FILED February 13, 2019 INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

## STATE OF INDIANA

## INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

PETITION OF NORTHERN INDIANA PUBLIC ) SERVICE COMPANY LLC PURSUANT TO IND. ) CODE §§ 8-1-42.7,8-1-2-61 AND IND. CODE § 8-1-2.5-6 FOR (1) AUTHORITY TO MODIFY ITS RATES AND ) CHARGES FOR ELECTRIC UTILITY SERVICE THROUGH A PHASE IN OF RATES; (2) APPROVAL OF NEW SCHEDULES OF RATES AND CHARGES, ) GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS, AND ) **RIDERS; (3) APPROVAL OF REVISED COMMON** ) **ELECTRIC DEPRECIATION** AND RATES APPLICABLE TO ITS ELECTRIC PLANT IN ) SERVICE; (4) APPROVAL OF NECESSARY AND ) **APPROPRIATE ACCOUNTING RELIEF; AND (5)** ) APPROVAL OF A NEW SERVICE STRUCTURE FOR ) INDUSTRIAL RATES.

**CAUSE NO. 45159** 

### INDIANA OFFICE OF UTILITY CONSUMER COUNSELOR

### **TESTIMONY OF**

#### NEHA MEDHEKAR - PUBLIC'S EXHIBIT NO. 2

#### **FEBRUARY 13, 2019**

Respectfully submitted,

Jeffrey M. Reed Attorney No. 11651-49 Deputy Consumer Counselor

## TESTIMONY OF OUCC WITNESS NEHA MEDHEKAR CAUSE NO. 45159 NORTHERN INDIANA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY LLC

## I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

1	Q:	Please state your name, business address, and employment capacity.
2	A:	My name is Neha Medhekar, and my business address is 115 W. Washington St.,
3		Suite 1500 South, Indianapolis, IN, 46204. I am employed by the Indiana Office
4		of Utility Consumer Counselor ("OUCC") as a Utility Analyst II in the Electric
5		Division. My qualifications are set forth in Appendix A to this testimony.
6	Q:	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
7	A:	I present the OUCC's analysis of (1) pro forma tax adjustments made by Northern
8		Indiana Public Service Company LLC ("NIPSCO" or "Petitioner") and (2)
9		NIPSCO's request to exclude Utility Receipts Tax ("URT") from base rates. I also
10		explain and support specific adjustments to NIPSCO's proposed federal and state
11		income tax expense and total taxes other than income. I do not address excess
12		accumulated deferred income taxes, as OUCC witness Wes Blakley provides
13		testimony and makes recommendations on this issue.
14	Q:	What have you done to evaluate NIPSCO's request in this Cause?
15	A:	I reviewed NIPSCO's federal and state income tax expense and taxes other than
16		income expense adjustments as presented in the testimony of NIPSCO witnesses
17		Michael McCuen, Jennifer Shikany, and Clifton Scott. I also reviewed NIPSCO's
18		testimony describing its proposed change to how URT is reflected in the revenue
19		requirement and on customers' bills. I prepared discovery and reviewed NIPSCO's

1	responses. Finally, I participated in an audit on December 18 and 19, 2018 at
2	NIPSCO's Merrillville office.

## II. TAX REFORM

# Q: Does NIPSCO's filing include ratepayer benefits resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA")?

A: Yes. The testimony of Mr. McCuen discusses proposed adjustments to reflect
various tax rate changes in NIPSCO's revenue requirement, including the most
recent TCJA, which reduced the federal corporate income tax rate to 21%. Because
the TCJA resulted in a federal tax decrease from 35% to 21%, NIPSCO has excess
deferred taxes. The excess deferred tax between the 35% rates and the current 21%
rate are being returned to the customer over the remaining life of the assets.<sup>1</sup>

## **III. ADJUSTMENTS FOR TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME**

#### 11 **Q**: Please describe the major components of NIPSCO's tax expenses other than 12 income tax. NIPSCO's tax expenses, other than income taxes, consist of property taxes, payroll 13 A: 14 taxes, public utility fees, and utility receipts taxes.<sup>2</sup> 15 What is the level of forecasted tax expenses, other than income taxes, included **O**: by NIPSCO in this filing? 16 17 In this filing, NIPSCO's total forecasted tax expenses ending December 31, 2019, A: 18 other than income taxes, is \$66,011,931. This includes the following: 19 Property Tax amount of \$28,509,727; 20 Payroll Tax amount of \$11,110,694; ٠

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Direct Testimony of Michael D. McCuen, Page 7, Lines 9-18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Direct Testimony of Clifton Scott, page 31, lines 6-7.

