FILED March 28, 2023 INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

STATE OF INDIANA

INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

VERIFIED PETITION OF INDIANA MICHIGAN) POWER COMPANY (I&M) FOR APPROVAL OF) (1) ISSUANCE TO I&M OF CERTIFICATES OF) PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY UNDER IND. CODE § 8-1-8.5-2 FOR THE ACQUISITION AND DEVELOPMENT THROUGH) PURCHASE SALE AGREEMENTS (PSA) OF) TWO SOLAR POWER GENERATING FACILITIES TO BE KNOWN AS LAKE TROUT,) MAYAPPLE (CLEAN AND ENERGY PSA) PROJECTS); (2) TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY, **ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER PURSUANT TO IND.** CODE § 8-1-2.5-5 DECLINING TO EXERCISE) JURISDICTION UNDER. IND. CODE § 8-1-8.5-) 5(e) (3) APPROVAL OF EACH PSA PROJECT) AS A CLEAN ENERGY PROJECT UNDER IND. CODE § 8-1-8.8-11; (4) APPROVAL OF TWO SOLAR RENEWABLE ENERGY PURCHASE AGREEMENTS FOR PROJECTS TO BE KNOWN AS ELKHART COUNTY AND SCULPIN (CLEAN ENERGY PPA PROJECTS) AS CLEAN ENERGY PROJECTS UNDER IND. CODE § 8-1-8.8-11; (5) ASSOCIATED TIMELY COST RECOVERY UNDER IND. CODE § 8-1-8.8-11 FOR ALL PSA) AND PPA PROJECTS: AND (6) OTHER ACCOUNTING AND RATEMAKING AUTHORITY.)

CAUSE NO. 45868

SUBMISSION OF DIRECT TESTIMONY OF <u>D. DEAN KOUJAK</u>

Applicant, Indiana Michigan Power Company (I&M), by counsel, respectfully

submits the direct testimony and attachments of D. Dean Koujak in this Cause.

Respectfully submitted,

Janners Deguilar

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that a copy of the foregoing was served this 28th day of March, 2023, by email transmission, hand delivery or United States Mail,

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Attorneys for Indiana MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY

I&M Exhibit: _____

INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY

PRE-FILED VERIFIED DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

D. DEAN KOUJAK

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DIRECT TESTIMONY OF D. DEAN KOUJAK ON BEHALF OF INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY

I. Introduction of Witness

1	Q1.	Please state your name and business address.
2		My name is D. Dean Koujak. My business address is 1411 Broadway, 35th
3		Floor, New York, NY 10018.
4	Q2.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
5		I am employed by Charles River Associates as a Principal in the Energy
6		practice.
7	Q3.	Briefly describe your educational background and professional
8		experience.
9		I have over 18 years of experience in the electric power sector, as a consultant
10		in the Energy practice of Charles River Associates (CRA), and previously with
11		Guidehouse, Inc. and a predecessor firm, Navigant Consulting, Inc. Throughout
12		my career, I have worked with utilities covering power procurement, including
13		generation and transmission resource acquisition, and resource planning across
14		the U.S. and Canada. I have served in a variety of capacities providing
15		independent oversight of procurements across the U.S., including as an
16		Independent Evaluator, Observer, Monitor and Auditor. I hold a B.S. in
17		Engineering Management from NYIT, an MBA from SUNY Stony Brook, and JD
18		from Hofstra University.
19	Q4.	What are your responsibilities as Principal at CRA?
20		As a Principal, I lead engagements on behalf of clients which includes utilities
21		and public utility commissions. Specifically on this engagement for I&M, I served
22		as the Independent Monitor.

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Q5. Have you previously testified before any regulatory commissions?

Yes, I have provided testimony and expert report filings in the states of Arizona, Michigan, Hawaii, Minnesota, New Mexico, Texas and South Carolina related to utility competitive procurement of generation resource acquisition. I have supported the development of testimony and expert report filings in New York and Ohio.

7 Q6. What role did CRA serve in the request for proposals (RFP) process?

CRA served as the Independent Monitor. Pursuant to this role, CRA oversaw 8 the design and development of the request for proposals (RFP), conducted the 9 stakeholder engagement process, administered the solicitation including the 10 issuance of the RFP, handled Q&A process, and the receipt of the proposals. 11 CRA performed the threshold and eligibility analysis on all proposals received, 12 and then oversaw the balance of the evaluation process conducted by I&M. In 13 14 addition, we oversaw all bidder communications during the pendency of the solicitation process to shortlisting. CRA was consulted during the negotiation 15 process with regards to negotiated changes to assess whether such changes 16 17 would impact the integrity of the process and final selection results.

Q7. Is your compensation in this case related in any way to the conclusions or recommendations you make?

No. CRA is compensated for our services regardless of the conclusions or
 recommendations we are making.

22 Q8. Have you previously served as an Independent Monitor?

Yes. I have served in an independent oversight, evaluation, administration or
 monitoring role on solicitations issued by or on behalf of Arizona Public Service,
 Xcel Energy/Southwestern Public Service, Xcel Energy – Northern States
 Power, FirstEnergy Ohio Utilities, AEP Ohio, DTE Energy, Hawaiian Electric

Companies, SaskPower, and a consortium of NJ Utilities (JCP&L, Atlantic City
 Electric, and Rockland Electric).

3 Q9. Do you have other experience in the field of competitive procurement?

In addition to my Independent Monitor experience, I have worked with several
utilities in the design, development, and execution of their competitive
generation RFPs, covering renewable generation, conventional thermal
generation, demand response, energy efficiency and distributed energy
resources.

II. Purpose of Testimony

9	Q10.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
10		The purpose of my testimony is to introduce and describe CRA's role and
11		conclusions as the Independent Monitor for I&M's procurement process under
12		the 2022 All-Source RFP which are set forth in Attachment DDK-1. Company
13		witness Gaul also discusses the RFP process. I also address matters
14		concerning a bidder's ability to hold pricing from the time of bid submission
15		through final agreement execution.
16	Q11.	Are you sponsoring any attachments?
17		Yes, I am sponsoring:
18		 Attachment DDK-1 and 1C, public and confidential versions of the
19		Independent Monitor's Report on the Solicitation Process and Results.
20		• Attachment DDK-2, the January 18, 2022 RFP Development Meeting
21		Stakeholder Presentation.
22		• Attachment DDK-3, the February 8, 2022 Pre-RFP Meeting Presentation.
23		 Attachment DDK-4, the professional resume of D. Dean Koujak

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1	Q12.	Are you sponsoring any	workpapers?
2		Yes, I am sponsoring the	following document:
3		Confidential WP DDK-1	Eligibility and threshold evaluation of proposals
4			administered by CRA (Confidential/Competitively
5			Sensitive)
6	Q13.	Were the attachment an	d workpapers that you sponsor prepared by you or
7		under your direction?	
8		Yes.	

III. Overview of the RFP Process and Design

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Q14. Describe the goal of the 2022 All-Source RFP.

Under the RFP, I&M pursued resources to address its overall capacity need as
 identified in its 2021 IRP. The RFP sought to obtain approximately 800 MW of
 nameplate rated Wind Energy Resources, 500 MW of nameplate rated Solar
 Resources, and Supplemental Capacity Resources to meet this overall capacity
 need as identified in the 2021 IRP. Company witness Becker discusses I&M's
 IRP in more detail.

16 Q15. What technologies were eligible under the RFP?

Under the final design of the RFP, eligible technologies included Solar, Wind,
and Supplemental Capacity Resources. Accordingly, bidders were able to
propose a range of transmission and distribution interconnected projects,
including hybrid resources (e.g., solar + storage, wind + storage), standalone
storage, and thermal resources. All these technology types contributed to the
capacity need identified under the IRP.

Q16. What were the minimum threshold criteria for bidders to participate in the RFP?

The RFP, sponsored by Company witness Gaul as I&M Attachment TBG-1, set 3 forth clear threshold criteria for prospective bidders. In summary, they included 4 (1) a requirement to conform to the agreement types noted in the RFP, (2) 5 expected commercial operation dates (COD) to meet the capacity need date, (3) 6 7 minimum nameplate rating in MW, (4) locational requirements, (5) interconnection status requirements, (6) site control requirements, (7) project 8 9 specific requirements ensuring conformance with utility grade specifications on proposed equipment, (8) resource studies to ensure proper operation of the 10 prospective units, (9) minimum design life, and (10) demonstrated experience 11 12 requirement. Other threshold items that were considered included proposal 13 submittal requirements to provide the evaluation team with sufficient information 14 to evaluate proposals.

Q17. Are the threshold criteria adopted by I&M typical and reasonable for similar RFPs?

Yes. These threshold criteria are substantially the same or similar¹ to other
generation resource RFPs I have overseen and developed to ensure that the
proposals have a minimum level of viability.

20 Q18. Did I&M develop and document an evaluation process prior to the 21 issuance of the RFP?

22 Yes.

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23 **Q19.** Please describe the evaluation process.

The evaluation as envisioned was described and outlined in detail to stakeholders as part of the stakeholder outreach process. The process

¹ Similar RFPs are those that include acquisition of resources through Build-Transfer (BT) or Purchase and Sale Agreements (PSAs), or the purchase of energy, capacity and associated products through Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs).

- commences with a threshold/eligibility evaluation of proposals. CRA conducted
 this evaluation step independently of I&M. Proposals that passed this step
 proceeded to the first phase of the analysis.
- Under the first phase of the evaluation, for proposals that are of the same 4 technology (Solar, Wind, etc.), a Levelized Adjusted Cost of Energy (LACOE) or 5 Levelized Adjusted Cost of Capacity (LACOC) was calculated for comparative 6 7 purposes within each category of technology. An evaluation of non-price criteria, based on factors described in the RFP document, was also conducted by the 8 9 I&M evaluation team. A composite score, made up of 60% of economic 10 evaluation and 40% of the non-price evaluation, was calculated. This composite score was then used to rank order proposals, and the top scoring proposals 11 12 proceed to the next phase of the evaluation. In the second phase, the non-price 13 evaluation was updated based on the same criteria considered in phase one, to 14 the extent additional information is received and obtained. The economic evaluation, however, was based on a Value-to-Cost ratio which is the ratio 15 16 between the total value (benefits) on a present value basis compared to the total 17 costs on a present value basis. In addition, please see Attachment DDK-1 for additional information on the evaluation process. 18

Q20. Was the evaluation process I&M outlined reasonable as compared to standard utility procurement practice?

21 Yes. A multi-phase evaluation process is typical in utility procurement practice to 22 progressively narrow the field to the highest scoring proposals. Use of levelized 23 factor such as LACOE and LACOC to distinguish proposals of the same technology is typical in the industry. The non-price criteria noted in the RFP are 24 typical for similar RFPs. Furthermore, the use of the Value-to-Cost ratio, which 25 ensures proposals which have the highest order of value relative to its cost, to 26 27 make the final selection, is an accurate and industry accepted methodology to 28 distinguish proposals and protect customer interests. This approach has been

adopted by several utilities on similar RFPs that I have overseen and is
 appropriate to compare proposals of different technologies.

Q21. Did I&M conduct a stakeholder process prior to issuance of the RFP? Yes.

5 Q22. Please describe the stakeholder process conducted by I&M.

CRA managed and executed the stakeholder process on behalf of I&M. To this 6 end, CRA hosted an initial stakeholder session to discuss the scope of the RFP, 7 the draft evaluation criteria, and the proposed RFP timeline of the RFP on 8 January 18, 2022. CRA sent out the invitations to 534 recipients, which included 9 all stakeholders involved in the IRP process, developers who expressed interest 10 11 and members of the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (IURC), Indiana 12 Office of Utility Consumer Counselor (OUCC), and Michigan Public Service 13 Commission (MPSC). In response, stakeholders submitted comments and feedback during and after the webinar session. CRA and I&M considered the 14 feedback received, and incorporated changes in the draft RFP documentation 15 that was released January 28, 2022. CRA hosted a second RFP webinar on 16 February 8, 2022, to discuss the draft RFP dated January 28, 2022. Once again, 17 stakeholders submitted comments and feedback both during and after the 18 webinar session. CRA and I&M conducted a final review of comments, which 19 were due no later than February 18, 2022, and I&M incorporated a number of 20 changes to the RFP documentation pursuant to our recommendations. Overall, 21 22 the process engaged the stakeholder community and was highly responsive to their feedback. Attachment DDK-1 provides additional information on the 23 Stakeholder process. Attachments DDK-2 and DDK-3 include the stakeholder 24 presentations presented on January 18, 2022 and February 8, 2022 25 26 respectively.

