FILED JUNE 19, 2018 INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

#### STATE OF INDIANA

#### INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIANA UTILITY)REGULATORY COMMISSION'S INVESTIGATION)INTO THE IMPACTS OF THE TAX CUTS AND)JOBS ACT OF 2017 AND POSSIBLE RATE)IMPLICATIONS)

CAUSE NO. 45032 S6

IURC RESPONDENT'S / EXHIBIT NO.

#### PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

#### **BONNIE J. MANN**

#### ON BEHALF OF

BOONVILLE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION

#### BOONVILLE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF BONNIE J. MANN

1 1. Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS. My name is Bonnie J. Mann. My business address is LWG CPAs & 2 Α. 3 Advisors, 1776 North Meridian Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46202. 4 2. Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND, 5 PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION, AND ANY EXPERIENCES 6 THAT YOU BELIEVE ARE RELEVANT TO THE CONCLUSIONS 7 YOU HAVE REACHED IN THIS TESTIMONY. 8 9 Α. I hold a BS degree in Business with a concentration in Accounting. I 10 am licensed as a Certified Public Accountant in the State of 11 Indiana. LWG CPAs & Advisors (LWG) is a firm that specializes in 12 various financial matters including those specifically related to 13 utilities. I and other colleagues in LWG regularly testify before the 14 Commission on revenue requirements and other matters. Such 15 testimony typically includes the calculation federal income taxes and depreciation. Finally, I and my colleagues have worked with a 16 17 number of utilities in Cause No. 45032, have reviewed the 18 Commission's Docket Entries in Cause No. 45032, and have 19 attended the conferences that have been held by the Commission 20 under Cause No. 45032. 21

٢

- 13.Q.DO YOU BELIEVE YOU UNDERSTAND THE COMMISSION'S2INVESTIGATION INTO THE TAX CUTS AND JOBS ACT OF 20173UNDER CAUSE NO. 45032.
- 4 A. Yes.

5

16

21

- 64.Q.ARE YOU WORKING WITH ANY SPECIFIC PUBLIC UTILITIES7IN THE SUB DOCKETS CREATED UNDER CAUSE NO. 45032?
- 8 Α. Yes, I and my colleagues are working with the Respondents: 9 Midwest Natural Gas Corporation; Indiana Utilities Corporation; 10 South Eastern Indiana Natural Gas Company, Inc.; Fountaintown 11 Gas Company, Inc.; Community Natural Gas Co., Inc.; Boonville 12 Natural Gas Corporation; and Indiana Natural Gas Corporation. 1 13 and my colleagues have also worked with a number of other utilities 14 in 45032, such as Switzerland County Natural Gas Company, Inc., 15 where sub dockets have not been created.
- 175. Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY WORKED WITH THESE18COMPANIES?
- 19A.Yes, I assisted all of these companies in establishing their current20base rates.

#### 22 6. Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY HERE?

A. We have been asked to assist the above public utilities in
responding to the Commission's Docket Entry in Cause No. 45032
dated May 14, 2018 creating sub dockets.

1 2

3

11

7.

### Q. WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF THAT DOCKET ENTRY?

A. It is our understanding that these sub dockets are meant to cover
all the issues related to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act that were not
addressed in Phase I. We believe the docket entry requires that
each of our Respondents file a Case-in-Chief by June 19, 2018.
Such Case-in-Chief should consider the material filed by the
Consumer Parties on May 2, 2018 and any other matters the
Respondents believe are relevant.

# 128. Q.IS THE PROCESS OF DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF13EXCESS ACCUMULATED DEFERRED FEDERAL INCOME TAX14A SIMPLE MATH CALCULATION FOR THESE SUB DOCKETS?

15 Α. No. An over simplification of the process would describe the 16 calculation of excess accumulated deferred federal income taxes 17 as the difference between deferred income taxes calculated at the 18 prior tax rate and the current tax rate. But deferred federal income 19 taxes are created by a series of individual numbers each requiring 20 a different measurement and some of those measurements even 21 differ by jurisdiction such as federal versus state. Some of those 22 deferred income taxes are related to long term assets and will be 23 paid by the utility over a number of years in the future. Some 24 deferred taxes relate to short term assets and will be paid back by

1the utility in the year after they are incurred. Additionally for non-2December tax filers there is the added complication that3measurements are not being made at a calendar year end date and4the tax rate on their next tax return will not be 21%. While the5calculation of the excess accumulated deferred federal income6taxes was not different for each group, the calculation of the7accumulated deferred federal income taxes were.

## 99. Q.WHO ARE THE NON-DECEMBER YEAR END FILERS IN THE10GROUP OF UTILITIES YOU ARE REPRESENTING?

8

16

11A.Midwest Natural Gas, Indiana Natural Gas, Indiana Utilities and12Community Natural Gas do not have tax year ends as of December1331. The remaining utilities Boonville Natural Gas, Fountaintown14Natural Gas, and South Eastern Natural Gas do file tax returns15based on the calendar year.

# 1710. Q.PLEASE DESCRIBE THE DIFFERENCE IN CALCULATING THE18ACCUMULATED DEFERRED FEDERAL INCOME TAXES FOR19YEAR END TAX FILERS VERSUS FISCAL YEAR TAX FILERS?

A. First I would note that these utilities are small with limited administrative personnel. As a result, they do not recalculate the accumulated deferred federal income tax liability each month. For those utilities with a tax year ending in December 31, 2017 the accumulated deferred federal income tax liability was calculated at

the end of the calendar year at 21%, and an excess accumulated 1 deferred federal income tax regulatory liability account was created. 2 3 For utilities without a tax year ending in December, an estimate was calculated for the excess deferred federal income tax liability and a 4 regulatory liability account was created based on that estimate. The 5 calculation of the final excess deferred income taxes has now been 6 made as part of this Phase II proceeding. As a result some of the 7 utilities have had to make adjustments to the previously recorded 8 9 estimates.

# 1111. Q.WHAT ARE THE UNDERLYING DEFERRED TAX ELEMENTS12FOR THE SMALL NATURAL GAS UTILITIES YOU ARE13REPRESENTING IN THE SUB DOCKETS?

10

14 Α. The exact combination varies by utility. The one that they all have 15 in common, and is the largest deferred tax item, is the difference 16 between book and tax depreciation. Other components of deferred 17 taxes include other comprehensive income components for 18 retirement benefits; unrealized gains and losses on investments; 19 tax carryforwards including capital loss carryforwards, and 20 charitable contribution carryforwards; rate case cost deducted for federal tax purposes but amortized for regulatory purposes; unbilled 21 22 revenue; and other small miscellaneous differences. In most cases 23 the numbers used here are updated to December 31 for the non-

1			calendar year end filers, but there are some that use the underlying
2			item value at the end of the prior fiscal year as a basis.
3 4	12.	Q.	HAVE YOU PROVIDED THE CALCULATION OF THE EXCESS
5			ACCUMULATED DEFERRED FEDERAL INCOME TAX FOR
6			EACH UTILITY?
7		A.	Yes. Exhibit 1 for each utility includes the calculation of the excess
8			accumulated deferred federal income tax showing the individual
9			components of the calculation including both protected and
10			unprotected portions of the excess accumulated deferred federal
11			income tax liability
12 13	13.	Q.	WHY ARE THERE ESTIMATES OF NUMBERS BASED ON THE
14			PRIOR YEAR END?
15		Α.	The deferred taxes related to the retirement component would
16			require a new retirement study to be performed to be updated. The
17			utilities involved did not believe that it was cost effective to update
18			the study for this one calculation. As a result the numbers included
19			for that component match those from the study performed for the
20			tax year end of the utilities involved.
21 22	14.	Q.	IS THE EXCESS ACCUMULATED DEFERRED FEDERAL
23			INCOME TAX CALCULATION PRESENTED IN EXHIBIT 1 THE
24			AMOUNT THE UTILITY IS PROPOSING TO REFUND?

