FILED
May 7, 2025
INDIANA UTILITY
REGULATORY COMMISSION

STATE OF INDIANA

INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

IN THE MA	ATTER OF '	THE PETITION OF)	
STUCKER	FORK	CONSERVANCY)	
DISTRICT 1	FOR APPRO	OVAL OF A NEW)	CAUSE NO. 46167
SCHEDULE	OF RATES A	AND CHARGES FOR)	
WATER SEF	RVICE)	

PUBLIC'S EXHIBIT NO. 1-S

SETTLEMENT TESTIMONY OF JASON T. COMPTON

ON BEHALF OF

THE INDIANA OFFICE OF UTILITY CONSUMER COUNSELOR

May 7, **9**

Respectfully submitted,

INDIANA OFFICE OF UTILITY CONSUMER COUNSELOR

Thomas R. Harper, Attorney No. 16735-53

Deputy Consumer Counselor

Victor Peters, Attorney No. 38310-53

Deputy Consumer Counselor

OFFICE OF UTILITY CONSUMER COUNSELOR

115 W. Washington St., Suite 1500 South

Indianapolis, IN 46204

Email: thharper@oucc.in.gov vipeters@oucc.in.gov

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that a copy of the *Public's Exhibit No. 1-S – Settlement Testimony of Jason T. Compton on behalf of the OUCC* has been served upon the following counsel of record in the above captioned proceeding by electronic service on May 7, 2025

J. Christopher Janak Jacob Antrim Gregory Loyd

BOSE MCKINNEY & EVANS LLP

111 Monument Circle, Suite 2700 Indianapolis, IN 46204

Email: <u>JJanak@boselaw.com</u> <u>jantrim@boselaw.com</u> <u>gloyd@boselaw.com</u> Attorn ys for Moran ood, In.

Steven W. Krohne Jennifer L. Schuster Jack M. Petr

ICE MILLER LLP

One American Square, Suite 2900 Indianapolis, Indiana 46282-0200 Email: steven.krohne@icemiller.com

jennifer.schuster@icemiller.com

jack.petr@icemiller.com

Thomas R. Harper

Deputy Consumer Counselor

INDIANA OFFICE OF UTILITY CONSUMER COUNSELOR

115 West Washington Street Suite 1500 South Indianapolis, IN 46204 infomgt@oucc.in.gov 317/232-2494 – Phone 317/232-5923 – Facsimile

SETTLEMENT TESTIMONY OF OUCC WITNESS JASON T. COMPTON CAUSE NO. 46167 STUCKER FORK CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

I. <u>INTRODUCTON</u>

1	Q:	Please state your name and business address.
2	A:	My name is Jason Compton, and my business address is 115 West Washington Street, Suite
3		1500 South, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204.
4	Q:	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
5	A:	I am employed by the Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor ("OUCC") as a Utility
6		Analyst in the Water and Wastewater Division. My qualifications and credentials are set
7		forth in Appendix A attached to this testimony.
8	Q:	What is the purpose of your testimony?
9	A:	The OUCC and Stucker Fork Conservancy District (hereafter "Stucker Fork" or
10		"Petitioner") have reached agreement on the issues raised in this rate case, which
11		agreement is set forth in a Stipulation and Settlement Agreement ("Settlement Agreement")
12		submitted to the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission ("Commission") for approval. My
13		testimony describes the terms of the Settlement Agreement. I recommend the Commission
14		approve the proposed Settlement Agreement and I explain why approval of its terms is in
15		the public interest.
16 17	Q:	Do you sponsor any attachments, schedules, or workpapers in support of the Settlement Agreement?
18	A:	Yes. I sponsor OUCC Attachment JTC-1 which are the following schedules that provide
19		the basis of the proposed rate increase under the Settlement Agreement:
20		Schedule 1 – Comparison of Overall Revenue Requirements (page 1)
21		Comparison of Net Operating Income Adjustments (page 2)

1		Schedule 2 – Comparative Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021
2		Schedule 3 – Comparative Income Statement for the Twelve Months Ended December 31,
3		2023, 2022, and 2021
4		Schedule 4 – Pro Forma Net Operating Income Statement
5		Schedule 5 – Settlement Revenue Adjustments
6		Schedule 6 – Settlement Expense Adjustments
7		Schedule 7 – Depreciation
8		Schedule 8 – PILT
9		Schedule 9 – Working Capital
10		Schedule 10 – Debt Service
11		Schedule 11 – Debt Service Reserve
12		Schedule 12 – Tariff
		II. REQUESTED RELIEF
13	Q:	What was Petitioner's original proposal in this case?
14	A:	Petitioner proposed to increase its rates and charges to raise an additional \$1,574,927 in
15		annual revenues, which is the equivalent of a 31.48% increase over current rates.
16		Petitioner's increase stems from a new debt issuance to fund its Marble Hill Water
17		Treatment Plant expansion, increases to depreciation expense, increases to periodic
18		maintenance, and increases to other operating and maintenance expenses.
19	Q:	What is the proposed rate increase under the Settlement Agreement?
20	A:	The Settlement Agreement stipulates an increase to Petitioner's rates and charges to raise
21		an additional \$1,299,196, which is the equivalent of a 25.73% increase over current rates.
22 23	Q:	What components of Petitioner's original proposal are being modified by the Settlement Agreement?
24	A:	The Settlement Agreement reflects the following modifications: (1) it removes the
25		inadvertent inclusion of three new maintenance employees and the corresponding benefits,
26		(2) reduces depreciation for assets that were removed from service but not retired from