IV. Overview of the RFP Evaluation and Results

Q23. How many proposals did I&M receive?

I&M received 32 proposals from 12 unique bidders. Proposals included
 technologies such as Solar, Wind, Solar plus Storage, Wind and Solar plus
 Storage, thermal capacity resources, and standalone battery storage.

5 Q24. Were any of the proposals submitted by an affiliate of AEP or a self-build 6 proposal submitted by I&M?

7 No.

8 Q25. How many proposals passed the threshold eligibility evaluation?

After a thorough review of the proposals, 20 proposals met the threshold 9 requirements and 12 proposals did not. One solar proposal and three solar plus 10 storage proposals were not compliant with the interconnection status 11 requirement. Six supplemental capacity resources were located in MISO and did 12 not have firm transmission rights to deliver such capacity to I&M in PJM. One 13 supplemental capacity proposal was in Illinois, which is not an eligible state for 14 such resources under the RFP. One other proposal for Wind and Solar plus 15 16 Storage did not pass due to non-conformance with a number of proposal submittal requirements and threshold eligibility criteria, including the location 17 requirement and the proposed COD date. 18

19 Q26. Were the remaining bids evaluated by the I&M evaluation team?

Yes, all remaining bids were evaluated by I&M throughout the entire process
 until final shortlisting. Company witnesses Gaul and Becker discuss I&M's
 evaluation process.

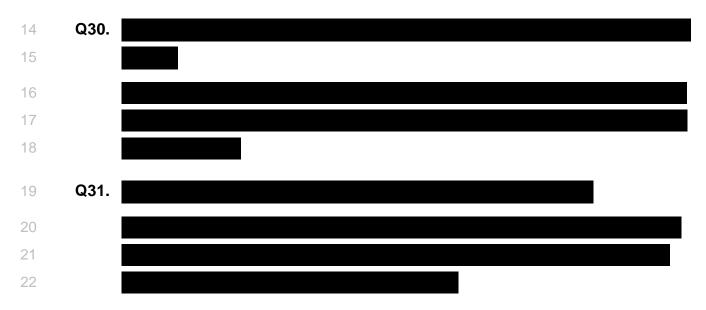
Direct Testimony of D. Dean Koujak

Q27. How many proposals were ultimately selected by I&M as part of the final shortlist?

I&M selected seven proposals total from six distinct bidders, which included five
 solar proposals, one battery storage proposal and one existing thermal capacity
 resource.

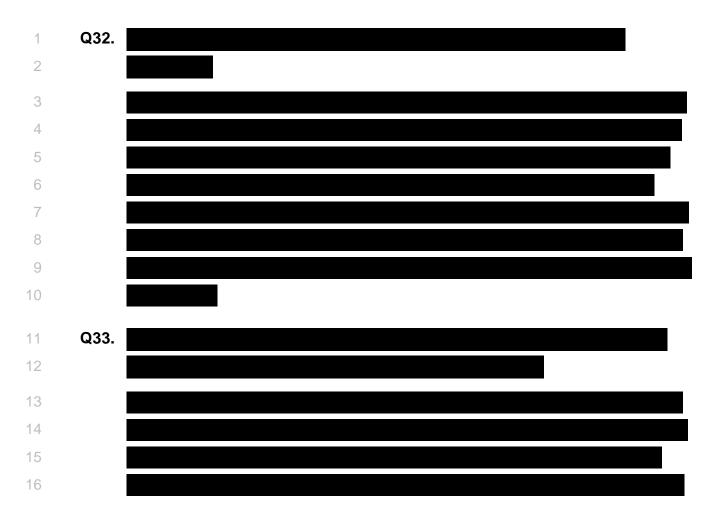
V. Post-Shortlist Negotiations

6 7	Q28.	Are you aware that I&M conducted post-shortlist negotiations with the selected bidders?
8		Yes.
9 10	Q29.	Is it reasonable and typical for a utility to conduct post-solicitation contract negotiations?
11 12		Yes. In order to finalize the commercial terms, it is standard industry practice to conduct post-solicitation contract negotiations to produce a final form, execution-
13		ready agreement.



PUBLIC VERSION

Direct Testimony of D. Dean Koujak



VI.Report

Q34. Earlier, you mentioned that CRA had prepared a Report. What are the contents of the Report?

The Report, Attachment DDK-1, addresses CRA's role as Independent Monitor
 under the I&M 2022 All-Source RFP. The report covers the scope of our
 oversight, the RFP process conducted, including the stakeholder engagement
 process, RFP design, issuance, evaluation and final shortlisting. The report
 addresses our findings with respect to the fairness and consistency of the
 solicitation process.

Direct Testimony of D. Dean Koujak

Q35. What were your findings?

Our assessment of the RFP process concludes that (i) I&M developed the RFP 2 documentation in a clear and transparent manner; (ii) I&M performed the 3 evaluation on a fair and consistent basis in-line with the process noted in the 4 RFP; (iii) the criteria used in the evaluation is in-line with typical utility practice 5 and reasonable to achieve the goals of the RFP; (iv) the shortlisting of finalists 6 was also performed on a fair and consistent basis with the process published in 7 the RFP; and (v) there is no evidence that the evaluation and selection process 8 caused any unfair advantage or disadvantage to any interested respondent. In 9 10 addition, given the current industry context, it is reasonable to allow pricing 11 modifications as part of the process. In my view, not allowing such changes would render procurement impractical at this time. 12

13 Q36. Does this conclude your pre-filed verified direct testimony?

Yes.

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VERIFICATION

I, D. Dean Koujak, Director – Principal in the Energy practice at Charles River Associates, affirm under penalties of perjury that the foregoing representations are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Date: <u>March 8, 2023</u>

ı.

D. Dean Koujak

Indiana Michigan Power Company Attachment DDK-1 PUBLIC Page 1 of 21



Prepared for: Indiana Michigan Power Co. 110 E Wayne St Fort Wayne, IN 46802

2022 Indiana Michigan Power Company (I&M) All-Source RFP

Independent Monitor's Report on the Solicitation Process and Results

Prepared by:

D. Dean Koujak Thomas Haratym Charles River Associates 200 Clarendon Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116

Date: December 15, 2022 CRA Project No. 35986 December 15, 2022

Charles River Associates

Disclaimer

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1. Executive Summary

1.1. Background

This report summarizes Charles River Associates Inc. (CRA) assessment and findings as an Independent Monitor for the All-Source Request for Proposals (RFP) issued by Indiana Michigan Power Company (I&M or the Company). Under the RFPs, I&M solicited approximately 800 MW of nameplate rated wind energy resources, 500 MW of nameplate rated solar energy resources, and supplemental capacity resources to meet overall capacity needs. Potential respondents were requested to bid under a purchase and sale agreement (PSA) or power purchase agreement (PPA) on either 3rd party developed or select I&M sites with existing solar facilities.

The RFPs were issued pursuant to I&M's 2021 IRP as filed and submitted in January 2022 in Indiana and February 2022 in Michigan. Under the IRP, specific MW buildouts of solar and wind resources were identified, however, based on the actual market response, the Company reserved the right to pursue more or less of any resource type as result of its competitive procurement process.

Prior to issuance of the RFP, I&M retained CRA to serve as the Independent Monitor on I&M's All-Source RFP, covering all jurisdictional requirements set forth by the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (IURC) and the Michigan Public Service Commission ("MPSC"), including the competitive procurement guidelines adopted in U-20852. Pursuant to CRA's agreed to scope of work as Independent Monitor, CRA served in a lead role with respect to the stakeholder engagement processes associated with the RFP, ensuring that stakeholder input was incorporated into the competitive procurement process, performed the eligibility and threshold screening, and oversaw I&M in the development, issuance, and evaluation of the RFP.

1.2. Summary and Recommendations

We have completed our assessment with respect to the I&M RFP and find the following:

- The RFP documentation was developed in a clear and transparent manner. The products sought were well defined. The evaluation criteria were indicated clearly in the RFP documentation. Detailed information regarding how I&M would conduct both the economic and non-price evaluation was provided in the RFP.
- Respondents were given an opportunity to cure noted deficiencies within a reasonable period of time, which helped maintain the range of proposals evaluated and the competition among them.
- The evaluation stage, including the economic and non-price evaluations, was performed on a fair and consistent basis with the process published in the RFP. Use of Levelized Adjusted Cost of Energy (LACOE), Levelized Adjusted Cost of Capacity (LACOC), and Value-to-Cost Ratio as the basis for scoring on economic grounds is reasonable and typical, as were the adjustments ascribed to the proposal types to effectively compare the proposals on an equivalent basis across a 30-year time horizon. Use of a scoring sheet/matrix is also reasonable and typical.
- The range of scoring guidelines is reasonable and consistent with similar criteria we have developed or observed with electric utilities. I&M subject matter experts that performed the review and scoring, as overseen by CRA, were consistent in their approach. The combined scoring and ranking using a weighting between economic and non-price criteria was reasonable.

- The evaluation process was reasonable and demonstrated an effort on the part of I&M to ensure a competitive solicitation.
- The shortlisting of finalists was also performed on a fair and consistent basis with the process published in the RFP.
- There is no evidence that the evaluation and selection process caused any unfair advantage or disadvantage to any interested party or respondent.

This report summarizes our review and findings as of the date of this report.

2. **RFP Development**

This section summarizes the process undertaken by I&M, in coordination with CRA, in the design, development, and issuance of the RFP. As the Independent Monitor, CRA served in a lead role with respect to the stakeholder engagement processes associated with the RFP, ensured that stakeholder input was incorporated into the competitive procurement process and oversaw I&M's overall development of the RFP.

2.1. Stakeholder Feedback Process

Stakeholder feedback was solicited and evaluated in accordance with the following schedule:

Meeting/Milestone	Purpose	Date and Time
RFP Development Meeting	Initial discussion with stakeholders regarding the development of the All-Source RFP.	January 18, 2022 @ 3 PM Eastern
Draft RFP Released	Draft RFP documents and evaluation factors were posted publicly on the RFP website for comment by all stakeholders.	January 28, 2022
Pre-RFP Stakeholder meeting	Second discussion held with stakeholders to review the draft RFP, minimum eligibility requirements, and evaluation factors.	February 8, 2022 @ 3 PM Eastern
Comments Due	Written comments from all stakeholders to the Independent Monitor were received by this due date.	February 18, 2022

Table 1: Stakeholder Feedback Timeline

Source: I&M

On January 18, 2022, CRA hosted a webinar with potential respondents and interested stakeholders to review the scope of the RFP, the draft evaluation criteria, and the proposed RFP timeline. In addition, CRA provided instructions with regards to the process by which stakeholders would be able to submit feedback. Prior to the meeting, an e-mail notice was sent out to approximately 190 stakeholders, including many potential market participants, organizations, commission staff, and other registrants that indicated interest in the process. During the webinar, stakeholders were able to address questions directly via the teleconference and via the chat function. Stakeholders submitted a number of comments during and after conclusion of the webinar, including the following which were posted on the RFP website:

No.	Question/Comment	Response
1	Will I&M consider projects in Illinois?	Under the framework presented on January 18, I&M projects must be located in the states of Indi- ana or Michigan (or Illinois for Wind Projects) and interconnect to 1) PJM, 2) MISO with firm delivera- bility rights into PJM, or 3) I&M's Distribution Sys- tem. I&M has a preference for projects that provide economic benefit to the states of Indiana or Michi- gan.
2	Would I&M consider projects in the MISO interconnection queue?	 Projects must be located in the states of Indiana or Michigan (or Illinois for Wind Projects) and inter- connect to 1) PJM, 2) MISO with firm deliverability rights into PJM, or 3) I&M's Distribution System. I&M has a preference for Projects that provide economic benefit to the states of Indiana or Michi- gan. Projects in PJM must have a completed PJM Sys-
		tem Impact Study. Projects interconnecting to MISO must have completed Phase 3 of MISO's Definitive Planning Phase and have the Final DPP SIS and Network Upgrade Facilities Study and have secured Firm Transmission into PJM. Pro- jects interconnecting to I&M's distribution electrical system must have a completed Distribution Impact Study from the I&M Distribution Planning Group. The interconnection point with PJM or I&M's distri- bution electrical system will be the Point of Deliv- ery.
3	Can you explain how debt equivalency costs plays a role in the RFP?	Debt equivalency costs are intended to account for the "debt-like" financial obligation impact that Power Purchase Agreements have on the credit metrics of utilities. Debt equivalency costs are in- cluded in the Levelized Adjusted Cost of Energy (LACOE) for all PPAs to ensure bids are com- pared on an equivalent basis. Response updated on February 24, 2022 to reflect
		that the adjustment is initially made to the Lev- elized Adjusted Cost of Energy (LACOE), which is later updated and included in the Levelized Ad- justed Net Cost of Energy (LANCOE). Also, last sentence "bids" replaces "projects".
4	Are there inflection points considered for debt equiva- lency?	No, debt equivalency costs are estimated by I&M and applied in the Levelized Adjusted Cost of En- ergy (LACOE) to all PPA proposals.
		Response updated on February 24, 2022 to reflect that the adjustment is initially made to the Lev- elized Adjusted Cost of Energy (LACOE), which is

Table 2: Comments Received on RFP Scope

No.	Question/Comment	Response
		later updated and included in the Levelized Ad-
		justed Net Cost of Energy (LANCOE).
5	Will a demand response pro- gram be an acceptable way to meet the capacity require- ments of this RFP?	No. A demand response program (DR) will not be considered as a qualifying resource within this RFP.
	While RFPs may not be the best way to acquire demand- side resources, we believe they should be eligible to re- spond. We do not think any energy efficiency resources are likely to respond, but a demand response aggregator may and should be allowed to make an offer.	
6	Emerging long duration en- ergy storage technologies have the potential to provide significant performance and economic optimization bene- fits. These technologies are commercially available today and development is already underway for several projects for customers in the US with COD [Commercial Opera- tions Date] in the next couple of years. The requirement to have a completed intercon- nection study before proposal submission prevents the ma- jority of technologies (beside li-ion) from being considered, despite the willingness of technology providers to finan- cially guarantee the perfor- mance of the system.	The interconnection study status requirements in the RFP are designed to ensure that: 1) projects have reached a level in the interconnection pro- cess that ensures they can be reliably delivered within the required timeframe, and 2) that esti- mated interconnection and network upgrade costs can be incorporated into the bid selection process. One exception to this requirement is that storage projects that are being proposed to enhance the capacity of existing I&M-owned solar facilities will either require a completed system impact study or have established capacity injection rights into PJM.
	Is there an avenue available to discuss non-conforming bids that address the biggest pain points faced by IMP?	

Source: CRA, I&M

Pursuant to feedback received at the January 18, 2022 RFP Development Meeting with stakeholders, I&M developed the draft RFP document and associated documentation. On January 28, 2022, the documents were posted on the RFP website located at <u>www.imallsourcerfp.com</u> for review by stakeholders. An e-mail notice was sent out to the distribution list maintained by CRA.

I&M actively solicited feedback from customer groups and potential participants. To this end a dedicated e-mail address was established to receive comments and questions. Several key themes emerged from this process:

- Difficulty for some projects to attain an interconnection study
 - **Issue:** Certain respondents requested that I&M consider relaxing the interconnection study status to allow more early stage projects for consideration.
 - Context: The interconnection study status requirements in the RFP are designed to ensure that: 1) projects have reached a level in the interconnection process that ensures they can be reliably delivered within the required timeframe, and 2) that estimated interconnection and network upgrade costs can be incorporated into the bid selection process. One exception to this requirement is that storage projects that are being proposed to enhance the capacity of existing I&M-owned solar facilities will either require a completed system impact study or have established capacity injection rights into PJM.
 - Response: CRA reviewed the feedback from respondents relating to interconnection status. Ultimately, we concluded that relaxing this standard would introduce excessive project development risk overall and accordingly, would disadvantage such projects during the course of the evaluation such that they are unlikely to be selected given their lower comparative score. Our view is that early stage projects will have an opportunity to bid in a future solicitation as they continue to mature and meet the threshold bar, therefore the criteria is not discriminatory. In addition, we have seen this standard implemented across the industry with other similarly situated electric utilities to ensure that selections are more "shovel ready" rather than speculative in nature. In conclusion, while we acknowledge the developer's concerns, we agree with maintaining the inclusion of the interconnection study requirements as a threshold bar.
- Demand-side resource participation
 - **Issue:** Developers inquired regarding whether Demand-side resources could participate in the RFP.
 - Context: The RFP, as designed, was open to transmission-interconnected or distribution-connected generating resource technologies. Accordingly, demand-side resources are not considered as a qualifying resource within this RFP.
 - Response: CRA reviewed the rationale regarding why Demand-side resources were not allowed to participate. Overall, Demand-side resources have more unique value streams and differing characteristics that are not particularly aligned well with distribution and transmission interconnected generating resources, which results in a potentially inconsistent evaluation. We agreed with excluding Demand-side resources in this RFP to ensure transparency, fairness and definition is maintained in the procurement process.
- Confidentiality Agreements ("CAs") timing
 - Issue: Certain prospective bidders were concerned with the timing of executing CAs.
 - **Context:** The original RFP schedule had an aggressive due date for CAs.

- Response: CRA agreed with the comment. To extend the time period available, I&M processed requests for the confidentiality agreements prior to the release of the RFP. Companies who executed the CA prior to the RFP release received the documents on the RFP release date.
- Long duration storage and emerging technologies
 - Issue: A long-duration storage developer raised a concern regarding the durational limitation. According to the developer, it would limit potential responses and attendant benefits.
 - **Context:** The original RFP had a maximum duration limit for battery storage.
 - Response: I&M removed the duration limit on storage technologies as a requirement and made clear that it will consider non-battery storage systems. However, for newer/emerging technologies, under the RFP they must have demonstrated feasibility, be commercialized, and qualify as a capacity resource under the PJM tariff. CRA agreed with this change as it maximizes participation in the RFP while remaining within the evaluation framework.
- Geography for wind
 - **Issue:** A concern was raised regarding the availability of Wind projects in Indiana, Michigan, and Illinois.
 - **Context:** There is a limited number of potentially eligible projects across these three states.
 - Response: I&M expanded the geographic scope of the RFP to consider Ohio-based wind projects. Location requirements for solar and Supplemental Capacity Resources remained limited to Indiana and Michigan. CRA agreed with this change as it maximizes participation in the RFP while remaining within the evaluation framework.
- Debt equivalency
 - **Issue:** A few questions were received regarding the contribution of debt equivalency in the evaluation of bids.
 - Context: Debt equivalency costs are intended to account for the "debt-like" financial obligation impact that Power Purchase Agreements have on the credit metrics of utilities. Debt equivalency costs are included in the Levelized Adjusted Cost of Energy (LACOE) for all PPAs to ensure bids are compared on an equivalent basis. I&M proposed to calculate the debt equivalency cost based on S&P methodology.
 - Response: Based on other utilities similarly situated to I&M, this factor is typically included for RFP evaluation purposes. CRA agrees with maintaining the present calculation.

2.2. Assessment of the final RFP design

I&M released the RFP to solicit solar, wind, and capacity resources and allowed proposals pursuant to a:

- Power Purchase Agreement (PPA); and/or
- Purchase and Sale Agreement (PSA)

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The following documents were included in the RFP release and reviewed by CRA:

- RFP overview document
 - o Project Summary
 - o Bidder's Credit-Related Information
 - o Bidder Profile
 - o Project Summary
 - o Bidder's Credit-Related Information
 - o Bidder Profile
 - Form Purchase and Sale Agreement (PSA)
 - Form Power Purchase Agreement (PPA)
 - o AEP Generation Facility Standard
 - o AEP Requirements for Connection of Facilities
 - Wind Resource Information
 - o Solar Resource Information
 - o Storage Resource Information
 - o Thermal Resource Information
 - Emerging Technology Resource Information
 - o Project Land Lease Costs / Decommissioning Costs / Auxiliary Load
 - Project Technical Due Diligence Material
 - o Environmental / Wildlife / Site Information
 - o Indiana and Michigan Economic Stimulus Benefits / Community Support /
 - o Supplier/Contractor Diversity
 - o Proposal Content Check Sheet
- AEP Interconnection Requirements
- Final Scoring Template

Specifically, CRA reviewed the RFP overview document to ensure it is clear and transparent. As part of this review, the CRA team reviewed the document to ensure that requested submittal items were aligned substantially with the internal scoring criteria and all items necessary for evaluation were requested in the RFP. The team also reviewed the RFP document to ensure sufficient information about the scoring criteria was included. The purpose of this is to ensure bidders were apprised of the key areas they will be evaluated against, so they may prepare their bids accordingly. CRA's comments were adopted by I&M in its final issued RFP.

Proposals were evaluated using the evaluation and selection process described in Section 9 of the RFP (Proposal Evaluation) and in accordance with an internal process document developed by the Company prior to bid receipt. For a proposal to advance to the evaluation process, it had to pass through a screening process to ensure that the proposals provided are complete with respect to content and conform to the bid requirements stated in the RFP. In some cases, proposals were evaluated and scored while those bidders were given a

reasonable opportunity to clarify statements or provide missing information related to the eligibility and threshold screening criteria.

The bid requirements addressed specific concerns regarding the quality and attributes of the proposal, including:

Resource RFP qualification criteria:

- Conforming bid to RFP requirements:
 - o PPA or PSA
 - Project is not less than 5 MW
 - Is the project going to achieve a commercial operation date (COD) by December 2024 or 2025?
 - Located in IN, MI, OH or IL for Wind; or IN or MI for Solar and Supplemental Capacity Resources
- Threshold experience requirements:
 - Lead developer has experience with development, engineering, equipment procurement and construction of a project, within the United States or Canada, of the same technology type, and of a size equal to or greater than the Bidder's proposed Project.

Other requirements noted in the RFP are related to proposal completeness, which are noted to provide the evaluation team with sufficient information to conduct the evaluation.

After the proposals were screened, bids were then evaluated against economic evaluation criteria and non-price evaluation criteria. For the purposes of the economic evaluation criteria, I&M proposed capturing the overall cost of the proposed projects on a unitized and levelized per megawatt-hour (MWh), per megawatt (MW), and value to cost (revenue) basis to facilitate a cross-proposal comparison. The industry standard is to adopt an impact on revenue requirements basis to assess and determine the relative value to customers across the range of options presented. I&M's economic evaluation in this procurement process met this industry standard.

I&M's non-price evaluation criteria (as stated in RFP) included the following pertinent areas:

Asset-Specific Benefits and Risks: This area assesses operational factors associated with market exposure to market prices and the benefits that would accrue to the Company and its customers with respect to flexibility:

- Market prices and volatility due to uncertainty arising from term length
- Operational flexibility to meet supply requirements and optionality to accommodate future needs

Development Status and Risks: Evaluates upfront factors including the following:

- Land leases, permitting (local and federal), arrangements with equipment suppliers and contractors, project schedule, and interconnection arrangements
- Project timing and the likelihood that a project will be online in time to support the timing of near-term capacity needs identified in the Preferred Portfolio in I&M's IRP process

Environmental, Social, and Economic Impacts/Benefits: Under this criterion, I&M assess the following:

- Emissions reduction goal to achieve net zero carbon by 2050, with an interim target to cut emissions 80% from 2000 levels by 2030
- Environmental and wildlife impact and related permitting
- Indiana and Michigan economic stimulus benefits, community support, and supplier/contractor diversity

Proposal/Project Quality: This area assesses the bidder and exceptions:

- Bidder experience and financial wherewithal
- Exceptions to AEP generation facility design standards
- Exceptions to Form PSA and PPA

The areas noted above are in-line with typical utility practice, which seeks to distill the relative state of readiness of the projects proposed and the risks/impediments that each face toward COD.

