I&M Exhibit: \_\_\_\_\_



Cause No. 45576

# INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY

# PRE-FILED VERIFIED DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

FRANZ D. MESSNER

# Content

I.	Introduction of Witness	I
II.	Purpose of Testimony	2
III.	Weighted Average Cost of Capital	3
IV.	Financing Activity	7
V.	Credit Ratings	3

# Page 1 of 10

# DIRECT TESTIMONY OF FRANZ D. MESSNER ON BEHALF OF INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY

# I. Introduction of Witness

Q1. State your name and business address.
 My name is Franz D. Messner and my business address is 1 Riverside Plaza,
 Columbus, OH 43215.

# 4 Q2. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?

I am employed by American Electric Power Service Corporation (AEPSC) as
Managing Director of Corporate Finance. AEPSC supplies engineering,
accounting, planning, advisory, and other services to the subsidiaries of the
American Electric Power (AEP) system, one of which is Indiana Michigan Power
Company (I&M or the Company).

# Q3. What are your responsibilities as Managing Director of Corporate Finance?

- I am responsible for planning and executing the corporate finance programs of
   the regulated AEP System operating companies, including I&M. My
   responsibilities also include preparing recommendations for the payment of
   dividends by those companies, maintaining capitalization targets, and managing
   the relationships of AEP and its subsidiaries with the credit rating agencies.
- 17 Q4. Describe your educational background and professional experience.

I earned a Bachelor of Science in Systems Engineering from the United States
 Naval Academy in 1990. I earned a Master of Business Administration from the
 Fisher College of Business at the Ohio State University in 1999. Prior to joining

1	AEP, I served for seven years as a U.S. Naval officer and completed both chief
2	engineer and submarine officer qualifications.

- In June 1999, I was hired by AEPSC as an associate in a finance associate
  development program. My primary roles have been in the areas of financial
  analysis, budgeting, and forecasting.
- In July 2007, I was named Manager in Corporate Planning and Budgeting and
   subsequently promoted to Director in November 2009. In May 2016, I assumed
   my current position as Managing Director of Corporate Finance.

# 9 Q5. Have you previously testified before any regulatory commissions?

Yes. I submitted testimony before the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission in
 Cause No. 45235 and before the Michigan Public Service Commission in Cause
 No. U-20359 on behalf of Indiana Michigan Power Company.

# II. Purpose of Testimony

13	Q6.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
14		The purpose of my testimony is to:
15		Present and support the capital structure and weighted average cost of
16		capital for I&M.
17		• Describe the forecast financing activity between December 31, 2020, the
18		end of the Historical Period, and December 31, 2022, the end of the
19		forward-looking Test Year.
20		<ul> <li>Describe I&amp;M's credit ratings and why regulatory outcomes are important</li> </ul>
21		in the rating process.

<b>Direct Testimony</b>	of Franz D. Messner

1	Q7.	Are you sponsoring any exhibits?
2		Yes, I am sponsoring I&M Exhibit A-7: Forecasted Capital Structure and
3		Weighted Average Cost of Capital.
4	Q8.	Are you sponsoring any workpapers?
5		Yes, I am sponsoring WP-I&M-1-6: Historical Capital Structure and Weighted
6		Average Cost of Capital.
7	Q9.	Were the exhibits and workpapers prepared or assembled by you or under
8		your direction?
9		Yes.
10	Q10.	Summarize your testimony.
11		I&M is proposing a weighted average cost of capital (WACC) of 6.08%, which is
12		a reasonable value reflecting the forecast Test Year end 12/31/2022 capital
13		structure and a reasonable return on equity (ROE) as supported by Company
14		witnesses Thomas and Bulkley. I&M's overall proposal will help maintain solid
15		credit ratings and ready access to capital over the forecast period.
	III. \	Weighted Average Cost of Capital

# Q11. Describe I&M's capital structure and WACC at the beginning and end of the Test Year as shown in I&M Exhibit A-7.

18 I&M Exhibit A-7 depicts the calculation of the weighted average cost of capital
19 for I&M with both permanent capital and ratemaking adjustments, which include
20 deferred taxes and customer deposits.

1

2

3

4

5

I&M's forecast overall weighted average cost of capital, inclusive of ratemaking adjustments, is 6.07% at the beginning of the Test Year (December 31, 2021), and 6.08% at the end of the Test Year (December 31, 2022). In both cases, the Company utilizes a 10.00% ROE supported by Company witnesses Thomas and Bulkley.