1		• Sales Tax amount of \$0;			
2	• Utility Receipt Tax amount of \$24,450,134; and				
3		• Public Utility Fee amount of \$1,941,376. <sup>3</sup>			
4	Prope	rty Tax			
5 6	Q:	What was NIPSCO's 2017 actual property tax expenses and 2018 forecasted property tax expenses?			
7	A:	NIPSCO's actual property tax expense for 2017 was \$23,200,261, and NIPSCO's			
8		forecasted property tax expenses for 2018 was \$25,600,180.4			
9 10	Q:	Why is NIPSCO proposing an increase in forecasted 2018 and 2019 property tax expenses compared to its 2017 actual property tax expenses?			
11	A:	Mr. Scott stated in his testimony that the forecasted property tax expenses increase			
12		in 2018 and in 2019 compared to 2017 actual property tax expenses is primarily			
13		related to the increase in assessed value resulting from property additions. <sup>5</sup>			
14 15	Q:	Are NIPSCO's forecasted property tax expenses of \$25,600,180 for 2018 and \$28,509,727 for 2019 reasonable?			
16	A:	Yes. I reviewed and analyzed the workpapers submitted by NIPSCO related to its			
17		calculation of property tax expenses, which show forecasted property additions.			
18		According to NIPSCO's workpapers, these property additions are related to its			
19		trackers, Transmission, Distribution, and Storage System Improvement Charge			
20		("TDSIC"), and planned repairs. The increase in property additions matches the			
21		increase in taxes. <sup>6</sup>			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>*Id.* at 32, Table 9. *See also* Direct Testimony of Jennifer L. Shikany, Attachment 4-B-S2, OTX Module.
<sup>4</sup> *Id.* Attachment 4-B-S2, OTX Module
<sup>5</sup> Direct Testimony of Clifton Scott, page 32, lines 10-12 through page 33, line 1.
<sup>6</sup> See Attachment NM-1.

1 2	Q:	Did Petitioner make any adjustments to remove Multi Value Project ("MVP") property taxes?
3	A:	Yes. According to Ms. Shikany, and consistent with the Indiana Utility Regulatory
4		Commission's ("Commission") Order in Cause No. 44156 RTO-1, Petitioner
5		removed all property tax expenses associated with MVPs from the revenue
6		requirement in this case:
7		Adjustment OTX 1-19R is to decrease Forward Test Year property
8		tax expenses in the amount of \$1,639,717 to remove MVP property
9		taxes. By its August 22, 2012 Order in Cause 44156-RTO-1, the
10		Commission authorized NIPSCO to retain 100% of the MISO
11		Schedule 26-A revenues associated with NIPSCO's construction of
12		MVP projects and exclude MVP projects constructed by NIPSCO
13		from NIPSCO's state retail jurisdictional rate base for the purpose
14		of state ratemaking. As discussed above NIPSCO has excluded the
15		MVP revenues (Adjustment REV 10-19R) and related operation and
16		maintenance expenses (Adjustment OM 2M-19R) from its state
17		jurisdictional operating expenses in this proceeding. As I discuss
18		below in Adjustment RB 2-19R, NIPSCO will also remove MVP
19		assets from its state jurisdictional rate base in this proceeding.
20		NIPSCO Witness McCuen discusses this adjustment. If this
21		adjustment is not included, the Forward Test Year electric property
22		tax expenses would be overstated. <sup>7</sup>
23	Payr	oll Tax
24	Q:	Does NIPSCO make an adjustment to its forecasted 2019 payroll tax expense

#### 24 Q: Does NIPSCO make an adjus 25 of \$11,110,6948?

- 26 A: Yes. NIPSCO adjusted its forecasted 2019 payroll tax expense by \$524,989 to
- 27 reflect total company payroll tax expense of \$15,872,419 adjusted for an
   28 approximate 66.69%<sup>9</sup> allocation to electric service. This adjustment, reduces

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Direct Testimony of Jennifer Shikany, page 85, lines 12-18 through page 86, lines 1-7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> NIPSCO's total company forecasted 2019 payroll tax expense of \$15,872,419 multiplied by its budgeted electric service allocation of approximately 70.00%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> NIPSCO's actual 2017 payroll tax expense electric service allocation.