1A.No. I believe the amount to be refunded to customers is the amount2that was actually collected from customers in excess of the tax that3will be paid.

4

 5
 15. Q. WHAT IS THE PROPER METHOD TO CALCULATE THE

 6
 AMOUNT OF DEFERRED TAXES COLLECTED FROM

 7
 CUSTOMERS?

8 Α. You should begin by looking at the income tax calculation from the 9 prior base rate proceeding. The calculation of income tax expense 10 included in the prior revenue requirements is not based on actual 11 taxable income or the actual marginal tax rate of the utility. It is 12 instead calculated on total net operating income from existing customers at the stated rate for that level of income. I would note 13 14 that this can be an issue itself if permanent tax differences are 15 ignored during the process, or there are components of deferred 16 taxes that don't run through income like those associated with other 17 comprehensive income. As a result the tax expense calculation for 18 revenue requirements is both a current and deferred income tax 19 calculation. The amount of deferred income taxes being collected 20 from customers is the amount embedded in that income tax 21 calculation.

# 22 16. Q. HAVE YOU DETERMINED THE AMOUNT OF EXCESS 23 ACCUMULATED DEFERRED FEDERAL INCOME TAXES TO BE 24 REFUNDED?

#### BJM - 7

If the income tax expense calculation includes the revenue for the 1 Α. deferred income taxes then the accumulated deferred income taxes 2 3 at that point will match up to the income tax calculation. Therefore, I have recalculated the deferred income taxes from each utility's 4 last base rate case assuming a federal tax rate of 21%. The 5 difference between those accumulated deferred federal income tax 6 7 calculations is the amount of excess accumulated deferred federal 8 income taxes I am proposing be returned to customers. Those 9 calculations can be found on Exhibit 3 for each utility.

1117. Q.THE EXCESS ACCUMULATED DEFERRED FEDERAL INCOME12TAX ON EXHIBIT THREE (3) SHOWS THE REMOVAL OF SOME13ITEMS ORIGINALLY INCLUDED IN THE DEFERRED TAX14AMOUNTS INCLUDED IN THE AMOUNT USED FOR THE LAST15BASE RATE CASE, WHY WERE THESE ITEMS REMOVED?

10

16 Α. The items removed fall into two categories. Short term items and 17 non-income statement items. Short term items are items that are 18 deferred for only one year. As a result those taxes have been 19 incurred and paid at the utility's prior tax rate and therefore do not 20 need to be refunded. Non-income statement items have been 21 removed because they are not included in the tax calculation for the rates and therefore were not collected from customers. Going back 22 23 to the discussion above that it is the income tax calculation that 24 creates the amount of deferred tax included in rates, any deferred

1			tax items not related to the operating income statement are not
2			going to be included in that calculation and should not be included
3			in the refund calculation.
4 5	18.	Q.	WHY DID YOU INCLUDE LESS DOCUMENTATION FOR THE
6			CALCULATIONS IN EXHIBIT 3 THAN INCLUDED FOR EXHIBIT
7			1?
8		Α.	The accumulated deferred federal income tax calculation
9			referenced in exhibit 3 was included in each utilities last rate case
10			and has therefore been previously vetted by both the OUCC and
11			the IURC.
12 13	19.	Q.	WHAT IS EXHIBIT 2?
	19.	<b>Q.</b> A.	WHAT IS EXHIBIT 2? Once the amount of the refund to customers has been established,
13	19.		
13 14	19.		Once the amount of the refund to customers has been established,
13 14 15	19.		Once the amount of the refund to customers has been established, the time frame of the refund must be determined for each utility.
13 14 15 16	19.		Once the amount of the refund to customers has been established, the time frame of the refund must be determined for each utility. Exhibit 2 addresses the time frame. Because the majority of the
13 14 15 16 17	19.		Once the amount of the refund to customers has been established, the time frame of the refund must be determined for each utility. Exhibit 2 addresses the time frame. Because the majority of the underlying components are long term, the return of the excess
13 14 15 16 17 18	19.		Once the amount of the refund to customers has been established, the time frame of the refund must be determined for each utility. Exhibit 2 addresses the time frame. Because the majority of the underlying components are long term, the return of the excess should also extend over multiple years. Based upon the level of
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	19.		Once the amount of the refund to customers has been established, the time frame of the refund must be determined for each utility. Exhibit 2 addresses the time frame. Because the majority of the underlying components are long term, the return of the excess should also extend over multiple years. Based upon the level of detail held by the utilities, it was determined that the alternative
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	19.		Once the amount of the refund to customers has been established, the time frame of the refund must be determined for each utility. Exhibit 2 addresses the time frame. Because the majority of the underlying components are long term, the return of the excess should also extend over multiple years. Based upon the level of detail held by the utilities, it was determined that the alternative weighted average life method should be used. For the protected

- 1 on classes of UPIS and then a weighted average approach was 2 used to determine the final amortization numbers.
- 420. Q.IF THE EXCESS ACCUMULATED DEFERRED FEDERAL5INCOME TAX REFUND IS BEING CALCULATED BASED ON6THE LAST RATE CASE, WHY IS IT APPROPRIATE TO USE7THE CURRENT REMAINING LIVES OF THE ASSETS TO8RETURN THAT EXCESS?
- 9 A. The remaining useful lives of the underlying assets are shorter now 10 than they were at the time of each utility's last rate case. To use 11 the older remaining life to amortize the amounts would extend the 12 refund to the customer beyond the remaining useful life of the 13 assets involved. It would inappropriate to extend the amortization 14 period beyond the lives of the assets involved
- 1621. Q.WHAT IS YOUR PROPOSAL FOR THE AMORTIZATION OF THE17UNPROTECTED EXCESS ACCUMULATED DEFERRED18FEDERAL INCOME TAXES?
- 19A.Due to the smaller amount involved with these numbers, the utilities20have proposed to use the same amortization period for the entire21excess accumulated deferred federal income tax. This also has the22advantage of making the tracking of the amortization easier for both23the small gas utilities and the regulators.

24

15

3

122. Q.OTHER THAN THE CALCULATION OF THE REFUND FOR THE2EXCESS ACCUMULATED DEFERRED FEDERAL INCOME3TAXES, WHAT ELSE WAS REQUIRED BY THE IURC DOCKET4ENTRY?

5 A. The remaining requirement was focused on the disposition of the 6 over collected revenue from January 1, 2018 through April 30, 7 2018. For this portion of the requirement we are again providing a 8 calculation and recommending a method for returning the over 9 collection over an appropriate period of time.

## 11 23. Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR CALCULATION OF THE OVER 12 COLLECTION FOR EACH UTILITY?

10

13 Α. My calculation is reflected in my Exhibit 4 for each utility, except for 14 Midwest Natural Gas and Indiana Natural Gas. The information for 15 those two utilities is being presented by witness David Osmon. 16 During Phase I of this proceeding the IURC approved for each 17 utility a new set of tariffs. These tariffs were approved on April 30. 18 2018 for use starting May 1, 2018. Thus these utilities collected the 19 higher revenue for the first four months of 2018. The calculation 20 shown on the first page of Exhibit 4 is a calculation of the difference 21 in revenue between the pre-April 2018 tariff and the post-April 2018 22 tariff based on the actual volumes sold by the utility. For customer 23 classes whose bills include an NTA adjustment, the change in tariff 24 was calculated for that adjustment and then either added to or

removed from the total depending the nature of the NTA in that
 billing cycle. The net over collection column reflects the amount due
 to each class of customers based on the difference in the tariff.

### 5 24. Q. WHAT IS YOUR PROPOSAL FOR RETURNING THE OVER 6 COLLECTED REVENUE?

4

19

The OUCC has suggested that any over collection should be 7 Α. returned to customers over the same time period in which such 8 over collection was created. For the utilities I am representing in 9 10 this sub docket, the over collection occurred during the four months 11 of January through April. As the Commission is aware, natural gas 12 sales can vary over any given four month period. However, since 13 the over collection occurred during a heating period, these utilities 14 believed, and I agreed, that the refund should also occur over a 15 heating period. Since the Commission has indicated it anticipates 16 concluding these sub dockets with an Order near the end of the 17 calendar year, we are proposing to return the over-collection over 18 the months of January through April 2019.

