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I&M Exhibit: _____

INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY

PRE-FILED VERIFIED DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

DONA SEGER-LAWSON

Cause No. 45933

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DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DONA SEGER-LAWSON ON BEHALF OF INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY

I. Introduction of Witness

1	Q1.	Please state your name and business address.
2		My name is Dona Seger-Lawson and my business address is Indiana Michigan
3		Power Center, P.O. Box 60, Fort Wayne, IN 46801.
4	Q2.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
5		I am employed by Indiana Michigan Power Company (I&M or Company) as the
6		Director of Regulatory Services.
7	Q3.	Please briefly describe your educational background and professional
8		experience.
9		I received a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration with majors
10		in Finance and Management from Wright State University in Dayton, Ohio in
11		1992. I earned a Master's in Business Administration with a Finance
12		Administration concentration also from Wright State University in August 1997.
13		I was employed by the Dayton Power and Light Company from 1992 to 2018
14		and held various positions in the Regulatory Operations area, ranging from Rate
15		Analyst to Director of Regulatory Operations. In 2018, I accepted a position with
16		AEP Ohio as Manager, Regulatory Services. I joined I&M in my current capacity
17		as Director, Regulatory Services in May of 2020.

18 Q4. What are your responsibilities as Director of Regulatory Services?

19I am responsible for the supervision and direction of I&M's Regulatory Services20Department, which has responsibility for all rate and regulatory matters affecting

1	I&M's Indiana and Michigan jurisdictions. I report directly to the Vice President of
2	Regulatory and Finance for I&M.

3 **Q5.** Have you previously testified before any regulatory commissions?

Yes. I testified before the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (IURC or
Commission) on behalf of I&M in Cause Nos. 45576 (I&M's 2021 base rate
case), 45285 (DSM Plan), 45506 (EDG Tariff), 45901 (EV Program) and 38702
(FAC-86 thru 91).

I also provided written testimony in support of AEP Ohio's Smart Grid Phase 3
 filing with the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio (PUCO). Additionally, I have
 testified before the PUCO and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
 (FERC) in a number of cases on behalf of the Dayton Power and Light

12 Company.

II. Purpose of Testimony

13	Q6.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
14		The purpose of my testimony is to sponsor and support I&M's regulatory policies
15		with respect to:
16		1) Test Year adjustments;
17		2) Rate recovery and continued deferral of certain costs;
18		3) I&M's request to continue the major storm damage reserve and dry cask
19		deferral;
20		4) I&M's proposals for rate adjustment mechanisms including the
21		implementation of a new Grant Projects Rider, and modifications to the
22		Tax Rider; and

1 2		5) I&M's request for a PowerPay program	waiver of rules to allow I&M to implement a new
3		l also support the overall r	equest for rate relief, the use of a forecasted test year
4		and Phase-In Rate Adjust	ment in accordance with Commission directives and
5		past practices.	
6	Q7.	Are you sponsoring any	exhibits?
7		I am sponsoring or co-spo	nsoring the following portions of Exhibit A:
8 9		I&M Exhibit A-1	The revenue requirement calculation that reflects I&M's requested rate relief in this Cause.
10 11		I&M Exhibit A-5	The net electric operating income included in this Cause.
12		I&M Exhibit A-6	The rate base included in this Cause.
13	Q8.	Are you sponsoring any	attachments?
14 15		Yes. I am co-sponsoring, v tariff sheets included in At	with Company witness Cooper, the following individual tachment KCC-2:
16		Attachment DSL-1	Redlined Tariff Sheet No. 53 Tax Rider
17		• Attachment DSL-2	Proposed Tariff Sheet No. 54 Grant Projects Rider
18		They are attached to my te	estimony for ease of reference.
19	Q9.	Are you sponsoring any	portion of the Company workpaper WP-A?
20		Yes, I am sponsoring or co	o-sponsoring the following workpapers:
21		WP-A-RIDER-5	Tax Rider Adjustment
22		WP-A-O&M-2	Remove Value Advertising Expense
23		WP-A-O&M-3	Remove Lobbying Expense
24		WP-A-O&M-4	Increase Expense for Rate Case Expense

1		WP-A-RB/O&M-2 PowerPay Billing System Modification
2	Q10.	Are you co-sponsoring any other workpapers?
3		Yes. I am co-sponsoring WP-TAX with Company witness Criss. It is an
4		Example Tax Rider Revenue Requirement. This is provided to demonstrate
5		how the Tax Rider revenue requirement would be calculated if there were
6		Production Tax Credits (PTCs) and Corporate Alternative Minimum Tax (CAMT)
7		values included in the Tax Rider.
8	Q11.	Were the exhibits, attachments, and workpapers that you sponsor
9		prepared or assembled by you or under your direction or supervision?
10		Yes.
11	Q12.	Can you please summarize your testimony?
12		Yes. My testimony supports the overall revenue requirement, the use of a
13		forecasted Test Year, and ongoing deferrals for certain costs.
14		I&M requests the Commission to authorize recovery of I&M's cost to serve
15		customers using the forward-looking calendar year of January 1, 2024 through
16		December 31, 2024 (Test Year). This cost recovery will be implemented through
17		a combination of base rates and rate adjustment mechanisms. I&M's overall
18		requested rate relief for the Test Year is approximately \$116.4 million, or 6.8%.
19		I&M proposes to implement the requested rate increase in two steps through the
20		Phase-In Rate Adjustment (PRA) process used and approved in I&M's last three
21		rate cases. In Phase I, revenue would increase by approximately \$83.7 million
22		or 4.89%. The overall increase identified above would be implemented in
23		Phase II, through a compliance filing in January 2025.
24		I&M's Financial Exhibit A shows the calculation of the revenue increase. In
25		accordance with GAO-2013-5 and the Minimum Standard Filing Requirements
26		(MSFR), the Company has presented substantial support for the revenue

increase and related relief. This is the same level of support provided in the
 Company's prior basic rate cases.

The Company's proposals reflect a continuation of existing rate structures and processes. For example, I&M proposes to implement the rate increase in phases consistent with the PRA used to implement rates resulting from our last basic rate case.

7 The Company also proposes to continue both the Major Storm Restoration 8 Reserve and the Dry Cask Storage deferral. Similarly, I&M proposes to retain all existing rate adjustment mechanisms (i.e., riders) with certain modifications to 9 the Tax Rider. I&M proposes to continue the Tax Rider to recover the Net 10 Operating Loss Carryforward (NOLC) consistent with the Settlement Agreement 11 12 approved in Cause No. 45576, as well as tax changes associated with the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) including any potential CAMT and PTCs 13 14 associated with the Cook Nuclear facility.

Additionally, I&M requests Commission authority to implement a new Grant Projects Rider to track costs and federal and state grants associated with infrastructure projects. Because these projects are grant reliant, the prospect of whether the projects and the grants will be initiated is uncertain and therefore appropriately tracked through a rider mechanism.

20 My testimony further supports I&M's request for a waiver of certain rules that will 21 enable I&M to implement the PowerPay program. My testimony explains why 22 this requested rule waiver is reasonable and appropriate.

For purposes of this rate case, most deferred balances (including rate case expense and nuclear decommissioning study expense) are amortized over a period of two years as this period represents the most likely period between resetting base rates in this case. Other previously-approved deferrals that have not been fully amortized continue to be reflected in rate base and through

- amortization expense consistent with the Commission's prior orders regarding
 those deferrals.
- Commission approval of the Company's proposed revenue increase through the package of base rates and riders presented in the Company's filing is necessary to ensure I&M is provided a reasonable opportunity to recover its cost to serve customers, including a fair return on its underlying investments used to serve customers.
- 8 The regulatory support sought by the Company is important to the ongoing
- 9 provision of retail electric service. The Test Year commences January 1, 2024.
- 10 I&M asks the Commission to issue an order within 300 days of filing in
- 11 accordance with Indiana Code § 8-1-2-42.7 and GAO 2013-5.

III. Summary of Test Year

Q13. What test year has the Company proposed for setting rates in this proceeding?

- 14 The Company has proposed rates based on a forward-looking calendar year of 15 January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024. This includes both base rates and 16 rider rates.
- 17 Q14. Is I&M's Test Year appropriate and reasonable?
- Yes. Under Indiana Code §§ 8-1-2-42.7(d) and (d)(1), in a petition "to change
 basic rates and charges, a utility may designate a test period for the
 [C]ommission to use." Furthermore, the Commission "shall approve a test period
 that is one (1) of the following: . . . A forward looking test period determined on
 the basis of projected data for the twelve (12) month period beginning not later
 than twenty-four (24) months after the date on which the utility petitions the
 commission for a change in its basic rates and charges."

1 The Test Year I&M has designated for this case meets these statutory criteria 2 and thus is appropriate and reasonable.

3 Q15. Please describe I&M Exhibit A.

I&M Exhibit A consolidates the data supporting I&M's projected costs and
revenues for the Test Year. The items included in I&M's Exhibit A satisfy the
MSFRs in Section 6 for the Test Year. I&M's documentation in support of the
Company's filing includes workpapers that provide further detail.

8 Q16. Has the Company made adjustments to the Test Year?

Yes. Adjustments to the Test Year forecast are necessary to reflect impacts to
the forecast that relate to the continuation of ratemaking adjustments previously
approved by the Commission and new ratemaking requests that become
effective upon Commission approval. This includes for example, changes in net
operating income and/or rate base resulting from changes in depreciation rates,
amortization of deferred costs, and removing from base rates certain revenues
and expenses requested to be recovered in riders.