Petitioner's books and records, (3) requires additional future reporting requirements for Petitioner to provide additional information in its IURC annual reports for asset retirements, (4) requires Petitioner to footnote the audit adjustment to contributions in aid of construction, (5) provides Petitioner its requested periodic maintenance in exchange for maintaining its restricted account, continue tracking its periodic maintenance spend, create and maintain an audit file, and develop and implement a periodic maintenance schedule, (6) removes non-recurring expenses, (7) includes post-test year growth and a system delivery expense adjustment, (8) includes an offset for tap fees, (9) requires Petitioner to determine and implement a system development charge through the Commission's thirty-day filing process, (10) slightly modifies the financing for additional SRF loan costs, and (11) requires Petitioner to file a new rate case within the next seven years and move all of its customer classes to full cost-of-service.

A:

Q: Do you believe the Settlement Agreement reached between the OUCC and Stucker Fork is in the public interest?

Yes. The Settlement Agreement reflects compromise between the OUCC and Stucker Fork and resolves the disputed issues in this proceeding, avoiding expenditure of the time and resources of the parties to litigate contested issues. It also promotes certainty of what is being included in the revenue requirement. The Settlement Agreement acknowledges the investment that is required by Petitioner to continue maintaining its system and providing quality water service to its ratepayers. The Settlement Agreement successfully accomplishes improved affordability by reducing Petitioner's rate increase while providing all the necessary revenues for Stucker Fork to continue maintaining and improving its system.

III. REVENUE TERMS

1 (١.	What overall	ravanija	adjustment	did I	Patitionar	originally	nronoso?
ı (<i>)</i> :	what overall	revenue	aujusument	uiu i	ennoner	originany	propose:

- 2 A: Petitioner proposed an adjustment to remove a non-recurring settlement payout from
- Washington Township of \$105,069 from test year revenues of \$5,107,943 resulting in *pro*
- 4 *forma* operating revenues of \$5,002,874.

5 Q: How does the Settlement Agreement differ from Petitioner's proposal?

- 6 A: The Settlement Agreement accepts Petitioner's adjustments to remove its non-recurring
- 7 payout from the Washington Township settlement. The Settlement Agreement stipulates
- 8 an adjustment for test year and post-test year growth totaling \$26,914. It also includes a
- 9 revenue requirement offset for tap fees of \$63,582.

10 **Q:** Why are these operating revenue terms in the public interest?

- 11 A: The Settlement Agreement more accurately represents the annual operating revenues
- Petitioner will receive by acknowledging the growth that it had during its test year and
- post-test year and incorporates those additional revenues. These additional revenues serve
- 14 to reduce the required increase. The Settlement Agreement acknowledges the non-
- recurring nature of the settlement payout and accepts that term. Finally, the Settlement
- Agreement offsets the expenses it incurred for tap fees that were not capitalized by
- including the tap fee revenues which reduces the required increase and ensures costs are
- 18 not being double recovered.

- 1 Q: What level of operating revenue does the Settlement Agreement stipulate?
- 2 A: The Settlement Agreement stipulates a decrease of \$78,155 to test year operating revenues
- of \$5,127,214 for a *pro forma* total operating revenue of \$5,049,059.

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IV. OPERATING EXPENSE TERMS

4 Q: What operating expense adjustments did Petitioner originally propose?

Petitioner proposed several operating expense adjustments that increase test year expenditures of \$3,874,478 by \$280,657, resulting in *pro forma* operating expense of \$4,155,135.² Petitioner's operating and maintenance expense adjustments included adjustments to: (1) Purchased Power, (2) Salaries and Wages, (3) Periodic Maintenance, (4) Employee Benefits, (5) General Liability Insurance, (6) Contractual Expense for State Board of Accounts ("SBOA") Audits, and (7) Accounting Contractual Services.

Q: How does the Settlement Agreement differ from Petitioner's proposal?

The Settlement Agreement accepts Petitioner's proposed adjustments to (1) Purchased Power, (2) Periodic Maintenance, (3) General Liability Insurance, (4) Contractual Expense for SBOA, and (5) Accounting Contractual Expenses. The Settlement Agreement removes the wages for three maintenance employees that were inadvertently included in Petitioner's case-in-chief and the associated flowthrough benefits (FICA and PERF). The Settlement Agreement includes an additional adjustment to remove non-recurring charges to transportation expense and legal contractual services, and includes a system delivery expense adjustment for the revenue growth adjustments. Lastly, the Settlement Agreement

¹ The Settlement incorporates late payment fees as operating revenues rather than as a revenue offset. This results in an increase to test year revenues of \$19,271 as compared to Petitioner's case-in-chief. Other water revenues are included separately as a revenue offset.