The technical, operations, and maintenance criteria assessed the proposals from an ownership and operational standpoint to ensure quality, production certainty, interoperability, and ease of operations. This criteria also ensures that the project development team has considered the technical factors necessary to deliver a project that reliably delivers power and conforms to both industry and PJM standards for interconnection purposes. Prior experience in developing solar and wind facilities is a typical area reviewed by utilities to ensure that the developer is fully familiar with the requisite steps needed to take a project from the development stage through COD. Correspondingly, those that provide financing assess renewable energy developers similarly—on their track record and history. Obtaining financing during project construction is on the critical path toward meeting the COD.

As part of our RFP review, the team developed several recommendations for the RFP overview document, including reduction of minimum project capacity from 20 MW to 5 MW, removal of maximum storage duration of 8-hours, expansion of geographic scope of wind to include Ohio, and a procedure for the confidential disclosure of RFP bid results and analyses of RFP bid results to interested stakeholders that are not competitive entities. We were satisfied with these changes because I&M was responsive to our team's concerns. I&M issued the RFP on March 10, 2022.

3. Score Sheet Development

3.1. Economic Criteria

Prior to proposal receipt, a comprehensive levelized cost model was developed by I&M to compare proposals. The levelized cost model creates a unitized, discounted comparative figure to compare proposals on an equivalent cost basis. The generally accepted lens in the industry to facilitate comparisons between ownership and non-ownership options is from an impact to utility revenue requirements basis. Accordingly, all costs expected to impact the utility's revenue requirements are captured by year and discounted to year 0. In addition, I&M included the debt equivalence cost of PPAs and transmission congestion cost as determined by the Company's distribution or transmission congestion screening analysis.

The proposals were evaluated based on three levelized cost metrics:

- 1. Levelized Adjusted Cost of Energy (LACOE)
- 2. Levelized Adjusted Cost of Capacity (LACOC)
- 3. Value to Cost Ratio

For LACOE, the expected energy production, on a MWh basis, is equivalently discounted back to year 0. With the costs being the numerator and the energy output being the denominator, the quotient is a levelized \$/MWh comparator. The LACOC is calculated by dividing the total cost by the present value of the proposal's installed capacity rating. The Value to Cost Ratio is the present value of all PJM revenue streams divided by total cost. These metrics are further illustrated in Figure 1 below.

Figure 1: Summary of Price Metrics

	Price Metric	Calculation	Scoring Metric
Phase	Levelized Adjusted Cost of Energy (LACOE)	PV of Total Cost PV of Proposal's Expected Lifetime Energy Output (MWh)	First Composite Score for Wind and Solar
1	Levelized Adjusted	PV of Total Cost	First Composite Score for
	Cost of Capacity	PV of Proposal's	Supplemental Capacity
	(LACOC)	Installed Capacity Rating (MW)	Resources
Phase	Value to Cost Ratio	PV of Total Value	Second Composite Score
2		PV of Total Cost	across all Resource Types

Source: I&M

To effectively compare the PSA proposals against PPAs in-line with the methodology adopted by many independent power producers (IPPs), the full value of the plant throughout its expected useful life was included in the modeling throughout the two-phase process noted above. I&M's approach includes projected operations and maintenance costs for the expected useful life of PSA projects. In comparison, under a PPA arrangement, after the agreement expires IPPs would sell their power through the market and utility market purchases would include the cost of such power, which is then passed through the supply charge to customers. To make the levelized cost equivalent, the model included the continued purchase of equivalent energy at market prices that would otherwise occur under

the PPA arrangement for the same period as the expected useful life of a PSA project. In capturing both the costs and benefits during the same time period of the two arrangements, the resulting levelized costs of the PSA and the PPA are more comparative and equivalent.

The CRA and I&M teams reviewed the mechanics of the spreadsheet and all assumptions related to the analysis prior to the proposal receipt for completeness and accuracy. Upon review, for a study period of 35 years, the teams found that the analysis accurately captures the impact to revenue requirements, both from a cost perspective and a value perspective, across the two eligible contract structures. CRA's view is that components included are reasonable and are in-line with similar practices conducted by other utilities when comparing utility-owned resources against third-party ownership.

3.2. Non-price Criteria

Based on the criteria noted in the RFP, I&M prepared a score sheet to facilitate the non-price evaluation. Pursuant to feedback provided by CRA, I&M added detailed scoring criteria based on a rating scale of 1 (lowest score) to 10 (highest score) for each evaluated criteria; these criteria specify what standard is required to be met by the proposers to achieve the stated score, shown in **Error! Reference source not found.**. Establishing these criteria prior to proposal receipt greatly enhances the overall transparency and fairness of the solicitation. In addition to defining the scoring criteria, CRA and I&M held a series of sessions to review the scoring criteria to ensure there was sufficient differentiation in the definition of the scores as they applied to each non-price criteria.

Score	Description		
10	Excellent. The proposal exhibits high quality or value, results in the least impacts, with limited risk of		
9	delivery, and/or significant benefits to I&M customers.		
8	Good. The proposal exhibits characteristics of both the satisfactory and excellent rating		
7	characterizations.		
6	Satisfactory. The proposal generally meets industry standards for quality, reliability, with typical/moderate impacts/benefits, or imparts moderate risk for successful project delivery.		
5			
4	Less than satisfactory. The proposal exhibits characteristics of both the satisfactory and poor rating		
3	characterizations.		
2	Poor. The proposal exhibits low quality, high impacts, limited benefits, and/or significant increased ris		
1	to successful project completion.		

Table 3: Non-price Scoring System

Source: I&M

As part of the development of the evaluation process, the I&M team established the relative weighting of the solicitation across the overall economic and non-price criteria as well as the subcomponent weighting of the areas evaluated under the non-price criteria. Under the bid rules, the combined scoring between the economic and non-price criteria establishes the rank-order list for final selection.

4. Proposal Receipt and Proposal Qualification

4.1. Prior to Proposal Receipt

Through a press release, I&M directed interested bidders to subscribe and monitor the RFP website for access to RFP events. I&M made all documentation and information related to the RFP available on the PowerAdvocate site. In addition, CRA sent out a direct communication to known stakeholders including interested parties.

Throughout the solicitation process, I&M received comments and questions from the interested parties and respondents through the RFP email address and posted answers to the RFP website.

4.2. Proposal Receipt

On the proposal due date of April 21, 2022, the following submissions were received:

Proposal Type	Number of Unique Bidders	Number of Proposals
Wind Resources	3	3
Solar Resources	6	11
Solar + Storage	5	7
Wind + Solar + Storage	1	1
Supplemental Capacity Resources	4	10
Total	12	32

Table 4: Received Proposal Submissions

Source: CRA

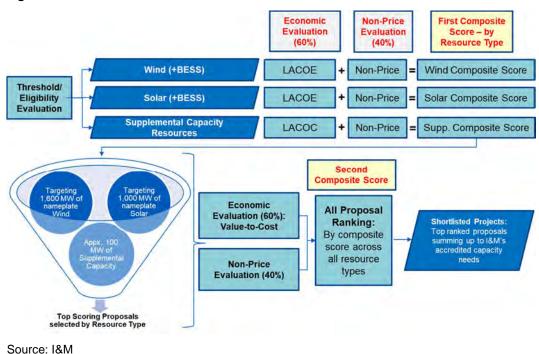
The information made available by the respondents via email was available to both the I&M and CRA team for evaluation purposes.

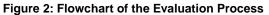
4.3. Evaluation Process

Pursuant to the RFP, the evaluation was a multistage process including an eligibility and threshold screening stage and a detailed economic and non-price evaluation stage. Figure 2 illustrates the flow of work through the evaluation process.

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4.4. Proposal Threshold Screening

Under the eligibility and threshold evaluation stage, proposals were assessed for compliance with the initial qualifying eligibility and threshold criteria established under the RFP. Conditions of the eligibility and threshold screening are illustrated in Table 5.

Category	Condition	
Agreement Type	PSA or PPA	
COD Date	By 12/15/2024 or 12/15/2025	
Minimum Nameplate	5 MW-AC	
Location	IN, MI, OH or IL for Wind; or IN or MI for Solar and Supplemental Capacity Resources	
Interconnection Status	PJM SIS; or MISO Final DPP SIS, Facilities Study, and Firm Transmission into PJM; or I&M DIS	
Site	Established Control	
Equipment	Approved Vendors and Utility Grade Equipment	
Resource Information	Completed Required Studies	
Design Life	30 years for Wind and Solar; Minimum 15 Years for Supplemental Capacity Projects	

Bidder Experience	Development, engineering, equipment procurement and construction of a project, within the United States or Canada, of the same technology type, and of a size equal to or greater than the Bidder's proposed Project; Financial Information.	
Exceptions to Form PPA/PSA	Complete and, considered individually or in the aggregate, minimally acceptable to I&M as a basis for further discussions.	
Exceptions to Gen. Facility Standards	Detailed exceptions, if any, to the applicable AEP Generation Facility Standard and Scope of Work.	

Source: I&M

As noted above, evaluation of all proposals proceeded while bidders were given a reasonable opportunity to clarify statements or provide missing information related to the threshold screening criteria. CRA independently conducted the eligibility and threshold evaluation of proposals. After thorough review of the proposals, 20 proposals met the threshold requirements and 12 proposals did not, as follows:

- One (1) solar proposal and three (3) solar plus storage proposals were not compliant with the interconnection status requirement.
- Six (6) of the supplemental capacity projects were located in MISO and did not have firm transmission rights;
- One (1) supplemental capacity project did not meet location requirements (Illinois);
- One (1) other proposal for Wind and Solar plus Storage did not pass due to nonconformance with a number of proposal submittal requirements and threshold eligibility criteria, including the location requirement and the proposed COD date.

CRA communicated the results of its independent review to I&M. Proposals that met the eligibility and threshold requirements of the RFP were advanced to the non-price and economic evaluation phase of the evaluation process conducted by I&M with oversight by CRA.

4.5. Non-Price Evaluation

The purpose of the non-price evaluation is to assess whether the bidder's proposed project meets certain quality standards, can reliably be constructed within the required timeframe, considers impacts to the environment and local communities, benefits the local economy, and can provide additional value to I&M's customers. Overall, the non-price evaluation highlights potential risks and benefits of the proposed project that are not readily quantified in the pricing evaluation, and allows for consideration of these factors in the bid evaluation process. The non-price factor evaluation represents 40% of the total score of a bidder's proposal.

Scoring of the non-price criteria was performed in accordance with section 3.2 above. Subject matter experts at I&M for each of the representative non-price criteria performed the detailed analysis of the proposals in accordance with the developed scoring methodology and presented the results to CRA. CRA reviewed the outputs of the scores as performed by I&M and flagged issues to ensure consistency. In response to our recommendations, I&M updated the evaluation where necessary to ensure consistency in the evaluation. CRA reviewed and agrees with the final non-price evaluation results that were used as a basis for the final shortlist determination. Note that the non-price score was used in two phases of the evaluation:

• The first phase, which compares like resource types (Wind, Solar and Other Capacity Resources) relative to each other.

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• The second phase which compares all resource types relative to each other.

Note that Phase 1 did not serve as a filter as originally intended due to the fact that the number of proposals were below the higher targeted amount shown in Figure 2. Therefore, all proposals which passed the initial screening were evaluated as part of the Phase 2 detailed modeling.

4.6. Economic Evaluation

The purpose of the economic evaluation is to assess where a project ranks in terms of its financial value to I&M's customers as compared to its cost. The economic evaluation represents 60% of the total score of a bidder's proposal.

There were two phases to the economic evaluation:

- The first phase compares the relative economics of the same resource types (Wind, Solar and Other Capacity Resources). The basis of comparison was LACOE for Solar and Wind, and LACOC for Other Capacity Resources.
- The second phase which compares all resource types. The basis of comparison was the Value-to-Cost ratio.

A team from I&M convened to review the economic criteria. This team consisted of I&M's subject matter experts experienced in financial modeling and those who prepared the financial models for proposal cost inputs. Key parameters for evaluation consisted of the cost metrics described in section 3.1 above. I&M provided the resulting scoring to CRA. CRA evaluated the financial model underpinning the economic analysis independently, the common assumptions, and the specific bid inputs used for each proposal. The approach and results for both Phase 1 and 2 were reasonable.