Pages 1 and 3 of I&M Exhibit A-7 (also shown in Figures FDM-1 and FDM-2)
show the computation of the weighted average cost of capital for I&M at the
beginning and end of the Test Year.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e) %
				%	Weighted
Line		Total Company	Percent of	Cost	Average
No.	Description	<b>Capitalization</b>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cost Rate
1		\$			
2	Long-Term Debt	2,822,302,210	42.41%	4.44%	1.88%
3	Common Equity	2,762,126,699	41.51%	10.00%	4.15%
4	Customer Deposits	41,698,455	0.63%	2.00%	0.01%
5	ADFIT <sup>1</sup>	1,010,598,387	15.19%	0.00%	0.00%
6	ADITC <sup>2</sup>	17,469,705	0.26%	7.19%	<u>0.02%</u>
7					
8	Total	<u>6,654,195,455</u>	100.00%		<u>6.07%</u>
9					
10					
11					
12	Cost of Investor Supplied Capital				
13	Long-Term Debt	2,822,302,210	50.54%	4.44%	2.24%
14	Common Equity	2,762,126,699	<u>49.46%</u>	10.00%	<u>4.95%</u>
15	Total	5,584,428,909	100.00%		7.19%

#### Figure FDM-1. Forecast WACC at the beginning of the Test Year, 12/31/2021

<sup>1</sup>Accumulated Deferred Federal Income Taxes

<sup>2</sup>Accumulated Deferred Job Development Investment Tax Credits

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e) %
Line		Total Compony	Percent of	% Cost	Weighted
		Total Company			Average
<u>No.</u>	Description	<b>Capitalization</b>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cost Rate
1		\$			
2	Long-Term Debt	2,820,079,888	40.86%	4.44%	1.81%
3	Common Equity	2,927,644,814	42.42%	10.00%	4.24%
4	Customer Deposits	41,698,455	0.60%	2.00%	0.01%
5	ADFIT <sup>1</sup>	1,098,242,295	15.91%	0.00%	0.00%
6	ADITC <sup>2</sup>	<u>13,678,705</u>	0.20%	7.27%	0.01%
7					
8	Total	<u>6,901,344,157</u>	100.00%		<u>6.08%</u>
9					
10					
11					
12	Cost of Investor Supplied Capital				
13	Long-Term Debt	2,820,079,888	49.06%	4.44%	2.18%
14	Common Equity	2,927,644,814	<u>50.94%</u>	10.00%	<u>5.09%</u>
15	Total	5,747,724,702	100.00%		7.27%

# Figure FDM-2. Forecasted Weighted Average Cost of Capital at the End of the Test Year, 12/31/2022

<sup>1</sup>Accumulated Deferred Federal Income Taxes

<sup>2</sup>Accumulated Deferred Job Development Investment Tax Credits

Column (a) shows the components of capital, including long-term debt, common
 equity, customer deposits, accumulated deferred federal income taxes (ADFIT),
 and accumulated deferred job development investment tax credits (ADITC).

Column (b) shows the capitalization by component at December 31, 2021
(Figure FDM-1) and December 31, 2022 (Figure FDM-2). Column (c) identifies
each component's percentage of I&M's total capital, and Column (d) identifies
the cost rates associated with each component. Column (e) shows the weighted
average cost of capital by component.

9 Q12. How are the December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022 weighted average
 10 cost of capital computations used in this proceeding?

11 The December 31, 2021 weighted average cost of capital is used in determining 12 the Phase-in Rate Adjustment as supported and described by Company witness 13 Duncan. The December 31, 2022 weighted average cost of capital is used in 14 determining I&M's proposed base rates.

1	Q13.	Describe I&M's Test Year cost of long-term debt shown in I&M Exhibit A-7.
2		The forecasted cost rates for long-term debt at the beginning of the Test Year (December 31, 2021) and end of the Test Year (December 31, 2022) shown on
3 4		pages 1 and 3 of I&M Exhibit A-7 are 4.44%.
5		The calculation of these forecasted costs is shown on pages 2 and 4 of I&M
6 7		Exhibit A-7 and is inclusive of all costs associated with long-term debt issuances.
8	Q14.	What is the source of the other cost rates in I&M Exhibit A-7?
9		The 10.00% ROE was provided to me by Company witnesses Thomas and
10		Bulkley. A 2.0% cost rate was applied to the balance of customer deposits
11		consistent with the Settlement Agreement approved in Cause No. 44967 and
12		the cost of capital reflected in the March 11, 2020 Order in Cause No. 45235
13		(Cause No. 45235 Order), the Company's last basic rate proceeding.
14		A 0.0% cost rate was assigned to accumulated deferred federal income taxes.
15		The cost rate assigned to accumulated deferred job development investment tax
16		credits is the weighted average cost rate of investor-supplied capital. The Test
17		Year cost of capital calculation is consistent with the methodology used to
18		calculate the weighted average cost of capital in Cause No. 45235.
19	Q15.	What are I&M's forecasted common equity balances in I&M Exhibit A-7?
20		I&M's forecasted common equity balances in I&M Exhibit A-7 are
21		\$2,762,126,699 at December 31, 2021 and \$2,927,644,814 at December 31,
22		2022. These were derived from the Company's forecast for 2021-2022
23		supported by Company witness Heimberger.
24	Q16.	What are I&M's forecasted customer deposit balances in I&M Exhibit A-7?
25		I&M's forecasted customer deposit balances in I&M Exhibit A-7 are \$41,698,455
26		at both December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022. These were derived from

the Company forecast for 2021-2022 supported by Company witness
 Heimberger.