² Total operating expense excludes depreciation expense.

requires Petitioner to continue its reporting requirements for periodic maintenance and establishes new requirements.

3 Q: Please explain the continued and new reporting requirements for periodic maintenance.

The Settlement Agreement establishes the following reporting requirements: (1) requires Petitioner to continue to track and report its periodic maintenance in its IURC annual reports as outlined in the Final Order for Cause No. 44987, (2) requires Petitioner to continue the periodic maintenance restricted account, (3) requires Petitioner to create and maintain an audit file for periodic maintenance invoices exceeding \$10,000, and (4) requires Petitioner to develop, implement, and maintain a periodic maintenance schedule consistent with the recommendations of the American Water Works Association.

Q: Why are these operating expense terms in the public interest?

A:

A:

These terms provide a more accurate representation of the annual expenses Petitioner will incur to operate its utility. The Settlement Agreement removes the ratepayer burden for paying for wages Petitioner will not incur and reduces the required increase. The removal of the additional costs for those wages from the flowthrough benefits of FICA and PERF further reduces the increase. The Settlement Agreement removes the inclusion of non-recurring charges Petitioner is not likely to incur on an annual basis and more accurately portrays Petitioner's annual operating expenses. The system delivery expense adjustment simply updates Petitioner's anticipated delivery expenses for the additional bills due to growth. The periodic maintenance reporting requirements will help ensure that Petitioner is reserving revenues to adequately maintain the system to continue providing reliable and

quality drinking water. These requirements will also help in reducing the discovery burden
on Petitioner in future rate cases and ultimately reduce potential rate case expense.

3 Q: What level of operating expense does the Settlement Agreement stipulate?

4 A: The Settlement Agreement stipulates an increase of \$117,178 to test year operating expenses of \$3,874,478 for a *pro forma* total operating expense of \$3,991,656.³

V. <u>DEPRECIATION TERMS</u>

- 6 Q: Did Petitioner request depreciation expenses, rather than extensions and replacements, in its proposed revenue requirement?
- A: Yes. Petitioner proposed that it be allowed to recover \$990,030 for depreciation expense in its rates. Petitioner determined its depreciation expense by using the Commission's composite rate of 2% for utilities with water treatment plants times its depreciable utility plant in service of \$49,501,496 as of the end of its test year, December 31, 2023.
- 12 **Q:** Does the Settlement Agreement make any modifications to Petitioner's original depreciation expense request?

A: Yes. In the OUCC's case-in-chief it noted that Petitioner was not appropriately recording retirements to its books and records when it removed assets from service. In response to that criticism, Mr. Baldessari found \$1,195,788.27 of assets that should be retired from Petitioner's books and records to correct the overstated utility plant in service and resulting depreciation expense in his rebuttal. The Settlement Agreement accepts Mr. Baldessari's adjustment to utility plant in service and reduces Petitioner's depreciation expense to \$966,114. It also delineates that on a prospective basis, Petitioner will provide additional information regarding asset additions that are \$10,000 or greater, associated retirements,

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³ Total operating expense and adjustment increase excludes depreciation expense.

and the original costs of assets replaced in its annual IURC report. The Settlement Agreement also provides that Petitioner will attempt to complete a review of *all* assets on its books to identify if additional assets have been removed from service but not retired from its books.

Q: Why are these terms for depreciation expense in the public interest?

A:

A:

These modifications are in the public interest because this ensures that ratepayers are not paying for depreciation expense for assets that are no longer being used to provide service through their rates. The Settlement Agreement provides depreciation expense only for assets that are still being used for the provision of services. The IURC annual report reporting requirements help to provide assurances to ratepayers that it has corrected its accounting for capital assets and is appropriately retiring assets going forward. Ultimately, these terms serve to reduce the required rate increase and encourages Petitioner to correct its accounting practices for capital assets.

VI. <u>FINANCING TERMS</u>

Q: Did Petitioner include new financing for funding the Marble Hill Expansion and other costs?

Yes. Petitioner included issuance of \$7,325,000 of long-term debt to fund the Marble Hill Water Treatment Plant expansion ("Marble Hill Project") and other costs. Petitioner proposed that it be allowed to recover \$293,752 in annual debt service and \$58,750 in annual debt service reserve in connection with that financing. Petitioner also proposed to include \$1,157,063 for its outstanding debt service and \$15,211 for its outstanding debt service reserve.

Q: How does the Settlement Agreement modify Petitioner's financing?

Q:

A:

A:

The Settlement Agreement slightly increases the financing by \$45,000 up to \$7,370,000 as a result to various changes to the estimated project costs. It also includes a modification for the inclusion of standard language for Petitioner's true-up report. The Settlement Agreement provides that within 30 days after closing on the issuance of the Bonds, Stucker Fork shall file a true-up report. The OUCC and Morgan Foods will have 21 days from the date of service to review the filing and make any objections. The Settlement Agreement also stipulates that Petitioner's true-up for its debt issuance must use the same methodology that it used to determine its debt service reserve in its case-in-chief and rebuttal. The change to the financing results in a debt service revenue requirement of \$295,552 and a debt service reserve revenue requirement of \$59,110 for the new proposed debt. The Settlement Agreement accepts Petitioner's existing debt as proposed in Petitioner's case-in-chief.