## 2025. Q.WHAT IS THE METHOD OF REFUND THAT THE UTILITIES ARE21PROPOSING FOR THIS OVER COLLECTION?

A. We are proposing a temporary tracker mechanism with a reconciliation feature. We believe this is the best way to return the over collection to the actual customers who generated the excess

revenue for these seven small gas utilities. With that as the goal 1 each utility has calculated a tracker based on the expected revenue 2 for the first four months of 2019. However, even with NTA, there 3 4 can be changes in consumption that will mean that the revenue is 5 not properly returned to customers during that period. As a result, these utilities are proposing that a reconciliation be completed at 6 the end of that period. The reconciliation for the four month period 7 8 would be included with the work papers in the GCA filing that 9 includes a reconciliation of April 2019. The difference between the 10 total revenue over collected by the utilities and the amount of 11 revenue returned by the utilities would be included in the schedule 12 12 variances for the GCA.

# 14 26. Q. IS THERE ANY OTHER INFORMATION THAT YOU BELIEVE IS 15 RELEVANT TO THIS CAUSE?

13

21

16A.Yes. There are a number of issues that I don't believe this sub17docket has adequately addressed. Those include blended tax rates,18the cost of these proceedings, the impact of the change in deferred19taxes on the equity structure, and the impact of this proceeding on20risk for these utilities.

### 22 27. Q. WHAT ARE YOUR CONCERNS RELATED TO BLENDED TAX 23 RATES?

Α. Cause No. 45032 was started based on the tax rate change on 1 January 1, 2018. There is an embedded assumption that every 2 3 utility will only pay 21% on the revenue reflected in the tax return for tax year 2018. While I understand that assumption, it does not take 4 5 into account non calendar year taxpayers. For any tax paying 6 entity that has a non-calendar year end, their tax rate in 2018 will 7 not be 21%. It will be a blended rate based on the number of 8 months at each tax rate during their tax year. In calculating the 9 refund on the over collection of revenue for the first four months of 10 2018 and in calculating the change in deferred taxes, all of the 11 utilities have used a 21% tax rate. However that means that the 12 utilities not using a calendar tax year end will be returning to 13 customers more than they should due to the requirement to pay 14 taxes at a rate higher than 21% during their current tax year.

## 16 28. Q. WHAT ARE YOUR CONCERNS RELATED TO THE COSTS OF 17 THIS PROCEEDING?

15

A. This proceeding was created by the Commission and all of the small gas utilities were required to be Respondents in this proceeding. These regulatory proceedings come with a cost. The small natural gas utilities I am representing are requesting that the Commission allow them to defer the cost of this proceeding as a regulatory asset that can be reviewed and eventually recovered in their next full base rate case. 2 29. Q. WHAT ARE YOUR CONCERNS ABOUT THE IMPACT OF 3 DEFERRED TAXES ON THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE?

1

12

Α. The IURC has asked these utilities to recalculate those deferred 4 taxes, and to the extent that they are lower, return the excess to 5 6 customers. Deferred taxes are included in the base rate capital 7 structure at a 0% cost. A high deferred tax value with a 0% cost within the capital structure will result in a lower overall weighted 8 9 average cost of capital. If the deferred tax number is lowered the weighted average cost of capital goes up and the authorized 10 11 earnings on the utility should be increased.

## 1330. Q.WHAT ARE YOUR CONCERNS RELATED TO RISK TO THESE14UTILITIES AS A RESULT OF THIS PROCEEDING?

15 Α. I believe risk for utility investors is created by uncertainty. 16 Historically, this Commission has indicated that it would not use 17 single issue ratemaking to change base rates. Further, after 18 requiring the small gas utilities to appear as Respondents in this 19 cause, and instructing each to file a Phase 1 tariff to implement the 20 effect of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, Switzerland County Natural 21 Gas' Phase 1 tariff was denied, apparently because it reflected an 22 increase. Since filings under Indiana Code 8-1-2-42 often reflect 23 increases, this denial underscores the uncertainty now created by 24 this proceeding.

1				
2	31.	Q.	ARE Y	OU PRESENTING NEW TARIFFS IN THIS SUB DOCKET
3			CHAN	GES?
4		A.	No. Th	e tariffs have already been adjusted for the change in the tax
5			rate. 7	Therefore the only change will be to add the adjustment for
6			the ref	unding of the excess accumulated deferred federal income
7			taxes.	The utilities anticipate making a compliance filing once an
8			Order i	n these sub dockets have been received.
9 10 11	32.	Q.	DOES	THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?
12			A. `	Yes, it does.
12			А.	Yes, it does.

#### **VERIFICATION**

I affirm under the penalties of perjury that the foregoing is true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief as of the date here filed.

mar Bonnie

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that a copy of the foregoing has been served upon the following counsel of record electronically this 19th day of June, 2018:

Tiffany Murray Scott Franson Heather Poole Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor 115 West Washington, Suite 1500S Indianapolis, IN 46204 <u>timurray@oucc.in.gov</u> <u>sfranson@oucc.in.gov</u> <u>hpoole@oucc.in.gov</u> <u>infomgt@oucc.in.gov</u>

Parvin Price

**Boonville Natural Gas Corporation** 

### EXHIBITS

### CAUSE NO. 45032-S6

#### **Boonville Natural Gas Corporation**

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

### Exhibit 1 Page 1

entriore a	
Page 1	Deferred Tax Asset/Liability
Page 2	Trial Balance
Page 3	Accumulated Depreciation Federal Tax Balance @ 12/31/17
Page 4	State Deferred Tax Estimate
Page 5	Accumulated Depreciation State Tax Balance @ 12/31/17
Page 6	Deferred Income Tax
Exhibit 2	
Page 1	Average Rate Assumption Method ("ARAM")
Page 2	Depreciation Expense - Book
Page 3	Depreciation Expense - Federal
Page 4	Remaining Lives
Exhibit 3	
Page 1	Refundable Excess Deferred Income Taxes Calculation
Page 2	Deferred Tax at 34%

rage 5 Defensed Tax at 21%	Page 3	Deferred Tax at 21%
----------------------------	--------	---------------------

#### Exhibit 4

Page 1	Summary of Revenue Over Collection
Page 2	Calculation of Revenue Refund Tracker
Page 3 -6	Monthly Revenue Over Collection

#### EXHIBIT 1 CAUSE NO. 45032-S6 PAGE 1

#### Boonville Natural Gas Corporation Deferred Tax Asset/Liability

Line		After Tax Act	Prior to Tax Act
1	Net Book Value (Exhibit 1 Page 2)	7,281,602	7,281,602
2	Plant Costs per Federal Depr Report (Exhibit 1 Page 3)	1,213,761	1,213,761
3	Other Adjustments (Exhibit 1 Page 10):		
4	Accrued Wages	(10,406)	(10,406)
5	Unamortized Rate Case	68,269	68,269
6	Unbilled Revenue	42,055	42,055
7	Difference in NBV ((Sum Line 2 - 7 )- Line 1))	(5,967,923)	(5,967,923)
8	State Deferred Tax Estimate (Exhibit 1 Page 4)	(358,075)	(358,075)
9	NBV less State Deferred Tax Estimate (Line 8 - Line 9)	(5,609,848)	(5,609,848)
10	Tax Rate	21.0%	34.0%
11	Current Period Deferred (Line 10 * Line 11)	(1,178,068)	(1,907,348)
12	Deferred Tax under old rate	(1,907,348)	
13	Deferred Tax under new rate (Line 11)	(1,178,068)	
14	Regulatory Liability (Line 12 + Line 13)	(729,280)	
	Unprotected Accumulated Deferred Income Tax ("ADIT")		
		After Tax Act	Prior to Tax Act
15	Accrued Wages	(10,406)	(10,406)
16	Unamortized Rate Case	68,269	68,269
17	Unbilled Revenue	42,055	42,055
18		99,918	99,918
19	Tax Rate	21.0%	34.0%
20	Unprotected ADIT	20,983	33,972
21	Unprotected ADIT After Tax Act	20,983	
22	Unprotected ADIT Prior to Tax Act	33,972	
23		(12,989)	
24	State Deferred Tax Estimate (Exhibit 1 Page 4)	(358,075)	
25	Change in tax rates (34% - 21%)	13.0%	
26		(46,550)	
27	Total Unprotected excess ADIT (Line 23 + Line 26)	(59,539)	

