FILED
September 27, 2023
INDIANA UTILITY
REGULATORY COMMISSION

STATE OF INDIANA

INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

VERIFIED PETITION OF INDIANAPOLIS POWER &) LIGHT COMPANY D/B/A AES INDIANA ("AES) INDIANA") AND AES PIKE COUNTY ENERGY STORAGE, LLC FOR (1) APPROVAL OF A STAND-ALONE BATTERY ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM PROJECT AT PETERSBURG STATION ("PIKE COUNTY **INCLUDING** PROJECT"), \mathbf{A} **JOINT VENTURE STRUCTURE** BETWEEN AN **AES INDIANA** SUBSIDIARY AND ONE OR MORE TAX EQUITY PARTNERS AND A CAPACITY AGREEMENT AND CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCES BETWEEN AES INDIANA AND THE AES SUBSIDIARY PROJECT COMPANY THAT HOLDS THE PIKE COUNTY PROJECT, AS A CLEAN ENERGY PROJECT AND ASSOCIATED TIMELY COST RECOVERY UNDER IND. CODE § 8-1-8.8-11; (2) APPROVAL OF ACCOUNTING AND RATEMAKING FOR THE PIKE COUNTY PROJECT, **INCLUDING** AN**ALTERNATIVE** REGULATORY PLAN UNDER IND. CODE § 8-1-2.5-6 TO FACILITATE AES INDIANA'S INVESTMENT IN THE PROJECT THROUGH A JOINT VENTURE; ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER PURSUANT TO IND. CODE § 8-1-2.5-5 DECLINING TO EXERCISE JURISDICTION OVER THE JOINT VENTURE, INCLUDING THE PROJECT COMPANY, AS A PUBLIC UTILITY AND DECLINING TO EXERCISE JURISDICTION UNDER TO IND. CODE § 8-1-8.5-2; AND (4) TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY, ISSUANCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY PURSUANT TO IND. CODE § 8-1-8.5-2 FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PIKE COUNTY PROJECT BY A WHOLLY OWNED **AES INDIANA SUBSIDIARY**)

OFFICIAL EXHIBITS

PETITIONER'S

CAUSE NO. 45920

PETITIONER'S SUBMISSION OF REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF G. AARON COOPER

Indianapolis Power & Light Company d/b/a AES Indiana ("AES Indiana" or "Petitioner"),

by counsel, hereby submits the rebuttal testimony and attachments of G. Aaron Cooper.

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that a copy of the foregoing was served this 27th day of September, 2023, by electronic transmission, upon the following:

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DMS 27813574v1

VERIFIED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

G. AARON COOPER

ON BEHALF OF

INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

D/B/A AES INDIANA

CAUSE NO. 45920

VERIFIED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF G. AARON COOPER ON BEHALF OF AES INDIANA

1 Q1. Please state your name, employer, and business address. My name is G. Aaron Cooper. I am employed by AES U.S. Services, LLC, the service 2 A1. company of Indianapolis Power & Light Company d/b/a AES Indiana ("AES Indiana" or 3 4 "Company"). My business address is One Monument Circle, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204. 5 What is your position with AES Indiana? Q2. 6 A2. I am Chief Commercial Officer, US Utilities. 7 Q3. Are you the same G. Aaron Cooper that filed direct testimony on behalf of AES 8 Indiana in this Cause? 9 A3. Yes. What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony? 10 O4. 11 My testimony focuses on certain matters raised in the testimony filed on behalf of the A4. OUCC. More specifically, I address: 12 The OUCC recommendation for a firm cost cap on the Project set to AES Indiana's 13 14 investment in the Pike Project, including carrying charges. Pub. Ex. 1 at 1, 2, 10, 11-15 2; Pub. Ex. 2 at 1-2. 16 • The OUCC recommendation that battery augmentation of the BESS be guaranteed to 17 maintain capacity at a minimum of 190 MW x 4 hours for the 20-year term of the

CfD. Pub. Ex. 1 at 10, 12; Pub. Ex. 3 at 5, 10-11.

¹ Absence of a response to every issue raised in the OUCC's testimony does not mean I agree with the OUCC on those issues.