Each Test Year adjustment is sponsored and described by an I&M company
witness as shown on I&M Exhibit A. Each adjustment is supported by
workpapers.

19 **Q17.** Has the Company also provided historical data?

Yes. The Company has provided historical data using a 2022 calendar year
historical base period. The Company has provided this historical data on
workpapers WP-I&M-1-1 and WP-I&M-4 and, where appropriate, in its response
to the MSFRs.

IV. Indiana Code § 8-1-2-0.6

Q18. Are you familiar with Indiana Code § 8-1-2-0.6 (House Enrolled Act (HEA) 1 2 1007), which was effective July 1, 2023? 3 Yes. It is my understanding that Indiana Code § 8-1-2-0.6, sets out five attributes, known as the Five Pillars, that must be considered as part of the 4 5 decisions around electric generation resource mix, energy infrastructure and 6 electric ratemaking. 7 Q19. Would you please describe the Five Pillars identified in Indiana Code § 8-1-2-0.6? 8 9 Yes, the Five Pillars are: Reliability – including: (A) the adequacy of electric utility service, including 10 11 the ability of the electric system to supply the aggregate electric demand and energy requirements of end use customers at all times, taking into 12 13 account: (i) scheduled; and (ii) reasonably expected unscheduled; 14 outages of system elements; and (B) the operating reliability of the 15 electric system, including the ability of the electric system to withstand sudden disturbances such as electric short circuits or unanticipated loss 16 of system components. 17 18 Affordability – including ratemaking constructs that result in retail electric utility service that is affordable and competitive across residential, 19 commercial, and industrial classes; 20 • Resiliency – including the ability of the electric system or its components 21 22 to: (A) adapt to changing conditions; and (B) withstand and rapidly 23 recover from disruptions or off-nominal events; • Stability – including the ability of the electric system to: (A) maintain a 24 25 state of equilibrium during: (i) normal and abnormal conditions; or (ii) 26 disturbances; and (B) deliver a stable source of electricity, in which

1 2		frequency and voltage of maintained within defined parameters, consistent with industry standards; and
3 4		 Environmental Sustainability – including: (A) the impact of environmental regulations on the cost of providing electric utility service; and (B)
5		demand from consumers for environmentally sustainable sources of
6		electric generation.
7	Q20.	Does the Company's rate case application consider the Five Pillars of
8		electric utility service?
9		Yes. As demonstrated throughout its case-in-chief through testimony of various
10		Company witnesses, the Company's application considers and meets the Five
11		Pillars of electric utility service. Specifically, the following Company witnesses
12		address the Five Pillars concept in their testimony:
13		 HEA 1007/ 21st Century Task Force
14		 Company witness Baker testifies that I&M's proposals in this case
15		take into consideration each of the Five Pillars and are aligned
16		with the state's energy policy.
17		Reliability, Resiliency, and Stability
18		\circ Company witness Jessee supports the current investments and
19		expenses the Company is incurring for its non-nuclear generation
20		to ensure those resources are providing safe and reliable service
21		to customers. He further supports the need for additional
22		investments in the test-year to make those resources available in
23		the future and to ensure their continued reliability.
24		\circ Company witness Ferneau supports the overall performance of the
25		Cook Nuclear Facility (Cook Nuclear) in providing consistent
26		energy and capacity to customers over the asset life. Company
27		witness Ferneau also supports the Company's proposal to begin

1	the Subsequent License Renewal process to determine whether
2	the Company will move forward with extending the life of the Units
3	beyond 2034 and 2037, to continue to be an available, reliable
4	generation resource to customers.
5	\circ Company witness Isaacson supports the continued improvements
6	to the resiliency, reliability and stability of the distribution system
7	and the necessary investments to improve reliability to the end-use
8	customers.
9	Affordability
10	\circ Company witness Ferneau demonstrates that the historical
11	performance of Cook has been a net benefit as it provides a
12	reliable, resilient, stable, and predictable base load generation
13	resource to serve I&M customers. Additionally, as a result of the
14	operation of Cook Nuclear, and as further explained in Company
15	witness Criss and my testimony, the Company is eligible for
16	Performance Tax Credits. Once the amounts of these credits are
17	known, the Company is proposing to reflect the benefit as a credit
18	through the Tax Rider, making service more affordable to I&M's
19	customers.
20	\circ Company witness Fischer discusses establishing rates that are
21	affordable and competitive across residential, commercial and
22	industrial customer classes.
23	 Finally, Company witness Osterholt explains the Company's
24	activity in seeking available federal grant funding to offset costs of
25	distribution and generation investments, including seeking funding
26	for Advanced Distribution Management System (ADMS) and
27	Distributed Energy Resource Management System (DERMS),
28	which is explained further by Company witnesses Isaacson and

1	Brenner, and the hydro dam projects discussed further by
2	Company witness Jessee. I&M's efforts to obtain grants offset
3	project costs and improve affordability of electric service to I&M's
4	customers.
5	Environmental Sustainability
6	$_{\odot}$ Both Company witnesses Ferneau and Jessee support necessary
7	steps to continue operating both the Cook Nuclear facility and the
8	Company's hydro dam and solar resources to meet the energy
9	and capacity needs of its customers and meet the Company's
10	sustainability goals of becoming net zero carbon emissions by
11	2050.

V. GAOs 2013-5, 2020-5, and 2023-4

12	Q21.	Have you reviewed General Administrative Orders (GAO) 2013-5, 2020-5,
13		and 2023-4 in preparation of this filing?

- 14 Yes. In preparation of this filing, I reviewed the guidance provided by the 15 Commission in GAOs 2013-5, 2020-5, and 2023-4.
- 16 Q22. Please summarize GAOs 2013-5 and 2020-5.
- GAO 2013-5 describes the 300-day rate case standard procedural schedule and
 the Commission's guidance for rate cases. The guidance outlines the
 information that the Commission recommended be included with the filing to
 reduce discovery issues and facilitate a more efficient and timely process for
 identifying critical issues in a rate case. The guidance discusses the use of the
 MSFRs and using a forward-looking test year.
- GAO 2020-5 sets forth the Commission's guidelines for improving procedural
 efficiencies. The guidance includes submitting an index of issues if the filing has

1		at least six witnesses providing testimony and at least two of those witnesses
2		provide testimony on the same issue or issues.
3		The guidance also recommends that inputs used to calculate revenues,
4		expenses, and other revenue requirements should be transparent, and subject
5		to inquiry and analysis. The GAO further encourages parties to provide
6		additional information for background and education in their case-in-chief. There
7		are also specific guidelines regarding the presentation of financial schedules
8		and workpapers.
9	Q23.	Did I&M incorporate the guidance provided in GAOs 2013-5 and 2020-5 in
10		this filing?
11		Yes. Additionally, I&M developed this filing consistent with our last forward-
12		looking base case filed in Cause No. 45576.
13	Q24.	Please describe how I&M has applied GAOs 2013-5 and 2020-5.
14		I&M has applied the GAOs as follows:
15		Notice of Intent:
16		 I&M submitted a Notice of Intent on June 6, 2023, which was at least
17		thirty days prior to the date of filing for a change in base rates.
18		 I&M has discussed this filing with the OUCC and other key stakeholders.
19		The Company remains willing to continue to discuss its filing with
20		interested parties.
21		Case in Chief and Supporting Documentation:
22		As recognized in GAO 2013-5, because the MSFR contemplates a historical test
23		period, the documentation requirements are not a precise match for a forward-
24		looking test period. With that in mind, and as recommended by the GAO, I&M
25		used the MSFRs as guidance as to the categories of information to include in its

1	case in chief and supporting documentation. Specifically, I&M's filing includes
2	the following:
3	 Index of issues – I&M's filing includes an index of issues and testimony
4	summaries similar to that provided in I&M's last rate case, Cause No.
5	45576.
6	 Testimony, exhibits, attachments and supporting workpapers – MSFR
7	Sections 6-16: I&M's case in chief includes a complete description of the
8	rate relief requested.
9	 Proposed test year and rate base cutoff dates – MSFR Section 5: I&M
10	designated calendar year 2024 as its Test Year and has provided
11	calendar year 2022 data as its historical base period. I&M has provided
12	documentation supporting the Test Year, including calculations,
13	assumptions, and results. The differences from the historical base period
14	to the Test Year are discussed in more detail by various Company
15	witnesses and are summarized by Company witness Sloan.
16	 Proposed revenue requirement – MSFR Sections 7-12.
17	 Jurisdictional operating revenues and expenses, including taxes and
18	depreciation – MSFR Section 8.
19	 Balance sheet and income statements – MSFR Sections 6, 8-9.
20	 Jurisdictional rate base – MSFR Section 9-12. I&M's jurisdictional rate
21	base is as of the end of the Test Year or December 31, 2024 (Test Year
22	End), along with a Phase-in Rate Adjustment. The Phase-in Rate
23	Adjustment takes into account changes in plant in service, accumulated
24	depreciation, and cost of capital. Therefore, the GAO's recommendation
25	to calculate an average of the monthly rate base over the projected test
26	period was not necessary.
27	 Proposed cost of capital and capital structure – MSFR Sections 12-13.