EXHIBIT 1 CAUSE NO. 45032-S6 PAGE 2

#### Boonville Natural Gas Corporation Trial Balance December 31, 2017

Line	Account	12/31/2017
1	108-000 · Accum. depreciation - plant	(3,210,083.89)
2	108-010 · Accum, depreciation - general	(5,017,115.37)
3	108-020 · Accumulated depreciation - PSC	27,313.51
4	114-000 · Aquisition adjustment	32,952.00
5	115-000 · Accumulated amortization	(32,952.00)
6	301-000 · Organizational expenses	2,021.94
7	302-000 · Franchise & consents	3,503.00
8	303-000 · Miscellaneous intangible plant	397.63
9	365-200 · Right of way	35,726.38
10	374-000 · Land and land rights	87,509.76
11	375-000 · Struc & improv gen plant	1,415,738.07
12	376-000 · Mains	6,688,918.80
13	376-100 · Main deposits	(1,500.00)
14	378-000 · Regulating stations equip	381,055.39
15	380-000 · Services	2,058,072.66
16	381-000 · Meters	890,417.08
17	381-010 · Meter Equip-AMR	314,239.63
18	382-000 Meter installation	279,303.85
19	383-000 · House regulator	68,023.74
20	384-000 · House regulator install	19,977.37
21	387-000 · Other equipment	98,216.81
22	390-000 Struc & improv dist plant	601,601.56
23	391-000 · Office furniture & fixtures	377,710.37
24	392-000 · Transportation equipment	948,858.59
25	393-000 Stores equipment	8,245.91
26	394-000 Tools & shop equipment	373,631.50
27	396-000 Power operated equipment	595,177.70
28	397-000 Communication equipment	202,426.11
29	398-000 Miscellaneous equipment	32,213.56
30		•
31		7,281,601.66
		·····

EXHIBIT 1 CAUSE NO. 45032-S6 PAGE 3

#### Boonville Natural Gas Corporation Accumulated Depreciation Federal Tax Balance @ 12/31/17

35-0188	BOONVILLE NATURAL GAS CO 3270 2/31/2017	Tax As	set Detai	il 1/01/-	17 - 12/3	51/17			2018 10	Page 24
d Asset ? Groue: T	Property Cescription Uate in Service RANSCORTATION FOUPMENT forminger	Case	Sec 179 Exp Content = e	Fonus Arri	Exercision Emainmation	Las. Carrent Empreciation	Las Lod Depr	Lax Fiel Hoor Value	i ax Method	Lax Frencia
11-5X 1167 1211 1230	POV F9 MLER 2.2246 2016 CHAYROLET SILVERADO 570-16 2018 CHAYROLET SILVERADO 570-17 2018 CHAY SILVERADO 571-17 MCD6 & CHAY SILVERADO 1010 HANNPORTATION EQUIPMINT	5,381-36 60,221,75 11,116,25 	4,581,36 193,20 11,136,255 2000c	0.180 20,8655.13 0.080 0.060	01 131 0 30.329-05 0 10 0 00 10 0 00 15	8.03 9.556.83 11.116.25 26.63 14.641 Sciences	9,385-39 35,556-19 31,115-28 26 tm 559 m(1.53	0.09 13,335.25 0.09 0,90 19,155.63	2001 A1 2001 A1 2001 A1 2001 A1 2001 A1	7 0 5 0 2 0 7 0
·	- AND/A REIMBURGEMENTS	40,800,47	<u>11336.91</u> ¢	u, 501 (7)	ar courre	013101-04	377 114 51	14/2004		
707 711 723 723 724 725 727 724 727 724 727 724 727 724 727 724 727 724 727 724 727 724 727 724 727 724 727 724 724	STENETD GES & DEP INJERT         205 cm           SP LEF HARPMENT INJERT         205 cm           SECON EXALTERS FOR THOSE OF HERMONIC STATEMENT INJECT         205 cm           SECON EXALTERS FOR THOSE OF HERMONIC STATEMENT INJECT         204 cm           SECON EXALTERS FOR THOSE OF HERMONIC STATEMENT INJECT         204 cm           SECON EXALTERS FOR THOSE OF HERMONIC STATEMENT         204 cm           SECON EXALTERS FOR THOSE OF HERMONIC STATEMENT         204 cm           SECON EXALTERS FOR THOSE OF HERMONIC STATEMENT         204 cm           SECON EXALTERS FOR THOSE OF HERMONIC STATEMENT         204 cm           SECON EXALTERS FOR THOSE OF HERMONIC STATEMENT         204 cm           MARNE FOR THOSE OF HERMONIC STATEMENT         204 fm           MARNE FOR THOSE OF HERMONIC SEMENTS         204 fm	1,021,08 ,1,014,08 1,016,04 1,016	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	0 (%) 6 (%) 6 (%) 6 (%) 6 (%) 6 (%) 7	24237 -74247 -75247 -75247 -7527 -7577 -7577 -7577	88.14 8.03 6.55 6.55 9.55 9.55 9.55 9.55 9.55 9.05 9.05 9	5,565 55 ,3,632 55 ,7,47,44,49 1,385 55 ,5,816 77 ,6,914 51 ,6,914 51 ,7,914 51	441 *4 5 453 5 553 9 655 4 9 655 4 9 655 4 9 655 6 9 655 9 665 9 66 9 67 9 7 70 (9) 10 7 70 (9) 10 7 70 (9) 7 70 (9) 7 70 (9) 7 71 (9) 7 71 (9) 7 71 (9) 7 71 (9) 7 72 (6) 7 72	Nest-ta Not-ta Not-ta 200128 200128 200128 200128 200128	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	Grand Total	12512.211.81	262,811,94 c	2.373,5434	17.463, 50 el	\$05.214.68	12,665,215,41	F 15,556 28		
						(435,55) 525,041 53,041 13,479 23,479 23,041 1,141 37,79 3,79 1,241	рай (1935) - Re (1935) - Re (	port total pl nertization h mpany usset	ess sister	

EXHIBIT 1
CAUSE NO. 45032-S10
PAGE 4

#### Indiana Utilities Corporation State Deferred Tax Estimate

.

<u>Line</u>		State
1	Net Book Value (Exhibit 1 Page 1)	7,281,602
2	State Net Asset Value (Exhibit 1 Page 5)	1,213,761
3	Other Adjustments:	
4	Accrued Wages	(10,406)
5	Unamortized Rate Case	68,269
6	Unbilled Revenue	42,055
7	Difference in NBV ((Sum Line 2 - 7 )- Line 1))	(5,967,923)
8	Tax rate	6.0%
9	State Deferred Tax Estimate (Line 9 * Line 8)	(358,075)

.