- The OUCC recommendation that the final CfD should include a decommissioning plan and the estimated associated costs must be included and supported by a financial instrument to be posted when the Pike Project begins commercial operation. Pub. Ex. 1 at 1, 2, 10, 12; Pub. Ex. 3 at 9, 11.
 - The OUCC recommendation that evidence of insurance be required that will pay for the replacement of the battery to its initial capacity and clean-up for the life of the CfD in the event of a thermal incident. Pub. Ex. 3 at 7, 11.
 - The OUCC recommendation that AES Indiana conduct BESS safety and fire training annually with the local fire department and Pike County Emergency Management for the term of the CfD. Pub. Ex. 1 at 12; Pub. Ex. 3 at 7, 11.
 - The OUCC's comparison and characterization of Project costs. Pub. Ex. 1 at 7-10.
- I conclude my testimony with rebuttal to the OUCC's recommendations to the Commission.
- 14 Q5. Does your testimony include any attachments?
- 15 A5. Yes. My testimony includes the following:

AES Indiana Attachment GAC-1R	AES Indiana's response to OUCC DR 2-5
AES Indiana Confidential Attachment GAC-2R	Confidential Attachments to OUCC DR 2-5 (in pdf format)

- 16 Q6. Were these attachments prepared or assembled by you or under your direction?
- 17 A6. Yes.

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I. COST RECOVERY CAP

19 Q7. Please summarize the OUCC recommendation regarding the proposed cost cap.

- 1 A7. The OUCC recommends a firm cost cap on the Project set to AES Indiana's investment in 2 the Pike Project, including carrying charges, after the tax-equity partner has made its 3 contribution, to protect customers from further increasing costs. Pub. Ex. 1 at 1, 2, 10, 11-4 2; Pub. Ex. 2 at 1-2.
 - Q8. Should the Commission adopt the OUCC's proposed cost cap?

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- A8. No. Please see AES Indiana witness Rogers's rebuttal testimony for the policy reasons as to why the Commission should not adopt the OUCC's proposed cost cap. As described in AES Indiana witness Rogers's rebuttal testimony, the OUCC recommendations appear ambiguous, specifically regarding whether the OUCC seeks to disallow future capital investment and O&M costs, including safety training, insurance, and augmentation.
- 11 As I discuss below, AES Indiana, through its subsidiaries, will manage and operate the 12 Project. The management of the Project will require the Company, through its subsidiaries, 13 to prudently maintain and operate the BESS. As detailed in AES Indiana Witness DSP 14 Confidential Workpaper 2, AES Indiana has reasonably included the future operating cost 15 in the PVRR analysis. As described in AES Indiana witness Powers's direct testimony (pp. 17-18), the Project has the lowest PVRR per MW UCAP across the other projects 16 17 included in Phase 3 of the RFP. Therefore, the Commission should not adopt a cost cap 18 that would preclude the Company from recovering prudently incurred costs that are 19 necessary to safely and reliably operate the Project.

II. BATTERY AUGMENTATION AND PROJECT PROGRESS REPORTS

Q9. Please summarize the OUCC's recommendation regarding battery augmentation and
 project progress reports.

- 1 A9. The OUCC recommends battery augmentation of the BESS be required for the 20-year
- 2 term of the CfD to maintain capacity at a minimum of 190 MW/4 hours. Pub. Ex. 1 at 10,
- 3 12; Pub. Ex. 3 at 5, 10-11.
- The OUCC also recommends AES Indiana be required to provide progress reports to the
- 5 Commission and the OUCC regarding the Project and its battery augmentations on a
- 6 periodic basis. Pub. Ex. 3 at 5, 11.
- 7 Q10. Please respond to the OUCC's proposal to require battery augmentation to maintain
- 8 a minimum level of capacity.
- 9 A10. AES Indiana already plans to complete battery augmentation throughout the life of the
- Project to maintain 200 MW/4 hours of capacity at 80% depth of discharge, which is 190
- MW/4 hours of MISO accredited capacity in all four seasons. The Company explained
- this in its response to OUCC DR 2-5. This discovery response, a copy of which is included
- with my rebuttal testimony, demonstrates that the Company recognizes the need for
- augmentation and is properly planning for this work.²
- These augmentations will be required for the Project to continue to maintain the 200 MW/4
- hours of capacity at 80% depth of discharge and the corresponding 190 MW of MISO
- 17 capacity value in all four MISO capacity market seasons. As shown by AES Indiana
- 18 Confidential Attachment GAC-2R, AES Indiana expects these augmentation events to
- 19 occur in . The exact timing of the augmentation events will
- depend on the operational characteristics of the BESS, such as the degradation levels of
- 21 the batteries. Therefore, the Commission should conclude it is unnecessary for the

² AES Indiana's response to OUCC DR 2-5 is attached to my rebuttal testimony as <u>AES Indiana Confidential Attachment GAC-1R</u>.