Why are these financing terms in the public interest?

The Settlement Agreement acknowledges the investment required by Petitioner to continue providing reliable and quality potable drinking water to its customers. These terms ensure Petitioner will adequately recover the funds required to fund its debt service and debt service reserve to fund its Marble Hill Project. In exchange for completing the project as proposed, Petitioner agrees to implement a system development charge in the future, as I discuss below. In conjunction, the Settlement Agreement provides Petitioner its proposed expansion to continue serving new and existing customers while reducing stress on its plant operation and while implementing a system development charge to fund new capacity in the future.

VII. OTHER TERMS

1 Q: Does the Settlement Agreement make any additional modifications to Petitioner's original filing?

Yes. The Settlement Agreement (1) requires Petitioner to footnote the State Board of Accounts ("SBOA") audit adjustment to contributions in aid of construction ("CIAC") on its IURC report, (2) requires Petitioner to determine and file a system development charge within six months of an Order in this Cause through the Commission's thirty-day filing process, and (3) requires Petitioner to file a rate case within the next seven (7) years to remove the remaining subsidies in its cost-of-service study.

Why are these additional terms in the public interest?

Q:

A:

A:

The footnote for the SBOA audit adjustment will ensure that Petitioner's CIAC balance will continue to be appropriately reflected on its IURC annual report but provide information to the reader that the SBOA made an adjustment to remove the full balance of CIAC from its books in a prior audit. This will provide an explanation for the discrepancy between the IURC annual report and Petitioner's books and records in future rate cases and remove the need for future discovery. The implementation of a system development charge ("SDC") will assist in reducing the burden on Petitioner's existing customers for paying for growth-related projects. The SDC will ensure that Petitioner's growth is paying for growth and that the burden of expanding existing capacity or building new capacity is not placed entirely on existing customers which the new capacity is not required to serve. Finally, the requirement for Petitioner to file within seven years provides a limitation for how long the residential and governmental customer classes will subsidize the industrial and wholesale classes before all classes are moved to full cost-of-service.

VIII. CONCLUSION

- 1 Q: Please summarize your recommendations for the Commission.
- 2 A: I recommend the Commission find the Settlement is in the public interest and approve the
- 3 Settlement Agreement in its entirety.
- 4 Q: Does this conclude your testimony?
- 5 A: Yes.

APPENDIX A TO TESTIMONY OF OUCC WITNESS JASON T. COMPTON

1 Q: Describe your educational background and experience.

A:

I graduated from Indiana University Bloomington with a Bachelor of Science in Accounting in May 2022 and a Master of Science in Accounting with Data and Analytics in May 2023. Throughout my undergraduate education, I worked as an undergraduate instructor for Indiana University Bloomington, teaching the lab portion of a web development and data analytics class, CSCI-A110. From May 2022 through August 2022, I worked as a Staff Accounting Intern for Greystone Property Management Company where I was responsible for completing daily bank reconciliations, truing up accruals, and preparing monthly financial reports for nine properties. In May 2023, I began my employment with the Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor ("OUCC") as a Utility Analyst in the Water and Wastewater Division. My current responsibilities include reviewing accounting adjustments to expenses and revenues, verifying revenue requirements, and performing data analyses for proposed models. In May 2024, I attended the National Association of Utility Regulatory Commissioners' Spring 2024 Rate School.

15 Q: Have you previously testified before the Commission?

16 A: Yes. I have testified before the Commission in general rate cases, distribution system
17 improvement charges (DSIC), special contracts, and small utility filings.

AFFIRMATION

I affirm the representations I made in the foregoing testimony are true to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

By: Jason T. Compton, Utility Analyst

Juson Compton

Cause No. 46167

Office of Utility Consumer Counselor (OUCC)

Date: May 7, 2025

CAUSE NUMBER 46167
Office of Utility Consumer Counselor
OUCC Attachment JTC-1 - Settlement Schedules
Schedules and Workpapers (Excel Version)