1		NIPSCO's proposed payroll tax expense to \$10,585,705. <sup>10</sup> The payroll tax amount		
2		is based on operation and maintenance ("O&M") labor expense of \$137,286,085.11		
3 4	Q:	Does your calculation of payroll tax expense match NIPSCO's proposed payroll tax expense amount?		
5	A:	No. Reflecting OUCC witness Michael Eckert's adjustment to O&M labor expense,		
6		my calculation of payroll tax expense is \$10,068,480. Therefore, I recommend		
7		NIPSCO's proposed payroll tax expense amount be reduced by \$517,225.12		
8	Publi	ic Utility Fee		
9	Q:	Did you make an adjustment to NIPSCO's calculation of the public utility fee?		
10	A:	No. NIPSCO's calculation of public utility fee, shown in its workpapers, is		
11		consistent with the Commission's 2018 Annual Report which provided the 2018-		
12		2019 public utility fee billing rate as 0.001202040. Attachment NM-4 shows the		
13		Commission's 2018 Annual Report.		
		IV. <u>CHANGES RELATED TO UTILITY RECEIPTS TAX</u>		
14 15	Q:	Please explain NIPSCO's proposal to remove utility receipts tax ("URT") from its base rates.		
16	A:	Mr. McCuen explains that NIPSCO is subject to a 1.4% URT on all receipts, except		
17		sales for resale and sales to federal government agencies. The URT is then grossed-		
18		up for income taxes and accounted for in the revenue requirement. Mr. McCuen		
19		further explains that if the Commission allows NIPSCO to separately state the URT		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> NIPSCO's total company forecasted 2019 payroll tax expense of \$15,872,419 multiplied by its actual 2017 electric service allocation of approximately 66.69%. Also see Attachment NM-2, NIPSCO's Workpaper OTX 2, Page [.8].

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Id., Attachment 4-B-S2, OTX Module & O&M Module.
 <sup>12</sup> See Attachment NM-3& Direct testimony of Michael Eckert's testimony, Schedule MDE-5, Page 4 &13.

1		on customer bills, NIPSCO will meet all three requirements of Ind. Code § 6-2.3-
2		3-4(a). <sup>13</sup> NIPSCO proposes to remove the URT from its revenue requirement,
3		thereby eliminating the gross-up. NIPSCO also proposes to separately state URT
4		as a line item on customer bills. <sup>14</sup>
5	Q:	Will NIPSCO's customers benefit from removing URT from base rates?
6	A:	Yes. Customer rates are based upon NIPSCO's revenue requirement, including the
7		tax gross-up. On page 14 of his testimony, Mr. McCuen indicates removing URT
8		from the tax gross-up calculation has an estimated benefit to NIPSCO's ratepayers
9		of approximately \$500,000.15
10	Q:	Does the OUCC object to NIPSCO's proposal regarding URT?
10 11	<b>Q:</b> A:	<b>Does the OUCC object to NIPSCO's proposal regarding URT?</b> No. Given the reduction to the gross-up created by separating URT, the public
	-	
11	-	No. Given the reduction to the gross-up created by separating URT, the public
11 12	-	No. Given the reduction to the gross-up created by separating URT, the public interest is served by NIPSCO's proposal. An additional benefit of NIPSCO's
11 12 13	-	No. Given the reduction to the gross-up created by separating URT, the public interest is served by NIPSCO's proposal. An additional benefit of NIPSCO's proposal is the added transparency resulting from URT shown as a separate line
11 12 13 14	-	No. Given the reduction to the gross-up created by separating URT, the public interest is served by NIPSCO's proposal. An additional benefit of NIPSCO's proposal is the added transparency resulting from URT shown as a separate line item on customer bills. Considering these benefits, the OUCC does not object to
11 12 13 14 15 16	A:	No. Given the reduction to the gross-up created by separating URT, the public interest is served by NIPSCO's proposal. An additional benefit of NIPSCO's proposal is the added transparency resulting from URT shown as a separate line item on customer bills. Considering these benefits, the OUCC does not object to NIPSCO's proposal to remove URT from its revenue requirement. What will be the effect on NIPSCO's revenue requirement if the Commission

