

STATE OF INDIANA

Commissioner	Yes	No	Not Participating
Huston	٧		
Bennett	٧		
Freeman			٧
Veleta	٧		
Ziegner	٧		

INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

PETITION	OF IN	IDIANA UT	ILITIES)	
CORPORAT	ION FOR	APPROVA	L OF)	CAUSE NO. 37357 GCA 115
CHANGES I	N ITS GAS	RATES THRO	UGH A)	
GAS COST	ADJUSTME	NT IN ACCOR	DANCE)	APPROVED: OCT 25 2023
WITH IND. C	CODE §8-1-2	-42(g))	

ORDER OF THE COMMISSION

Presiding Officer: Greg S. Loyd, Administrative Law Judge

On August 31, 2023, in accordance with Ind. Code § 8-1-2-42, Indiana Utilities Corporation ("Petitioner") filed its Petition, with attached schedules, for a gas cost adjustment ("GCA") to be applicable during the months of November 2023 through April 2024. Also on August 31, 2023, Petitioner prefiled the direct testimony of its President, Frank Czeschin. On September 22, 2023, Petitioner filed revised schedules. On October 2, 2023, the Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor ("OUCC") filed its GCA factor calculations, statistical calculations, and testimony of Linda M. Devine, Utility Analyst II in the OUCC's Natural Gas Division.

The Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission ("Commission") held an evidentiary hearing in this Cause at 9:30 a.m. on October 16, 2023, in Room 224, PNC Center, 101 West Washington Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Petitioner and the OUCC appeared by counsel at the evidentiary hearing, during which the Petitioner's and the OUCC's offered testimony and exhibits were admitted into the record without objection.

Based upon the applicable law and the evidence presented, the Commission finds:

- 1. <u>Statutory Notice and Commission Jurisdiction</u>. Notice of the evidentiary hearing in this Cause was given and published by the Commission as required by law. Petitioner is a public utility as defined in Ind. Code § 8-1-2-1(a). Under Ind. Code § 8-1-2-42(g), the Commission has jurisdiction over changes to Petitioner's rates and charges related to adjustments in gas costs. Therefore, the Commission has jurisdiction over Petitioner and the subject matter of this Cause.
- 2. <u>Petitioner's Characteristics</u>. Petitioner is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Indiana. Petitioner's principal office is located at 123 West Chestnut Street, Corydon, Indiana. Petitioner renders natural gas utility service to the public in Harrison and Floyd Counties and owns, operates, manages, and controls plant and equipment for the distribution and furnishing of such service.
- 3. <u>Source of Natural Gas.</u> Ind. Code § 8-1-2-42(g)(3)(A) requires Petitioner to make every reasonable effort to acquire long-term gas supplies so as to provide gas to its retail customers at the lowest gas cost reasonably possible. Mr. Czeschin described Petitioner's estimating and

purchasing strategies in acquiring natural gas for its customers. He stated this analysis consists of analyzing actual historical sales, which Petitioner then adjusts based upon known customer changes, such as load characteristics, to arrive at its estimate of future monthly sales by customer class. Petitioner then considers its fixed contracts, the amount of storage gas available, and estimated NYMEX spot gas prices. Petitioner also reviews gas price trends as provided by its marketer to determine the appropriate mix of source of supply to use for the upcoming GCA period. He added that Petitioner historically purchases fixed contracts and manages the usage of the gas provided by those contracts. Petitioner uses storage gas which is priced at typically low summer prices. Petitioner regularly reviews NYMEX prices to try to stay abreast of any significant changes in natural gas pricing. Mr. Czeschin testified that Petitioner has acquired natural gas based upon NYMEX estimates; relies upon risk analysis; and uses fixed contracts, storage, and spot gas as part of its supply mix. Additionally, Petitioner uses GCA flex and normal temperature adjustment mechanism.

The Commission has indicated that Indiana's natural gas utilities should make reasonable efforts to mitigate gas price volatility. This includes a program that considers market conditions and the price of natural gas on both a current and forward-looking basis. Based on the evidence offered, we find that Petitioner has demonstrated that it has and continues to follow a policy of securing natural gas supply at the lowest gas cost reasonably possible in order to meet anticipated customer requirements. Therefore, we find that the requirement of this statutory provision has been fulfilled.

- 4. Purchased Gas Cost Rates. Ind. Code § 8-1-2-42(g)(3)(B) requires that Petitioner's pipeline suppliers have requested, or filed pursuant to the jurisdiction and procedures of a duly constituted regulatory authority, the costs proposed to be included in the GCA factor. The evidence of record indicates that the proposed gas costs include transport rates that have been filed by Petitioner's pipeline suppliers in accordance with Federal Energy Regulatory Commission procedures. We have reviewed the cost of gas included in the proposed gas cost adjustment charge and find the cost to be reasonable. Therefore, we find that the requirement of this statutory provision has been fulfilled.
- 5. Earnings Test. Ind. Code § 8-1-2-42(g)(3)(C), in effect, prohibits approval of a GCA factor which results in Petitioner earning a return in excess of the return authorized by the last Commission Order in which Petitioner's base rates and charges were approved. Petitioner's current base rates and charges were approved on February 20, 2019, in Cause No. 45116. The Commission authorized Petitioner to earn a rate of return of 9.04% and a net operating income of \$675,418 on an original cost rate base of \$7,471,437.

Petitioner's evidence indicates that for the 12-months ending June 30, 2023, Petitioner's actual net operating income was \$264,788. Therefore, based on the evidence of record, the Commission finds that Petitioner did not earn a return in excess of that authorized in its last rate case.