Comparison of Petitioner's and Settlement Revenue Requirements

	Per	Per	Per	Per	Sch	Settlement	(More (less)
	Petitioner	OUCC	Rebuttal	Settlement	Ref	OUCC	Rebuttal
1 Operating Expenses	\$ 4,155,135	\$3,891,912	\$3,980,985	\$ 3,991,656	4	\$ 99,744	\$ 10,671
3 Depreciation Expense	990,030	990,438	966,114	966,114	7	(24,324)	-
4 Amortization of CIAC	-	(213,047)	-	-		213,047	-
7 New Debt Service	293,752	-	295,552	295,552		295,552	-
8 New Debt Service Reserve	58,750	-	59,110	59,110		59,110	-
9 Existing Debt Service	1,157,063	1,157,063	1,157,063	1,157,063	10	-	-
10 Existing Debt Service Reserve	15,211	15,211	15,211	15,211	11		
11 Total Revenue Requirements	6,669,941	5,841,577	6,474,035	6,484,706		643,129	10,671
12 Less Revenue Requirement Offsets:	-						
13 Interest Income	(25,630)	(25,630)	(25,630)	(25,630)	3	-	-
Tap Fee Revenues	-	(63,582)	-	(63,582)		-	(63,582)
Other Water Revenues	(47,239)	-	(47,239)	(47,239)			
Late Fees	(19,271)		-		3		
17 Net Revenue Requirement	6,577,801	5,752,365	6,401,166	6,348,255		643,129	(52,911)
18 Less: Revenues at current rates subject to increase	(5,002,874)	(5,063,616)	(5,049,059)	(5,049,059)	4	14,557	-
Other revenues not subject to increase		(47,239)			4	47,239	
20 Recommended Increase	\$ 1,574,927	\$ 641,510	\$1,352,107	\$ 1,299,196		\$ 704,925	\$ (52,911)
21 Recommended Percentage Increase	31.48%	12.67%	26.78%	25.73%		13.06%	-1.05%

Reconciliation of Net Operating Income Statement Adjustments *Pro-forma* Present Rates

		<u>I</u>	Per Petitioner	Per OUCC	Per Rebuttal	Se	Per ttlement	Settlem	ent (More (less) OUCC
1 Ope	rating Revenues								
2	Washington Township Settlement	\$	(105,069)	\$ (105,069)	\$ (105,069)	\$	(105,069)	\$	-
3	T.Y. Residential Normalization		-	18,978	18,978		18,978		18,978
4	T.Y. Commercial Growth		-	-	(2,745)		(2,745)		(2,745)
5	Post-Test Year Residential Growth		-	(28,014)	10,681		10,681		10,681
6	Post-Test Year Commercial Growth		-	50,507	-		-		-
7	Remove Miscelleaneous Capital Credits		(18,098)	(18,098)	(18,098)		(18,098)		-
8 Tota	l Operating Revenues		(123,167)	(81,696)	(96,253)		(96,253)	_	26,914
9 O&I	M Expense								
10	Salaries and Wages		145,552	24,213	16,902		24,213		(121,339)
11	Periodic Maintenance		48,960	(32,660)	48,960		48,960		-
12	Employee Benefits		77,281	56,751	53,391		56,751		(20,530)
13	Insurance		17,028	17,028	17,028		17,028		-
14	SBOA Audit Fees		(13,500)	(13,500)	(13,500)		(13,500)		-
15	Accounting Contractual Services		5,336	5,336	5,336		5,336		-
16	System Delivery Expense		-	5,836	3,560		3,560		3,560
17	Non-Recurring & Capital Expenditures		-	(45,570)	(25,170)		(25,170)		(25,170)
18 Dep :	reciation Expense		-	-	(23,916)		(23,916)		(23,916)
-	ortization Expense		-	(213,047)	-		-		-
20 Taxe	es Other than Income		-	-	-		-		-
21	Total Operating Expenses	_	280,657	(195,613)	82,591		93,262	_	(187,395)
22 Net	Operating Income	\$	(403,824)	\$ 113,917	\$ (178,844)	\$	(189,515)	\$	214,309

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET As of December 31,

	ASSETS	2023	2022	2021
1	Utility Plant:			
2	Utility Plant in Service	\$ 50,086,638	\$ 49,677,709	\$ 49,050,749
3	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(20,040,643)	(19,050,613)	(18,068,761)
4	Net Utility Plant in Service	30,045,995	30,627,096	30,981,988
5	Special Funds:			
6	Bond, Interest Cash, and Cash Equivalents	86,133	85,670	871,069
7	Debt Service Reserve Cash and Cash Equivalents	398,282	371,730	353,990
8	Debt Service Reserve Investments	313,848	310,270	310,315
9	Total Special Assets	798,263	767,670	1,535,374
10	Current Assets:			
11	Cash and Cash Equivalents	846,151	880,311	686,891
12	Special Deposits			,
13	Customer Deposits	450,490	443,071	434,051
14	Improvement Cash & Cash Equivalents	821,438	740,657	664,576
15	Tank Painting & Cash Equivalents	665,321	772,111	744,788
16	Construction Cash	8,500	-	-
17	Customer Accounts Receivable	570,440	549,789	533,307
18	Prepayments	49,899	35,090	41,164
19	Total Current Assets	3,412,239	3,421,029	3,104,777
20	Deferred Debits			
21	Unamortized Debt Discount and Expense			
22	Bond Issuance Costs	512,074	555,653	599,232
23	Deffered Amount on Refunding	193,655	225,872	258,089
24	Miscellaneous Defered Debits			
25	Deferred Rate Case Expense	-	42,274	130,184
26	Deferred Benefit Pension Outflows	243,828	237,388	236,274
27	Total Deferred Debits	949,557	1,061,187	1,223,779
28	Total Assets	\$ 35,206,054	\$ 35,876,982	\$ 36,845,918