EXHIBIT 1 CAUSE NO 45032-86 PAGE 5

#### Boonville Natural Gas Corporation Accumulated Deprectation State Tax Balance & 12/31/17

Asset 1 Group: 1	Property Description RANSPORTATION TOUPNIENT	Date in <u>Service</u> (continued		Sec 179 Exp Catient = n	Bonus Ant	Tax Proc Depreciation	Tax Current Deprenation	Lax End Dept	Lax Net Book Value	Fax Method	Tax Period
1114  167  217  235  236	RON IRASIA 2016 (HEVROI ET SILVERAL®) 2015 CHEVE SILVERANO VEDNA EFF 3 TRANSPORTATION FOR	213 fa 5 10 fa 5 11 11 10 13 1	4 9,141-00 60,221-75 41,116-23 <u>28 cm</u> 946,835-55	9 381 36 491 36 41,118 25 c 26 56 11,132 91,	6 (5) 27(303 [3 6 (6) 6 (6) 5) 56( 5)	* 381 33 le 329 65 859 859 869 872,659335	11 (8) 13 556 574 11 416 25 20 55 53 69 3 35	9,381-59 43,586-49 11,119-25 26,86 92/5,763-51	0.00 (1335 fei 0.69 0.09 (13,155 95	29619B 29612B 26912B 26913B	7 N 5 Q 2 N 2 N
iroup: 7	C - INDOT REPAIRERSEMENTS										
2011日1日2200828~1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×1×	A THOUGH SAN A JUMP - F-2-50 META A JUMP - A JUM	<ul> <li>************************************</li></ul>	$\begin{array}{c} -3.355 \pm 0.0\\ -3.025 \pm 0.0\\ -3.025 \pm 0.0\\ -3.310 \pm 0.0\\ -3.310 \pm 0.0\\ -3.310 \pm 0.0\\ -3.310 \pm 0.0\\ -3.05 \pm 0.0\\ -3.0$	6 (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	8 055 8 055 8 14 55 8 14 55 8 14 55 8 14 55 9 055 9	5,102,10 1,122,14 1,122,14 1,122,14 1,121,12 1,121,	-2011 11 -0 12 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \leq 4 \geq 2, \\ 1 \leq 4 \leq 4, \\ 1 \leq 4 \leq 4, \\ 2 \leq 8 \leq 4, \\ 3 \leq 4 \leq 4, \\ 4 4 \leq 4, \\$	-\$21 * 1 -\$21 * 1 0 125 0 125 0 067 0 067 0 070 0 0 0	150508 Joshik Xarus Zurobi 200008 200008 200008 200008 200008 200008 200008 200008 200008 200008 200008 200008 150008 150008 150008 150008 150008	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
	*2r:	and fotat	(3 %i2 ("1 hi	262 SH 916	3.1"1.3nž (1)	10.163 Tot of	503.2111.5	17,000,985,01	<u>845,550 28</u>		
							842.555 • 520,307 35.440 • 35.455 • 72,642 3 3.43 • 35.330 • 1.213.760	. £1 . 50 . 53 . 10 . 10 . 85 . 60 . 35 . 60	port total ph tortization k mpany assets	ss sister	

-

EXHIBIT 1 CAUSE NO. 45032-S10 PAGE 6

#### Update with PDF amounts

Deferred Income Tax DEFERRED STATE TAX ASSET/(LIABILITY) PER BALANCE SHEET Line ST LIABILITY LT LIABILITY ST ASSET LT ASSET DEPRECIATION NET BOOK VALUE - BOOKS 12/31/17 2,018,585.83 I 2 NET BOOK VALUE - TAX 12/31/17 826,358.90 3 DIFFERENCE (1,192,226.93) ACCRUED SALARY UNBILLED REVENUE 4 (10,406,00) 42,054.74 5 6 UNAMORTIZED EEP EXPENSE 0.00 7 UNAMORTIZED RATE CASE 68,269.11 8 TOTAL DEFERRALS (65,538.54) (10,406.00) (1,192,226.93) 42.054.74 68,269,11 9 STATE TAX AT 6.00% (624,36) (71,533.62) 2,523.28 4,096.15 DEFERRED STATE TAX ASSET/(LIABILITY) (624.36) (71.533.62) 2,523.28 10 (65,539.00) 4,096.15 Ħ PROOF 0.00 DEFERRED FEDERAL TAX ASSET/(LIABILITY) PER BALANCE SHEET ST LIABILITY LT LIABILITY LT LIABILITY LT ASSET ST ASSET DEPRECIATION NET BOOK VALUE - BOOKS NET BOOK VALUE - TAX 12 12/31/17 2,018,585.83 13 12/31/17 497,578.90 14 DIFFERENCE (1,521,006.93) 15 ACCRUED SALARY UNBILLED REVENUE (10,406.00) 16 42,054.74 17 UNAMORTIZED EEP EXPENSE 0.00 18 UNAMORTIZED RATE CASE 68,269.11 19 TOTAL DEFERRALS (10,406,00) (1,521,006.93) 42.054.74 68,269.11 20 FEDERAL TAX (NET OF STATE) AT 34% (460,887.18) (3,325.76) (492,820.93) 13,440.69 21,818.81 21 FEDERAL TAX (NET OF STATE) AT 21% (283,805.42) (2,054.14) (304,389.40) 8,301.61 14,336.51 22 Difference (177,081.76) (1.271.61) (188,431.53) 5,139.09 7,482.29 23 TOTAL FEDERAL DEFERRED TAX ASSET/(LIABILITY) (283,805.42) (2,054.14) (304,389.40) 8,301.61 14,336.51 24 PROOF 0.00

Boonville Natural Gas Corporation

EXHIBIT 2 CAUSE NO. 45032-S6 PAGE 1

#### Boonville Natural Gas Corporation Average Rate Assumption Method ("ARAM") December 31, 2017

Line	Account	Differenee	Ave. Life	Amortizaiton
1	Communication Equip	8,822	5	1,764.40
2	House Reg. Installs	1,157	14	82,66
3	House Regulators	3,420	20	170.98
4	Mains	411,435	19	21,654.45
5	Meter Equip-AMR	28,244	25	1,129.75
6	Meter Installs	13,493	19	710.14
7	Meters	45,987	17	2,705.11
8	Misc Equip	1,787	4	446.67
9	Office Furn. & Fixt	7,575	4	1,893.77
10	Other Equip	7,156	5	1,431.29
11	Power Operated Equip	16,837	3	5,612.49
12	Regulating Stations Equip	19,382	17	1,140.09
13	Right of Way	99	-	-
14	Services	152,356	19	8,018.75
15	Stores Equip	264	6	43,95
16	Structures & Improve Gen	108,070	19	5,687.89
17	Structures & Improve	1,873	19	98.57
18	Tools & Shop Equip	6,857	4	1,714.14
19	Transportation Equip	11,025	3	3,675.07
20	· • •	845,837		57,980.18
21				14.59

#### EXHIBIT 2 CAUSE NO. 45032-S6 PAGE 2

#### Boonville Natural Gas Corporation Net Book Value Breakout December 31, 2017

		Cost	A	ccumulated	Net Book		
Line		 Basis	D	epreciation		Value	
1	Communication Equip	\$ 202,426	\$	133,052	\$	69,374	
2	House Reg. Installs	\$ 19,977	\$	11,075	\$	8,902	
3	House Regulators	\$ 68,062	\$	41,758	\$	26,304	
4	Mains	\$ 6,688,919	\$	3,188,228	\$	3,500,691	
5	Meter Equip-AMR	\$ 314,328	\$	97,069	\$	217,259	
6	Meter Installs	\$ 279,304	\$	173,047	\$	106,257	
7	Meters	\$ 890,805	\$	534,176	\$	356,630	
8	Misc Equip	\$ 32,214	\$	18,428	\$	13,785	
9	Office Furn. & Fixt	\$ 377,710	\$	318,312	\$	59,399	
10	Other Equip	\$ 98,217	\$	30,868	\$	67,349	
11	Power Operated Equip	\$ 595,178	\$	455,041	\$	140,137	
12	Regulating Stations Equip	\$ 381,055	\$	227,513	\$	153,543	
13	Right of Way	\$ 763	\$	-	\$	763	
14	Services	\$ 2,058,073	\$	748,630	\$	1,309,442	
15	Stores Equip	\$ 8,246	\$	6,217	\$	2,029	
16	Structures & Improve Gen	\$ 1,489,738	\$	370,340	\$	1,119,398	
17	Structures & Improve	\$ 601,602	\$	193,649	\$	407,953	
18	Tools & Shop Equip	\$ 373,632	\$	316,606	\$	57,025	
19	Transportation Equip	\$ 948,859	\$	844,894	\$	103,964	
20		\$ 15,429,106	\$	7,708,903	\$	7,720,203	

