FILED
February 16, 2018
INDIANA UTILITY
REGULATORY COMMISSION

IURC

OFFICIAL EXHIBITS

PETITIONAL EVHIRIT NO. 10

CAUSE NO. 45029

VERIFIED SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY

 \mathbf{OF}

CRAIG A. FORESTAL, CPA

ON BEHALF OF

INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

VERIFIED SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY OF CRAIG A. FORESTAL, CPA ON BEHALF OF INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT COMPANY CAUSE NO. 45029

- 1 Q1. Please state your name, employer and business address.
- 2 A1. My name is Craig Forestal. I am employed by AES US Services, LLC ("the Service
- 3 Company"), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the AES Corporation. The Service
- 4 Company is located at the headquarters of Indianapolis Power & Light Company ("IPL"
- or the "Company") at One Monument Circle, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204. The Service
- 6 Company provides accounting, legal, human resources, information technology and other
- 7 corporate services to the businesses owned by AES Corporation in the United States of
- 8 America, including IPL.
- 9 Q2. Are you the same Craig Forestal who provided direct testimony in this Cause?
- 10 A2. Yes I am.
- 11 Q3. What is the purpose of your supplemental testimony in this proceeding?
- 12 A3. IPL filed its case-in-chief in this Cause on December 21, 2017 using the then statutory
- United States federal income tax rate of 35% for purposes of calculating a revenue
- requirement. On December 22, 2017, United States President Donald Trump signed into
- law the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the "TCJA"), which, among other things,
- 16 contains provisions reducing the federal corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21%,
- beginning January 1, 2018 and eliminating a deduction for domestic manufacturing
- production commonly known as the IRC Section 199 deduction. Now that this event has
- occurred, it meets the threshold of being a change within the 12 months following the end

- 1 of the test year which is fixed in time, known to be occurring, and measurable in amount. 2 Accordingly, IPL is updating its case-in-chief to reflect all of the known impacts of the 3 TCJA. My supplemental testimony supports revised Financial Exhibits and a revised 4 revenue requirement. My testimony also explains the process we followed to update the 5
- 6 Q4. Have the Company's Financial Exhibits, supporting workpapers or MSFRs (see 7 next page) been updated for any events other than the TCJA?

case-in-chief and I will give a summary of the major impacts of the TCJA.

8 A4. No.

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- 9 Please explain the process IPL followed to update its original filing in this Cause. Q5.
 - A5. In general, a goal of this filing is to rely as much as possible on the original case-in-chief filing and update only the items that are impacted by the TCJA. The one exception to that is, we are providing a complete new set of Financial Exhibits for ease of utilizing those schedules. There are no additional Financial Exhibits and none were removed. Each Financial Exhibit that changed in any way is denoted by the same name as in our original case-in-chief, except that we have added "-T" at the end of the name, which indicates they are updated for the impacts of the TCJA. For example, IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-REVREQ, Schedule REVREQ2 is now called IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-REVREQ, Schedule REVREQ2-T.
 - In addition, many of the Financial Exhibits refer to other Financial Exhibits. For example, on IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-OPER, Schedule REV3, Line 13 has a parenthetical reference to IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-OPER, Schedule OPINC. We chose not to update such references to add a "-T". In all cases, when a Financial Exhibit is

referenced, the reference is to such Financial Exhibit in the new set of Financial Exhibits we are filing with this update. We did this to simplify the filing so that one can identify which Schedules actually changed by looking for the "-T" in the name.

4 Q6. Did IPL update the information required by the Minimum Standard Filing 5 Requirements ("MSFRs")?

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A7.

A6.

Yes. Because relatively few of the schedules required by the MSFR were impacted, we have revised only those that required changes. Certain MSFR schedules are satisfied in whole or in part by information contained in the Financial Exhibits. In those circumstances, in our original case-in-chief we noted on the MSFR schedules which Financial Exhibit contained the required information. In all of such cases, one should refer to the updated Financial Exhibits to obtain the information required by the MSFRs. To avoid confusion, we have only included in this supplemental filing the one MSFR document that actually changed, which is 1-5-13 (a) (7), pages 1 and 3. If the MSFR information changed only because the Financial Exhibit we have referenced has been updated, we are not including an updated MSFR, but simply guide you to always use the updated Financial Exhibits to seek the required information.

Q7. Was it necessary for all the IPL witnesses to revise their direct testimonies?