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2023

	<u>LIABILITIES</u>	2023	2022	2021
1	Equity			
2	Retained Earnings	\$ 9,650,719	\$ 9,675,325	\$ 9,878,627
3	Total Equity	9,650,719	9,675,325	9,878,627
4	Contributions in Aid of Construction	10 (52 252	10 592 042	10.016.257
5	Contributions in Aid of Construction, net	10,652,352	10,583,042	10,016,257
6	Accumulated Amortization of CIAC	10.652.252	10.502.042	10.016.057
7	Net Contributions-in-aid of Construction	10,652,352	10,583,042	10,016,257
8	Long-term Debt			
9	Bonds			
10	Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	565,000	835,000	1,355,000
11	Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
12	Revenue Bonds, Series 2017	2,360,000	2,475,000	2,705,000
13	Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2020	4,055,000	4,285,000	4,725,000
14	Revenue Bonds Series 2020	2,341,000	2,360,000	2,365,000
15	Total Long-term Debt	13,321,000	13,955,000	15,150,000
16	Current Liabilities			
17	Accounts Payable	47,009	110,795	74,370
18	Customer Deposits	431,067	424,107	408,968
19	Accrued Interest Payable	131,007	121,107	100,200
20	2014 Refunding Bonds	_	_	22,873
21	2014 Bonds	_	_	77,212
22	2017 Bonds	_	_	44,296
23	2020 Refunding Bonds	_	_	73,139
24	2020 Bonds	66,133	66,670	-
25	Accrued Wages Payable	00,100	00,070	
26	Accrued Taxes Payable	(5,448)	(85)	(2,707)
27	Other Current Liabilities	(2,110)	(32)	(_,, , ,)
28	Accrued Wages & Witholdings Payable	60,427	65,036	62,930
29	Net Pension Liability	569,282	547,505	233,695
30	Total Current Liabilities	1,168,470	1,214,028	994,776
	D.C. J.C. Pre			
31	Deferred Credits:	206 741	41.7. 60.4	444.646
32	Unamortized Premium on Debt	386,741	415,694	444,646
33	Other Deferred Credits	26,772	33,893	361,612
34	Total Deferred Credits	413,513	449,587	806,258
35	Total Liabilities	\$ 35,206,054	\$ 35,876,982	\$ 36,845,918

COMPARATIVE INCOME STATEMENT Twelve Months Ended December 31,

		2023	2022	2021
1	Operating Revenues			
2	Metered Sales			
3	Residential	2,480,281	2,439,341	2,380,714
4	Commercial	42,277	41,897	43,345
5	Industrial	1,324,805	1,531,874	1,380,513
6	Public Authority	67,596	78,856	61,844
7	Sale for Resale	988,824	770,345	796,765
8	Total Metered Sales	4,903,783	4,862,313	4,663,181
9	Fire Protection			
10	Public	167,477	167,407	171,468
11	Private	36,683	37,453	36,683
12	Total Fire Protection	204,160	204,860	208,151
13	Other Water Revenues		·	
14	Late Payment Fees	19,271	22,319	19,080
15	Other Water Revenues	65,337	71,454	55,195
16	Total Other Water Revenues	84,608	93,773	74,275
17	Total Operating Revenues	5,192,551	5,160,946	4,945,607
18	Operating Expenses			
19	Salaries and Wages			
20	Employees	1,131,213	1,095,914	1,034,184
21	Officers & Directors	3,760	3,880	4,200
22	Employee Benefits	565,230	505,347	437,805
23	Purchased Water	-	-	-
24	Purchased Power	575,832	493,802	434,469
25	Chemicals	277,990	372,828	249,340
26	Materials and Supplies	225,260	270,492	238,354
27	Contractual Services	220,200	270,172	200,00
28	Accounting	126,064	85,150	73,004
29	Engineering	-	29,293	26,071
30	Legal	28,036	97,100	187,929
31	Other	751,473	571,186	289,521
32	Transportation Expense	83,570	96,911	70,105
33	Insurance	32,213	2 0,2	,
34	Vehicle	11,475	10,617	9,897
35	General Liability	3,136	2,056	2,341
36	Workers' Compensation	9,053	18,535	10,477
37	Other	71,217	74,198	70,363
38	Advertising Expense	-	-	616
39	Regulatory Expense	42,274	87,911	136,908
40	Miscellaneous Expense	11,169	18,128	19,961
41	Total O&M Expense	3,916,752	3,833,348	3,295,545
			-, - ,	= ,=> = ,= .8

COMPARATIVE INCOME STATEMENT Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2023

		2023	2022	2021
40	Danuaciation Evnance	000.0	20 001 052	060 212
42	Depreciation Expense	990,03		
43	Total Operating Expenses	4,906,73	82 4,815,200	4,264,857
44	Net Operating Income	285,70	69 345,746	680,750
45 (Other Income: (Expenses):			
46	Interest Income	25,63	30 13,308	9,889
47	Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets		80,450	1
48	Non-Utility Income	231,10	68	5,073
49	Non-Utility Expenses		(199)
50	Total Other Income (Expenses)	256,79	98 93,559	14,962
51 I	interest Expense			
52	Interest Expense	520,32	29 595,763	503,980
53	Amortization of Debt Discount	75,79	96 75,796	75,795
54	Amortization of Debt Premium	(28,9)	52) (28,952	(28,951)
55	Total Other Income (Expense)	567,1	73 642,607	550,824
56 Î	Net Income	\$ (24,60	06) \$ (203,302	\$ 144,888