Jurisdictional class cost of service study – MSFR Section 15. 1 2 Proposed rate design and pro forma tariff sheets – MSFR Section 16. Q25. Does I&M's filing include supporting documentation for its forward-3 looking Test Year as suggested in the GAOs? 4 5 Yes. In addition to testimony, I&M's witnesses have provided various 6 attachments and workpapers, many in executable electronic format, that support and document the Test Year. I&M has provided support for the Test Year 7 consistent with that provided in Cause No. 45576 as well as other past cases. 8 9 Additionally, I&M has provided responses to the MSFRs for the Test Year and, 10 where appropriate, for the historical base period. I&M has also provided data for the historical base period in workpapers WP-I&M-1-1 and WP-I&M-1-4. 11 12 Q26. Please explain how the Test Year and historical base period data are used to calculate and support the rates requested in this case. 13 14 For purposes of calculating I&M's proposed base rates, the ratemaking process is focused on the Test Year. The use of a forward-looking test year does not 15 16 change this focus. The historical base period data presented in this filing serves as a representative set of data which can be reasonably compared to I&M's Test 17 18 Year. Q27. Does GAO 2013-5 provide for deviations? 19

Yes. I&M followed the Commission's guidance but deviated from the guidance when the change produced a result that would facilitate a more efficient and timely process for identifying critical issues in this rate case. I&M has explained in testimony why these deviations are reasonable.

1	Q28.	Please summarize how I&M's filing deviates from the guidance provided in
2		GAO 2013-5.
3		Below is a summary of the two notable deviations from the guidance set forth in
4		the GAO:
5		 I&M has provided detailed "supporting documentation" and "supporting
6		calculations" for the forward-looking Test Year. However, I&M has not
7		provided this supporting documentation in the form of "individual
8		adjustments" from the historical base period to the Test Year under GAO
9		2013-5 ¶ II.A.2.c.
10		See the testimony of Company witness Sloan for the explanation of I&M's
11		forecasting process, which is essentially the same process relied on in
12		the Company's previous general rate cases (Cause Nos. 45576, 45235
13		and 44967).
14		 Because of the Phase-In Rate Adjustment, it was not necessary to use
15		an average monthly rate base under GAO 2013-5 \P II.A.6.b.
16	Q29.	Will I&M provide notice to its customers regarding the filing of the
17		Petition?
18		Yes. I&M will publish a notice of the filing of the Petition in this Cause in
19		newspapers of general circulation in each of the counties in the State of Indiana
20		in which I&M renders retail electric service. Following publication of notice, I&M
21		will certify to the Commission that the publication has occurred. ¹
22		Additionally, in accordance with 170 IAC 4-1-18(C), I&M will provide notice of
23		this filing to each residential customer within 45 days of the filing of the Petition.
24		This notice will fairly summarize the nature and extent of the proposed changes.
25		This notice is in the form of a bill insert in residential customers' bills.

¹ See Ind. Code § 8-1-2-61(a) for the notice requirement.

 Q30. Please describe GAO 2023-4.
 GAO 2023-4 provides guidance to utilities to address the Five Pillars when making certain filings before the IURC. It implements Indiana Code § 8-1-2-0.6 as discussed above.
 Q31. Did I&M consider the Five Pillars as discussed in GAO 2023-4?
 Yes. Indiana Code § 8-1-2-0.6 and the Five Pillars was discussed earlier in my

VI. Requested Rate Relief

testimony.

7

8 Q32. Please explain I&M's Test Year cost of service and requested rate relief.

Recovery of I&M's cost to serve customers during the Test Year is
accomplished through a combination of base rates and rider rates. The
Commission's approval of I&M's proposed base rates and I&M's proposed riders
is necessary to ensure I&M has a reasonable opportunity to recover its cost to
serve customers, including a fair return on its underlying investments.

If the Commission were to remove the recovery of certain expenses from I&M's
proposed riders, adjustments would need to be made to I&M's base rate cost of
service to reflect inclusion of all such expenses. I&M's requested rate relief is
summarized on I&M Exhibit A-1.

18 Q33. Please explain I&M Exhibit A-1.

19 I&M Exhibit A-1 presents I&M's overall requested rate relief for the Test Year,
20 including I&M's proposed base rates and riders. I&M's overall requested rate
21 relief for the Test Year, as found on line 12, is approximately \$116.4 million.
22 Line 9 represents the rate relief specific to proposed base rates.

I&M's proposed base rates have been calculated using I&M's requested return 1 on the Test Year end rate base. In certain cases, I&M's proposed riders include 2 3 the removal of certain expenses from the Test Year base rates that will be fully included in the rider revenue requirements going forward. Company witness 4 Gruca and I support all of I&M's rider proposals.² In order to reflect the impact 5 of I&M's rider proposals, the Company made adjustments to its Test Year net 6 7 electric operating income to remove both the existing Test Year revenue and Test Year expenses associated with I&M's rider proposals. These adjustments, 8 shown on I&M Exhibit A-5, are sponsored and explained by Company witnesses 9 Duncan, Criss, Gruca and myself. 10

- 11 Consistent with the February 23, 2022 Order in I&M's last base case (45576 12 Order), I&M's Phase-In Rate Adjustment (PRA) proposal will adjust rates during 13 the Test Year, which will constitute just and reasonable rates. To demonstrate 14 that the proposed rates are just and reasonable, I&M has presented substantial 15 support, as summarized in I&M Exhibit A.
- 16 Under these circumstances, and assuming the Company's rider proposals are 17 accepted, I&M considers its proposed base rates and riders to be sufficient and 18 reasonable.

Q34. Please explain how the requested rate relief on I&M Exhibit A-1 reflects I&M's base rates and rider proposals.

I&M Exhibit A-1 provides a comprehensive view of I&M's Test Year cost of
service compared to what revenues would be during the Test Year if I&M did not
file the requested rate changes in this Cause (these revenues are otherwise
referred to as "current" or "existing").

² Company witness Gruca supports DSM/EE, FAC, OSS/PJM, RAR, ECR, and SPR Rider. I support the Grant Projects Rider and Tax Rider.

Lines 1 through 9 relate to I&M's proposed base rates. As described above, all 1 revenue and expenses that I&M proposes to recover in riders are removed from 2 3 I&M's Net Electric Operating Income (Line 4). As a result, Lines 1-9 are inclusive of all revenues and expenses that I&M proposes to recover in base rates. This 4 includes both (a) all revenues and expenses that I&M currently recovers in base 5 6 rates and proposes to continue recovering in base rates and (b) all revenues 7 and expenses that I&M currently recovers in riders but is proposing in this proceeding to recover in base rates. 8

- 9 Lines 10 and 11 relate to I&M's proposed riders. In order to ensure that I&M Exhibit A-1 shows I&M's total requested rate relief inclusive of both base rates 10 11 and riders, Lines 10-11 show the impact of all revenues and expenses that I&M proposes to recover in riders. That is, Lines 10 and 11 both incorporate (a) all 12 revenues and expenses that I&M currently recovers in riders and proposes to 13 continue to recover in riders and (b) all revenues and expenses that I&M 14 currently recovers in base rates and proposes to recover in riders. The 15 difference between the values in Lines 10 and 11 reflect changes in certain rider 16 17 mechanisms in this proceeding.
- 18 The final line, Line 12, represents I&M's overall requested rate relief inclusive of 19 both base rates and rider proposals.

VII. Adjustments

20 **Q35.** Please identify the adjustments you are sponsoring or co-sponsoring.

- I am sponsoring or co-sponsoring the following adjustments that are included inExhibit A:
- O&M-2 Value Advertising Remove the expenses associated with
 value advertising.

1		 O&M-3 – Lobbying Expenses – Remove the lobbying expenses
2		associated with I&M's State offices and lobbying expenses.
3		 O&M-4 – Case Expense – Increase amortization expense to recover
4		costs associated with preparing and supporting this base case and
5		conducting the Cook Nuclear decommissioning study.
6		Rider-5 – Tax Rider Adjustment - Adjusts tax expense for Corporate
7		Alternative Minimum Tax Expense and Production Tax Credit benefit as
8		they will be recovered and/or credited through the Tax Rider. This
9		adjustment also increases revenue to remove these credits.
10		• RB/O&M-2 – Increase in intangible plant and associated amortization
11		expense associated with modifying the billing system to implement the
12		PowerPay program.
13		Each of these adjustments is necessary to ensure that the final cost of service
14		used to set base rates reasonably reflects I&M's cost of providing service to
15		customers on an on-going basis.
16	Q36.	Please explain Adjustment O&M-2 related to Value Advertising.
17		Adjustment O&M-2 removes any value advertising that is in the forecast. While it
18		is difficult to identify value advertising, through this adjustment I&M has removed
19		all O&M costs that would normally be included in accounts 912 and 930.1.
20	Q37.	Please explain Adjustment O&M-3 related to Lobbying Expenses.
21		I&M has removed from the cost of service, costs that are associated with
22		lobbying efforts. Specifically, I&M has removed costs associated with the
23		Indianapolis and Michigan office space, labor and office supply costs associated
24		with lobbying efforts.

