

STATE OF INDIANA

FILED
February 1, 2021
INDIANA UTILITY
REGULATORY COMMISSION

#### INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY FOR APPROVAL OF A FUEL COST ADJUSTMENT FOR ELECTRIC SERVICE APPLICABLE FOR THE BILLING MONTHS OF APRIL 2021 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 2021 AND FOR APPROVAL OF RATEMAKING TREATMENT FOR COST OF WIND POWER PURCHASES PURSUANT TO CAUSE NOS. 43328, 43750, 44034, AND 44362

**CAUSE NO. 38702-FAC 86** 

PETITIONER'S

SUBMISSION OF DIRECT TESTIMONY OF <u>JEFFREY C. DIAL</u>

Petitioner, Indiana Michigan Power Company (I&M), by counsel, respectfully submits the direct testimony of Jeffrey C. Dial in this Cause.

Teresa Morton Nyhart (Atty. No. 14044-49)

Jeffrey M. Peabody (Atty No. 28000-53) Barnes & Thornburg LLP

11 South Meridian Street Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

Nyhart Phone:

(317) 231-7716

Peabody Phone:

(317) 231-6465

Fax:

(317) 231-7433

Email: <a href="mailto:tnyhart@btlaw.com">tnyhart@btlaw.com</a>
ipeabody@btlaw.com

Attorneys

for

Indiana

Michigan

Power

Company

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

The undersigned certifies that the foregoing was served upon the following via electronic email, hand delivery or First Class, or United States Mail, postage prepaid this 1st day of February, 2021 to:

Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor Office of Utility Consumer Counselor 115 West Washington Street Suite 1500 South Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 infomgt@oucc.in.gov Gregory T. Guerrettaz
Tina Banet
Financial Solutions Group, Inc.
2680 East Main Street, Suite 223
Plainfield, Indiana 46168
greg@fsgcorp.com
tina@fsgcorp.com

Courtesy copy to:

Anne E. Becker Lewis & Kappes, P.C. One American Square, Suite 2500, Indianapolis, Indiana 46282 abecker@lewis-kappes.com

and a courtesy copy to:

ATyler@lewis-kappes.com

ETennant@Lewis-kappes.com

Jeffrey M. Peabody

Teresa Morton Nyhart (No. 14044-49) Jeffrey M. Peabody (No. 28000-53) BARNES & THORNBURG LLP 11 South Meridian Street Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 Nyhart Phone: (317) 231-7716

Peabody Phone:

(317) 231-6465

Attorneys for INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY

DMS 19091548v1

# TESTIMONY OF JEFFREY C. DIAL ON BEHALF OF INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY IURC CAUSE NO. 38702-FAC86

1	Q.	Please state your name, position, and business address.
2	A.	My name is Jeffrey C. Dial. I am employed by the American Electric Power
3		Service Corporation (AEPSC), a subsidiary of American Electric Power
4		Company, Inc. (AEP), in the regulated Commercial Operations organization
5		as Director - Coal, Transportation and Reagent Procurement. My business
6		address is 1 Riverside Plaza, Columbus, Ohio 43215.
7	Q.	Please briefly state your educational background.
8	A.	I graduated from the University of Akron in 1983, with a degree in Accounting
9		and I am a Certified Public Accountant in the State of Ohio. I have also
10		participated in various management training and development programs
11		including the AEP Management Development Executive Education program
12		provided by The Ohio State University Fisher College of Business.
13	Q.	Please briefly describe your professional background.
14	A.	In February 1984, I was hired by AEPSC as an assistant auditor with the
15		responsibility for conducting operational and financial audits of the various
16		AEPSC and third party entities. In 1989, I joined the Contract Administration
17		department as a Contract Analyst where I was primarily responsible for the
18		negotiation and administration of our long-term coal supply agreements and
19		fuel data reporting system for all of the AEP East Operating Companies.
20		joined the Procurement department as a Coal Procurement Agent in 1995
21		where I was responsible for the coal procurement and inventory managemen

of various AEP subsidiaries, including Ohio Power Company (OPCo),

1 Columbus Southern Power Company, Kentucky Power Company (KPCo), 2 and as agent for Ohio Valley Electric Company (OVEC) and Indiana Kentucky 3 Electric Corporation (IKEC). I held various positions of increasing 4 responsibility in the Procurement department. In 2009, I moved into the 5 Transportation and Logistics section of Fuel Procurement as the Manager of 6 Marketing, Transportation and Logistics and was responsible for all of the 7 transportation and logistics functions including contract negotiations with the 8 various transportation providers and managing the day-to-day deliveries to all 9 of the AEP Power Plants. In May of 2018, I was promoted to my current role 10 as Director - Coal, Transportation, and Reagent Procurement.