In the more detailed evaluation conducted in Phase 2, CRA evaluated the financial model underpinning the economic analysis independently and were comfortable with the final results. The key components of the model are project cost and beneficial value. The buildup of the project costs includes capital, O&M, taxes, depreciation, and debt equivalence adder, in addition to the cost of transmission congestion and losses. The buildup of the project value includes avoided cost of market energy, capacity, and Renewable Energy Credits (RECs), levelized. The ratio between the NPV of the project value and the NPV of the project cost, the "value-to-cost" ratio, was used as the comparator between proposals. From CRA's perspective, the approach taken in the modeling is similar to typical utility practices. Accordingly, CRA agrees with the final price evaluation results that were used as a basis for the final shortlist determination.

4.7. Final Shortlist Development

•

Proposals were ranked according to their combined score reflective of the economic and nonprice evaluation. The top-ranking proposals were considered for shortlisting. I&M proceeded down the list in order of ranking until a sufficient and reasonable number of proposals that would satisfy procurement objectives were selected to advance to the final shortlist stage for negotiation and execution.

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In certain instances, multiple proposals were advanced for the same project, which
reflected options such different COD dates, term lengths, contract type, etc. I&M
generally selected the mutually exclusive option that had the highest overall score. In
one case, bid scores between options were comparable with minor differentiation,
however, I&M exercised judgement in selecting the lower capacity storage option
given broader concerns regarding operational risks and project feasibility.

Based upon the final combined scoring, a combination of PPA and PSA projects were shortlisted to proceed to final negotiations. Figure 3 below shows the rank order of the combined scoring by proposal, with the selected bids noted in **bold** lettering. Selected proposals received higher evaluation scores given their respective ratings in the economic and non-price criteria, which indicate they are of higher relative quality and are competitively priced.

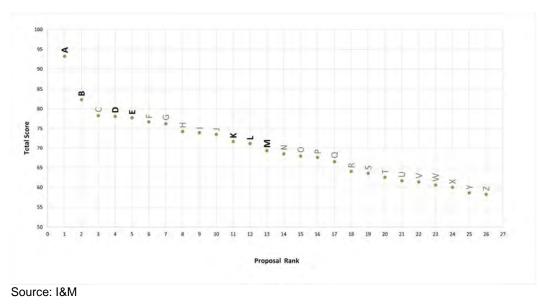


Figure 3: Proposal Ranking and Selection

4.8. Results

A combination of PPA and PSA proposals have been selected to proceed to final negotiations. These proposals received high evaluation scores given their respective ratings in the economic and non-price criteria, indicating that the selected projects have low development risk and are competitively priced. I&M selected the following proposals, which represent the least risk and relative cost to the company (list not in rank order):

- Lightsource BP, Winamac (Mayapple) Solar 245 MWac, Ownership, COD Y2025
- Savion Elkhart County 100 MWac Solar, 30 year PPA COD Y2025
- Renewables Lake Trout Solar 245 MWac, Ownership Transfer COD Y2025
- Gridflex Generation Montpelier, 20 yr PPA for Capacity COD Y2025 (Existing)
- EDF Renewables Sculpin Solar, 180 MWac, 30 year PPA COD Y2025

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5. Conclusion

The following is CRA's independent assessment of whether the goals of the RFP were achieved and assessment of the RFP process conducted by I&M:

- Our overall assessment is that the goals of the RFP were achieved and the RFP was competitive with 12 respondents that submitted 32 total proposals.
- The RFP documentation was developed in a clear and transparent manner. The products sought were well defined. The evaluation criteria were indicated clearly in the RFP documentation. Detailed information regarding how I&M would conduct both the economic and non-price evaluation was provided in the RFP.
- The qualification evaluation was performed on a fair and consistent basis using the process noted in the RFP. Initially excluded respondents were given an opportunity to cure their deficiencies within a short but reasonable period of time, which helped maintain the range of proposals evaluated and the competition between them.
- The evaluation stage, including the economic and non-price evaluations, was performed on a fair and consistent basis with the process noted in the RFP. Use of LACOE, LACOC, and Value-to-Cost Ratio as the basis for scoring on price is reasonable and typical, as is the underlying methodology used to equate, from a revenue requirements standpoint, proposal options (PSA) that result in I&M ownership of the facilities against PPA options.
- Using a score sheet and scoring guide for the non-price criteria scoring is also reasonable and typical. The final range of rating guidelines is reasonable and consistent with similar criteria we have developed or observed. The CRA team had an opportunity to review and comment on the scoring criteria, and I&M adopted the recommendations we proposed to our satisfaction. I&M subject matter experts that performed the evaluation and scoring, overseen by CRA, were consistent in their approach. The combined scoring and ranking using a weighting between economic/non-price criteria is reasonable.
- The advancement of a significant number of wind, solar, and capacity resources, as applicable, through the evaluation process was reasonable and demonstrated an effort on the part of I&M to ensure a competitive solicitation.
- Selection of finalists was also performed on a fair and consistent basis with the process published in the RFP.
- Based on our review and observations, there is no evidence that the evaluation and selection process caused any unfair advantage or disadvantage to any interested party or respondent.

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Stakeholder Meeting

Indiana Michigan Power Company All-Source RFP Development Meeting

January 18, 2022

Hosted by Charles River Associates





2022 I&M All-Source RFP

Welcome

Questions will be answered only after the prepared presentation

- Send an email to <u>IMAIISourceRFP@crai.com</u> or
- Raise your hand in the Microsoft Teams webinar platform and your microphone will be enabled (you must unmute first to be heard)
- **Note:** If you wish to remain anonymous, please send us an e-mail. By speaking on the Teams webinar, your name will be visible to all participants.

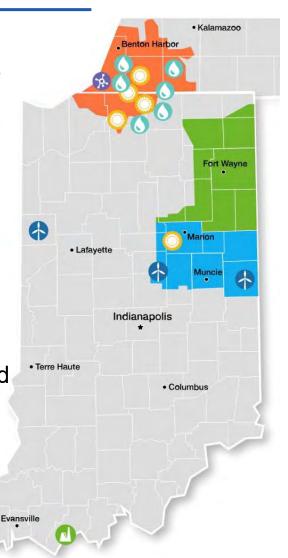
Following the prepared presentation...

- Participants will be directed to raise their hand should they have a question
- Questions received via the e-mail box will be answered after direct questions
- Substantive questions will be posted on the RFP website

- Introduction to I&M
- Introduction of CRA as the Independent Monitor
- The role of the Independent Monitor in the RFP
- Scope of the All-Source RFP
- Evaluation Criteria
- RFP Development Process and Timeline
- Stakeholder Feedback Process
- Q&A

Introduction to I&M

- Multi-jurisdictional utility with ~ 600,000 retail customers in Indiana and Michigan
 - Indiana: ~472,000
 - Michigan: ~130,000
- ~390 MW of firm long-term full requirements wholesale generation customers
- Fully integrated with ~5,400 MW of generation, ~ 5,300 miles of transmission lines, and ~ 20,500 miles of distribution lines
- I&M is part of the American Electric Power system, a member of PJM Interconnection, LLC (PJM) and a Fixed Resource Requirement (FRR) entity
- Resource diversity, including
 - Nuclear, Coal, Solar, Wind, Hydro
 - ~ 300 MW of demand response
 - 90+% of renewables under PPA





- Introduction to I&M
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- Indiana Michigan Power Company ("I&M") has retained Charles River Associates (CRA) as the Independent Monitor.
- CRA is a global consulting firm that offers economic, financial, and strategic expertise.
- CRA has served in a variety of capacities in the management, execution and oversight of electric power industry procurements and auctions across the U.S.

- Introduction to I&M
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- Q&A

Role of the Independent Monitor

- CRA will lead and manage the stakeholder outreach process, in addition to reviewing and providing feedback on the design and development of the RFP and monitor all aspects of the RFP administration from issuance to selection.
- In addition, as part of the RFP monitoring role, CRA will perform, independently from I&M, the review of each proposal's conformance with the minimum requirements established in the RFP (Threshold and Eligibility Determination)
- At the conclusion of the RFP process, CRA will provide a report which reflects the feedback received as part of the stakeholder process, and how the feedback was considered in the RFP development and process.

- Introduction to I&M
- Introduction of CRA as the Independent Monitor
- The role of the Independent Monitor in the RFP
- Scope of the All-Source RFP
- Evaluation Criteria
- RFP Development Process and Timeline
- Stakeholder Feedback Process
- Q&A

- Indiana Michigan Power is currently developing an All-Source RFP which seeks to secure the resources outlined in its preferred portfolio developed as part of the 2021 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP).
- Consistent with this portfolio, I&M seeks approximately 800 MW of wind resources, 500 MW of solar resources, and other qualified capacity resources from thermal, standalone storage, emerging technologies, and other capacity resources to meet overall capacity portfolio requirements.

Category	Wind (Storage Optional)	Solar (Storage Optional)	Standalone Storage, Emerging Technologies, Thermal, and Other Capacity Resources	
Ownership Structure	Purchase and Sale Agreement (PSA) or Power Purcha		ase Agreement (PPA)	
Nameplate Capacity	800 MW	500 MW	Supplemental capacity to meet overall capacity need.	
Target COD/ Commencement Date	12/15/2024 or 12/15/2025	12/15/2024 or 12/15/2025	12/15/2024 or 12/15/2025	
Location	Indiana, Michigan, or Illinois	Indiana or Michigan	Indiana or Michigan	
Interconnection	deliverability rights into PJM)	 PJM MISO (w/ confirmed deliverability rights into PJM) I&M distribution interconnected projects 	 PJM MISO (w/ confirmed deliverability rights into PJM) I&M distribution interconnected projects 	
Interconnection Impact Study Status	Completed from either PJM, or AEP if on the AEP I&M distribution system	Completed from either PJM, or AEP if on the AEP I&M distribution system	•	
Battery Energy Storage Option	Limited to ≤ 20% of nameplate rating of the project and 4 to 8 hours of storage	Limited to ≤ 20% of nameplate rating of the project and 4 to 8 hours of storage	f 4 to 8 hours of storage, with consideration for projects that can enhance existing I&M facilities with storage capability	
Carbon Emissions Requirement	N/A	N/A	Generating units must have low carbon emissions or mitigating technology	

Category	Wind (Storage Optional)	Solar (Storage Optional)	Standalone Storage, Emerging Technologies, Thermal, and Other Capacity Resources
Emerging Technologies	N/A	N/A	Technology needs to have demonstrated feasibility, be commercialized, and qualify as a Capacity Resource under the PJM Tariff
Union Labor	Required, non-union pricing optional	Required, non-union pricing optional	Required, non-union pricing optional
Minimum PPA/PSA Size	20 MW	20 MW	20 MW
Minimum PSA Design Life	30 year 30 year		Preferred 30 year; minimum 15 year (technology dependent)
Minimum PPA Term	15 year (and required to show a 30 year option)	15 year (and required to show a 30 year option)	15 year
Products	roducts Bundled renewable energy product. Energy, Capacity, Ancillary Services, Environmental Attributes, optional BESS BESS Bundled renewable energy product. Energy, Capacity, Ancillary Services, Environmental Attributes, optional BESS		Energy, Capacity, Ancillary Services, Environmental Attributes, optional BESS
PPA Price Structure	Fixed price / Non-Escalating All-in around-the-clock price	Fixed price / Non-Escalating All-in around-the-clock price	Technology Dependent
ROFR and Buyout Option	Yes	Yes	Yes
Affiliate or Self Build	No	No	No

- Introduction to I&M
- Introduction of CRA as the Independent Monitor
- The role of the Independent Monitor in the RFP
- Scope of the All-Source RFP
- Evaluation Criteria
- RFP Development Process and Timeline
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- Q&A

Evaluation Criteria Eligibility & Threshold Review

- Base Proposal is for PSA or PPA
- COD by 12/2024 or 12/2025
- Minimum Size of 20 MW
- Located in IN, MI or IL for wind, or, IN or MI for solar and other capacity resources.
- Completed PJM System Impact Study or completed AEP Distribution System Impact Study
- Site Control
- Union labor required in pricing
- Technology
 - Wind (GE, Vestas, Siemens)
 - Solar (Approved Panels/Inverters)
 - Other (proven technology and commercial feasibility)
- Resource Report
 - Wind (Independent Wind Report)
 - Solar (Resource Information)
- Minimum Design Life 30 year for wind and solar, technology design life standard for other resources.
- Developer experience and financial backing
- Exceptions to form PSA or PPA (including ROFR/Buyout)
- Exceptions to AEP Facility Standards
- Thermal resources must meet minimum carbon emissions threshold