#### EXHIBIT 2 CAUSE NO. 45032-S6 PAGE 3

#### Boonville Natural Gas Corporation Federal Net Asset Value Breakout December 31, 2017

		Cost		ccumulated	Net Asset			
<u>Line</u>		 Basis	C	epreciation		Value		
1	Communication Equip	\$ 202,426	\$	200,914	\$	1,512		
2	House Reg. Installs	\$ 19,977	\$	19,977	\$	-		
3	House Regulators	\$ 68,062	\$	68,062	\$	-		
4	Mains	\$ 6,688,919	\$	6,353,109	\$	335,810		
5	Meter Equip-AMR	\$ 314,328	\$	314,328	\$	0		
6	Meter Installs	\$ 279,304	\$	276,837	\$	2,467		
7	Meters	\$ 890, <b>8</b> 05	\$	887,921	\$	2,884		
8	Misc Equip	\$ 32,214	\$	32,172	\$	42		
9	Office Furn. & Fixt	\$ 377,710	\$	376,581	\$	1,129		
10	Other Equip	\$ 98,217	\$	85,918	\$	12,299		
11	Power Operated Equip	\$ 595,178	\$	584,560	\$	10,618		
12	Regulating Stations Equip	\$ 381,055	\$	376,601	\$	4,454		
13	Right of Way	\$ 763	\$	763	\$	-		
14	Services	\$ 2,058,073	\$	1,920,602	\$	137,471		
15	Stores Equip	\$ 8,246	\$	8,246	\$	-		
16	Structures & Improve Gen	\$ 1,489,738	\$	1,201,647	\$	288,091		
17	Structures & Improve	\$ 601,602	\$	208,055	\$	393,546		
18	Tools & Shop Equip	\$ 373,632	\$	369,349	\$	4,282		
19	Transportation Equip	\$ 948,859	\$	929,704	\$	19,155		
20		\$ 15,429,106	\$	14,215,345	\$	1,213,761		

Cost and accumulated depreciation amounts match federal depreciation reports at 12/31/17.

#### EXHIBIT 2 CAUSE NO, 45032-S6 PAGE 4

#### Boonville Natural Gas Corporation Remaining Useful Lives December 31, 2017

		Average
		Remaining
Ling		Lives
1	Communication Equip	0
2	House Reg. Installs	14
3	House Regulators	20
4	Mains	19
5	Meter Equip-AMR	25
6	Meter Installs	19
7	Meters	17
8	Misc Equip	4
9	Office Furn. & Fixt	4
10	Other Equip	5
11	Power Operated Equip	3
12	Regulating Stations Equip	17
13	Right of Way	0
14	Services	19
15	Stores Equip	6
16	Structures & Improve Gen	19
17	Structures & Improve	19
18	Tools & Shop Equip	4
19	Transportation Equip	3

		EXHIBIT 3 CAUSE NO. 45032-S6 PAGE 1
	Boonville Natural Gas Corporation	
	Refundable Excess Deferred Income Taxes Calculatio	n
	As of September 30, 2011	
Line		
1	Accumulated Federal Deferred Income Taxes at 34% (Exhibit 3 Page 2)	(919,239)
2	Accumulated Federal Deferred Income Taxes at 21% (Exhibit 3 Page 3)	(567,766)
3	Excess Accumulated Federal Deferred Income Taxes as of 9/30/2011	(351,473)

.

.

•

EXHIBIT 3 CAUSE NO. 45032-S6 PAGE 2

#### Boonville Natural Gas Corporation Deferred Tax at 34% 9/30/11

		X ASSET/(LIABILITY) PI	ST LIABILITY		ST ASSET	LT ASSET	I
	DEPRECIATION						
	NET BOOK VALUE - BOOKS 9/30/11			4,342,329			
	NET BOOK VALUE - TAX 9/30/11			1,319,328			
	DIFFERENCE			(3,023,001)			
	UNBILLED REVENUE				21,826		
	UNAMORTIZED RATE CASE					68,199	
		TOTAL DEFERRALS		(3,023,001)	21,826	68,199	
	STATE TAX AT 8,50%	(249,303)		(256,955)	1,855	5,797	
}	DEFERRED STATE TAX ASSET/(LIABILITY)	(249,303)		(256,955)	1,855	5,797	
,	FEDERAL TAX (NET OF STATE) AT 34%	(912,449)		(940,456)	6,790	21,217	
0	TOTAL FEDERAL DEFERRED TAX ASSET/(LIABILITY)	(912,449)		(940,456)	6,790	21,217	
I	Protected items				(3,023,001)		
2	State deferred taxes				(256,955)		
3	Federal deferred taxes net of state taxes				(940,456)		
	Unprotected items				Total	State Taxes	Federal Taxes
4	Unbilled revenue (short term item)				-	•	-
5	Unamortized rate case expense				68,199	5,797	21,21
j	Total				68,199	5,797	21,21

#### Boonville Natural Gas Corporation Deferred Tax at 21% 9/30/11

	DEFERRE	DUINTEIN	X ASSET/(LIABILITY) PE					1
	DOBD COLUTION			ST LIABILITY	LILIABILITY	ST ASSET	LT ASSET	-
	DEPRECIATION	0.000						
1	NET BOOK VALUE - BOOKS	9/30/11			4,342,329			
2	NET BOOK VALUE - TAX	9/30/11		-	1,319,328			
3	D	IFFERENCE			(3,023,001)			
4	UNBILLED	REVENUE				21,826		
5	UNAMORTIZED F	RATE CASE					68,199	_
6			TOTAL DEFERRALS		(3,023,001)	21,826	68,199	
7	STATE TAX AT 8	50%	(249,303)		(256,955)	1,855	5,797	
8	DEFERRED STATE TAX ASSET/(L	-	(249,303)		(256,955)	1,855	5,797	•
		-	(17,000)		(2000,000)	1000		•
9	FEDERAL TAX (NET OF STATE) AT 2	1%	(563,572)	-	(580,870)	4,194	13,104	
0	TOTAL FEDERAL DEFERRED TAX ASSET/(L	IABILITY	(563,572)		(580,870)	4,194	13,104	
1	Protected items					(3,023,001)		
2	State deferred taxes					(256,955)		
3	Federal deferred taxes net of state taxes					(580,870)		
	Unprotected items					Total	State Taxes	Federal Taxe
4	Unbilled revenue (short term item)					-	-	-
5	Unamortized rate case expense					68,199	5,797	13,104
6	Total					68,199	5,797	13,104