1	Q38.	Please explain Adjustment O&M-4 related to Case Expense.
2		Adjustment O&M-4 details the cost associated with preparing and supporting
3		this base case and conducting the Cook Nuclear decommissioning study. The
4		total cost is allocated over two years so the adjustment represents one half of
5		the cost.
6	Q39.	Why should the costs included in O&M-4 be recoverable through base
7		rates?
8		These costs represent costs I&M would normally recover through rates as a
9		result of its efforts to adjust base rates.
10	Q40.	Please explain Adjustment Rider-5 related to the Tax Rider.
11		Adjustment Rider-5 is intended to remove tax related expense or credits that
12		I&M proposes to include in the modified Tax Rider. This adjustment removes
13		from base rates the credits associated with PTCs associated with the Cook
14		nuclear generation facility and the CAMT expense that were forecasted during
15		the Test Year. This adjustment is co-sponsored by Company witness Criss.
16	Q41.	Please explain Adjustment RB/O&M-2 related to the PowerPay program.
17		Adjustment RB/O&M-2 reflects an increase in intangible plant to modify the
18		Company's existing billing system to implement the proposed PowerPay
19		Program. This includes an increase in accumulated amortization and
20		amortization expense associated with the same programming costs. The
21		proposed program is explained by Company Witness Davis. The cost
22		associated with the billing system modifications and technical upgrades needed
23		for the Company's PowerPay Program are supported by Company Witness
24		Brenner.
24		Brenner.

1	Q42.	Were there any other adjustments you would like to address?
2		Yes. Adjustment O&M-8 adjusts costs associated with the consent to serve
3		contract that was filed in Cause No. 45846. It assigns costs associated with
4		PJM/OSS rider to Indiana retail load to reflect this increase to retail load
5		obligations.
6	Q43.	Please explain the Company's filing in Cause No. 45846 and the outcome
7		of that proceeding.
8		In Cause No. 45846 the Commission approved a consent to serve resulting in
9		I&M serving a new retail customer that was previously served by the City of
10		Auburn, which is a wholesale customer of I&M. Beginning with the billing month
11		of April 2023, I&M began serving this customer as a retail customer. As a result,
12		this impacts the retail and wholesale allocators by increasing the Indiana retail
13		load and decreasing wholesale load. This customer has an average peak
14		demand of approximately 22 MW and 124,294 MWh.
15	Q44.	Why are these costs of service impacts necessary?
16		Starting in April 2023 this is retail load instead of wholesale load and I&M is now
17		recovering retail rates from this customer. It is necessary to reflect the cost of

in the computation of Indiana retail rates approved in this proceeding.

serving this customer as Indiana retail load so that it is reasonably represented

VIII. Certain Riders

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- 20 Q45. Are you sponsoring all of I&M's riders?
- No. I sponsor the Grant Projects Rider, the Tax Rider, and the Phase-In Rider.
 Company witness Gruca addresses all other Riders.³

³ Company witness Gruca supports DSM/EE, FAC, RAR, ECR, PJM/OSS and Solar Power Rider.

1 Q46. Can you briefly summarize the new riders and changes to the riders that 2 you support? 3 *Figure DSL-1* explains the proposed new riders and changes to the I&M riders I 4 support.

0.	
Grant Projects Rider	Track and reflect any project costs as well as grants for projects that may qualify for state or federal funds.
Tax Rider	Recover the NOLC adjustment as previously approved and also track future increases/decreases to the federal tax expense or credits and to make over/under adjustments.
Phase-In Rider	Provide a credit to base rates to reflect capital that is forecasted to be placed in service during the Test Year, but is not yet used and useful at the beginning of the Test Year. At the end of the Test Year reflect actual investment that was placed in service and is used and useful in the provision of electric service.

Figure DSL-1. Proposals for modification of existing riders and new riders

5 Q47. How is I&M proposing to update rider rates to reflect the Commission 6 order in this proceeding?

- 7 I&M proposes to update its rider factors pursuant to a final order in this filing in
 8 two steps consistent with the method approved by the Commission in I&M's
 9 previous rate cases.
- First, shortly after the Commission issues its final order, I&M will submit its compliance filing revised tariff sheets and supporting workpapers that reflect the order's requirements including rider tariffs and rates. At that time, any embedded expenses or revenues, jurisdictional allocators, and cost of capital used to determine I&M's rider revenue requirements will also be reset to reflect the final order. The riders will be updated to include, or remove, any new accounts or expense items.
- Second, as part of its final rate case compliance filing in early January 2025,
 I&M will submit a revised Phase-In Rider and supporting workpapers that will

report I&M's actual plant that is in service as of December 31, 2024, the last day
 of the Test Year in this case and adjust the Phase-In Rider to reflect the lower of
 actual net plant in-service or the Test Year End plant in-service approved by the
 Commission.

5 In future rider filings in which the reconciliation period covers all or part of the 6 period between a final order in this case and the end of the forward-looking Test 7 Year, the actual costs and revenues I&M reports in its reconciliation analysis will 8 also reflect the steps taken above.

New Grant Projects Rider

9 Q48. Please summarize the grant related projects presented in this case.

As discussed by Company witness Osterholt, newly available funding 10 opportunities align with the Company's effort to maintain and improve energy 11 12 infrastructure and grid reliability, reduce carbon emissions, and otherwise meet 13 our customers' needs for service. I&M has been working with the State of 14 Indiana and the Indiana Office of Energy Development to coordinate I&M efforts to receive grant dollars to fund capital projects to maintain lower rates for 15 customers in northeast Indiana. These opportunities also specifically address 16 the Indiana affordability strategic pillar by offsetting the capital investment or 17 18 O&M costs associated with a project that receives grant funding. The specific 19 opportunities reflected in the Company's filing are compiled in Figure DSL-2 below; these opportunities are expected to expand as additional grant 20 21 opportunities become available.

IIJA Topic 1 & Topic 2 Grant Areas				
Business Unit Sponsor	Technology Area	IIJA Grid Resilience and Innovation Partnerships ("GRIP") Topic Area	Witness	Grant Application Status
I&M Distribution	Undergrounding	Topic 1	Osterholt	Submitted
I&M Distribution	DACR	Topic 1 & 2	Osterholt	Submitted
AEP Telecom	MM Broadband	Middle Mile Broadband	Osterholt	Submitted
AEP Hydro	Hydro Safety	Hydro	Jessee/Osterholt	In Process
AEP Distribution	ADMS / DERMs	Topic 1	Osterholt	Submitted

Figure DSL-2.	I&M Grant Proposals and Status

IIJA Topic 3 (State - Competitive)				
Business Unit Sponsor	Technology Area	IIJA GRIP Topic Area	Witness	Grant Application Status
	Reliability NWA -			
I&M Distribution	IN Topic 3 Only	Topic 3	Osterholt	Submitted
I&M Distribution	Sensewaves	Topic 3	Osterholt	Submitted
I&M Distribution	Sensors	Topic 3	Osterholt	Submitted
I&M Distribution	DACR	Topic 3	Osterholt	Submitted
I&M Distribution	Renewable NWA	Topic 3	Osterholt	Submitted

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Q49. Please provide an overview of the proposed I&M Grant Projects Rider.

The proposed Grant Projects Rider is designed to support the Company's efforts to apply for and use grant funding to reduce the cost of providing service for the benefit of our customers.

I&M proposes to provide a semi-annual Grant Projects Rider filing to:

 keep the Commission informed of the status of the Company's grant applications and plans related to associated projects;

1 to track grant application costs, awards and taxes associated with grants awarded under the grant programs such as the Infrastructure Investment 2 3 and Jobs Act (IIJA), and other federal or state funding programs that may become available. 4 • timely recognize project capital investment, taxes, and costs in rates. 5 6 Q50. Why is I&M seeking a rider for these projects? 7 As discussed by Company witness Osterholt, in order for the Company to obtain 8 grant funding there are specific timelines imposed by the Grantor to apply, approve, and receive grant funding. The ultimate determination of which 9

grant funding there are specific timelines imposed by the Grantor to apply, approve, and receive grant funding. The ultimate determination of which projects are successful in receiving funding, the net cost of the projects, and the timeline associated with projects are outside the control of the Company. The proposed Grant Projects Rider is an appropriate mechanism to provide the flexibility for the Company to take advantage of the opportunities to use federal or state funds to offset the costs of projects that will support or enhance the safety and reliability of service to I&M customers.

- 16 I&M's grant projects may be significant, vary and will be largely dependent on
 17 the projects' eligibility for federal and state grants. I&M plans to only include
 18 projects in its Grant Projects Rider that have been approved for federal or state
 19 funds and are not currently in the Company's workplan.
- 20 The proposed Grant Projects Rider process encourages the Company to pursue 21 grant funding opportunities and allows the Commission an opportunity to review 22 eligible projects. Given the varied nature of the projects that may be eligible for grant funding, the proposed Grant Projects Rider process provides an 23 24 appropriate and timely forum for the Commission to stay informed of the 25 Company's efforts to leverage grant funding for the benefit of customers and to 26 assess the reasonableness of the projects prior to their implementation. The timing of this investment and need for the Commission to have an opportunity to 27

review projects for reasonableness are not easily matched to a general rate
 case process.

Q51. Please explain the type of projects and costs that may be funded by the Grant Projects Rider.

5 The Company has two categories of projects that may be eligible for grants: 6 1) those that are in the Capital Forecast that the Company intends to implement 7 regardless of whether the grant is received; and 2) those that are not in the 8 Capital Forecast the Company may pursue if grant funding is received to reduce 9 the overall project costs.