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> (a) Gross receipts do not include collections by a taxpayer of a tax, fee, or surcharge imposed by a state, a political subdivision, or the United States if:

<sup>(1)</sup> the tax, fee, or surcharge is imposed solely on the sale at retail of utility services:

<sup>(2)</sup> the tax, fee, or surcharge is remitted to the appropriate taxing authority; and

<sup>(3)</sup> the taxpayer collects the tax, fee, or surcharge separately as an addition to the price of the utility service sold.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See Direct Testimony of Michael D. McCuen, Page 13, lines 17-18 through page 14, lines 1-3.
 <sup>15</sup> Id. at 14, line 19-20.

1		than income. This would increase NIPSCO's current proposed revenue requirement
2		amount. NIPSCO is requesting that retail electric rates be designed to recover,
3		through base rates, the gross retail electric revenue amount of \$1,545,815,189.16
4		This revenue amount would change to \$1,578,810,172 if URT is included in the
5		revenue requirement.
		V. <u>STATE INCOME TAX EXPENSES</u>
6	Q:	Please explain NIPSCO's adjustment to the state income tax rate.
7	A:	In its filing, NIPSCO used a state income tax rate of 5.625%, which is a blend of
8		the 5.75% state income tax rate effective as of July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 and
9		the 5.5% rate that will be in effect when the rates approved in this proceeding go
10		into effect. <sup>17</sup>
11	Q:	Do you oppose NIPSCO's calculated state income tax rate?
12	A:	No. Blending the income tax rates from July 2018 and July 2019 is a reasonable
13		approach to addressing NIPSCO's forward looking test period in this case, and sets
14		an appropriate state income tax expense going forward. My Attachment NM-5
15		shows the state income tax rate history, which matches NIPSCO's proposed state
16		income tax rate.
17	Q:	Please explain your adjustment to the state income tax expenses.
18	A:	Any adjustment to income results in an adjustment to income tax expense.
19		Therefore, as a result of the OUCC's proposed adjustments to NIPSCO's revenue
20		requirement, Attachment NM-6 shows the effect of applying the blended state

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> *Id.*, Attachment 4-A-S2, Page 1, Line 2. <sup>17</sup>*Id.* at 9, lines 11-12.

1		income tax rate to the OUCC's proposed revenue requirement. This is a reduction
2		of \$573,729 from NIPSCO's proposed state income tax expenses. Likewise, the
3		OUCC's proposed revenue requirement adjustments result in a decrease in federal
4		income taxes of \$2,021,439. The resulting net reduction in income tax expenses is
5		\$2,595,168.
6	Q:	Please explain NIPSCO's adjustment for the excess state deferred tax.
7	A:	Mr. McCuen explained that the Indiana General Assembly has made a few changes
8		to the Adjusted Gross Income tax rates over the past several years, and that the 2014
9		decrease in the Adjusted Gross Income tax rate will be phased in over seven years.
10		According to McCuen testimony, page 10:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25		The Indiana General Assembly has made a few changes to the Adjusted Gross Income tax rates over the past several years, as follows: 2002: Increased rate from 4.5% to 8.5% 2011: Periodic decrease in rate from 8.5% to 6.5% by 2022 2014: Periodic decrease in rate from 6.5% to 4.9% by 2022 The 2014 decrease in the Adjusted Gross Income tax rate will be phased in over 7 years. The tax rate decreases each year on July 1. The deferred tax requirement changed in 2011 when the rate decreased to 6.5% and again in 2014 when the rate was reduced from 6.5% to 4.9%. These combined decreases in the tax rate resulted in excess state deferred taxes. During the Forward Test Year, the Company will incur state income taxes of \$3,584,216, as shown on Attachment 14-B (page 2, line 18), as a result of book in excess of tax deductions and excess deferred taxes. Similar to the federal excess and deficiency, recovery of the state income taxes occurs over the regulatory life of the assets.
26		In 2014, the Indiana State legislature passed a law that started stepping down the
27		rate from 8.5 to 4.9% by 2021. But prior to this Indiana's state rate was 3% between
28		1973 and 1986. In 1987 the rate step up to 3.4% thru 2002. In 2003 the rate jumped

1	up to 8.5% which have resulted in deficient deferred taxes. I have no objection to
2	NIPSCO's calculation of state excess deferred taxes.