1		Commission to order the Company to perform periodic augmentation. Should the
2		Commission conclude otherwise, I would add that any direction from the Commission on
3		this topic should not be overly prescriptive; to conclude otherwise may inadvertently limit
4		operational flexibility over the life of the Project.
5	Q11.	Is the estimated cost of augmentation included in the economic analysis supporting
6		the Project?
7	A11.	Yes. The estimated cost of augmentation is reasonably included in the Project PVRR
8		analysis I discuss above.
9	Q12.	Should the Commission adopt the OUCC proposal regarding periodic progress
10		reports for the Project?
11	A12.	No. AES Indiana continues to believe that the value of ongoing reporting requirements
12		should be balanced with the cost to the Company of compiling the information and the
13		associated need for the Commission to devote resources to review the reported information.
14		Augmentation will be performed in the future. I provide the expected augmentation
15		schedule, which is confidential, above. The OUCC testimony does not explain what
16		additional information it expects the Company to report on. While I understand the
17		OUCC's desire to remain apprised of the operations of the Project, it is unreasonable to
18		impose an indefinite project reporting requirement due to the newness of a resource type.
19		BESS resources may no longer be considered a "new" resource type at some point during
20		the Project's 20-year life.
21		If the Commission desires additional information on this subject it could solicit it during
22		the ongoing operation of the Project. Also, the capacity value of the Project will be

reflected annually in the annual report that AES Indiana is required to file with the

2 Commission pursuant to Ind. Code § 8-1-8.5-13(l). (i.e., HEA 1520 Report).

That said, should the Commission determine that a reporting requirement should be adopted in this docket, AES Indiana proposes that the Company be directed to provide an annual progress report regarding the status of the Project and its augmentation beginning one year following the Commercial Operation Date of the Project and concluding one year after the first augmentation of the BESS. The report could be submitted as a compliance filing under this docket (subject to the protection of confidential information). This approach will reasonably balance the value of the reports with the cost of complying with the reporting requirement.

III. DECOMMISSIONING AND FIRE SAFETY

- Q13. Please summarize the OUCC recommendation regarding the requirement of a decommissioning plan for the Project.
- 14 A13. The OUCC recommends that the final CfD should include a decommissioning plan and the
 15 estimated associated costs must be included and supported by a financial instrument to be
 16 posted when the Pike Project begins commercial operation. Pub. Ex. 1 at 1, 2, 10, 12; Pub.
- 17 Ex. 3 at 9, 11.

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- 18 Q14. Do you agree with this recommendation?
- A14. No. AES Indiana is a public utility. AES Indiana, through its subsidiaries, will manage and operate the Project. Therefore, as the managing member of the Project, AES Indiana will be responsible for the decommissioning activities associated with the Project. AES
- Indiana witnesses Rogers and Illyes also address this OUCC recommendation.

- 1 Q15. Please summarize the OUCC recommendation regarding insurance for the Project.
- 2 A15. The OUCC recommends that evidence of insurance be required that will pay for the
- 3 replacement of the BESS to its initial capacity and clean-up for the life of the CfD in the
- 4 event of a thermal incident. Pub. Ex. 3 at 7, 11.

