FILED July 20, 2018 INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

#### STATE OF INDIANA

#### INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

PETITION OF THE CITY OF EVANSVILLE, INDIANA, FOR AUTHORITY TO ISSUE BONDS, NOTES, OR OTHER OBLIGATIONS, FOR AUTHORITY TO INCREASE ITS RATES AND CHARGES FOR WATER SERVICE, AND FOR APPROVAL OF NEW SCHEDULES OF WATER RATES AND CHARGES

**CAUSE NO. 45073** 

#### **OUCC PREFILED TESTIMONY**

OF

#### EDWARD R. KAUFMAN, CRRA – PUBLIC'S EXHIBIT NO. 5

#### **ON BEHALF OF THE**

#### INDIANA OFFICE OF UTILITY CONSUMER COUNSELOR

JULY 20, 2018

Respectfully Submitted,

INDIANA OFFICE OF UTILITY CONSUMER COUNSELOR

Daniel M. Le Vay, Atty. No.22184-49 Deputy Consumer Counselor

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

This is to certify that a copy of the foregoing *Office of Utility Consumer Counselor Prefiled Testimony Edward R. Kaufman, CRRA* has been served upon the following counsel of record in the captioned proceeding by electronic service on July 20, 2018.

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#### TESTIMONY OF OUCC WITNESS EDWARD R. KAUFMAN, CRRA CAUSE NO. 45073 <u>CITY OF EVANSVILLE</u>

#### I. INTRODUCTION

1	Q:	Please state your name and business address.
2	A:	My name is Edward R. Kaufman, and my business address is 115 W. Washington
3		St., Suite 1500 South, Indianapolis, IN 46204
4	Q:	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
5	A:	I am employed by the Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor ("OUCC") as
6		the Assistant Director with the Water-Wastewater Division. My qualifications and
7		experience are set forth in Appendix A.
8	Q:	What is the purpose of your testimony?
9	A:	I discuss the City of Evansville's ("Petitioner" or "Evansville") request for
10		authority to issue \$147,355,000 of long term debt. My testimony explains that
11		because Petitioner has not determined the amount and timing of its open market
12		and SRF loans, it is difficult to assess the reasonableness of Petitioner's request.
13		In general, Petitioner's plan to issue long-term debt to fund capital projects is
14		reasonable. However, due to several factors discussed below as well as by OUCC
15		witness James Parks, Evansville's borrowing authority should be set at a lower
16		amount of approximately \$117,355,000. In addition, I recommend the Commission
17		approve certain adjustments and reporting requirements. I also recommend placing
18		restrictions on Petitioner's debt service reserve that should be implemented to
19		ensure the funds are available as needed.

#### 1 Q: Do you have schedules and attachments?

2 A: Yes. Appendix B lists of my schedules and attachments.

#### II. <u>PETITIONER'S DEBT ISSUANCE(S)</u>

#### A. Introduction

#### 3 Q: Please describe Petitioner's proposed debt issuance as set forth in its case.

A: Petitioner proposes to borrow \$147.355 million for specified capital projects. On
page 6 of his testimony, Mr. Baldessari explains, Evansville anticipates issuing its
proposed bonds in one or more series on the open market or through the Indiana
Finance Authority's ("IFA") Drinking Water State Revolving Fund ("SRF"). On
page 7, Mr. Baldessari further clarifies that over the next several months the
Petitioner will be determining the amount and timing of the open market and SRF
bond issues.

The annual debt service on Petitioner's new debt, as proposed, would be \$4,355,836 (Phase I), \$8,543,712 (Phase II) and \$10,551,613 (Phase III). Combined with Petitioner's existing debt service, total annual debt service would be \$14,489,736 (Phase I), \$18,676,213 (Phase II) and \$20,685,808 (Phase III). (Petitioner's proposed annual debt service calculations are shown at Adjustment 5 on page 28 of Petitioner's Accounting Report.)

#### 17 Q: Does the OUCC accept Petitioner's proposed borrowing?

A: No. First, the timing, the number and the amounts of Petitioner's debt issuances
are not clearly set forth in Petitioner's case-in-chief. Petitioner's testimony
indicates it anticipates issuing bonds in one or more series on the open market or
through the SRF, but Petitioner's proposed amortization schedule, its estimated

1 annual debt service and its revenue requirements are based on a single (open 2 market) issuance. If Petitioner issues its debt in multiple series (and with multiple 3 issuers) the amount and timing of its proposed debt and annual debt service will be 4 materially different than that indicated in its case in chief. For example, if 5 Petitioner issues its proposed debt through multiple issuances, at least in the short run, its revenue requirements will include principal and interest expenses that it is 6 7 not actually incurring. Thus, Petitioner's rates will be set based on revenue 8 requirements that are overstated. 9 Moreover, as discussed by OUCC witness James Parks, the estimated costs 10 of several of Petitioner's proposed projects are overstated. For instance, Mr. Parks 11 explains the Petitioner's estimated project costs also includes an overstated 9.6% 12 mark-up for "Construction Engineer / Resident Project Represented Costs." 13 Mr. Parks also explains some of the projects may not be completed in the 14 time frame that Petitioner proposes. Additionally, some of Petitioner's proposed 15 projects are identified as being funded through E&R, but are also listed on 16 Evansville's SRF loan application. Moreover, while not explained by Petitioner in 17 its testimony, Evansville has marked-up for estimated inflation the project amounts 18 used to determine Petitioner's proposed borrowing authority. 19 **O**: Why is it important to accurately estimate annual debt service costs as a 20 component of a municipal utility's revenue requirements? 21 An accurate and reasonable estimate of annual debt service costs balances the needs A: 22 of the utility with the interests of ratepayers. A utility needs revenues sufficient to 23 meet its real debt service requirements, while ratepayers are entitled to rates that do

24 not exceed actual debt service requirements.