- 10 For those that are in the Company's Capital Forecast, the project cost will be 11 included in base rates. Once the grant is received, I&M will reflect the credit in 12 the Grant Projects Rider for the return on rate base component until this credit 13 can be incorporated into base rates in a future proceeding. In other words, 14 through this Cause base rates will include the project costs (capital, O&M, property tax and return on rate base) at the full value of the project. Once we 15 16 receive the grant (assuming a one-time capital grant), that amount minus income tax will be added to the accumulated depreciation associated with the 17 project reducing the plant in service associated with the project. Through the 18 Grant Projects Rider, I&M will reflect a credit equal to the amount of the grant 19 (less income taxes) times the weighted average cost of capital. 20
- 21 For those projects that are not in the Company's Capital Forecast, once the 22 Company receives notification that the grant will be received the Company will 23 provide a full revenue requirement calculation to the Commission less the grant 24 amount. These grants may be in the form of lump sum amounts intended to offset the original capital costs or on-going annual grants intended to offset 25 26 annual O&M associated with the project. I&M will include these projects and the 27 proposed revenue requirement in the next Grant Projects Rider filing after the 28 project is placed in service.

1 Q52. How does the Company expect to recover grant writing costs?

I&M is requesting to include grant writing costs and application expenses 2 3 through the Grant Projects Rider. While federal and state grants received will 4 benefit all customers ultimately reducing electric rates, there is a cost I&M will incur in seeking to obtain the grants. Prior to the IIJA law being passed, I&M 5 6 was not normally eligible for investment grants such as these, and therefore the 7 associated procurement costs are not considered ongoing in nature, are beyond 8 normal utility business practices and are therefore incremental to I&M's cost of 9 service. Grant writing costs will be recorded in Account 183 until such time as the project either moves forward or it is known that it will not move forward. If 10 11 the project moves forward the grant writing and application costs will become part of the capitalized project costs. If the project does not move forward the 12 costs would then be expensed and I&M would include that O&M expense in the 13 Grant Projects Rider. 14

Q53. Would the Company seek recovery of grant application and writing costs for those grants it ultimately is not awarded?

Yes. The Company's efforts to seek grants is one way the Company is actively 17 pursuing opportunities to reduce costs that may otherwise be included in rates. 18 However, grant applications take time, effort and in some cases third-party costs 19 to respond to meet all the grant application requirements, respond to inquiries 20 21 and sometimes redrafting or repositioning the project to meet refined grant 22 requirements. Efforts to pursue these grants are necessary and prudent to take advantage of opportunities to obtain grants to lower overall cost of providing 23 service for I&M's customers. 24

25

1 **Q54.** How long will a project remain in the Grant Projects Rider verses included 2 in base rates?

3 I&M intends that the Grant Projects Rider is essentially a temporary recovery 4 mechanism for projects that would otherwise be in base rates or grant dollars that are intended to offset projects that are already in base rates. In other 5 6 words, project costs and grant amounts will be incorporated into base rates as 7 the Company files subsequent rate cases using a similar process as the 8 Company's previous LCM rider. The need to first put these costs and grants in 9 a rider is because the amounts are potentially significant, variable and largely outside the Company's control because we do not know how, when or the dollar 10 11 amount of the grants we may receive. As soon as the project, its costs and the grant amounts are predictable and certain these costs should be moved to base 12 13 rates.

Q55. Please explain how the Company's rural broadband project will be reflected in rates.

I&M has proposed and received notice that it will obtain a grant for its Middle
 Mile broadband project in Delaware and Grant counties. As more fully explained
 by Company witness Osterholt I&M will incur capital and O&M costs associated
 with the project which will be partially offset by the National Telecommunications
 and Information Administration Middle Mile Grant. I&M proposes to recover all
 project costs less grant amount less fiber lease revenues through the Grant
 Projects Rider.

23 Q56. What cost is the Company seeking to defer associated with this new rider?

The Company is seeking to defer grant funds received (less income tax) and costs associated with grant projects including grant applications, O&M, taxes and carrying charges (both debt and equity), as a regulatory asset or liability until such time as they are included in rates. To obtain federal and state grants it is necessary and prudent for the Company to incur grant writing and application costs and therefore the Company plans to include grant writing and application
costs for recovery through the Grant Projects Rider. Company witness Ross
explains how grant awards and costs, including taxes, and fiber lease revenues
will be recorded on the Company's books and records. It is the Company's
expectation that grants would be taxable income.

Q57. How and when will the Commission and interested parties review the eligible projects?

8 The Company will file semi-annually to update and report on the matters 9 identified in Figure DSL-2 above, as well as any new grant opportunities the Company plans to pursue. While costs and progress would be reported twice 10 11 each year, for administrative efficiency, the Company proposes to update the 12 Grant Projects Rider factors once each year. The Company proposes the first 13 Grant Projects Rider filing will be submitted approximately six months after the 14 Commission's order in this Cause approving this mechanism. A subsequent 15 filing would follow approximately six months after the filing of the first petition. 16 For projects that are not currently in the Test Year Capital Forecast, revenue 17 requirements would be calculated on an actual basis once the project is approved, the grant amount is known, and the project is in service. For projects 18 19 that are currently in the Capital Forecast, the grant credit will be provided through the rider once the grant is received. This rider will be reconciled 20 21 annually. The Grant Projects Rider 6-month report will conclude once the last 22 project is complete and included in base rates.

I&M will informally notify the Commission and the OUCC when it receives notice
that it has received a grant but will file an official update every six months per
the above schedule.

1 Q58. Are there certain types of projects I&M plans to ask the Commission for 2 expedited review and approval?

3 Yes. There are certain grant opportunities that provide I&M the opportunity to 4 propose new and innovative projects, such as those qualifying under Topic 3 of Grid Resilience and Innovation Partnerships (GRIP) as well as Advanced 5 6 Technology projects that the Commission may have not previously approved for 7 rate recovery. As mentioned previously, each of these grant opportunities 8 comes with a timeline for application, review, approval, and receipt of grant 9 funding. In these situations where new technologies or business models are being proposed, it will be important to establish an expedited process for I&M to 10 11 bring these opportunities before the Commission and stakeholders and receive a decision from the Commission on whether to proceed forward with acceptance 12 of the grant funds. This decision will also determine I&M's ability to include the 13 Company's share of the costs, net of the grant, in the Grant Projects Rider for 14 cost recovery. 15

16 Based on the timelines I&M has observed thus far in pursuing federal grant 17 opportunities, I&M proposes an expedited review process of ninety (90) days for 18 the Commission to review and approve these grant opportunities. It is in 19 customers' and stakeholders' best interest to have an expedited review process 20 for these projects since the projects are intended to improve and enhance 21 service and ultimately lower cost of providing electric service through the receipt 22 of the grants. Detailed costs and benefits along with grant potential will be 23 submitted so that the Commission can review and approve the project before 24 I&M agrees to move forward with the grant. During this expedited review 25 process, the Commission and interested parties can ask discovery questions and the Company can demonstrate how the potential project will benefit 26 27 customers. The parties will work together to establish an agreed upon 28 procedural schedule that will allow the Commission to issue an order within 90 29 days approving or denying the project for future inclusion in the Grant Projects

Rider. If the Commission approves the project, the project and acceptance of
the grant will move forward and will be included in a future Grant Projects Rider
filing. Through the subsequent Grant Projects Rider filing parties will have
opportunity to review the project costs for consistency with the previous
approval.

6 7

Q59. Is the ratemaking relief sought by the Company with respect to the I&M Grant Projects Rider and associated capital investment reasonable?

Yes. I&M understands that affordability is one of the Five Pillars of Indiana 8 9 energy policy. The IIJA and related grants present a significant opportunity to attract federal funding to buy down the cost of infrastructure improvements that 10 11 enhance service to our customers. The Company expects that other state 12 and/or federal grant funding opportunities will also be available in the future. 13 Developing competitive applications for grant opportunities requires a significant 14 investment of time and resources. It also will require the Company to provide 15 investment capital to move projects forward if a grant is awarded. To ensure 16 I&M can take advantage of these grant opportunities it is necessary for the 17 Company and the Commission put processes in place that allow for the flexibility needed to meet the terms imposed by the Grantor to obtain the funding. 18

19 Q60. Is I&M requesting approval of Grant Projects Rider rates at this time?

No. At the time of this filing, I&M has not yet received any IIJA or other state or
federal grants. Company witnesses Osterholt and Baker explain that I&M has
received a notice that it will be awarded a grant for the Delaware & Grant Middle
Mile project. As discussed above, I&M will make its initial Grant Projects Rider
report within six months of the Commission order in this Cause.

1	Q61.	Will the Company perform over-/under-recovery accounting for activity
2		related to the Grant Projects Rider?
3		Yes, as explained further by Company Witness Ross, I&M seeks accounting
4		authority to defer costs and revenues associated with the Grant Projects Rider
5		such that it can track and reset the rate on an annual basis.
6	Q62.	Has I&M prepared a Grant Projects Rider tariff sheet for Commission
7		approval?
8		Yes. The proposed Grant Projects Rider tariff is provided in Attachment DSL-2
9		to my testimony. It is also included in the proposed tariff book that is supported
10		by Company witness Cooper as Attachment KCC-2.
11	Q63.	Please provide an update on the Company's plans for an Electric Vehicle
12		(EV) Fast Charging Tariff.
13		I&M plans to submit for review and approval a plan to implement an EV Fast
14		Charging tariff including a proposed tariff for charging service as well as a
15		proposal for cost recovery net of grants and charging revenues. I&M was one of
16		several Indiana electric utilities that were awarded an Indiana Department of
17		Energy Management (IDEM) grant to install and operate EV Fast chargers
18		throughout its service territory. While the capital costs of the EV Fast chargers
19		were included in the Capital Forecast for this case because the project is
20		expected to be installed by the end of 2023, the Company plans to seek
21		recovery of ongoing incremental costs of providing this service through the EV
22		Fast Charging tariff proposal in a separate case.