## VI. <u>RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

- Q: What do you recommend with respect to NIPSCO's proposed taxes other than
   income, federal and state excess deferred taxes, changes to URT, and federal
   and state income tax expense?
- 6 A: I recommend the Commission:
- 7 1) Approve NIPSCO's proposed adjustment to property tax expense, public utility
- 8 fee, federal excess deferred taxes resulting from the TCJA, and state excess
  9 deferred taxes.
- 10 2) Approve NIPSCO's proposal to remove URT from its revenue requirement and
- 11 separately state URT as a line item on customer bills; given the customer
- 12 benefits it yields.
- Approve the OUCC's adjustment to payroll tax expense and federal and state
  income tax expenses as shown in my Attachments 3 and 6.
- 15 Q: Does this conclude your testimony?
- 16 A. Yes.

## **APPENDIX A**

1	Q:	Summarize your professional background and experience.
2	A:	I graduated from the University of Pune, India in 2007 with a Bachelor of
3		Commerce degree. In 2009, I received my MBA in Finance and International
4		Business Management from The University of Pune, India. In 2010 - 2012, I
5		worked as an Associate Professor with ATSS, University of Pune. In 2018, I
6		graduated from the Kelley School of Business at IUPUI with a Master of Science
7		in Taxation. During my course of study at IUPUI, I worked as a Tax Analyst Intern
8		at Indiana Department of Revenue. From 2016–2017, I worked as an Accountant-
9		Tax and Financial Accounting at Bering CPA Firm. I began my regulatory career
10		with the OUCC in 2018 as a Utility Analyst II in the Electric Division. I attended
11		"The Basics" Practical Regulatory Training for the Electric Industry, sponsored by
12		the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners ("NARUC") and the
13		New Mexico State University Center for Public Utilities, in Albuquerque, New
14		Mexico.
15	Q:	Have you previously testified before the Commission?
16	A:	Yes.
17	Q:	Describe some of your duties at the OUCC.
18	A:	I review Indiana utilities' requests for regulatory relief filed with the Commission.

I also prepare and present testimony based on my analyses, and makerecommendations to the Commission on behalf of Indiana utility consumers.

## Public Exhibit No. 2 Cause No. 45159 Attachment NM-1

## **Calculation of Property Tax Expenses**

	As per NIPSCO	As per OUCC
Total Assessed Value Personal and Real Property	\$1,360,301,595.60	\$ 1,360,301,596
Effective Tax Rate	2.1365%	2.1365%
Indiana Taxes on Personal and Real Property	\$29,062,844	\$29,062,843.59
Other Payments - Other States	130000	130000
Total NIPSCO - All states	29230000	29230000
CWIP Adjustment - Capitalized Tax	-725000	-725000
Net Expense	28505000	28505000
Property Tax Expense - Budgeted Jan-Dec 2019 Remove Nonjurisdiction Property Tax	28509726.62	28509726.62
MVP Property Tax	1634990.07	1634990.07
2019 Ratemaking Property Tax Expense	\$26,870,009.93	\$26,870,009.93
2019 Ratemaking Property Tax Expense	\$26,870,009.93	

## Pro-Forma 2019 Pay 2020 Plan

Calculation Date	7/11/2018
Assessed Value	2012535270
Tax	42998580
Effective Rate	2.13653796

## Public Exhibit No. 2 Cause No. 45159 Attachment NM-2

Workpaper OTX 2 Page [.8]

Northern Indiana Public Service Company LLC Taxes Other Than Income - Payroll Taxes Budget December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019

Line		Actual	Bud	get	
No.	Description	2017	2018	2019	2019R
	NIPSCO Total				
1	Payroll Tax Expense	\$ 15,022,306 <b>[.7]</b>	\$ 15,264,743	\$ 15,872,419 <b>C</b>	\$ 15,872,419 <b>C</b>
2	NIPSCO Electric Payroll Tax Expense (Line 1 X Line 3)	\$ 10,018,744 <b>[.7]</b> ,	A \$ 10,227,378 <b>[.1</b>	] \$ 11,110,694 [ <b>.1</b> ]	\$ 10,585,705 <b>[.1]</b>
3	Electric % Allocation	66.69% <b>[.7]</b> ,	B 67.00%	70.00%	66.69% <b>B</b>