Ikorville Natural Gas	
First 4 Months of 2018 Summary	
•	

1201 (1) AT 4 CAUSE NO. 450(2-S6 PAOE 1

	Hlocks	Customer <u>Count</u>	Step-Rate	Adiustmenta	lhoms	Redistribution	Step Theraw Einst	Pre-TAJCA Baisa	Stat-TAJCA Rates	Hate Difference	Over Collection	NTA Ilsons	ATA Bais Jäh	NTA Rate Difference	Net Overcollection
Residential		189													
(Heat)	L - 100	9.726	584,986	•	584,986	806.200	1.391.186	19.47710	0.4575	0,01960	27,267.25				
	- 100	B_062	1,407,045	·····	1,407,045	(806,200)	FKX1.845	0.19890	0.3425	0,01640	9,853,86		0.01640	(957,73)	36,163,38
		17.977	1,992,031		1,992,031		1.9/2.011					(58,398)	0.01040	(957.7,0)	49,103.,98
Residential		3													
(Non-heat)	1 - 100	60	1,821		1,821	1,100	2.921	0.47710	0.4575	0.01960	\$7.25				
	- 100		1.712	•	1.712	(1,100)	612	0.39890	0.3825	0.01640	10.04				
		74	3,533		3,533	•	3,533				67,29	(374)	0.01(40	(6.13)	61.16
Connerical	1 - 100	16 341	17,948		17,948	51,500	<i></i>		0,34100	0.01460	1.013.94				
Groep (Heat)	100	515	179,205	:	179,203	(\$1,500)	(4),448 127,705	0.35560 0.28170	0.27010	0.01460	1,481.38				
	100	856	197.153		197,153	(31,360)	197,153	0.24170	0.27007	0.01108	2,495,32	(8.675)	0,01160	(100.63)	2,394,69
					171,12.							(0,000)		(100,004)	
Connerical		51													
Group (Non-lical)	1 + 100	24	621		621	908	1.521	0.35560	0.34100	0,01460	22.21				
	- 100)	9	4,555		4,555	(9(X))	3,655	0.28170	0.27010	0.01160	42.40				
		ы	\$,176	·	5,176	<u> </u>	5.176				61.61	(1.833)	0.01100	(21.96)	42.65
Consectical		в													
Group 2 (1 leat)	1 - 100	58	3,820		3,020	53,800	\$6,100	0.35560	0.34100	0.01460	829.57				
	- 100	118	747,496		747,496	(53,800)	(03,0%)	0.28170	0.27010	0.01160	8,046,87				
		(1)	750,516		750,516		750,5 6			0.4110-0	R.876-44	(6),685)	0.01160	(713,55)	8,160,89
												• • • •			
Commercial		36													
Gmap 2 (Non-lical)	- tx)	6	87	•	K)	1,800	1,883	0.35560	0,4100	0.01460	27 -19				
	- too	18	17,480	<u> </u>	17,480	(1,800)	15,680	0.28170	0.27010	0.01160	181.89				
		(1)	17.561		17_56,1	· · ·	17.563				209.38	(4,258)	0.01160	(49,39)	159.99
Trasport															
	-1	1	1,700		1,700		1,700	0.12720	0.11930	0.00798	13.43				
		<u> </u>	1,700		1,700		1,700		0.117.47	0.00770	13.43				13.43
		· · · ·					1,1,14								
					2,967.672	•	2,967,672				48.48	(135,283)		(1.85])	46.996

#### Boonville Natural Gas Determination of Refund Credit Tracker

EXHIBIT 4 CAUSE NO. 45032-S6 PAGE 2

	Metered	NTA	Weather Adjusted					Tariff		Tariff
January	Volume	Volume	Volume	<u>%</u>				RS		<u>CS</u>
Residential	848,515	(96,616)	751,899	<u>69.54%</u>				604,998		<u></u>
Commerical	91,069	(11,239)	79,830	7.38%						64,206
Commerical (2)	304,107	(54,598)	249,509	23.08%						200,796
Total GCA	1,243,691	(162,453)	1,081,238	100%		870,000				
February										
Residential	461,313	93,963	555,276	67.69%				480,599		
Commerical	47,026	9,286	56,312	6.87%						48,777
Commerical (2)	192,359	16,315	208,674	25.44%						180,624
Total GCA	700,698	119,564	820,262	100.00%	•	710,000				
March										
Residential	424,000	7,413	431,413	68.30%				327,840		
Commerical	40,491	(1,914)	38,577	6.11%						29,328
Commerical (2)	163,090	(1,442)	161,648	25.59%						122,832
Total GCA	627,581	4,057	631,638	100.00%	•	480,000				
April										
Residential	261,736	(63,532)	198,204	66.61%				126,559		
Commerical	23,743	(6,701)	17,042	5.73%				,		10,887
Commerical (2)	108,523	(26,218)	82,305	27.66%						52,554
Total GCA	394,002	(96,451)	297,551	100.00%		190,000				
Total All Volumes	2,965,972	(135,283)	2,830,689			2,250,000				
Estimated Tariff Sales January - Ap	ril, 2019			:		2,250,000		1,539,996		710,004
Refund Due Customers				:	\$ 1	46,982.76	\$	36,224.54	\$	10,758.22
Refund Tracker Per Therm							s	0.0235	<u>s</u>	0.0152

Hoonville Natural Oas January 2018														СХ	EX101117-4 USE NO. 45032-86 PAGE 3
	likoska	Customer Count	Step-Rate Ibema	Adjustments	Ibernu	Redistribution	Step Therms <u>Final</u>	Pre-TAJCA Kates	A'OLAT4109 Post-TAJCA	Rate Difference	Over <u>Collection</u>	NTA Dictura	NTA Di <u>kl girk</u>	NTA Rate Differenses	Net Overcollection
Residential	8	43													
(Heat)	L = 100	587	37.583		37.583	386,600	424,183	0,47730	0,4575	0.01960	8.313,99				
	~ 100	3. <u>M</u> 66	809,580		HIN.5841	(386,600)	422,980	0,39890	0,3825	0.01640	6.936.87				
		<u> </u>	847,163		847,163	•	H7,163				15,250,86	(96.397)	n 01640	(1,580.94)	13,669.92
Residential							•								
(Non-heal)	0 1 - 100	1	268		268	(48)	848	1) 47710	0,4575	0 01960	17.01				
(NON-HEAT)	- 100	6	1,084		1.084	(600)	184	0.39890	0,3825	0.01640	7,94				
	1	18	1,352		1,352		1392	. 0	0,542,5	0.01040	24.95	(217)	0.01640	(3.56)	21.39
					1	····-		•					0	(0.50)	-1,
Commercial	U	2													
Group (Heat)	1 - 100	25	1_153		1,153	19,100	20,453	0,35560	0.34100	0.01460	298.61				
	100	191	87,001		\$7.001	(19,100)	67,901	0.28170	0.27010	0.01160	787.65				
		218	421_88	· ·	121_101	•	101,354				1,086.26	(11.109)	0.01160	(128.86)	957.au
Convoctical	6	12													
(linup (Non-hezt)	1 - 100 100	3	43 2,672		43 2,672	400 14001	443	0 35560	0,34100 0,27010	0.01460 0.01160	6.47 26.36				
	. táu	21	2.715	<u> </u>	2.715	14000	2,272	U.28170	0,27010	0.01160	32,83	(1.70)	0.01160	(1.51)	31.32
							2.713	•			36.85	(150)	0,041007	(151)	31.32
Convertical	0	2													
Group 2 (Heat)	1 - 100	3	154		154	14.(48)	14,754	0,35560	0,34100	0.01460	215,41				
	- 100	146	294,756		294,756	(14,600)	280,156	0.28170	0.27010	0.01160	3.249.81				
		151	294,910		294,910		294,910				3,465,22	(\$1,718)	0.01160	(\$99,93)	2,865.29
Comunical	0	9													
Group 2 (Non-licat)	1 - 100	1	14		14	5(X)	314	0,15560	0,4100	0,01460	7,50				
	100	15	9,183		9,183	(500)	8,683	0.28170	0.27010	0.01160	100,72	17 10-10			
		15	9,197		9,197	•	9,197				108,22	(2,8%0)	0,01160	(3341)	74.81
					1.243.691		1,243,691				19,968	(162.453)		(2,148)	17,620
							14-400/21							(****4)	F12-20