Evaluation Criteria

Price Criteria

Price (60%)

Levelized Cost of Energy (LCOE):

 30 year levelized \$/MWh for Wind resources and other resources, and 35 year levelized for Solar resources

Levelized Adjusted Net Cost of Energy (LANCOE): is yielded by adding the following elements to the LCOE:

- Fundamental Market Curves
- Capacity Value
- Congestion Cost
- Terminal Value recognized for PSAs
- Debt Equivalence cost for PPAs
- To the extent the asset is not under I&M control at any point in the period, LANCOE will reflect market purchases of bundled renewable energy products

Evaluation Criteria

Non-Price Evaluation Criteria

Non-Price (40%)	
	Bidder Experience
	Bidder Financial wherewithal
Proposal/Project Quality	Exceptions to AEP Generation Facility Design Standards
	Exceptions to Form PSA or PPA
Asset-Specific Benefits and Risks	Contract Term/Asset Life-Related Market Exposure
	Ownership optionality and flexibility
	Achievement of Development Milestones
Development Status / Risks	Risks to Project Completion
	Status of Interconnection Process
	Carbon Emissions
Environmental, Social, and Economic	Environmental and Wildlife Impact / Permitting
Impacts/Benefits	 Indiana and Michigan local economic benefits and community relations
	Use of Local Contractors and Small & Diverse Suppliers/Contractors

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RFP Development Process and Timeline

Development Process

- Review RFP plan with stakeholders
- Develop the draft RFP for release
- Receive feedback from stakeholders via the IM
- Update the draft RFP based on feedback received
- Release RFP

Schedule

Task	Completion Date
RFP Development	January 18 th , 2022 (2pm EST)
Meeting	(3pm EST)
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Issue RFP	March 10 th , 2022
Proposals Received	April 21 st , 2022
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Recommended Shortlist	June 30 th , 2022

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Stakeholder Feedback Process

- CRA is actively soliciting feedback from customer groups and potential participants. To this end, CRA has established a dedicated e-mail to receive comments from stakeholders
- Stakeholders should direct any questions, concerns, suggestions, or comments for consideration and potential inclusion in the upcoming RFP directly to CRA via this e-mail address.
- CRA will share only the core content of the communication and not any identifying information with respect to the sender either with I&M or other parties unless otherwise compelled to do so by law.

Website	https://www.IMAIISourceRFP.com
Email	IMAIISourceRFP@CRAI.com

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At this time, if you have a question or comment please:

- Send an email to IMAIISourceRFP@crai.com or
- Raise your hand in the Microsoft Teams webinar platform and your microphone will be enabled (you must unmute first to be heard)
- **Note:** If you wish to remain anonymous, please send us an e-mail. By speaking on the Teams webinar, your name will be visible to all participants.

To ensure all participants have an equal opportunity to submit their question, participants will be limited to one question and a follow up question if there are other questions in the queue.

• If time permits, you may pose additional questions.

Indiana Michigan Power Company Attachment DDK-3 Page 1 of 33

Stakeholder Meeting

Indiana Michigan Power Company 2022 All-Source RFP Pre-RFP Meeting

February 8, 2022

Hosted by Charles River Associates





2022 I&M All-Source RFP

Welcome

Questions will be answered at the end of each section and after the prepared presentation

- Send an email to IMAIISourceRFP@crai.com or
- Raise your hand in the Microsoft Teams webinar platform and your microphone will be enabled (you must unmute first to be heard)
- **Note:** If you wish to remain anonymous, please send us an e-mail. By speaking on the Teams webinar, your name will be visible to all participants

Following the prepared presentation...

- Participants will be directed to raise their hand should they have a question
- Questions received via the e-mail box will be answered after direct questions
- Substantive questions will be posted on the RFP website

- Introduction
- Scope of the All-Source RFP
- Evaluation Criteria
- RFP Development Process and Timeline
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Introduction

- This meeting is to facilitate a discussion with stakeholders to review the draft RFP, minimum eligibility requirements, and evaluation factors.
- Draft RFP documents and evaluation factors have posted publicly on this website. We look forward to comments from all stakeholders.

- Introduction
- Scope of the All-Source RFP
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- Indiana Michigan Power will be issuing an All-Source RFP on March 10, 2022.
- The RFP will seek to secure the resources outlined in its preferred portfolio developed as part of the 2021 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP).
- Consistent with this portfolio, I&M seeks approximately 800 MW of wind resources, 500 MW of solar resources, and other qualified capacity resources from thermal, standalone storage, emerging technologies, and other supplemental capacity resources to meet overall capacity portfolio requirements.

Category	Wind (Storage Optional)	Solar (Storage Optional)	Standalone Storage, Emerging Technologies, Thermal, and Other Capacity Resources	
Ownership Structure	Purchase and Sale Agreement (PSA) or Power Purchase Agreement (PPA)			
Nameplate Capacity	800 MW	800 MW 500 MW		
Target COD/ Commencement Date	12/15/2024 or 12/15/2025			
Location	Indiana, Michigan, or Illinois Indiana or Michigan			
Interconnection	 PJM MISO (w/ bidder being responsible for being responsible for securing Firm Transmission from the project in MISO to PJM) I&M distribution interconnected projects 			
Interconnection Impact Study Status	Completed from either PJM, or AEP if on the AEP I&M distribution system. For MISO connected projects, must have completed phase 3 of MISO's Definitive Planning Phase and have the Final DPP SIS and Network Upgrade Facilities Study and have secured Firm Transmission into PJM.			
Battery Energy Storage Option	Targeting within a ratio of 5:1 to 3:1 of the nameplate rating and 4 to 8 hours of storage		4 to 8 hours of storage, with consideration for projects that can enhance existing I&M facilities with storage capability	
Carbon Emissions Requirement	N/A		Generating units must have low carbon emissions or mitigating technology	

Category	Wind (Storage Optional)	Solar (Storage Optional)	Standalone Storage, Emerging Technologies, Thermal, and Other Capacity Resources
Emerging Technologies	N/A		Technology needs to have demonstrated feasibility, be commercialized, and qualify as a Capacity Resource under the PJM Tariff
Minimum PPA/PSA Size	20 MW		
Minimum PSA Design Life	30 year		Preferred 30 year; minimum 15 year (technology dependent)
Minimum PPA Term	15 year (and required to show a 30 year option)		15 year
Products	Bundled renewable energy product. Energy, Capacity, Ancillary Services, Environmental Attributes, optional BESS		Energy, Capacity, Ancillary Services, Environmental Attributes, optional BESS
PPA Price Structure	Fixed price / Non-Escalating All-in around-the-clock price		Technology Dependent
ROFR and Buyout Option	Yes		
Affiliate or Self Build	No		

- Introduction
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Evaluation Criteria Eligibility & Threshold Items

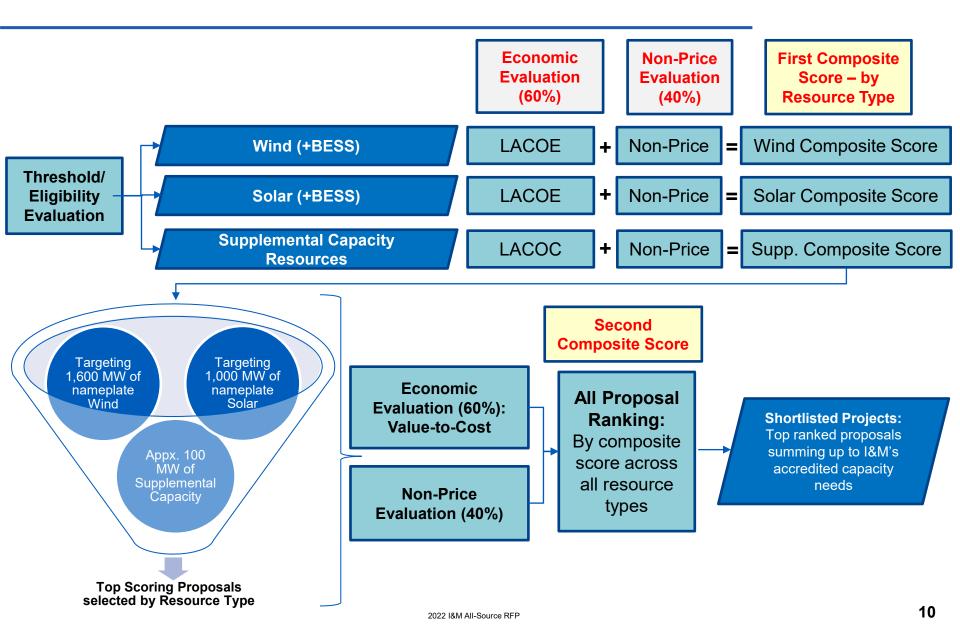
CRA will evaluate the following items:

- Base Proposal is for PSA or PPA
- COD by 12/2024 or 12/2025
- Minimum Size of 20 MW
- Located in IN, MI or IL for wind, or, IN or MI for solar and other capacity resources.
- Completed PJM System Impact Study, a completed MISO Final DPP SIS and Network Upgrade Facilities Study and Firm Transmission from the Project into PJM, or a completed I&M Distribution Impact Study
- Site Control
- Technology
 - Wind (GE, Vestas, Siemens)
 - Solar (Approved Panels/Inverters)
 - Battery Storage (Approved manufacturer)
 - Thermal (Low carbon emissions or accompanying mitigating technology)
 - Other (Proven technology and commercial feasibility)
- Resource Report
 - Wind (Independent Wind Report)
 - Solar & Other (Resource Information)
- Minimum Design Life 30 year for wind and solar, technology design life standard for other resources.
- Developer experience and financial backing
- Exceptions to form PSA or PPA (including ROFR/Buyout)
- Exceptions to AEP Facility Standards

Evaluation Criteria

Indiana Michigan Power Company Attachment DDK-3 Page 11 of 33

Process



Evaluation Criteria

Price Criteria (60%)

 Proposals will be evaluated using multiple Price Metrics to best capture the costs and value streams relevant to different Resource Types

	Price Metric	Calculation	Scoring Metric ¹
Phase	Levelized Adjusted Cost of Energy (LACOE)	PV Total Cost PV Expected Lifetime Energy Output (MWh)	First Composite Score for Wind and Solar
1	Levelized Adjusted Cost of Capacity (LACOC)	PV Total Cost PV Installed Capacity Value (MW)	First Composite Score for Supplemental Capacity Resources
Phase 2	Value to Cost Ratio	PV Total Value PV Total Cost	Second Composite Score across all Resource Types

^{1.} Scoring Metrics are evaluated on a curve that is set by the highest ranking Proposal in a particular category. The highest ranking Proposal will score the maximum 60 points. The remaining 40 points of the 100 point Composite Score are derived from the Non-Price Evaluation metrics.