Modified Tax Rider

23 Q64. Please explain the Company's proposed changes to the Tax Rider.

- 24 I&M's current tax rider was developed to pass back unprotected Excess
- 25 Accumulated Deferred Federal Income Taxes (ADFIT) credit that resulted from

the Tax Cut and Jobs Act (TCJA) of 2017. It was modified in Cause No. 45576, 1 to credit the remaining unprotected Excess ADFIT and in February 2023 it was 2 3 set to zero. In that same case it was modified to include the NOLC adjustment associated with the IRS Private Letter Ruling.⁴ Through this proceeding the 4 Company is seeking Commission approval to use the Tax Rider timely reflect in 5 customer rates the potential net benefits I&M realizes from the IRA. Specifically, 6 7 I&M plans to include the incremental CAMT expense as well as to credit PTCs related to the Cook nuclear facility after they are monetized by either being 8 utilized by the Company or transferred to a third party. To the extent PTCs are 9 transferred to a third party, the net realized value will be reflected in the Tax 10 11 Rider, consistent with I&M's proposal in Cause No. 45868, and as more fully 12 described by Company witness Criss. Additionally, due to the expected delay in 13 time between monetizing the PTCs and reflecting them in the Tax Rider, I&M will record a regulatory liability representing the difference between the PTCs 14 that have been monetized and the PTCs that have been reflected in the Tax 15 16 Rider. This regulatory liability will earn a pre-tax weighted cost of capital (WACC) return to recognize the time value of money and be included in the Tax 17 18 Rider revenue requirement.

19 Q65. Why is it appropriate to track these charges and credits through a rider?

The level of CAMT and PTC credits are potentially significant, variable or volatile and are driven by federal tax policies largely outside the control of the company. These are standards upon which the Commission has historically and consistently approved revenues and expenses to be tracked through rider mechanisms. Company witness Criss further discusses how CAMT and nuclear PTCs fit these criteria.

⁴ While I&M has filed the Private Letter Ruling request with the IRS, it has not yet received a response. Therefore, as of the date of this filing, I&M has not yet made a filing at the IURC to modify the Tax Rider to include this component.

1	Q66.	If PTCs were reflected in the Tax Rider prior to being monetized what
2		ratemaking would be required?
3		In this situation I&M would have reflected a cash benefit in rates that it has not
4		yet received which would create a deferred tax asset balance that would need to
5		earn a pre-tax WACC return to recognize the time value of money impact to
6		I&M, which would increase the cost to customers and lower the overall benefit
7		customers realize.
8	Q67.	When does I&M expect it may know the value of the PTCs generated by the
9		Cook Nuclear Plant and the amount it proposes be reflected in the Tax
10		Rider?
11		As discussed by Company Witness Criss, the IRA allows for PTCs for nuclear
12		facilities as long as certain criteria are met, some criteria which will only be
13		known once the IRS issues further guidance. At this time, we expect the
14		soonest I&M will credit the PTCs through the Tax Rider is 2025 once the amount
15		of nuclear PTCs earned and monetized is fixed, known and measurable.
16	Q68.	Have you calculated the revenue requirement that will be reflected in the
17		Tax Rider?
18		No for the reasons discussed above, however, I&M has established an example
19		revenue requirement as contained in WP-TAX.
20	Q69.	Are there other costs that will be included in the Tax Rider?
21		Yes. Until February 2023, the Tax Rider was a credit to customer bills to pass
22		back the excess unprotected ADFIT consistent with the Order in Cause No.
23		45576. Once the rider was set to zero I&M identified that it had credited too

1 2		much by approximately \$1.2 M. This amount will be treated as a charge to customers once the Tax Rider rate is updated following an Order in this Cause. ⁵
3	Q70.	Is I&M requesting deferral authority related to over/under accounting for
4		the Tax Rider?
5		Yes. I&M is requesting Commission authority to defer tax expense and credits to
6		properly track the Tax Rider components.
7	Q71.	Has I&M prepared a Tax Rider tariff sheet for Commission approval?
8		Yes. The proposed Tax Rider tariff is provided in Attachment KCC-2 and the
9		redline version is included in my testimony as Attachment DSL-1. As previously
10		indicated, initial rates will be set at zero until costs and/or credits are known. At
11		that time, I&M will make a separate filing to establish initial Tax Rider rates.

- 12 Q72. What is the purpose of I&M's PRA?
- 13 I&M's proposed base rates in this proceeding are calculated based on
- 14 forecasted rate base at Test Year end. I&M proposes to implement the
- 15 requested rate increase in two phases to reasonably reflect the utility property
- 16 that is used and useful at the time rates are placed into effect.
- 17 The PRA is the mechanism that will be used to implement this phase-in. The
- 18 PRA process and methodology is consistent with the order approved in I&M's

⁵ This resetting of the Tax Rider may occur prior to an order in this Cause. Consistent with the Order in Cause No. 45576 I&M sought a Private Letter Ruling by the IRS to address the Net Operating Loss Carryforward (NOLC). Once that PLR is received I&M is required to make a separate filing to establish the Tax rider to reflect the value of the NOLC. I&M plans to include this \$1.2 M in that filing if/when the PLR is favorably received. If the PLR is not favorably received I&M plans to include the \$1.2 M following issuance of the Order in this Cause.

- 1 last base rate case, Cause No. 45576.⁶ As proposed, the PRA will adjust
- 2 customer rates in two steps.

3 **Q73.** Please summarize the PRA steps.

4 *Figure DSL-3* describes the two steps of the PRA.

Phase	Date Range	Description	Effective Increase	
1	When new base rates are implemented through I&M's compliance filing after the order is issued (approx. June 2024).	The PRA will reflect a rate credit to reflect expected forecasted plant additions during the Test Year.	Total Proposed: <u>PRA Credit:</u> Phase I Increase:	\$116.4 <u>(\$32.7)</u> \$83.7
11	After the end of the Test Year I&M's second compliance filing (approx. January 13, 2025).	The PRA credit will be reduced or eliminated based on I&M's second compliance filing and the review process described below.	Phase II Increase:	\$32.7

Figure DSL-3. PRA steps

5

6 Q74. Please describe the PRA Credit.

7 I&M's base rate cost of service reflects a forecasted Test Year end net plant-in8 service balance. Upon implementation of the initial compliance filing in this
9 proceeding, the PRA will reduce customer rates to effectively reflect net plant-in10 service (gross plant in-service less accumulated depreciation) and cost of
11 capital as of December 31, 2023, which is representative of the beginning of the
12 Test Year.

13The PRA Credit will remain in effect until I&M's final compliance filing is made. In14this way, I&M's rates will only reflect actual Test Year plant additions once they

⁶ Cause No. 45576, page 27.

are placed in service and are used and useful in the provision of service for
 customers. The calculation of the PRA credit is described by Company witness
 Duncan.

4 Q75. Does the Company's current PRA include any costs or credits?

Yes. The PRA that is in place as of the date of this filing reflects a credit for the
Net Book Value of Rockport Unit 2 which is being recovered in the ECR on a
levelized basis through 2028 consistent with the order in Cause No. 45576.
This credit will end when I&M resets base rates in this Cause.

9 Q76. Please explain I&M's proposed PRA compliance filing process.

- 10 I&M proposes to use the same method approved and used in Cause No. 45576.
 11 More specifically, on or after January 13, 2025, I&M will make a compliance
 12 filing in this docket that certifies the Company's actual Test Year end net plant13 in-service balance and reduces or eliminates the PRA Credit to establish Phase
 14 II rates.
- Phase II rates will be determined using the lesser of: (a) I&M's forecasted Test
 Year end net plant approved by the Commission in its final order in this
 proceeding; or (b) I&M's certified Test Year end net plant. Within 60 days
 following the compliance filing, the OUCC and intervenors may state objections
 to I&M's certified Test Year end net plant.
- If there are objections, a hearing will be held to determine I&M's actual Test
 Year end net plant, and rates will be trued-up (with carrying charges) retroactive
 to January 1, 2025 (regardless of when Phase II rates are placed in effect).

23 Q77. Are you requesting the Commission approve I&M's PRA in this Cause?

Yes. The PRA is an appropriate ratemaking tool to true-up base rates that have
been established on a forecasted Test Year to the actual capital investment
placed in service by the end of the Test Year.

IX. Requested Deferral Authority

1

Q78. Is the Company requesting any new accounting deferrals?

2 Yes. As discussed above, I&M is requesting accounting authority to defer costs 3 associated with over/under accounting related to the modified Tax Rider as well as the new Grant Projects Rider. The Company is also requesting deferral 4 5 authority associated with implementing a new billing system as well as undergoing a study to evaluate extending the life of the Cook nuclear facility. 6 7 Both of these projects are expected to span across several years and therefore 8 we are requesting accounting deferral associated for costs that will be incurred 9 outside of the Test Year.