- 11 Q. What are your primary areas of responsibility as Director Coal,
  12 Transportation and Reagent Procurement?
- 13 Α. I am responsible for the oversight of all coal and reagent procurement, 14 contract negotiation, and inventory management for the AEP operating 15 companies, including Indiana Michigan Power Company (I&M), KPCo, 16 Southwestern Electric Power Company (SWEPCO), Public Service Company 17 of Oklahoma (PSO), Appalachian Power Company (APCo), Wheeling Power 18 Company (WPCo), and as an agent for OVEC and IKEC. I am also 19 responsible for the oversight of all rail, barge, truck, and transloading 20 agreements.
- Q. Have you previously submitted testimony or testified before any
   regulatory agencies?

1	Α.	Yes, I have submitted testimony before the Indiana Utility Regulatory
2		Commission on behalf of I&M in Cause Nos. 38702 FAC80 through FAC85;
3		the Michigan Public Service Commission on behalf of I&M in Case Nos. U-
4		20204 and U-20223; the Oklahoma Corporation Commission on behalf of
5		PSO in Cause Numbers PUD 201100111, 201700258, 201800085,
6		201900041 and 202000067; and the Public Service Company of West Virginia
7		on behalf of APCo and WPCo in Case No. 20-0262-E-ENEC.
8	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
9	A.	My testimony provides a comparison of the forecasted and actual delivered
10		coal costs for June 2020 through November 2020 (Reconciliation Period),
11		discusses current coal market conditions and environmental requirements,
12		addresses I&M's coal delivery forecast for the period covering April 2021
13		through September 2021 (Forecast Period), and summarizes I&M's long-term
14		coal supply agreements. In addition, I will describe I&M's coal purchasing
15		strategy.
16		Rockport's Coal Requirements and Incurred Fuel Cost
17	Q.	Please identify and describe I&M's coal generating station.
18	A.	I&M's Rockport coal generating station (Rockport) operated throughout the
19		Reconciliation Period and is projected to receive coal deliveries during the
20		entire Forecast Period. The station is located in Spencer County, Indiana, and
21		consists of two 1300-megawatt coal-fired generating units.

Sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) emissions at Rockport are limited by the New Source

Performance Standard to 1.2 lbs. SO<sub>2</sub> per Million British Thermal Unit

22

(MMBtu). Compliance with the emission limit is achieved by using a blend consisting primarily of Powder River Basin (PRB) low-sulfur subbituminous coal from Wyoming along with low-sulfur bituminous coal from various Central Appalachian (CAPP) sources. Consistent with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Mercury and Air Toxics Standards (MATS Rule), which places emissions limits on the two units at the Rockport Plant for mercury, acid gases, and other hazardous air pollutants. Dry Sorbent Injection (DSI) technology and Activated Carbon Injection (ACI) are being utilized. The DSI system uses sodium bicarbonate to reduce emissions of acid gases, the ACI system uses brominated activated carbon to reduce emissions of mercury, and an electrostatic precipitator ensures compliance with hazardous air pollutant limits that are measured via particulate matter emission limits. The use of DSI and ACI technology has not required a change in the coal blend utilized at Rockport. How did Rockport's actual delivered costs compare to the forecasted costs during the Reconciliation Period? During the Reconciliation Period, the overall weighted average delivered cost of coal for the Rockport plant from all sources was forecasted to be \$43.68/ton

or 242.01 cents/MMBtu. The actual delivered cost was \$45.25/ton or 246.67

cents/MMBtu. This variance is detailed in Table 1:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

Q.

Α.

Table 1: Actual vs. Forecast Variances

		Variance	%
I&M Total	Tons (000)	(1,020)	-43.54%
	\$/Ton FOB Mine	\$2.32	14.33%
	\$/Ton Transportation	-\$0.75	-2.74%
	\$/Ton Delivered	\$1.57	3.59%
	¢/MMBTU	4.66	1.92%

1

2

### Forecasted Fuel Cost and Methodology

- Q. Please provide a summary of I&M's coal supply agreements in effect
   during the Forecast Period.
- The coal supply agreements effective during the Forecast Period and the committed tonnages of bituminous and subbituminous coal associated with those agreements for calendar year 2021 are shown in Table 2 below:

**Table 2: Committed Tons** 

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

Contract #	Basin	2021 Contract Tons
1 <sup>a</sup>	PRB	1,200,000
2 <sup>b</sup>	CAPP	200,000
3°	CAPP	17,600

- <sup>a</sup> The original contract provided for 1.65M tons in 2020 and 1.1M tons in 2021. The contract was amended to allow the movement of up to 900,000 tons from 2020 into 2021 or 2022. The volumes above reflect the 100,000 tons moved from 2020 into 2021, and 800,000 tons moved from 2020 into 2022.
- <sup>b</sup> Original contract volume of 425,000 tons in 2020. The contract was amended to move 200,000 tons from 2020 into 2021.
- <sup>c</sup> Original contract volume of 75,000 tons in 2020. The contract was amended to move 17,600 tons from 2020 into 2021.
- Additional coal requirements that are not already committed will be purchased, as necessary, to fulfill any remaining supply requirements at Rockport.
- 21 Q. Please provide the anticipated delivered cost of coal during the Forecast

#### Period.

Q.

Α.

As shown in Table 3, the overall forecasted weighted average delivered cost of coal for Rockport from all sources during the Forecast Period is projected to be \$55.57 per ton or 291.96 cents per MMBtu. The increase in fuel costs from 2020 to 2021 is primarily due to an increase in the operational costs of barging and transloading associated with a lower generation forecast.

Table 3: Forecast Period

Tons (000)	685
\$/Ton FOB Mine	\$ 23.20
\$/Ton Transportation	\$ 32.37
\$/Ton Delivered	\$ 55.57
¢/MMBTU	291.96

Projected coal deliveries and costs for the Forecast Period were used in the I&M forecast supported by witness Heimberger.

# How were the forecasted deliveries and prices, as provided above, determined for the Forecast Period?

The amount of coal projected to be consumed was based on a load forecast covering the Forecast Period. Coal delivery requirements were then determined by taking into account coal inventory, forecasted coal consumption, and adjustments for any contingencies that would necessitate an increase or decrease in coal inventory levels. Next, the sources of the coal were determined taking into account environmental and boiler constraints, as well as contractual obligations and existing sources of supply. The price of contract coal and committed spot market purchases are based on contractual agreements. Uncommitted coal, when necessary, is priced from the

1 forecasted future coal market prices or forward curve. Finally, transportation 2 costs were forecasted based on the existing railroad transportation 3 agreements and projected barging, railcar, and transloading rates. 4 Purchasing Strategy 5 Q. Please describe I&M's coal purchasing strategy. 6 Α. I&M's coal purchasing strategy is based on continuous market monitoring and 7 evaluation along with periodic competitive bids. Rockport's coal requirements 8 are frequently updated and reviewed and new supply agreements are 9 strategically layered into the existing portfolio in order to gradually increase 10 the committed position. The selection of new supply agreements is primarily 11 based on price and coal quality considerations from competitive bid results 12 and/or existing opportunities. 13 Q. Is risk assessment of potential suppliers an important factor in I&M's coal purchasing decisions? 14 15 Yes. The Company considers a vendor's financial status, ability to deliver and Α. 16 past performance when evaluating its decision to do business with that 17 supplier. Purchases from reliable vendors serve to enhance I&M's supply 18 security. 19 **Current Market Conditions** 20 Q. Describe the market price for coal during the Reconciliation Period?

CAPP coal prices<sup>1</sup> increased from mid-\$30 per ton in May 2020 to the low-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CAPP market prices reference the Platts CSX Over-The-Counter (OTC) daily assessment for coal loaded on CSX rail. PRB market prices represent the Platts PRB 8800 Over-The-Counter (OTC) daily assessment for coal loading on the joint rail line in the southern Powder River Basin.

1	\$50 per ton at the end of November 2020. PRB coal prices have remained
2	relatively stable, dropping slightly from \$12.15 per ton in May 2020 to \$11.80
3	per ton in November 2020.