Pro Forma Net Operating Income Statement

					Phase I		
	Occasion Processor	Test Year Ended 31-Dec-23	Adjustments	Sch Ref	Pro Forma Present Rates	Adjustments	Phase I Rates
1	Operating Revenues	A 4 002 702			A 4 025 620	¢ 1 27 6 470	A 6 100 107
2	Metered Sales	\$ 4,903,783	d (105.050)		\$ 4,825,628	\$ 1,276,479	\$ 6,102,107
8	Washington Township Settlement		\$ (105,069)	Pet			
9	T.Y. Residential Normalization		18,978	5-1			
10	T.Y. Commercial Growth		(2,745)	5-2			
11	Post-Test Year Residential Growth		10,681	5-3	****		
12	Fire Protection	\$ 204,160	-		204,160	20,226	\$ 224,386
13	Late Payment Fees	19,271		_	19,271	2,491	21,762
14	Other Water Revenues	65,337	(18,098)	Pet	47,239		47,239
15	Total Operating Revenues	5,192,551	(96,253)		5,096,298	1,299,196	6,395,494
16	O&M Expense						
17	Salaries and Wages						
18	Employees	1,131,213	24,213	6-1	1,155,426		1,155,426
19	Officers & Directors	3,760			3,760		3,760
20	Employee Benefits	565,230			621,981		621,981
21	FICA		1,965	6-2			
22	PERF		6,224	6-3			
23	Insurance		48,562	Pet			
24	Purchased Water	-			-		-
25	Purchased Power	575,832	-	Pet	575,832		575,832
26	Chemicals	277,990			277,990		277,990
27	Materials and Supplies	225,260			225,260		225,260
28	Contractual Services						
29	Accounting	126,064			117,900		117,900
30	SBOA Audit Fees		(13,500)	Pet			
31	Baker Tilly Contractual Services		5,336	Pet			
32	Engineering	-			-		-
33	Legal	28,036	(17,389)	6-5	10,647		10,647
34	Management Fees	-			-		-
35	Testing	-			-		-
36	Other	751,473	48,960	Pet	800,433		800,433
37	Rental of Building/Real Property	-	· ·		´-		, -
38	Rental of Equipment	_			_		_
39	Transportation Expense	83,570	(7,781)	6-5	75,789		75,789
40	Insurance	,	17,028	Pet	111,909		111,909
41	Vehicle	11,475					, -
42	General Liability	3,136					-
43	Workers' Compensation	9,053					-
44	Other	71,217					-
45	Advertising Expense	-			-		-
46	Regulatory Expense	_	-	Pet	-		-
47	Bad Debt Expense	_			_	_	_
48	Miscellaneous Expense	11,169	3,560	6-4	14,729		14,729
49	Depreciation Expense	990,030	(23,916)	7	966,114		966,114
50	Amortization Expense	-			, -		
51	Taxes Other than Income				_		
52	Payroll Taxes	_			_		_
53	Utility Receipts Tax	_			_	_	_
54	PILT	-			-		-
55	Total Operating Expenses	4,864,508	93,262		4,957,770		4,957,770
56	Net Operating Income	\$ 328,043	\$ (189,515)		\$ 138,528	\$ 1,299,196	\$ 1,437,724
50	positions are only	ψ 520,013	* (107,010)		- 100,020	¥ 1,=//,1/0	¥ 1,.57,72T

Settlement Revenue Adjustments

(1)

Test Year Residential Normalization

To normalize test year revenue for residential customers (including multi family)

Last day of the test year billings times 12	94,272
(minus) total test year billings that were ac	
[Equals] the additional billings that can be	expectted 699
Average test year Residential billing	\$ 27.15
	Residential Normalization Adjustment \$ 18,978
Residential Customer Bill	
Test year revenue	\$ 2,540,673
Test year billings	93,573
Average Bill	\$ 27.15
	(2)
Test Year Com	mercial Normalization
To normalize test year revenue for commercial	customers (as proposed in rebuttal by Mr. Baldessari)
Decrease is Commercial Bills	(95)
Beerease is Commercial Bills	(93)
Average test year Residential billing	\$ 28.89
	Residential Normalization Adjustment \$ (2,745)
Residential Customer Bill	
Average Bill	\$ 28.80
Average Dill	ψ 20.07

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(3)

Post-test Year Residential/Commercial Growth

To adjust test year revenue for post-test year residential and commercial growth (as proposed in rebuttal by Mr. Baldessari)

Increase Number of Bills 408 Average Post test year Residential Bill \$ 26.18

Adjustment Increase (Decrease) \$ 10,681

Residential Customer Bill

Average Bill \$ 26.18

Settlement Expense Adjustments

(1)

Salaries and Wages

To adjust test year expense to reflect estimated salaries and wages and additional 3 employees, per utility management.