Customer Information System (CIS) Costs

10 **Q79.** Please generally describe the CIS project.

11 As supported more fully by Company witnesses Brenner and Davis, AEP is implementing a new Customer Information System (CIS) that will be used by all 12 13 the AEP Operating Companies and will replace the existing system that manages billing, accounts receivable, and rates for the Company. This project 14 15 has multiple phases and will span a period of multiple years. The cost of this project that will be assigned to I&M is approximately \$131.7 million based on the 16 17 current estimate. This project is designed to enhance the customer experience and improve the Company's ability to more timely implement customer 18 19 programs, regulatory requirements, and new service offerings.

20 Q80. What is the projected cost of the new CIS system?

As discussed by Company witness Brenner \$25 million (approximately 19%) of CIS capital cost are included in the Capital Forecast Period for this case. I&M's share of the total capital costs is expected to be approximately \$132 million. The new CIS system is expected to be fully deployed in I&M's service territory by 2026. At that time, I&M expects the total capital costs to be placed in service
and eligible for recovery in rates. Since this is a large IT project that will be
implemented over several years, we expect most of the O&M costs associated
with this project to be capitalized in accordance with standard accounting
principles. However, to the extent I&M incurs O&M costs related to CIS
implementation that are not capitalized as part of this project, I&M is seeking
Commission authority to defer these costs for future recovery.

Q81. How does the Company propose to recover the capital costs for the new CIS system?

There are multiple phases of the CIS project, some of which will be in service 10 11 before or during the Test Year, while others will be placed in service after the 12 test year. Capital costs that are in service as of the end of the Test Year will be 13 included in base rates through either Phase I or Phase II of base rates. For 14 capital project additions that will not be in service until after December 31, 2024, 15 the Company is proposing to defer depreciation expense and post-in-service 16 carrying costs at the pre-tax weighted average cost of capital until such time as 17 these amounts are included in base rates through a future proceeding.

Q82. How does the Company plan to recover O&M associated with the CIS project?

The Company is proposing to defer O&M associated with the CIS project starting in 2025.

22 **Q83.** Is the Company's ratemaking proposal reasonable?

Yes. The CIS project is a significant investment that will benefit I&M customers
for many years to come, as discussed by Company witnesses Brenner and
Davis. It is reasonable and prudent to allow the Company to defer the
associated costs for future rate recovery.

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Subsequent License Renewal (SLR)

Q84. Please summarize the Company's SLR initiative.

2 Company witness Ferneau discusses the SLR initiative in detail. In summary, 3 the SLR is an extensive multi-year project which is estimated to cost approximately \$40 to \$45 million related to activities necessary to prepare and 4 5 file the SLR Application (SLRA). This work is undertaken as part of the 6 comprehensive life cycle management of the Cook Plant and is consistent with 7 the Company's 2021 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP)⁷ short term action plan to initiate efforts to evaluate Cook relicensing in I&M next IRP to be initiated in 8 9 2024.

10 **Q85.** Is the Company requesting regulatory asset treatment of the SLR costs?

Yes. I&M is requesting the Commission regulatory asset treatment for the SLR 11 related costs supported by Company witness Ferneau which represent 12 13 reasonable and necessary costs to support I&M's ability to evaluate the future of 14 the Cook Plant for the benefit of I&M's customers. As previously discussed, the 15 Cook Plant is important each of the Five Pillars underlying Indiana's energy 16 policy. Additionally, to the extent a future capital project is not necessary, I&M 17 requests authority to recover the deferred SLR costs as a regulatory asset in a 18 future basic rate case proceeding. The timing of the recovery of costs through 19 rates will be determined once the SLR has been approved, denied or a decision 20 not to pursue the SLR has been made. Company witness Ross further 21 discusses the accounting related to the SLR.

⁷ The Company submitted its most recent IRP to the Commission on January 31, 2022.

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1	Q86.	Is this proposal consistent with Indiana regulatory policy?
2		Yes. Indiana Code § 8-1-8.8-12 provides that the Commission shall provide
3		financial incentives to eligible businesses, which term includes I&M, for nuclear
4		energy production or generating facilities:
5 6 7 8		in the form of timely recovery of the costs incurred in connection with the study, analysis, development, siting, design, licensing, permitting, construction, repowering, expansion, life cycle management, operation, or maintenance of the facilities.
9		The SLR project costs are incurred in connection with the study, analysis,
10		development, and licensing of the Cook Plant. The Cook Plant is a "nuclear
11		energy production or generating facility" as defined in Indiana Code § 8-1-8.8-
12		8.5. The SLR initiative costs are also costs associated with the study, analysis
13		or development of a life cycle management project for a nuclear energy
14		production or generating facility and are therefore "qualified utility system
15		expenses" as defined in Indiana Code § 8-1-8.8-8.7. Approval of the
16		Company's request to create a regulatory asset for these prudently incurred
17		costs is therefore consistent with Indiana regulatory policy.
18	Q87.	Does the Company propose to keep the Commission informed of the SLR
19		progress as it proceeds?
20		Yes. The Company proposes to keep the Commission and stakeholders
21		informed of the SLR progress as part of the 2024 IRP process which will kick-off
22		in early 2024.

Other Deferrals

1	Q88.	Is I&M seeking recovery of any deferred costs in this proceeding related to
2		the IM Plugged In pilot program costs?
3		Yes. Company witness Ross supports Adjustment O&M-7, which amortizes the
4		December 31, 2022 deferral balance of \$76,640 over a two-year period, which
5		represents the most likely period between re-setting base rates in this case.
6	Q89.	Please explain I&M's request to continue deferral accounting for Dry Cask
7		Storage costs.
8		As approved in I&M's previous rate cases, I&M currently defers all costs
9		associated with Dry Cask Storage costs that are not reimbursed by the
10		Department of Energy (DOE). I&M requests to continue this deferral and to
11		continue to accrue carrying costs on the deferred balance using the pre-tax
12		WACC rate approved by the Commission in this proceeding.
13	Q90.	Why is it reasonable to continue to defer Dry Cask Storage costs?
14		As described by Company witness Ferneau, I&M entered into a contract with the
15		DOE whereby the DOE was required to accept spent nuclear fuel and high-level
16		radioactive waste from the Cook Plant. However, the DOE partially breached
17		this contract and has never accepted this material, requiring Cook to store the
18		material onsite in dry cask storage. I&M entered into settlement agreements with
19		the DOE since October 2011 under which the DOE has, to date, reimbursed
20		I&M for \$209.2 million (or 97%) of the cost of dry cask storage at Cook.
21		Consistent with Cause Nos. 44967, 45235, and 45576 there are no dry cask
22		storage costs included in the Test Year forecast because I&M anticipates the
23		DOE will continue to reimburse I&M for these costs. However, if the DOE
24		reimbursements should cease or if ongoing costs should exceed the amount
25		reimbursed, then I&M requests to continue to record the unreimbursed amount
26		as a regulatory asset for recovery in subsequent base rate case proceedings.

1	Q91.	Is the Company requesting deferral and recovery of nuclear
2		decommissioning study expenses?
3		Yes. The Company is requesting deferral authority of nuclear decommissioning
4		study expense and to recover this amount (without carrying costs) over a two-
5		year period. This is consistent with the Commission's ruling in Cause No. 45576.
6	Q92.	Is the Company requesting deferral and recovery of rate case expenses
7		associated with this case?
8		Yes. The Company has estimated rate case expense as part of Adjustment
9		O&M-4 and is requesting deferral authority of this expense and to recover this
10		amount (without carrying costs) over a two-year period. This is consistent with
11		the Commission's ruling on rate case expense in Cause Nos. 45576 and 45235.
12		Without this adjustment, these costs and the related amortization would not be
13		included in the Test Year forecast.
		Regulatory Assets Included in Rate Base
14	Q93.	Please explain the regulatory assets currently recorded on I&M's books for
15		which I&M has continued to include in rate base and operating expense
16		consistent with the Commission's previous approval and treatment.

- 17 I&M has continued to include in rate base the following regulatory assets that
 18 were included in rate base in Cause No. 45576 and approved by the IURC:
 - Cook Plant Turbine Deferral
- 20 Cook Uprate Deferral

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- Rockport DSI Deferral
- Major Storm Damage Restoration Reserve
- Cook Plant 316(b) Survey Costs

Baffle Bolts

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2	Q94.	Please provide a brief summary of these regulatory assets.
3		Each of these regulatory assets and their projected balance at the beginning
4		and end of the Test Year is identified in the Company's response to MSFR 1-5-
5		9(a)(2).
6		The Cook Plant Turbine replacement project was originally authorized for
7		inclusion in rate base in Cause No. 44967.
8		• The Cook Uprate deferral was originally approved to be included in I&M's
9		rate base in Cause No. 44967.
10		 The Rockport DSI deferral was originally approved to be included in
11		I&M's rate base in Cause No. 45235.
12		The Cook Plant 316(b) Survey costs relate to costs incurred to study the
13		Cook Nuclear Plant's cost of compliance with Section 316(b) of the Clean
14		Water Act. The Commission found these costs were prudently incurred
15		and authorized them to be amortized over a period of fifteen years. ⁸
16		The Major Storm Damage Restoration Reserve was originally approved
17		in Cause Nos. 44967, 45235 and 45576. I discuss the Company's
18		proposal to continue the Major Storm Damage Restoration Reserve
19		further below.
20		 Baffle Bolts were originally authorized in Cause No. 44075.⁹

⁸ 45235 Order at 44.