Homville Natural Gas Feb 2018														CA	EXHIBIT 4 USE NO. 45032-86 PAGE 4
	Blocks	Customer Count	Step-Rate Ilicinis	Adjustments	Ibouas	Redistribution	Step Thems Final	Pre-TAJCA Rates	'ou-TAJCA Batca	Rate Difference	Over Collection	N IA <u>Iberna</u>	NTA Rete Diff	NTA Rate Difference	Net Oversollection
Residential	U	45													
(  eal)	1 - 109	2,417	162,814		162.814	204,000	366,814	0.47710	0.4575	0.01960	7,189.55				
	- 100	2.040	297.669		297.669	(204,000)	93.669	0.39890	0_3825	0.01640	1.536.17				
		4,502	464),483	<u> </u>	460,483	•	460,483				8.725,72	93,866	0.01640	1,339,40	10.265.12
0.11.01	IJ														
Residential (Non-heat)	1 - 100	16	575		575	200	775	0.47710	0.4575	0.01960	15,19				
(Motivical)	100	2	255		255	(200)	55	0.39890	0.3825	0.01640	0,90				
		19	830	· · ·	8.10		830	0.1.1.1.1			16.09	57	0.01640	1.59	17.68
Commerical	0	3													
Circep (licet)	1 - 100	79	4,683		4.683	13,600	18,283	0.35560	0,34100	0.01460	266,93				
	- 100	1.36	41,224		41.224	(13,600)	37.624	0.28170	0.27010	0.01160	.320.44				
		218	45,907	· · · ·	45,907	<b></b>	45,907				587,37	9,064	0.01160	10 <b>5.1 l</b>	692.48
Commercial	o	14													
(Non-heat)	1-100	5	178		178	200	378	U.35560	0,34100	0.01460	5.52				
•	- 100	2	941		941	(200)	741	11 28170	0,27010	0 01 160	8.60				
		21	1,119		1.119		1.119				14.12	225	0.01160	2.61	16,73
				_											
Commencel	0	2													
Otomy 2 (I leat)	+ 00 	9 140	450		450	14,000	14,450	0.35560	0.34100	8,01460	210,97				
	- 100	140	186,814		186,814	()4,000	172,814	0.28170	0.17010	0.01 160	2,004,64	16,412	0.01160	190.38	2,405,99
			147,204		101-04	-	18/204				10,61	10.412	0.01100	1207_08	2,403,99
Centratical	8	y													
Group 2 (Non-lacat)	1 - 100	1	8		8	500	508	0 35560	0.14100	0 111460	7.42				
	- 100	5	5,087		5.087	(\$(X))	4,587	0 28170	0.27010	0.01160	53,21				
		15	5,075		5,095		5.095				60,63	(97)	0.01160	(1.13)	59.50
						-	-								
					700,698	<u>.</u>	700,698				11.620	119,564		1,838	13.458

.

Boonville Natural Gas March 2018														CAT	EXHIBIT 4 ISH NO. 45932-86 PACIE 5
	lliceka	Custemer <u>Cevni</u>	Step-Rate Ibsinis	Adiastastals	Iberns	Religibution	Step Therms <u>Emal</u>	Рте-ТАЈСА <u>Вајс</u> а	ън-ТАЈСА <u>Raici</u>	Rate Differences	Over <u>Collection</u>	N IA Dicitta	NTA Kate Diff	NTA Rate Difference	Net <u>Ostatolisation</u>
Residential (licat)	0  + 00 - 00	49 2.698 <u>1.756</u> 4.503	174,862 248,354 423,216	<u> </u>	174,862 248,354 423,216	175,600 (175,600)	330,462 72,754 423,216	0.47710 0.39890		0.03960 0.01640	6,869,06 1,193,17 8,062,23	7,469	0,03640	122.49	8,184.72
Kesidential (Non-heat)	  - ∩0 -{D0	1  6 2 	517 267 784		517 267 784	200 (200)	717 67 784	0,47710 0,39890		0.01960 0.01640	14.05 1.10 15.15	(56)	0,01640	(0.92)	14.23
Commerical Oroup (Heat)	0 1 • 100 - 100	6 94 <u>118</u> 212	5,427 34,139 .79,566		5,427 34,139 39,566	11,800) (11,800)	17.227 22.379 .19.366	0,35560 0,28170		0.01460 0.01160	251.51 259.13 510.64	611	0.01 (60	(0.59)	510 05
Commerical Oteorp (Non-heat)	0 1 - 100 - 109	12 7 <u>2</u> 21	209 716 925		2(7) 716 925	200 (200)	4(P) 516 925	0,35560 0,29170		0.01460 0.01160	5.97 5,99 11.96	(1,863)	0.01160	(21.61)	(9.65)
Commercial Group 2 (Heat)	11 1 = 100 - 100	2 15 134 131	870 160_268 161,138	<u></u>	870 160,268 161,138	13,400 (13,400)	14.270  46.868  61.178	0,35560 0.28170		0 0   460 0.01   60	208,3-4 1.703,67 1.912.01	(721)	0.01160	(8,36)	1,903.65
Commerical Group 2 (Non-beat)	0  - 100 - 00	9 2 4 <u>15</u>	39 1,913 1,952		.19 1.913 1.952	400) (400)	439 1,513 1,952	0 35560 0,28170		0.01460 0.01160	6.41 17,55 23.96	(721)	u,ni 160	(8,36)	15.60
					627,581	· ·	627.581				10,536	4.057		83	10,619

#### Boonville Natural Gas April 2018

	Blocks	Customer Count	Step-Rate Therms	Adjustments	Therms	S Redistribution	itep Therms Final	Pre-TAJCA Rates	Post-TAJCA Raics	Rate Difference	Over Collection	NTA Therms	NTA Raic Dill	NTA Rate Difference
									-					
Residential	0	52												
(Hcat)	-100 >100	4,024 400	209,727 51,442		209,727 51,442	40,000	249.727	0,47710 0,39890	0.4575 0.3825	0,01960 0,01640	4,894,65 187,65			
	2100	4,476	261 169		261,169	(40,000)	261,169	0.39890	0.3822	0,01040	5,082.30	(63 334)	0.01640	(1,038,68)
		4,470	201,107		201.107	· · · ·	201,109				5,082.50	(0,0,0,4)	0.01040	(1,038,06)
Residential	0													
(Non-hcat)	1+100	17	461		461	. 100	561	0.47710	0.4575	0.01960	11.00			
	> 100		106		106	(100)	6	0.39890	0,3825	0.01540	0,10			
		18	567		567	· · · ·	567				11.10	(198)	0.01640	(3.25)
Commercial	0													
Group (Heat)	1 - 100	5 143	6,485		6,485	7,000	13,485	0,35560	0.34100	0.01460	196 88			
Group (rical)	> 100	70	16,841		16,841	(7,000)	9,841	0.28170	0,27010		114.16			
		218	23.326		23,326	(1,400)	23,326	0,20170	0,21010	0,01100	311.04	(6,576)	0.01160	(76.28)
Commerical	0	13												
Group (Non-heat)	1 - 100	7	191		191	100	291	0.35560	0,34100	0,01460	4.25			
	> 100		226		226	(100)	126	0.28170	0,27010	0.01160	1.46			
		21	417	<b>.</b>	417	•	+17				5.71	(125)	0.01160	(1.45)
Commerical	a	2												
Group 2 (Heat)	1 - 108	31	1,546		1,546	11.800	13.346	0.35560	0.34100	0.01460	194.85			
	> 100	118	105,658		105,658	(11,800)	93.85K	0.28170	0,27010	0.01160	1.088.75			
		151	107,204	•	107,204	•	107,204				1.283.60	(25.658)	0.01160	(297.63)
Commerical	Q	9												
Group 2 (Non-heat)	1 - 100 > 100	2	22 1,297		22 1,297	-100	422	0.35560	0,34100	0.01460	6.16			
	2 100		1.319		1.297	(400)	<u>897</u> 1,319	0,28170	0.27010	0.01160	10.41	(560)	0.01160	(6.50)
			1.217		(1)	<u> </u>	1,519				10.57	(300)	0.01100 -	(0.50)
Trasport														
	>1	1	1,700		1,700		1,700	0.12720	0.11930	0.00790	13.43			
			1,700	·	1,700		1,700				13.43	<u> </u>	· .	<u> </u>
					105 702		395,702				6,724	(96,451)		(1,424)
				•	395,702		375,102				0.724	(70, 171)	-	(1,424)

CAU

# 

EXHIBIT 4 GENO, 43032-56 PAGE 6 Net <u>Overcollection</u>

4,043.62 7.85 234.76

4.26 985.97 \_\_\_\_\_10.07

<u>13.43</u> 5.300

•

.

.

÷...