No, this was not necessary. The goal is to rely as much as possible on the original case-in-chief filing and update only the items that are impacted by the TCJA. Many of the witnesses' testimonies are unaffected and therefore no supplements or revisions to those testimonies are required. To the extent any witnesses refer to Financial Exhibits in their testimonies, these references are to the updated Financial Exhibit package we are filing with this supplement. We are not submitting updates to each testimony to make that IPL Witness Forestal Supplemental Direct 3

point; rather I am making that point here for each witness. Some of the witness
testimonies are minimally impacted and for those witnesses, revised testimonies are being
filed to update for changes related to the TCJA.

My testimony is the exception as I am filing this supplemental testimony to both give the overall explanation of the update to our case-in-chief and update the portions of my direct testimony that were impacted.

Q8. Was it necessary for all of the IPL witnesses to revise their workpapers?

No, this too was not necessary. We are not updating workpapers unless there are new supporting pages to offer into evidence. The vast majority of the supporting workpapers did not change. For workpapers where the support has changed, the updated supporting pages are being filed as revised workpapers. The income tax workpapers changed significantly enough that we are filing a complete revised set.

Additionally, each set of workpapers starts with a clean copy of the Financial Exhibit being supported and is followed by another copy, which has "tickmark" references to the support. In some cases, the Financial Exhibit being supported has been updated, but none of the support pages changed. In another case, the only support page that changed is where IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-CC, Schedule CC2 was included as a supporting workpaper for IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-CC, Schedule CC3. In each of those cases, no updates are being filed, because we have filed a complete new set of Financial Exhibits, which should be used in all aspects of this case-in-chief where a Financial Exhibit has been referenced.

A8.

- A9. IPL Witness Frank Salatto will give more details on the income tax calculation changes, but I will give a high-level summary. There were seven primary impacts as follows:
 - 1. Current tax expenses for both pro forma at present rates and pro forma at proposed rates have been adjusted from 35% to 21%, significantly reducing current tax expense. Current taxes at proposed rates were updated by changing IPL's revenue conversion factor as shown on IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-REVREQ, Schedule REVREQ2-T by reducing the federal tax rate to 21%. This change, along with the elimination of the IRC Section 199 deduction described below, decreased the overall revenue conversion factor from 0.628816 to 0.728928. Each of these changes reduced the revenue requirement calculated in this Cause.
 - 2. As described by IPL Witness Salatto, the TCJA eliminated the IRC Section 199 deduction, which increases IPL's taxable income and current income taxes at both present and proposed rates.
 - 3. IPL re-measured its temporary income tax differences. These differences create accumulated deferred income taxes at December 31, 2017 to account for the fact that the differences would turn around at the reduced rate of 21%. These changes will be amortized into expense over time. Therefore, IPL has reduced pro forma income tax expenses to include a full twelve months of amortization, which is another reduction to income tax expense and further reduces the revenue requirement calculated in this Cause.

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- 4. The amortization described in item 3 above began on January 1, 2018, which reduces the deferred income tax component of IPL's capital structure as included in IPL's weighted average cost of capital. As such, IPL has made updates to the deferred income taxes included on IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-CC, Schedule CC3 to reflect the amortization of those excess deferred taxes that we expect to incur from January 1, 2018 through June 30, 2018. This change increases IPL's overall weighted average cost of capital.
- 5. IPL has outstanding two tranches of tax-exempt, variable-rate debt totaling \$90 million. Such debt was included in IPL's original case-in-chief weighted average cost of capital calculation and can be seen on IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-CC, Schedule CC2 on lines 13 and 14. Provisions in the agreements for the tax-exempt debt provide for the debt holders to be made whole by the borrower (IPL) in the event of a change in federal income tax rates for corporations. On January 4, 2018, the holders of the tax-exempt debt notified IPL as follows, "As a result of the tax rate change, the taxable effective yield to the banks on the Environmental Facilities Refunding Revenue Notes, Series 2015A and the Environmental Facilities Refunding Revenue Notes, Series 2015B (the Notes) has decreased. Accordingly, pursuant to Section 2.9(a)(iii) of the Note Purchase and Covenants Agreement dated December 22, 2015, the interest payable on the Notes shall be increased to compensate for such change in the taxable effective yield on the indebtedness." Accordingly, we have adjusted the effective interest rates on IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-CC, Schedule CC2-T for these tax-exempt