## 

# Commission's Budget and 2018-2019 Public Utility Fee Calculation

Public Exhibit No. 2 Cause No. 45159 Attachment NM-4

2018-2019 Public Utility Fee Calculation

BILLABLE PORTION OF THE BUDGET		
<b>2018-2019 (FY19) BUDGET AS PASSED</b> Utility Regulatory Commission Utility Consumer Counselor Expert Witness Fund Contingency Fund	\$ 9,406,819.00 \$ 6,512,777.00 \$ 839,678.00 \$ 250,000.00	
Total 2018-2019 Budget		\$ 17,009,274.00
2017-2018 (FY18) BUDGET AUGMENTATIO Utility Regulatory Commission Utility Consumer Counselor	NS \$ \$	
2016-2017 (FY17) REVERSIONS Utility Regulatory Commission Utility Consumer Counselor Expert Witness Fund Contingency Fund Bond Fee Collections Municipal Fee Collections Other Revenue (FY16 PUF Fees received in FY17)	\$ 294,734.31 \$ 207,098.00 \$ 989,939.83 \$ 250,000.00 \$ 99,100.00 \$ 284,671.18 \$ 1,842.29	¢ 0, 407,005,04
Total 2016-2017 (FY17) Reversions		\$ 2 ,127,385.61
PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS Expert Witness Fund Reversion Pre-FY2017 Purchase Orders reduced in FY2017 Pipeline Safety Grant Revenue	\$ \$ 48,627.51 \$	
Total Adjustments		\$ 48,627.51
Billable Portion of the 2018-2019 (FY19) Budg	et	\$ 14,833,260.88
2017 UTILITY INTRA-STATE REVENUES Electric Utilities (44) Gas Utilities (20 Sewer Utilities (22) Telecommunication Utilities (189) Water Utilities (30) \$ 242,839,240.43	\$ 8,827,606,651.48 \$ 1,358,090,825.57 \$ 79,831,520.84 \$ 1,831,699,275.18	
Total Utility Intra-State Revenues		\$ 12,340,067,513.50
2018-2019 PUBLIC UTILITY FEE BILLING RA Billable Portion of the 2018-2019 Budget Divide by: Total 2017 Utility Intra-State Revenues	ATE \$ 14,833,260.88 \$ 12,340,067,513.50	
2018-2019 Public Utility Fee Billing Rate		0 .001202040

Public Exhibit No. 2 Cause No. 45159 Attachment NM-5

Indiana Department of Revenue (//dor/)

DOR (/DOR/INDEX.HTM) » BUSINESS TAX (/DOR/3335.HTM) » TAX RATES, FEES & PENALTIES (/DOR/3343.HTM) » CORPORATE TAX RATE HISTORY

#### CORPORATE TAX RATE HISTORY

Gross Income Tax (general corporations)

Month - Year	High Rate	Low Rate
05/1933 - 06/1963	1.00 %	.2500%
07/1963 - 03/1973	2.00%	.5000%
04/1973 - 12/1973	1.90%	.4750%
1974	1.80%	.4500%
1975	1.70%	.4250%
1976	1.60%	.4000%
1977	1.55%	.3875%
1978	1.50%	.3750%
1979	1.45%	.3623%
1980	1.40%	.3500%
1981	1.35%	.3375%
1982 - 1984	1.30%	.3250%
1985	1.25%	.3125%
1986 - 2002	1.20%	.3000%
2003	0%	0% (repealed Jan. 1, 2003)

Adjusted Gross Income Tax (general corporations, non-financial Institutions)

Month - Year	Rate
07/1963 - 1972	2.0%
1973 - 1986	3.0%
1987	3.2% (3.4% effective rate July 1, 1987)
07/1987 - 2002	3.4%
2003 - June 30, 2012	8.5%
July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2013	8%
July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2014	7.5%
July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015	7%
July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2016	6.5%
July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017	6.25%
July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018	6.0%
July 1, 2018 – June 30, 2019	5.75%
July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020	5.5%
July 1, 2020 – June 30, 2021	5.25%
July 1, 2021 -	4.9%