Q17. What are I&M's forecasted balances of accumulated deferred income taxes
 (ADFIT) and accumulated deferred job development investment tax credits
 (ADITC) in I&M Exhibit A-7?

6 I&M's forecasted balances of ADFIT and ADITC in I&M Exhibit A-7 are

7 \$1,010,598,387 and \$17,469,705 at December 31, 2021 and \$1,098,242,295

8 and \$13,678,705 at December 31, 2022. These were derived from the

- 9 Company forecast for 2021-2022 supported by Company witness Heimberger.
- 10 The balances of ADFIT and ADITC were calculated and provided by Company 11 witness Criss.

# Q18. How were the historical capital structure and weighted average cost of capital determined in workpaper WP-I&M-1-6?

- 14 The historical calculation in WP-I&M-1-6 is based on actual data as of
- 15 12/31/2020. The calculation was prepared in the same manner as the Test Year
- 16 calculation in I&M Exhibit A-7 and is used to answer certain minimum standard
   17 filing requirement schedules.

# **IV. Financing Activity**

- Q19. Describe I&M's financing activity that was forecast for the period between
   December 31, 2020, the end of the Historical Period, and December 31,
   2022, the end of Test Year.
- The Company forecast a \$450,000,000 issuance of new long-term debt to offset the existing \$200,000,000 local bank term loan facility that matured in May 2021 and to supplement the needs of its ongoing capital investment program.

1 The forecast reflects a cost rate of 3.75% based on prevailing treasury market 2 conditions and credit spread information provided by banks used in issuing long-3 term debt.

The Company forecasted remarketing the currently outstanding \$40,000,000
City of Rockport Series D pollution control revenue bonds. The forecast reflects
a cost rate of 1.5% based on prevailing market conditions and pricing
information provided by banks used in issuing long-term debt.

# V. Credit Ratings

# 8 Q20. What are credit ratings and what is an investment grade rating?

9 Credit ratings are opinions on a company's ability to repay its debt and other 10 obligations in full and on time. The credit ratings facilitate the process of issuing 11 bonds by providing a widely recognized measure of relative credit risk. Investors 12 may also use ratings as a screening device to determine investments. For 13 example, an investor may choose only to invest in investment grade 14 corporations or utilities.

The credit ratings scale ranges from the highest ratings of 'AAA' for Standard and Poor's (S&P) which is the highest rating and generally associated with U.S. and similar government securities and a handful of corporations to the lowest rating of 'D' which indicates that the entity has defaulted on its payments. Moody Investor Service's (Moody's) scale is from the highest credit rating of Aaa to a lowest credit rating of C.

Investment grade ratings are those instruments or corporations that are rated
 from AAA/Aaa to BBB/Baa respectively by S&P/Moody's. Any ratings below
 investment grade are considered by investors to be either speculative, with less
 likelihood of repayment, or already in default.

### 1 Q21. Generally describe the methodology of each rating agency.

S&P evaluates the credit of each operating company utilizing a family approach,
factoring in the ratings of all AEP system subsidiaries. S&P's family approach to
bond ratings for individual operating companies emphasizes the inherent
benefits and risks associated with having a diversified family of operating
companies across AEP's eleven-state service territory.

Moody's and Fitch rate each operating company individually based on the merits
of the company's underlying operations and credit profile but recognize that
each is part of a larger holding company.

# 10 Q22. Why are credit ratings important to I&M?

A higher credit rating results in lower cost of debt and better access to capital in times of financial volatility. The credit rating is the primary criteria by which fixed income investors evaluate debt investments. Additionally, fixed income investors are limited in the amount of non-investment grade securities that they can purchase, so it is important for a utility to maintain investment grade ratings.

# 16 Q23. Please discuss I&M's position with the credit rating agencies.

17 I&M's senior unsecured ratings are A- at S&P, A3 at Moody's and BBB+ at
18 Fitch. As shown in the Company's response to Minimum Standard Filing
19 Requirement 170 IAC 1-5-13(a)(10), on April 28, 2021, S&P reaffirmed I&M's
20 credit rating of A- and revised their outlook to negative from stable.

On April 22, 2021, Moody's reaffirmed I&M's credit rating of A3 (stable)
recognizing the above average regulatory environments in the two state
jurisdictions the Company operates in that offer a transparent suite of recovery
mechanisms. On April 8, 2021, Fitch reaffirmed I&M's credit rating of BBB+
(stable) and considers the regulatory regime in Indiana and Michigan to be
supportive.

1	Q24.	Is regulatory treatment important to the rating agencies?
---	------	---

- Yes, a portion of the Company's credit rating is based on qualitative factors
  related to regulatory environment. Rating agencies closely follow regulatory
  outcomes for a utility. Consistent and appropriate regulatory treatment is a credit
  positive and supports the Company's credit ratings which in turn affords the
  Company better access to capital markets to better source capital at lower cost.
- 7 Q25. Does this conclude your pre-filed verified direct testimony?
- 8 Yes.

# VERIFICATION

I, Franz D. Messner, Managing Director Corporate Finance AEPSC, affirm under penalties of perjury that the foregoing representations are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Date: 6/28/2021

Franz D. Messner