⁹ 44075 Order at 13.

1 **Q95.** Why should these regulatory asset balances continue to receive rate base 2 treatment?

These items all relate to the provision of electric utility service, have been approved for ongoing deferral accounting, and have been included in rate base in prior cases. I&M is amortizing all of the above costs. It is appropriate to continue recovering a return on these assets as well as associated amortization expense consistent with the Commission's prior orders.

8 If these amounts are not included in rate base and operating expenses, rate 9 base and operating expenses would not be representative of continuing 10 operations during the period when rates requested in this Cause are to be in 11 effect, and would not represent an appropriate basis upon which to establish 12 new rates in this Cause.

Q96. Is the Company requesting rate base treatment for prepaid pension and other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) assets?

15 Yes. As discussed in greater detail by Company witness Ross, I&M has 16 included prepaid pension and OPEB assets in its rate base in this case.

X. Distribution Major Storm Damage Restoration Reserve

Q97. Please explain I&M's request to continue the Major Storm Damage Restoration Reserve.

19 I&M requests to continue the Major Storm Damage Restoration Reserve as
20 approved in I&M's last four rate cases. I&M's distribution O&M expenses
21 associated with major storm restoration efforts can be significant, are volatile in
22 nature, and are largely outside the Company's control, as explained by
23 Company witness Isaacson.

I&M's Indiana jurisdictional, major storm distribution O&M expense has ranged
 from as high as \$15.6 million to as low as \$1.2 million over the last ten years
 (2013 – 2022) compared to the baseline of \$2,810,000 approved in Cause No.
 45576. This demonstrates a continued substantial variability in these costs from
 year to year and supports I&M's request to continue the Major Storm
 Restoration Reserve.

Q98. In the 45235 Order (p. 65) the IURC ordered I&M to use a five-year average
 of annual storm damage expense as a baseline. Has I&M used the same
 methodology in this case?

10 Yes. The forecast for the Test Year included approximately \$4 million in storm 11 damage expense. However, to be consistent with the Commission's Order in 12 Cause No. 45235, I&M calculated its five-year average of annual storm damage 13 expense to be \$7,808,470 as supported by Company witness Isaacson. 14 Company witness Ross supports adjustment O&M-6 that increases the Test 15 Year by \$3,760,941 to align the storm damage expense with the five-year average. The Company requests accounting authority to defer storm damage 16 17 expenses above and below \$7,808,470.

Q99. Please further explain the requested accounting for I&M's Major Storm Damage Restoration Reserve.

- I&M requests to continue the same accounting authority approved in I&M's last
 four rate cases (Cause Nos. 44075, 44967, 45235, and 45576).
- To summarize, if actual Major Storm Damage Restoration distribution O&M for a given month is less than the monthly amount reflected in the revenue requirement (one twelfth of \$7,808,470, or \$650,706), the Company will record a
- regulatory liability for the difference.
- If actual O&M exceeds the monthly amount included in the revenue
 requirement, the Company will record a regulatory asset for the difference. The

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cumulative regulatory liability or regulatory asset balance will continue to be adjusted each month based on actual major storm damage distribution O&M expense incurred versus the embedded amount.

4 Q100. Does I&M have a major storm over/under recovery balance that it includes 5 in rate base in this case, similar to Cause No. 45576?

6 Yes. As represented by Company witness Ross in Adjustment RB-6, the 7 Company includes in rate base a forecasted December 31, 2024 Indiana 8 jurisdictional major storm under-recovery balance of \$15,270,762. Consistent 9 with past Commission orders, the Company tracks the level of actual major 10 storm damage expense above or below the level built into base rates in the last 11 case.

Q101. Does the Company also propose a cost-of-service adjustment for major storm over/under recovery amortization?

- Yes. In Adjustment O&M-5, Company witness Ross presents a cost-of-service adjustment which increases major storm under-recovery amortization by \$11,902,184 when comparing the forecasted level of major storm amortization to the level included in the Test Year 2024 forecast. This adjustment reflects a two-year amortization period based on the most likely period between re-setting
 - XI. Request for Waiver of Rules PowerPay
- 20 Q102. What is PowerPay?

base rates.

PowerPay is a voluntary program allowing residential customers to prepay for
 electric service and thereby manage their electricity based on their own personal
 budget. Customers that enroll in this program will make a payment on their
 account which will be used throughout the month to provide electricity service.

They will receive several electronic notifications before they are subject to disconnect. Once their balance reaches negative \$50 they will have until the beginning of the next business day to re-establish a positive balance or before the account is remotely disconnected. The details of this program are covered by Company witness Davis.

Q103. What IURC rules is I&M requesting a waiver of in order to provide the PowerPay program?

8 Generally, I&M is requesting waiver of billing rules that require certain charges
9 to be presented to customers on an electric utility bill (170 IAC 4-1-13) and
10 customer notifications prior to being disconnected (170 IAC 4-1-16).

- 11 Specifically, (and as explained by Company witness Davis) if the PowerPay 12 Program is approved, I&M will be sending periodic electronic notifications to the 13 customer about the amount of their account balance that remains. Therefore, 14 requirements that the utility send a bill that contains certain billing line items, 15 including late payment charges, due date of the bill, and the 17-day grace period 16 for payments will be unnecessary.
- 17 The Company is also requesting a waiver of the requirements that I&M send a 18 disconnection at least three days prior to disconnect, and requirements that the 19 Company attempt to make direct contact with the customer prior to disconnect. 20 This waiver is reasonable because PowerPay Program participants will be 21 notified several times before their account is disconnected.

22 Q104. Does this conclude your pre-filed verified direct testimony?

23 Yes.

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VERIFICATION

I, Dona R. Seger-Lawson, Director, Regulatory Services for Indiana Michigan Power Company, affirm under penalties of perjury that the foregoing representations are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Date: 8/8/2023

Ama Bog E

Dona R. Seger-Lawson

TAX RIDER

The Tax Rider allows the Company to implement ratemaking adjustments associated with the following:

- <u>1. Aan IRS Private Letter Ruling (PLR)</u> that requires I&M to make its proposed <u>Net Operating</u> Loss Carryforward (NOLC) adjustment;
- 2. Corporate Alternative Minimum Tax (CAMT) expense
- 3. Credits associated with Production Tax Credits (PTCs) net of tax and administrative costs
- 1.4. Tax related over/under recovery adjustments.

All customer bills subject to the provisions of this rider shall be adjusted by the Tariff Class per billing kWh and kW as follows:

Tariff Class	¢/kWh	\$/kW
RS, RS-TOD, RS-TOD2, RS-OPES, RSD, RS-PEV and RS-CPP	0.0000	
GS (up to 4,500 kWh)	0.0000	
GS (over 4,500 kWh), LGS and LGS-TOD	0.0000	
GS (over 10 kW), LGS and LGS-TOD		0.000
GS-LM-TOD, GS-TOD2, GS Unmetered, GS-TOD, GS-PEV, GS-CPP and		
LGS-LM-TOD	0.0000	
IP and CS-IRP2	0.0000	0.000
MS	0.0000	
WSS	0.0000	
IS	0.0000	
EHG	0.0000	0.000
OL	0.0000	
SLS, ECLS, SLC, SLCM, and FW-SL	0.0000	

ISSUED BY STEVEN F. BAKER

PRESIDENT FORT WAYNE, INDIANA EFFECTIVE FOR BILLS RENDERED BEGINNING WITH THE BILLING MONTH OF _____ 2024FEBRUARY 2023

ISSUED UNDER AUTHORITY OF THE INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION DATED FEBRUARY 23, 2022_____ IN CAUSE NO. 45576

ORIGINAL SHEET NO. 54

I.U.R.C. NO. 19 INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER COMPANY STATE OF INDIANA

GRANT PROJECTS RIDER

The Grant Projects Rider allows the Company to implement ratemaking adjustments associated with the following:

- 1. Grant writing and application expenses
- 2. Project costs associated with projects for which I&M receives a federal or state grant that are not otherwise included in base rates, net of grant proceeds
- 3. Grant proceeds associated with projects that are included in base rates.

All customer bills subject to the provisions of this rider shall be adjusted by the Tariff Class per billing kWh and kW as follows:

Tariff Class	¢/kWh	\$/kW
RS, RS-TOD, RS-TOD2, RS-OPES, RSD, RS-PEV and RS-CPP	0.0000	
GS (up to 4,500 kWh)	0.0000	
GS (over 4,500 kWh), LGS and LGS-TOD	0.0000	
GS (over 10 kW), LGS and LGS-TOD		0.000
GS-LM-TOD, GS-TOD2, GS Unmetered, GS-TOD, GS-PEV, GS-CPP and		
LGS-LM-TOD	0.0000	
IP and CS-IRP2	0.0000	0.000
MS	0.0000	
WSS	0.0000	
IS	0.0000	
EHG	0.0000	0.000
OL	0.0000	
SLS, ECLS, SLC, SLCM, and FW-SL	0.0000	

ISSUED BY STEVEN F. BAKER PRESIDENT FORT WAYNE, INDIANA EFFECTIVE FOR BILLS RENDERED BEGINNING WITH THE BILLING MONTH OF _____ 2024

ISSUED UNDER AUTHORITY OF THE INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION DATED _____ IN CAUSE NO. ____