Estimation of Purchased Gas Costs. Ind. Code § 8-1-2-42(g)(3)(D) requires that Petitioner's estimate of its prospective average gas costs for each future recovery period be reasonable. The Commission has determined that a comparison of the variance to the incremental

cost of gas on Schedule 6 be used to determine if the prior estimates are reasonable when compared to the corresponding actual costs. A 12-month rolling average comparison helps to eliminate the inherent variance related to cycle billing and seasonal fluctuations. The evidence presented indicates Petitioner's 12-month rolling average comparison was 4.76% for the period ending April 30, 2023. Based on Petitioner's historical accuracy in estimating the cost of gas, the Commission finds that Petitioner's estimating techniques are sound, and Petitioner's prospective average estimate of gas costs is reasonable.

- 7. Reconciliations. Ind. Code § 8-1-2-42(g)(3)(D) also requires that Petitioner reconcile its estimate for a previous recovery period with the actual purchased gas cost for that period. The evidence presented in this proceeding establishes that the variance for the reconciliation period of November 2022 through April 2023 ("Reconciliation Period") is an overcollection of \$4,497 from its customers. This amount should be included in the current GCA.
- **8.** Resulting Gas Cost Adjustment Factor. The estimated net cost of gas to be recovered is \$194,821 for November 2023, \$232,588 for December 2023, \$315,140 for January 2024, \$245,505 for February 2024, \$176,019 for March 2024, and \$104,933 for April 2024. Adjusting these totals for the variance and refund amounts yields gas costs to be recovered through the GCA factor of \$194,071 for November 2023, \$231,838 for December 2023, \$314,390 for January 2024, \$244,755 for February 2024, \$175,269 for March 2024, and \$104,183 for April 2024. After dividing those amounts by estimated sales, Petitioner's recommended GCA factors are \$3.6740/Dth for November 2023, \$3.7872/Dth for December 2023, \$4.0126/Dth for January 2024, \$3.9017/Dth for February 2024, \$3.7063/Dth for March 2024, and \$3.5423/Dth for April 2024.

Ms. Devine testified that based on information provided by the Petitioner in the revised schedules filed on September 22, 2023, the OUCC found nothing to indicate Petitioner has not correctly calculated the proposed GCA 115 factors in accordance with all applicable requirements.

9. Effects on Residential Customers. Petitioner requests authority to approve the GCA factor of \$3.6740/Dth for November 2023, \$3.7872/Dth for December 2023, \$4.0126/Dth for January 2024, \$3.9017/Dth for February 2024, \$3.7063/Dth for March 2024, and \$3.5423/Dth for April 2024. The table below shows the commodity costs a residential customer will incur under the proposed GCA factor based on 10 Dth of usage. The table also compares the proposed gas costs to what a residential customer paid most recently (August 2023 - \$6.5249/Dth) and a year ago (November 2022 - \$4.7916/Dth, December 2022 - \$4.6180/Dth, January 2023 - \$3.6913/Dth, February 2023 - \$3.7252/Dth, March 2023 - \$3.7868/Dth, and April 2023 - \$3.6940/Dth). The table solely reflects costs that are approved through the GCA process. It does not include Petitioner's base rates or any applicable rate adjustment mechanisms.

Month	Proposed Gas Costs (10 Dth)	Current		Year Ago	
		Gas Costs (10 Dth)	Difference	Gas Costs (10 Dth)	Difference
November 2023	\$36.74	\$65.25	(\$28.51)	\$47.92	(\$11.18)
December 2023	\$37.87	\$65.25	(\$27.38)	\$46.18	(\$8.31)
January 2024	\$40.13	\$65.25	(\$25.12)	\$36.91	\$3.22
February 2024	\$39.02	\$65.25	(\$26.23)	\$37.25	\$1.77
March 2024	\$37.06	\$65.25	(\$28.19)	\$37.87	(\$0.81)
April 2024	\$35.42	\$65.25	(\$29.83)	\$36.94	(\$1.52)

- 10. <u>Interim Rates</u>. We are unable to determine whether Petitioner will earn an excess return while these GCA factors are in effect. Accordingly, the rates approved in this Order are interim rates subject to refund pending reconciliation in the event an excess return is earned.
- Indiana's gas utilities should make reasonable efforts to mitigate gas price volatility. Petitioner's approved monthly flex mechanism is designed to address the Commission's concerns. Therefore, Petitioner may utilize a monthly flex mechanism to adjust the GCA factor for the subsequent month. The flex mechanism applies to the mix of volumes between spot, fixed, and storage gas purchases as long as the total volumes remain unchanged from the total monthly volume of gas estimated in this GCA proceeding. The flex mechanism also applies to the estimated unit price of spot, fixed, or storage gas purchases. The flex mechanism is to be filed no later than three business days before the beginning of each calendar month during the GCA period. Market purchases in the flex mechanism are to be priced at NYMEX prices on a day no more than ten business days prior to the beginning of said calendar month. Changes in the market price included in the flex mechanism are limited to a maximum adjustment (higher or lower) of \$1.00 from the initial market price in this GCA proceeding. Finally, Petitioner shall file all material that supports its decision to flex or not to flex as outlined in our Order in Cause No. 44374.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED BY THE INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION that:

- 1. The Petition of Indiana Utilities Corporation for the gas cost adjustment for natural gas service, as set forth in Paragraph No. 8, is approved, subject to refund in accordance with Paragraph No. 10.
- 2. Prior to implementing the GCA factors approved above or any future flexed factor, Indiana Utilities Corporation shall file the tariff and applicable rate schedules under this Cause for approval by the Commission's Energy Division. Such rates shall be effective on or after the order date subject to Division review and agreement with the amounts reflected.

3. This Order shall be effective on and after the date of its approval.

HUSTON, BENNETT, VELETA, AND ZIEGNER CONCUR; FREEMAN ABSENT:

APPROVED: OCT 25 2023

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of the Order as approved.

Dana Kosco Secretary of the Commission