Supplemental Net Income Tax (all corporations, financial institutions until 1989)

Mor	nth - Year	Rate
197	'3 - 1974	2.0%
197	75 - 1976	2.5%
197	7 - 1980	3.0%
198	12 - 1986	4.0%
198	17 - 2002	4.5%
200		0% (repealed 01-01-2003)

Financial Institutions Tax (replaced former bank taxes)

Month - Year	Rate
1990 - 2013	8.5%
January 1, 2014 – December 31, 2014	8.0%
January 1, 2015 – December 31, 2015	7.5%
January 1, 2016 – December 31, 2016	7.0%
January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017	6.5%
January 1, 2018 – December 31, 2018	6.5%
January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2019	6.25%
January 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020	6.0%
January 1, 2021 – December 31, 2021	5.5%
January 1, 2022 – December 31, 2022	5.0%
January 1, 2023 and on	4.9%

#### Utility Receipts Tax (retail sales of utility services)

Month - Year	Rate	
2003 - Present	1.4%	
Utility Service Use Tax (use tax sales of utility services)		

Month - Year	Rate
2006 - Present	1.4%

#### **Online Services**

Check Your Refund (/dor/4339.htm)	INfreefile (Individual Income Tax) (http://www.in.gov/dor/4578.htm)
INtax (Business Taxes) (/dor/4336.htm)	Forms.IN.gov (http://www.in.gov/dor/forms.htm)
Pay Electronically (https://dorpay.dor.in.gov/)	Make a Payment Plan (http://www.intaxpay.in.gov)
Check Your Payment Status (https://dorpay.dor.in.gov/)	INBiz (https://www.inbiz.in.gov/BOS/Home/Index)
IFTA/MCFT Fuel Tax System (https://motorcarrier.dor.in.gov/loginHome.html)	IRP/BPR Processing (https://motorcarrier.dor.in.gov/loginHome.html)

OSW Permitting (https://motorcarrier.dor.in.gov/loginHome.html)

#### Northen Indiana Public Service Company, LLC (NIPSCO) Cause No. 45159

#### Determination of State Income Tax & Federal Income Tax

	As per Petitioner		Per OUCC
Description	Proforma Revenue	Tax	
	Deficiency	Rate	
Pre-Tax Income Before Income Taxes	\$111,019,175		(\$10,199,629)
(-) 5.625% State Income Tax Deductible	\$6,244,829	5.63%	(\$573,729)
Federal Taxable Income	\$104,774,346		(\$9,625,900)
Federal Income Taxes at 21%	\$22,002,612.75	21%	(\$2,021,438.97)
Increase in Net Operating Income (NOI Shortfall)	\$82,771,733.66		(\$7,604,460.90)
Total Taxes (Federal + State)	\$28,247,441.34		(\$2,595,168.10)

#### **Income Taxes**

Pro forma Results Based on New Service Structure	\$27,609,096.00
(LESS) OUCC Pro forma Adjustments	(\$14,314,120.00)
OUCC Pro Forma Present Rates	\$13,294,976.00
Pro forma Adjustments	(\$2,595,168.10)
Total Federal and State Taxes Based on Proposed Rates	\$10,699,807.90

Notes:

(1) See OUCC Witness Michael Eckert's testimony, (Exhibit 1), Schedule MDE-1, Page 2(2) See OUCC Witness Michael Eckert's testimony, (Exhibit 1), Schedule MDE-4, Page 2

(3) See OUCC Witness Michael Eckert's testimony, (Exhibit 1), Schedule MDE-5, Page 1

## AFFIRMATION

I affirm, under the penalties for perjury, that the foregoing representations are true.

Hedheter

Neha Medhekar Utility Analyst Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor

02 13 2019

Date

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

This is to certify that a copy of the INDIANA OFFICE OF UTILITY CONSUMER

## COUNSELOR'S TESTIMONY OF NEHA MEDHEKAR - PUBLIC'S EXHIBIT NO. 2 has

been served upon the following parties of record in the captioned proceeding by electronic service

on February 12, 2019.

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