- 4 Q. How are recent changes in the energy market impacting Rockport generation?
- 6 Α. 2020 saw an unprecedented loss of demand for electricity due primarily to the 7 COVID-19 global pandemic. This crisis, when combined with historically low 8 natural gas prices, created an environment of exceptionally weak power 9 prices. As a result, the Rockport Plant generating units were in a situation 10 where they were either being placed in a Down Not Required (DNR) status or 11 operating at minimum load most of the time they were online, which reduced 12 coal consumption to the point that I&M became concerned about reaching 13 maximum coal inventory capacity and in turn meeting the minimum coal 14 supply and rail transportation obligations.
- 15 Q. Please provide a summary of I&M's current coal inventory situation.
- A. As described above, I&M has experienced a decrease in coal burn that has led to an increase in coal inventory. Rockport maintains two separate coal piles, bituminous and sub-bituminous, each with their own inventory. Both of these coal piles are at elevated levels and would have reached their maximum physical capacity if I&M had not taken steps to mitigate the situation given the reduced burn.
- 22 Q. What options did I&M take to mitigate the reduced coal consumption?
- 23 A. I&M negotiated to defer a portion of the tonnage deliveries with its largest

suppliers of both bituminous and sub-bituminous coals by extending the term and delaying a portion of the tonnage into 2021 and 2022. In June 2020, the Company renegotiated their rail contract with the Union Pacific Railroad (UP), reducing its 2020 minimum volume obligations to coincide with the coal supply deferrals and thereby avoided potential liquidated damages. Additionally, going forward, the rail rate may be reduced based on forward natural gas prices with a cap that will not allow any future rate to exceed the existing rail rate as escalated in accordance with the current terms and conditions of the Rail Transportation Agreement. This unique contract structure will assist in reducing the delivered cost of coal at Rockport when forward natural gas prices are forecasted to be low, helping ensure the Rockport Plant can compete in a low natural gas environment and generate at levels that should help keep the inventory levels more in line with target ranges. As discussed in FAC 85, I&M explored various other options that were determined to be uneconomic. Did the Company change the way it operated within the PJM Integrated Market during the Review Period? No, the Company continued to comply with rules and regulations established by PJM. Did I&M use decrement pricing at Rockport during the Reconciliation Period? No. The contract renegotiations described above were adequate to maintain inventory levels below their maximum capacity during the Reconciliation

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

Q

Q

Α.

- 1 Period.
- 2 Q. Does I&M continue to evaluate the need for decrement pricing?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Does I&M know if decrement pricing will be used in the future?
- 5 A. No. Decrement pricing will be considered and evaluated as a viable approach
- on an as-needed basis as conditions warrant.
- 7 Q. Does the forecast reflect the use of decrement pricing?
- 8 A. No. I&M's coal forecast includes the variable costs related to contractual costs
- 9 for committed coal and transportation agreements, market prices for
- 10 uncommitted open positions, any contractual escalations, and any
- transloading or handling costs that the Company is projected to incur. Once
- the coal forecast has been updated, decrement pricing will be evaluated as
- an option to reduce surplus inventories and used if required. If the decrement
- 14 pricing option is selected, any necessary adjustment would be made to the
- market offer. Simply stated, decrement pricing is a tool that incents a
- 16 generating unit to dispatch in the market rather than not generating and
- incurring additional costs for failure to take delivery of minimum contractual
- volume requirements.
- 19 Q. Will I&M update its testimony regarding the use of decrement pricing in
- 20 **future FAC proceedings?**
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q Have there been any changes to the coal supply blend at Rockport?
- 23 A. Yes. I&M continues to explore opportunities to utilize a higher blend of PRB

ı		coal as operating and market conditions dictate.
2		Coal Transportation
3	Q.	Have there been any other changes to the transportation of the coal to
4		the Rockport Generating Plant?
5	A.	Yes. As discussed above and in FAC 85, the rail agreement with the UP was
6		renegotiated in June 2020, which reduces Rockport's rail cost when forward
7		natural gas prices are low. This will help Rockport Plant compete in a low
8		natural gas environment and generate at levels that should keep fuel
9		inventory levels more in line with target ranges. This renegotiation led to a
10		decrease in rail costs and a direct savings to I&M customers of approximately
11		\$2.2 million during the Reconciliation Period.
12		Conclusion
13	Q.	Are I&M's coal costs reasonable as incurred during the Reconciliation
14		Period and as projected during the Forecast Period?
15	A.	Yes. I&M has and continues to prudently manage its coal supplies, and
16		procure coal, coal-related transportation, and consumables at the lowest
17		delivered reasonable cost.
18	Q.	Does this conclude your direct testimony?
19	A.	Yes.

VERIFICATION

I, Jeffrey C. Dial, Director - Coal, Transportation and Reagent Procurement of American

Electric Power Service Corporation, affirm under penalties of perjury that the foregoing

representations are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

/s Jeffrey C. Dial Jeffrey C. Dial

Date: February 1, 2021