5 Q16. Should the Commission adopt this proposal?

- 6 No. As I stated above, AES Indiana, through its subsidiaries, will prudently manage and 7 operate the Project. As part of this prudent management and operation, AES Indiana, 8 through its subsidiaries, already plans to procure insurance to protect its customers in the 9 event of a thermal incident. The expected cost of such insurance was reflected in the PVRR 10 analysis of the Project presented in AES Indiana witness Powers's direct testimony. See 11 AES Indiana Witness DSP Confidential Workpaper 2. Therefore, a Commission 12 requirement for AES Indiana to provide evidence of insurance that will pay for the 13 replacement of the battery to its initial capacity and clean-up for the life of the CfD in the 14 event of a thermal incident is unnecessary and overly prescriptive. I would add that any 15 direction from the Commission on this topic should not be overly prescriptive; to conclude 16 otherwise may inadvertently limit the Company's ability to act in the best interest of its 17 customers should the Project experience a thermal incident.
- 18 Q17. Please summarize the OUCC recommendation regarding fire safety training.
- 19 A17. The OUCC recommends AES Indiana conduct BESS safety and fire training annually with
- 20 the local fire department and Pike County Emergency Management for the term of the CfD.
- 21 Pub. Ex. 1 at 12; Pub. Ex. 3 at 7, 11.

Q18. Please respond to this recommendation.

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As a general matter, the Company does not oppose coordination with local first responders. 2 A18. 3 AES Indiana, through its subsidiaries, will prudently manage and operate the Project, which requires compliance with all federal, state, local, and other relevant safety 4 requirements throughout the life of the Project. As I explained in my direct testimony (pp. 5 25-26) and AES Indiana explained in its response to OUCC DR 1-14 (Pub. Ex. 3, 6 7 Attachment RS-1), the Project will comply with House Enrolled Act ("HEA") 1173 (2023). 8 AES Indiana's response to OUCC DR 1-14 further details the Project's expected plan to 9 comply with HEA 1173, including compliance with the National Fire Protection 10 Association's standards for energy storage systems, submission of an emergency response 11 plan to the local fire department in or around the fourth quarter of 2023, and training to the 12 local fire department in or around the second quarter of 2024 during the construction stage 13 of the Project before starting commissioning activities. The Company expects to continue 14 to engage on an as needed basis with the local fire department to keep the emergency 15 response plan, including training, updated. The OUCC testimony acknowledges HEA 16 1173 already directs how this subject should be addressed. See Pub. Ex. 3 at 7. The OUCC 17 testimony fails to adequately justify an additional Commission effort to alter the structure so recently adopted by the General Assembly. 18 19 To the extent the Commission requires AES Indiana to conduct fire safety training 20 requirements beyond existing federal, state, local, and other relevant safety requirements, 21 AES Indiana should be allowed to defer and timely recover the costs associated with 22 additional regulatory mandate regarding the conduct of such training.

IV. PROJECT COST COMPARISON

- 2 Q19. On pp. 7-10 of his testimony, OUCC witness Hanks compares the CfD capacity fixed-
- price of \$\frac{1}{k}W\text{-month to MISO Zone 6 market value of CONE in the 2022/2023}
- 4 PRA of \$7.21/kW-month. Is this an appropriate comparison to make?
- 5 A19. No. These values are not an equivalent ("apples-to-apples") representation of the cost of capacity \$/kW-month.
- 7 Q20. Please elaborate.

- 8 A20. The CFD fixed capacity price is a financial instrument used in lieu of a Power Purchase 9 Agreement that "allows AES Indiana to utilize the tax benefits of the Pike Project for the 10 benefit of AES Indiana's customers." (Cooper Direct at 31). The OUCC comparison 11 disregards other valuable attributes of the project that financially benefit AES customers 12 as opposed to a capacity purchase. There is a value that accrues to customers through the 13 FAC for energy arbitrage, i.e., charging the BESS with relatively lower priced market 14 energy and discharging the BESS at times when the energy has a higher value in the market 15 due to system demand – there is no such value under a MISO capacity market purchase. 16 The Project will also receive revenue for providing MISO ancillary services and that value 17 will be passed through to customers. Finally, customers will receive credit through the 18 FAC for cash distributions under the Joint Venture, LLCA, as I explained in my direct 19 testimony, Q/A 57 and Figure 1 (pp. 33-34). These benefits are not considered in the /kW-month fixed capacity price under the CfD making the \$ /kW-month an 20 21 incomplete value to compare to MISO Zone 6 market value of CONE.
- 22 Q21. Are there other reasons why it is inappropriate to make this comparison?

