	Yes. The Pipeline Safety Compliance Program will conclude on December
4		31, 2021. This program should be included in base rates as an ongoing
5		expense in order to continue this program as part of the pipeline safety
6		education initiative. This will be a recurring cost that NIPSCO will incur in
7		compliance with federal regulations and as part of its best practices.
8		Further, as described below, NIPSCO is enhancing the program going
9		forward.
10	Q33.	Please explain the incremental activities NIPSCO is proposing for the
11		Enhanced Emergency Responder Program.
12	A33.	The program has been successful to improve education and actions by
13		liaisons for pipeline operators alongside emergency responders. NIPSCO
14		will further prepare the communities served for appropriate reaction to
15		emergency pipeline situations and unified command during such incidents.
16		The program entails the addition of two full-time Public Safety Trainer
17		positions, the production of appropriate materials to support the outreach
18		effort, and the maintenance and marketing of an online certificate training
19		program for First Responders. NIPSCO is anticipating hiring two retired

public safety officials (such as a fire department official or someone with similar knowledge and background) who can act as a liaison for NIPSCO to enhance outreach and education to fire departments and others. Fire departments and police officers are most often the first to arrive on the scene of a gas emergency and their initial actions can make a significant difference in preventing a federally reportable incident (an incident that causes \$122,000 dollars of property damage, an injury resulting in hospitalization, fatality). This program at NIPSCO has been recognized as best in class in the state and industry. Q34. Please describe Petitioner's Exhibit No. 3, Attachment 3-C-S2, Adjustment OM 4-22R and the amounts included in the Forward Test Year. A34. Adjustment OM 4-22R is to increase the Forward Test Year gas operating expenses in the amount of \$348,000 to reflect the ongoing level of NIPSCO's enhanced emergency response program expenses. If this adjustment is not included, the Forward Test Year gas operating expenses would be understated.

Q35. Please describe NIPSCO's School Safety Program.

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1 A35. NIPSCO's school safety is a program that delivers innovative educational 2 experiences for students about natural gas safety. Schools are selected based 3 on their proximity to High Consequence Areas (HCA's) and trends of home 4 owner failure to call for locates. Teachers have the ability to receive gas 5 safety educational learning guides to aid in curriculum development. 6 Students learn important messages like the purpose and meaning of 811 7 utility flag markers and what to do if someone is going to excavate in their 8 yard. Equally important, students naturally share their new knowledge 9 with peers and their families at home. The parents and their child will 10 complete homework targeted to help educate the parents about safe 11 digging practices, natural gas characteristics, and how to recognize a 12 potential carbon monoxide or gas leak. 13 Q36. Please describe the incremental activities NIPSCO is proposing for the 14 School Safety Program. 15 The current School Safety Program reaches approximately 7,500 students A36. 16 through 100 presentations throughout the school year. NIPSCO will 17 increase the reach of the program by 20% thereby increasing outreach to 18 approximately 9,000 students through 140 presentations. There are also

other enhancements included to add a poster contest for children with all

1		materials provided to teachers. The contest also includes coordination,
2		printing, entry processing, judging, and prizes. A calendar compiling top
3		entries would also be included.
4	Q37.	Please describe <u>Petitioner's Exhibit No. 3</u> , Attachment 3-C-S2,
5		Adjustment OM 2D-22R and the amounts included in the Forward Test
6		Year.
7	A37.	Adjustment OM 2D-20 is to increase the Historic Base Year (the period
8		beginning January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020) to reflect that the
9		School Safety Program is now managed and budgeted as part of NIPSCO
10		Gas Operations directly. Adjustment OM 2D-22R is to increase the Forward
11		Test Year gas operating expenses in the amount of \$75,000 to reflect certain
12		incremental expenses related to NIPSCO's School Safety program. If these
13		adjustments are not included, the Forward Test Year gas operating
14		expenses would be understated.
15	Q38.	Does this complete your prefiled direct testimony?
16	A38.	Yes.

VERIFICATION

I, Rick L. Smith, Manager of Operations Compliance, affirm under penalties of perjury that the foregoing representations are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Rick L Smith

Rick L. Smith

Dated: September 29, 2021