Evaluation Criteria Further Detail on Total Cost Components

Component of Total Cost	Definition
Proposal Bid Price	 For PSAs, bid price is adjusted to include estimated Interconnection, Network Upgrade, Contingency, and owner's costs (PM, IT, Telecom, etc.) For PPAs, as quoted bid price
O&M Costs	 Operations and Maintenance costs for the facility, inclusive of Land Lease, Auxiliary Load, Insurance, and Property Taxes
Tax Expenses	Federal and State Taxes
Federal Tax Credit	Project specific
Fuel Costs	 Any necessary fuel adders associated with Bidder's Proposal, including current fuel arrangements and pricing mechanisms
Decommissioning Costs	Retirement Costs, Expected Salvage Value, and Terminal Value
Debt Equivalence Cost	 Estimated costs associated with the impacts of PPA contracts on a utility's credit metrics and associated cost of capital
Transmission Congestion Cost	 Marginal cost of congestion at a given node or external node relative to the load-weighted average of the system node prices

- Not all Proposals (ex. PPA/PSA) include all Total Cost components
- All costs are evaluated at present value
- To the extent the asset is not under I&M control at any point in the period, cost will reflect market purchases of bundled Renewable Energy Products and Supplemental Capacity Products
- Other costs may be included based on I&M's discretion to appropriately evaluate each Proposal

Evaluation Criteria Further Detail on Total Value Components

Component of Total Value	Definition
Energy	 Hourly energy price (2021H2 Fundamentals, Base \$15CO2 Scenario) multiplied by Proposal's 8760
Capacity	 Annual capacity price (2021H2 Fundamentals, Base \$15CO2 Scenario) multiplied by Proposal's nameplate capacity with PJM ELCC applied
Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) in the PJM market	 PJM broker REC quotes multiplied by Proposal's estimated annual energy generation

- Not all Proposals (ex. PPA/PSA) include all Total Value components
- All value streams are evaluated at present value
- Other value streams may be included based on I&M's discretion to appropriately evaluate each Proposal

Evaluation Criteria Non-Price Evaluation Criteria (40%)

- A total of ten non-price factors will be considered in the evaluation process for each proposal.
- The ten non-price factors are further grouped into four categories

Category	Factors	
Proposal/Project Quality	 Bidder Experience and Financial Wherewithal Exceptions to AEP Generation Facility Design Standards Exceptions to Form PSA or PPA 	
Asset-Specific Benefits and Risks	 Contract Term/Asset Life-Related Market Risks Ownership Optionality and Flexibility Benefits 	
Development Status / Risks	 Development Status, Interconnection Status, and Other Project Completion Risks Project Timing 	
Environmental, Social, and Economic Impacts/Benefits	 Carbon Emissions Goals Environmental and Wildlife Impact / Permitting Indiana and Michigan Economic Stimulus Benefits, Community Support, and Supplier/Contractor Diversity 	

Evaluation Criteria: Development Status and Risks Page 16 of 33 Non-Price Evaluation Criteria

Factor	Description
Development Status, Interconnection Status, and Other Project- Completion Risks	Review of the development status of the project including, but not limited to land leases, permitting (local and federal), and arrangements with equipment suppliers and contractors. Review of criterion associated with the proposed project's planned interconnection arrangements. This review shall focus on criterion such as completeness of the Generation Interconnection process as prescribed by the respective Regional Transmission Organization (RTO), scope, schedule and estimated deliverability of the prospective project. Review of the Bidder's proposal with a focus on potential risks (e.g. project schedule, equipment supply arrangements) associated with achieving the targeted commercial operations date.
Project Timing	Review of the likelihood a project being online to support the timing of near- term capacity needs identified in the Preferred Plan in I&M's IRP process. Those projects that can reliably meet commercial operation status earliest in 2024 and can represent that they will achieve a completed Facilities Study in early 2023 will be scored highest.

Evaluation Criteria: Proposal Project Quality achment DDK-3 Page 17 of 33

Non-Price Evaluation Criteria

Factor	Description
Bidder Experience and Financial wherewithal	Review of the Bidder's experience including Bidder's success in completing similar sized projects in the relevant state/jurisdiction, the number of successful projects the Bidder has been involved with to-date, and the Bidder's role in the completion of those projects. Assess Bidder's ability to meet contractual credit requirements through the review of recent financial statements, ability to post collateral and raise capital, and any other relevant financial information including current credit ratings. The Company will evaluate the form of the Bidder's collateral, including potential parent guaranty, and verify that it is acceptable AEP.
Exceptions to AEP Generation Facility Design Standards	For bids that have passed E&T, this factor considers the exceptions the Bidder may have to AEP's Facility Generation Standards and its associated attachments. All exceptions will be considered in the scoring of this category. Prior agreement by AEP in previous negotiations does not constitute acceptance of an exception.
Exceptions to Form PSA or PPA	For bids that have passed E&T, this factor considers the Bidder's exceptions (if any) to the Company's form agreements with a focus on risks or additional costs to the Company. All exceptions will be considered in the scoring of this category. Prior agreement by AEP in previous negotiations does not constitute acceptance of an exception.

Evaluation Criteria: Environmental, Social, and Attachment DDK-3 Page 18 of 33 Economic Impacts / Benefits

Non-Price Evaluation Criteria

Factor	Description
Carbon Emissions Goal	AEP is committed to a goal to achieve net zero carbon emissions by 2050, with an interim target to cut emissions 80% from 2000 levels by 2030. Each bid will be reviewed with respect to its emissions rate, carbon capture technology, and potential to facilitate non-carbon based fuel sources.
Environmental and Wildlife Impact / Permitting	Review of the status of applicable environmental documents associated with the project including, but may not be limited to, wetland and waters delineations, cultural and historical resource investigations, wildlife surveys and assessments, habitat assessments, permit matrix and permit documentation, resource agency correspondence and meeting notes, potential for environmental justice concerns, and Phase I ESA.
Indiana and Michigan economic stimulus benefits, community support, and suppliers/contractor diversity	Review Bidder's proposal for its potential to increase private investment by companies that value proximity to renewable energy sources, Review economic benefits to local governments and businesses as well as local property and sales tax benefits. The review will assess known historical community support or opposition of a renewable project and the bidder's plan for managing community relations. The review will also include consideration of the developer's plan to use small and diverse suppliers and subcontractors, and contractors based in Indiana and Michigan.

Evaluation Criteria: Asset-Specific Benefits and Restance Power Company Page 19 of 33

Non-Price Evaluation Criteria

Factor	Description
	The extent to which the proposal exposes the Company and its customers to higher than projected market prices and volatility due to the term-length of a contract or the finite life of an asset.
Ownership optionality and flexibility Benefits	Review of the bid and associate terms, to determine benefits that would accrue to the Company and its customers, with respect to the potential for operational flexibility, ability to reliably meet energy, capacity, and ancillary service needs under emergency events and volatile market conditions, and enhancement value of the facility with respect to the resource's ability to meet current and changing future operational and market needs (ex: storage and new technologies, ability to adapt to new market rules).

Evaluation Criteria Non-Price Score Characterization

 Non-price factor evaluations will be conducted by knowledgeable industry professionals from AEP and I&M with specific expertise in each of the non-price factor topics.

	General Characterization of Non-Price Factor Scores	
Score	Description	
10	Excellent. The proposal exhibits high quality or value, results in the least impacts,	
9	with limited risk of delivery, and/or significant benefits to I&M customers.	
8	Good. The proposal exhibits characteristics of both the satisfactory and excellent	
7	rating characterizations.	
6	Satisfactory. The proposal generally meets industry standards for quality,	
5	reliability, with typical/moderate impacts/benefits, or imparts moderate risk for successful project delivery.	
4	Less than satisfactory. The proposal exhibits characteristics of both the 3	
3	satisfactory and poor rating characterizations.	
2	Poor. The proposal exhibits low quality, high impacts, limited benefits, 1 and/or	
1	nificant increased risk to successful project completion.	

Evaluation Criteria Non-Price Score Calculation Example

- Each category is worth 10 points toward the overall maximum score of 40 points for each proposal's non-price factor evaluation score.
- Category scores will be calculated by summing individual non-price factor scores in each category and then dividing by the total possible score for that category.
- The resultant value will then be multiplied by the total points allocated to that category.

Factor 1 –	Factor 2 –	Total Score –	Rating	Category
Category A	Category A	Category A		A Score
4 pts of 10 pts	8 pts of 10 pts	4 pts (Factor 1 Score) + 8 pts (Factor 2 Score) = 12 pts	12 pts / 20 pts = 60%	60% x 10 pts = 6 pts

Evaluation Criteria Non-Price Criteria – Other Considerations

- After scoring each of the four categories, the total non-price score for a proposal will be calculated by the taking the sum of all four category scores.
- The analysis process, evaluations, and scoring results of these assessments will be reviewed by the Independent Monitor.
- In some cases, certain bid specific information may identify a factor of importance that was unanticipated at the time of factors were developed in the RFP or situations may arise where the level of risk is not accurately represented in scoring.
- In such cases, scoring may be adjusted or factors added at I&M's discretion. I&M will coordinate such substantive changes with the Independent Monitor.

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Previously Received – Project Location

Question	Answer
Will I&M consider projects in Illinois? Would AEP I&M consider projects in the MISO interconnection queue?	Under the framework presented on January 18, I&M projects must be located in the states of Indiana or Michigan (or Illinois for Wind Projects) and interconnect to 1) PJM, 2) MISO with firm deliverability rights into PJM, or 3) I&M's Distribution System. I&M has a preference for projects that provide economic benefit to the states of Indiana or Michigan. Projects in PJM must have a completed PJM System Impact Study. Projects interconnecting to MISO must have completed Phase 3 of MISO's Definitive Planning Phase and have the Final DPP SIS and Network Upgrade Facilities Study and have secured Firm Transmission into PJM. Projects interconnecting to I&M's distribution electrical system must have a completed Distribution Impact Study from the I&M Distribution Planning Group. The interconnection point with PJM or I&M's distribution electrical system will be the Point of Delivery.

Question	Answer
Can you explain how debt equivalency costs plays a role in the RFP?	Debt equivalency costs are intended to account for the "debt- like" financial obligation impact that Power Purchase Agreements have on the credit metrics of Utilities. Debt equivalency costs are included in the Levelized Adjusted Net Cost of Energy (LANCOE) for all PPAs to ensure projects are compared on an equivalent basis.
Are there inflection points considered for debt equivalency?	No, debt equivalency costs are estimated by I&M and applied in the Levelized Adjusted Net Cost of Energy (LANCOE) to all PPA proposals.

Previously Received - Technology

Question	Answer
Will a demand response program be an acceptable way to meet the capacity requirements of this RFP?	No. A demand response program (DR) will not be considered as a qualifying resource within this RFP.
Emerging long duration energy storage technologies have the potential to provide significant performance and economic optimization benefits. These technologies are commercially available today and development is already underway for several projects for customers in the US with COD in the next couple of years. The requirement to have a completed interconnection study before proposal submission prevents the majority of technologies (beside li-ion) from	The interconnection study status requirements in the RFP are designed to ensure that: 1) projects have reached a level in the interconnection process that ensures they can be reliably delivered within the required timeframe, and 2) that estimated interconnection and network upgrade costs can be incorporated into the bid selection process.
being considered, despite the willingness of technology providers to financially guarantee the performance of the system. Is there an avenue available to discuss non-conforming bids that address the biggest pain points faced by IMP?	One exception to this requirement is that storage projects that are being proposed to enhance the capacity of existing I&M-owned solar facilities will either require a completed system impact study or have established capacity injection rights into PJM.

Previously Received – Confidentiality Agreement

Question	Answer
Can prospective bidders begin the process	of I&M will process requests for the
signing a CA and gaining access to the	confidentiality agreements prior to the
documents listed in Section 6.4 of the draft	release of the RFP. Companies who execute
RFP or is this not allowed until the final RFF	P the CA prior to the RFP release will receive
documents are released?	the documents on the RFP release date.

• As noted in Section 6.4 of the draft RFP, in order to receive the form PPA and PSA, technical standards, and datasheets, bidders will need to execute a Confidentiality Agreement (CA)

 To expedite the CA process in advance of the RFP release, bidders may at this time request I&M's Form CA by emailing I&M2022RFP@aep.com and Cc IMAllSourceRFP@CRAI.com and including the following documentation:

- Verification of Site Control as required by Section 3.8.10.
 - Completed interconnection study as follows:
 - PJM Projects: Completed PJM System Impact Study as required by Section 3.9.2 and 3.9.5, or
 - MISO Projects: Completed Final DPP SIS and Network Upgrade Facilities Study and Firm Transmission into PJM as required by Section 3.9.3, or
 - I&M Distribution Projects: Completed I&M Distribution Impact Study as required by Section 3.9.4.

• To the extent that prospective bidders execute the form CA prior to the RFP release, then bidders will receive the documentation upon the RFP release date.

Questions and Comments

At this time, if you have a question or comment, please:

- Send an email to IMAIISourceRFP@crai.com or
- Raise your hand in the Microsoft Teams webinar platform and your microphone will be enabled (you must unmute first to be heard)
- **Note:** If you wish to remain anonymous, please send us an e-mail. By speaking on the Teams webinar, your name will be visible to all participants.

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• If time permits, you may pose additional questions.