Making this comparison assumes that it would be reasonable for AES Indiana to rely on the MISO market for capacity in the long-term as opposed to obtaining capacity through an asset transfer arrangement, like the Pike Project, or a Purchase Power Agreement ("PPA"). This approach is at odds with AES Indiana's strategy for capacity planning which is guided by the IURC and the State. In the IRP planning process, AES Indiana targets meeting 100% of its capacity obligation (seasonal peak loads + MISO reserve margin) through firm capacity from supply-side (through Asset Transfer Agreements or PPAs) and demand side resources. Pursuant to 170 IAC 4-7-8(c)(5), utilities in Indiana are tasked with conducting "[a]n analysis showing the preferred resource portfolio utilizes supplyside resources and demand-side resources that safely, reliably, efficiently, and costeffectively meets the electric system demand taking cost, risk, and uncertainty into consideration." Relying on MISO capacity market transactions in the long-term puts AES Indiana customers at risk for market price volatility and reliability issues due to insufficient capacity planning. The OUCC suggestion that the Pike Project is expensive lacks merit because it rests on this flawed comparison. The appropriate comparison to make is to compare the Pike Project to other capacity projects available in the market for delivery by 2025 using the PVRR per MW UCAP as the evaluation metric. AES Indiana conducted this analysis in Phase 3 of its RFP process. Ultimately, the OUCC agrees with AES Indiana's conclusion from the Phase 3 analysis that the project has a "favorable PVRR per MW UCAP compared to other projects received in the RFPs." (Pub. Ex. 1 at 12-13). The Pike Project provides AES Indiana with a least cost option for acquiring firm capacity to meet its capacity obligation by 2025.

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V. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

My testimony has addressed and refuted material claims and recommendations made by

- Q22. Please summarize your testimony and conclusions.
- 4 the OUCC witnesses. The OUCC recommendation for the Commission to impose a firm 5 cost cap on the Project should not be adopted. The OUCC recommendations for the 6 Commission to require augmentations of the BESS to maintain a minimum capacity level 7 and associated reporting are unnecessary and overly prescriptive. The OUCC 8 recommendations regarding decommissioning, insurance and safety training should be 9 rejected. These recommendations fail to properly recognize that AES Indiana is a fully 10 regulated Indiana public utility, and as stated above, that AES Indiana will be responsible 11 for managing the Project, including its ongoing operation and decommissioning. 12 Therefore, the OUCC recommendations should be rejected. Should the Commission 13 impose additional training or other requirements AES Indiana should be allowed to defer and timely recover the costs associated with complying with the regulatory mandate. 14 15 Finally, the OUCC's suggestion that the Pike Project is expensive rests on a flawed analysis and should be rejected. It is the Company's reasonable judgment that the Pike Project is 16 17 a reasonable, least cost choice to fulfill AES Indiana's near-term capacity need. The 18 Commission should approve AES Indiana's development of the Pike Project as a Clean

Energy Project and the associated accounting and ratemaking relief, as proposed by the

Company so that the Company may proceed with the Project.

Does this conclude your pre-filed rebuttal testimony?

22 A23. Yes.

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VERIFICATION

I, G. Aaron Cooper, AES US Services, LLC Chief Commercial Officer, US Utilities, affirm under penalties for perjury that the foregoing representations are true to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Dated: September 27, 2023.

G. Aaron Cooper

Data Request OUCC DR 2 - 5

Will a management or operating agreement require maintenance or augmentation of the battery system to maintain a minimum level of available capacity? If so, what is the expected minimum?

Objection:

AES Indiana objects to the Request on the grounds and to the extent it is vague and ambiguous, particularly with respect to the phrase "management or operating agreement." Subject to and without waiver of the foregoing objections, AES Indiana provides the following response.

Response:

AES Indiana interprets the phrase "management agreement or operating agreement" to mean agreements between AES Indiana and the tax equity partner. The project has been designed, including augmentation events, to maintain 200 MW of capacity at 80% Depth of Discharge. The PVRR analysis sponsored by AES Indiana witness Powers includes the cost of augmentation events levelized across all years in the fixed O&M. Please see OUCC DR 2-5 Confidential Attachment 1 for the planned augmentation events. The expected degradation curve of the battery of the augmentation, if not performed, is included in OUCC DR 2-5 Confidential Attachment 2.

AES Indiana Confidential Attachment GAC-2R

AES Indiana's Response to OUCC DR 2-5 Confidential Attachments 1 and 2

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