| 1 | | issues to 2.373%, which increases IPL's return rate on long-term debt and |
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| 2 | | overall weighted average cost of capital. |
| 3 | 6. | In IPL's original case-in-chief filing, on <u>IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-OPER</u> , |
| 4 | | Schedule REV5, IPL included adjustments to include the expected level of |
| 5 | | rider revenues into pro forma revenues at current rates. One of such |
| 6 | | adjustments, which is shown on Page 1 in column 3 of such Schedule, is to |
| 7 | | include recovery of environmental projects that are currently in IPL's ECR |
| 8 | | Rider. The calculation of such revenues includes a return on rate base for |
| 9 | | those ECR projects, which includes a revenue conversion factor to gross up |
| 0 | | the return for the level of income taxes IPL will incur. We have adjusted |
| 1 | | such revenue conversion factor to include a federal income tax rate of 21%. |
| 2 | | This change reduced the pro forma level of revenues. |
| .3 | 7. | Each of the changes described in 1 through 5 above had an impact on the |
| 4 | | revenue requirement proposed in this Cause as shown on IPL Financial |
| 5 | | Exhibit IPL-OPER, Schedule OPINC-T, line 1, column 6. This amount is |
| 16 | | used in the calculations of the following expenses for pro forma at proposed |
| 7 | | rates: uncollectible accounts expense, public utility fee and Indiana utility |
| 8 | | receipts taxes. Each of these expenses have been reduced proportionate to |
| 9 | | the reduction in pro forma revenues at proposed rates. |
| | | |

- A10. The weighted average cost of long-term debt increased from 4.97% to 5.03% as a result of the increase in the variable-rate, tax-exempt debt I described previously. That change, coupled with the decrease in deferred income taxes I described previously, increased the total weighted average cost of capital rate from 6.77% to 6.82%. Such rate is utilized on IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-REVREQ, Schedule REVREQ1 to calculate the original cost allowable electric operating income before fair value on line 11.
- 7 O11. Did any of the schedules that you sponsor in the original case-in-chief filing change? 8 Some of the schedules I sponsor changed, but only to the extent that those schedules A11. 9 pulled numbers from other schedules that were directly modified. For example, I sponsor 10 IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-OPER, Schedule OM1, which summarizes the pro forma 11 adjustments contained in schedules OM2 through OM27. The only changes to OM1 12 were the updates to uncollectible accounts expense and public utility fee at proposed 13 rates, which numbers were updated to reflect the changes made on IPL Financial Exhibit 14 IPL-OPER, Schedule OM26 and IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-OPER, Schedule OM27. 15 Those updates are described by the witness that sponsors those schedules. This same 16 type of change occurred on IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-OPER, Schedule OPINC and IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-OPER, Schedule REV1. All of such changes were the result of 17 18 changes to other exhibits, which were driven by the TCJA impacts I described previously 19 in my answer to question nine.
- Q12. Did any of the workpapers that you sponsor in the original case-in-chief filing change?
- 22 A12. No.

- 1 Q13. Are there any changes to your prefiled direct testimony as a result of the TCJA?
- 2 A13. Yes. There are three numbers listed in my direct testimony that have changed, which are
- all in my answer to question 17, on page 12 of my prefiled direct testimony in which I
- described <u>IPL Financial Exhibit IPL-OPER</u>, <u>Schedule OPINC</u>. Here are the updates to
- 5 those amounts:
- The jurisdictional pro forma electric operating income at present rates has been
- 7 increased from \$160.0 million to \$169.1 million;
- The jurisdictional pro forma level of operating revenues at rates proposed by IPL has
- been reduced from \$1,492.1 million to \$1.456.0 million; and
- The resulting pro forma jurisdictional electric net operating income at proposed rates
- has changed from \$238.3 million to \$239.6 million.
- 12 Q14. What is the overall result of incorporating the impacts of the TCJA into the revenue
- requirement?
- 14 A14. After incorporating the impacts of the TCJA, the annual revenue increase requested by
- 15 IPL has dropped from \$124.5 million to \$96.7 million for a decrease of \$27.8 million.
- 16 Q15. Does that conclude your prefiled supplemental testimony?
- 17 A15. Yes.

VERIFICATION

I, Craig A. Forestal, Director of Regulatory Accounting for AES U.S. Services, LLC, affirm under penalties of perjury that the foregoing representations are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Craig A. Forestal

Dated: February 15, 2018