D. Dean Koujak Principal

Juris Doctor Hofstra University

MBA Stony Brook University

BS, Engineering Management New York Institute of Technology

Mr. Dean Koujak is a principal in the energy practice of CRA. Dean provides energy market and procurement advisory services to utilities and other stakeholders in the electric power industry. Prior to joining CRA, Dean was a Director in the Energy Practice of Navigant, which was later acquired and rebranded as Guidehouse, Inc. Throughout his career, he served as a consultant to Utilities and other stakeholders in the industry advising on procurement, large scale renewable development, renewable portfolio standards compliance, utility business strategy, decarbonization pathways, transmission infrastructure planning, grid modernization, non-wires solutions, power markets matters (NYISO/PJM/ISO-NE/MISO), energy efficiency program implementation, utility contract negotiations, electric resource planning, regulatory compliance strategy, M&A and industry litigation. He has managed multiple key utility initiatives throughout all stages of the projects including planning, design, implementation and execution. Over time, he has enabled electric utilities to successfully plan, evaluate, select, and contract over 10 GW of capacity from thermal, renewable, storage and demand response resources. He has supported and been engaged on competitive power procurement and electric market matters across the U.S. and Canada. Dean is highly gualified in independent procurement oversight and implementation and has served in a variety of capacities in this regard including as an independent evaluator, administrator, independent monitor, and independent observer. In addition, he has developed regulatory filings and reports submitted before Public Utility Commissions on matters pertaining to resource procurement, in addition to distributed energy resources, renewable portfolio standards, rate design, non-wires alternatives and utility organizational modernization.

Summary of Expertise

- **Power Resource Procurement and PPA Negotiations:** Renewable and conventional resource procurement advisory services to facilitate an optimal solicitation design, evaluation, final selection, and PPA/contract negotiation process. Served as both an expert advisor and independent evaluator/monitor.
- Energy Efficiency & Renewables: Energy efficiency and renewables program planning and implementation.
- **ISO Market Expertise:** Advisory relating to ISO market rules, including interconnection, market pricing, resource retirement/additions forecasting, and reliability/public policy driven needs.
- **Regulatory and Compliance:** Development of regulatory filings and testimony related to renewables policy, resource procurement, and energy efficiency.

- **Resource Planning and Strategy:** Comprehensive evaluation of resource options to meet reliability driven needs in addition to meeting renewable portfolio standards. Evaluated pathways to achieve aggressive GHG and RPS targets.
- *Grid Modernization:* Options to enhance the distribution grid and ability to interconnect/dispatch a diverse array of Distributed Energy Resources (DERs).
- M&A Due Diligence: Utilities and renewables acquisition advisory.
- *Expert Testimony:* Provided expert testimony on behalf of clients in disputes relating to the areas of expertise noted above.

Selected Consulting Experience

Procurement

- AEP I&M 2022 All-Source RFP Served as Independent Monitor for I&M's All Source solicitation.
- Indiana EVSE Consortium RFP Developed RFP and served as Independent Administrator/RFP Manager for an RFP seeking electric vehicle supply equipment (Level 3 DC Fast Chargers).
- Arizona Public Service 2020 All-Source RFP Served as Independent Monitor for APS's All Source solicitation.
- Xcel/Southwestern Public Service Generating Resources RFI (All-Source) Served as Independent Evaluator for an RFI geared towards identifying potential replacement generation options for a Coal-fired power plant.
- Xcel Sherco RFP Served as Independent Auditor on the RFP for 500 MW of Solar.
- DTE Energy 2019 All-Source RFPs for Wind and Solar Resources Provided expert procurement advisory, monitoring and evaluation to DTE in its 2019 All-Source RFP.
- Independent Observer of the Maui Electric Company RFPs Appointed by the Hawaii Public Utilities Commission to serve, over the course of 4 years, as an Independent Observer. Covered two RFPs for Variable Dispatchable Renewable Generation and PPA negotiations.
- Arizona Public Service 2019 Solar plus Storage RFP, Battery-Ready Solar RFP Served as the Independent Monitor on the RFP for approximately 100 MW of Solar plus Storage (4 hour).
- American Electric Power 2017 RFP for Solar Served as the Independent Evaluator of the AEP 2017 RFP for Solar.
- NYPA Large Scale Renewable RFP I and II Supported NYPA in the development of the RFP, management and evaluation of utility-scale renewable proposals (Wind, Solar), including those with Storage combinations, to comply with the CES.

- NJ SREC-II Based Financing Program On behalf of Jersey Central Power & Light, Atlantic City Electric, and Rockland Electric Company, served as the Solicitation Manager of the SREC-II program – a competitive solicitation offering a 10-year SREC PSA for competitively bid projects.
- CIC/SaskPower CCGT 2019 RFP On behalf of the Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan, served as the Value for Money independent advisor for a Combined Cycle Generating facility.
- **Battery Storage Procurement Analysis** On behalf of a manufacturer in the Ontario region, assessed contracting options and performance of battery storage technologies, and the unsolicited proposals received.
- **ConEd BQDM Reverse Auction –** Advised in the designed, development and implementation of a reverse auction for demand response as a non-wire alternative.
- 2010 LIPA Generation and Transmission RFP Advised on the development, design and evaluation of an "All-Source" style resource RFP which assessed a wide range of resource options proposed to LIPA, including HVDC Transmission, combustion turbine generation, hydro energy imports, off-shore wind farms, and battery storage.
- FirstEnergy Ohio REC Compliant RFP From 2011 to 2019, served, annually, as the independent RFP manager on behalf of the FirstEnergy Ohio Utilities to procure their annual RPS requirements for Non-Solar and Solar RECs.
- New York Power Authority 100-MW Solar Initiative RFP Provided advisory services on the development and evaluation of the RFP.
- Massachusetts DOER Solar Stimulus Program RFP for Wastewater Facilities Provided assistance in the development of the RFP to design, build and install Solar Photovoltaic systems located on 12 town wastewater facilities ("Participants") in Massachusetts.
- Natural Gas Supply RFP/Fuel Management RFP Developed an RFP to procure and manage 54,000 Dthms of Natural Gas and backup oil for a large CCGT on behalf of a Utility.
- **Duke Carolinas Solar RFP** Advised on the development and evaluation of the Solar RFP.
- LIPA Solar Photovoltaic RFP Served as PMO and performed the economic evaluation of a procurement of 50 MWs of Solar Photovoltaic energy projects.
- LIPA Renewable Energy RFP Served as PMO and performed the economic evaluation of a procurement of 325 GWhs of Energy and RECs from qualified resources that are capable of delivering to NYISO Zone K.
- LIPA Power Supply Management RFP Provided assistance in the management of a procurement that competitively bid the front-office and back-office power supply management services.

- LIPA 600 MW Generation Capacity RFP Advised on the development and execution of a qualitative evaluation and economic assessment relating to the procurement of generation and transmission resources both within the ISO zone and externally connected via transmission.
- **RFP for Temporary Generation** Assisted in the management and evaluation of the procurement of mobile generation units to fill a capacity shortfall expected in the summer of 2004.
- LIPA 2005 Capacity RFP Assisted in the management and evaluation of an RFP for flexible resources.
- LIPA Energy Efficiency RFPs Served as PMO, developed and evaluated the response to several energy efficiency RFPs for EM&V, implementation and direct install services.

Energy Efficiency & Renewables

- **Hawaii Big Wind Whitepaper** Developed a technical report relating to the implementation of an HVDC transmission and Wind project on behalf of the State.
- Energy Efficiency Project Management Served as a project manager and coordinator of a comprehensive energy efficiency initiative for a northeast public electric utility geared specifically to reduce Peak Energy Load.
- **Solar Regulatory Support** Reviewed the economics of the proposed 137 MW solar project through an analysis of the PPAs between a solar developer and the Southern California Public Power Authority.
- Independent Review of Wind Projects— Assessment of rate recovery issues relating to 6 wind PPAs as it pertained to subsequent amendments.

ISO Market Expertise

- **Transmission Siting Review** On behalf of multiple clients, reviewed the NYISO Transmission System and identify key markets and interconnection points that address transmission congestion issues noted in the NYISO's Reliability Needs Assessment.
- NYISO Stakeholder Meetings On behalf of multiple clients, monitored changes and developments among the various planning working groups.
- **Market Advisory** Led development of LBMP nodal price forecasts, capacity price forecasts, generator retirement forecasts, and renewable project development tracking.

M&A Due Diligence

- **M&A Target Due Diligence** Develop list of targets and profiles for a confidential firm seeking to acquire a company within the electric power industry.
- **Hydro Asset Due Diligence** On behalf of a large investment firm in Canada, conducted due diligence into a potential acquisition of a legacy hydro-electric asset. Led review of potential contracting options and offtakes in the region, summarizing the options and relative negotiating position of the project owner after its current offtake agreement expires. Reviewed project agreements for potential risks for consideration

- Battery Storage Project Acquisition Due Diligence On behalf of a multinational investment firm, conducted due diligence on the risk factors associated with the agreements executed by a project developer. In the context of market intelligence, reviewed offtake agreements, EPC contracts, Long-Term Service Agreements and letters/expressions of interest from potential offtakes.
- **T&D Utility M&A Target Due Diligence** On behalf of a confidential client, performed a market screening of potential T&D Utility targets in North America based on criteria that fit the client's acquisition strategy.

Regulatory and Compliance

- **PSEG LI Utility 2.0 Plan –** Managed the development of the Utility of the Future and Rates Modernization components of the PSEG LI filing, as accepted by the NY DPS.
- ConEd/National Grid Whitepaper Under the NY DPS proceeding which ultimately
 established the NY Clean Energy Standard, developed a whitepaper and comments to
 NY PSC staff with respect to the optimal procurement strategies and structures for
 meeting the 50% by 2030 renewable target.
- **Hawaii DBEDT PUC Filing** In support of the development of an undersea HVDC cable to enable the development of Wind power, provided DBEDT with technical comments and input with respect to the cable configurations, technical feasibility with respect to cable permitting/routing and economic impact with respect to the cable (in stand-alone configuration) and in combination with a wind power project.
- ATCO Fort McMurray 500 kV Transmission Project Analysis Led analysis of cost of compliance and probabilistic assessment of potential failure to meet performance standards for a proposed transmission project.
- NYPA NERC CIP Compliance Provide ongoing project management assistance to NYPA with respect to NERC standards compliance in the areas of Physical Security Protection and Compliance Repository requirements.
- NYPA Business Controls Group Policy & Procedures Develop framework, organization and template for the New York Power Authority's initiative to organize, catalogue and update its corporate policies.
- NYPA Emergency Management Develop comprehensive recommendations to benchmark, update, integrate and formalize NYPA's Emergency Management program.
- Connecticut Net-Metering Legislation For an industry stakeholder, drafted proposed revisions to the current net metering legislation to expand its limits and applicability.
- **FirstEnergy Ohio REC Pricing** Prepared an expert report discussing the Ohio SREC and REC markets with comparisons to regional markets.

Resource Planning

• Resource Planning Coordinating Committee ("RPCC") support – Provided longterm support (10+ years) to the Long Island Power Authority's Resource Planning committee from a technical, economic and feasibility modelling perspective.

- Bahama Ocean Cay Island Power Options Analysis Directed an engagement to develop an electric resource plan for a cruise island destination.
- NALCOR Hydro Participated in an independent review of NALCOR's analysis relating to the Muskrat Falls Hydro and Labrador Link HVDC project.

Grid Modernization

- **REVConnect** Led the development of the online platform available at nyrevconnect.com helping utilities source ideas and solutions from the marketplace through a formal procurement-style process that screens and fosters the most promising opportunities that pass established screening criteria.
- Southern California Edison Integrated Grid Project (IGP) Provided project management assistance on demonstration project intended to showcase advanced grid technologies in response to California legislation and policy directives under AB327.
- Southern California Edison Distribution System Technology Assessment & Business Strategy Review Organized and lead the review of over 50 distribution technologies for review and implementation consideration.

Professional history

2021-Present	Charles River Associates, Principal, Energy	
2003–2021	Navigant Consulting, Inc./Guidehouse, Inc.	
	2018 – 2021 Director, Energy, Sustainability, and Infrastructure Practice	
	2015 – 2018 Associate Director, Energy Practice	
	2009 – 2015 Managing Consultant, Energy Practice	
	2007 – 2009 Senior Consultant, Energy Practice	
	2005 - 2007 Consultant, Energy Practice	
	2003 - 2005 Analyst/Associate, Energy Practice	