Estimated Payroll Less test year expense	1,159,186 (1,134,973)	
	Total Adjustment Increase (Decrease)	\$ 24,213
	(2)	
	<u>FICA</u>	
To adjust test year FICA exp	pense to reflect estimated payroll expense	
Estimated assurable	1 150 107	
Estimated payroll Times FICA rate	1,159,186	
Times FICA fate	7.65%	
Sub-total	88,678	
Less test year expense	(86,713)	
	Total Adjustment Increase (Decrease)	\$ 1,965
	(3)	
	PERF	
To adjust test year PERF expense to refle	ect estimated payroll expense and the 2024 PERF rate	
Estimated payroll (eligible for PERF)	1,122,385	
Times PERF rate	11.20%	
Sub-total	125,707	
Less test year expense	(119,483)	
	Total Adjustment Increase (Decrease)	\$ 6,224

\$ 3,560

(4)

System Delivery Adjustment

To account for increased system delivery costs due to customer growth (as proposed in rebuttal by Mr. Baldessari)

Purchased Power Exp Chemical Expense Total Variable Cost Gallons Sold (000's Omitted) Cost per 1,000 Gallons		0.63
Test Year Residential Cost per Bill Cost per 1,000 gallons Average Consumption (000's Omitted) Variable Cost per Residential Bill Add: Postage Cost per Residential Bill Increase in number of Residential Bills Increased System Deliver Cost	\$ 0.63 4.59 \$ 2.89 0.73	\$ 3.62 699 \$ 2,530 Sub-total \$ 2,530
Test Year Commercial Cost per Bill Purchased Power Expense Chemical Expense Variable Cost per Residential Bill Add: Postage Cost per Residential Bill Increase in number of Residential Bills Increased System Deliver Cost	\$ 2.15 1.06 \$ 3.21 0.73	\$ 3.94 (95) \$ (374) Sub-total \$ (374)
Post-test Year Residential / Commercial Cost per Bill Purchased Power Expense Chemical Expense Variable Cost per Residential Bill Add: Postage Cost per Residential Bill Increase in number of Residential Bills Increased System Deliver Cost	\$ 1.82 0.89 \$ 2.71 0.73	\$ 3.44 408 \$ 1,404 Sub-total \$ 1,404

Total Adjustment Increase (Decrease)

\$ 25,170

(5) Non-Recurring and Capital Expenditures

Account

Transaction Description

Adjustment to remove non-recurring and capital expenditures from the test year

	Total Adjustment Increase (Decrease)			\$ 25,170
	Sub-total	\$	25,170	
Washington Township Legal Fees Co	ntractual Service - Leg	al	17,389	
Payment to Scott County Auto Center	Transportation		6,462	
Payment to Scott County Auto Center	Transportation	\$	1,318	

Amount

Deprecation Expense

To determine the amount of depreciation expense based on the value of depreciable utility plant

1 Utility Plant in Service at 12	/31/23 \$50,	080,038		
2 Less: Retirements	\$ (1,	195,788)		
3 Less: Land & Land Right		(585,142)		
4 Depreciable Utility Plant in S	Service	\$	48,305,708	
5 Times: Composite Depreciat	ion Rate		2.00%	

Pro Forma Depreciation Expense

966,114

Payment in Lieu of Property Taxes

Not Applicable Petitioner did not request PILT.

Working Capital

Not Applicable

Petitioner did not request working capital.

Debt Service

Not Applicable

Please see the agreed terms pertaining to financing authority and debt service in the Settlement Agreement.

OUCC Attachment JTC-1 Schedule 11 Page 1 of 1

Stucker Fork Conservancy District CAUSE NUMBER 46167

Debt Service Reserve

Not Applicable

Please see the agreed terms pertaining to financing authority and debt service reserve in the Settlement Agreement.

OUCC Attachment JTC-1 Schedule 12 Page 1 of 1

Stucker Fork Conservancy District CAUSE NUMBER 46167

Current and Proposed Rates and Charges

Not Applicable Based on COSS

Revenue Requirement Comparison

	Cause No. 43191	Cause No. 46167	CN 46167 More (Less)
Operating Expenses	\$ 3,063,824	\$ 3,991,656	\$ 927,832
Taxes other than Income	-	-	-
Depreciation	863,744	966,114	102,370
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	-	-	-
Working Capital	-	-	-
Debt Service	1,048,069	1,452,615	404,546
Debt Service Reserve	49,630	74,321	24,691
Total Revenue Requirements Less Revenue Requirement Offsets:	5,025,267	6,484,706	1,459,439
Interest Income	(13,029)	(25,630)	(12,601)
Tap Fees	(13,02)	(63,582)	(63,582)
Other Income	_	(05,502)	-
Miscellaneous Income	(51,680)	(47,239)	4,441
Net Revenue Requirement	\$ 4,960,558	\$ 6,348,255	\$ 1,387,697
Revenues at current rates subject to increase Other revenues not subject to increase		5,049,059	
Total Revenues		5,049,059	
Less: Revenue Requirement in Last Rate Case		(4,960,558)	
Revenue Over (Under)		\$ 88,501	
Net Revenue Requirement Increase			\$ 1,387,697
Revenue Increase Requested			\$ 1,299,196
-			\$ 88,501