#### 1 Q: Why is it important for the number, timing and amount of debt issuances to 2 be known and understood?

3 A: Achieving the goal of setting accurate debt service amounts can be difficult even 4 under typical circumstances. The process requires the Commission to issue a final 5 order granting authority and increasing rates before any debt is issued, but the 6 Commission will typically not know the precise interest until after the debt has been 7 issued. However, when Petitioner's rates are increased before the debt has been 8 issued, it will collect funds in rates without a corresponding expense. Rates should 9 be based on the utility's actual expenses. Petitioner's rates should not be based on 10 a hypothetical single bond issuance. Multiple debt issuances make over-collection 11 more likely.

#### B. <u>Multiple Debt Issuances</u>

12 0: In its case-in-chief, Petitioner estimated its debt service revenue requirement 13 based on a single open-market issuance. Will Petitioner offer a single open-14 market debt issuance? Most likely, no. On April 25<sup>th</sup> the City of Evansville filed and application form 15 A: 16 with the SRF. The City also filed a Preliminary Engineering Report ("PER") with 17 the SRF on June 16. A copy of this report was provided to the OUCC through 18 informal discovery and the "Summary of Projects" is included as Attachment ERK-19 5). Based on its responses to OUCC discovery and conversations I had with Shelley 20 Love of the SRF, Petitioner appears to be moving forward with at least one SRF 21 loan and an open market loan. 22 In OUCC DR 4-7 the OUCC asked whether Petitioner anticipated issuing 23 bonds in more than one offering. The OUCC also asked for information about the 24 issuances including when issuances would be made, who would be loaning the

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3 A: It is anticipated that there will be at least two bond issues; 4 one open market bond issue and one SRF bond issue. The 5 SRF program may want a bond issue in each year of the three 6 (3) year rate proceeding. The funding source, timing, terms 7 and amounts of each bond issuance are not fully known at 8 this time. Management and its consulting engineers are 9 currently determining the projects which will be funded 10 through the SRF program and those which will be funded 11 with an open market bond issue. As the financing plan for 12 the projects, which will be funded through the SRF and the 13 open market bond issues, are determined, we will 14 supplement this response. 15 The Petitioner has filed an application with SRF as of June 15, 2018. SRF has indicated that there will be sufficient 16 17 funds available to finance those projects the City determines are best suited to go through the SRF program. 18 Conversations regarding the amounts and timing of the SRF 19 20 issues will occur over the next several months. 21 Does the application to SRF indicate multiple borrowings? **O**: 22 A: Yes. In response to an informal discovery request, Petitioner provided the OUCC with a copy of the DW Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) - A,<sup>1</sup> which had 23 been submitted to SRF. The cover letter included with the PER includes the 24 25 following statement: 26 A portion of the funds being requested by DW PER – A would be closed as part of a Fall 2018 SRF loan closing. Any projects not 27 28 closed on in [sic] will be part of future loan closings in 2019 and

money, amortization schedules, and how much would be borrowed. Petitioner

responded by acknowledging there would be at least two bond issues:

29 2020. (Emphasis added)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Attachment ERK- 5.

	Thus, it appears Evansville will use multiple borrowers and multiple debt issuances
	to finance its proposed capital projects.
Q:	In its response to OUCC DR 4-7, Petitioner indicated: "As the financing plan for the projects, which will be funded through the SRF and the open market bond issues, are determined, we will supplement this response." As of the preparation of your testimony, has Petitioner supplemented its response?
A:	No. As of the date the OUCC filed this testimony, Petitioner had not supplemented
	its response. Accordingly, Petitioner would appear not to have made progress on
	completing its plans to finance its anticipated projects. If Petitioner has not
	determined its financing plan, it is not possible for the OUCC or the Commission
	to evaluate Petitioner's undeveloped financing proposal. Petitioner's financing
	plans are integral to its revenue requirements and a complete financing plans should
	have been part of the record. Moreover, Petitioner's assertion that it will revise its
	financing plan by supplementing its responses to OUCC discovery, is not a
	sufficient remedy to address deficiencies in its rate case.
Q:	Has Petitioner provided enough information to properly calculate its annual debt service?
A:	No. While Petitioner intends to issue debt from multiple issuers and in multiple
	issuances, it has not provided amortization schedules that reflect the estimated
	annual debt service expense it will incur. Without amortization schedules that
	reflect Petitioner's intended debt issuances, Petitioner's annual debt service cannot
	be reasonably calculated.
Q:	Can the actual revenue requirement be achieved through a true-up?
A:	No. There are two problems with that approach. First, initial rates will be based
	on incomplete and inaccurate information. Secondly, the actual financing request
	A: Q: A: Q:

1 cannot be adequately evaluated. True-ups are best suited for relatively small 2 changes, which are out of the control of a utility. A utility typically will not know 3 the exact interest rate until very shortly before the closing on the debt issuance. It 4 makes sense to true-up debt service because the final actual interest rate cannot be 5 known and must be estimated in Petitioner's rate filing. But in such a case, the 6 utility, the consumer parties, and the Commission will have a very good 7 understanding of the amount that needs to be borrowed and what the interest rate 8 will be so that appropriate initial rates can be set and the terms of the borrowing 9 can be evaluated. It is neither necessary nor appropriate to base rates on a vague, 10 incorrect or incomplete financing plan, with the intent that everything can be 11 revised in a true-up.

#### 12 Q: Why is it a problem for initial rates to be based on incomplete information?

13 A: During the time period rates are in place and before the true-up is implemented, a 14 utility will either over-collect or under-collect. When the rates are based on one 15 issuance but the number, timing and amount of debt issuances is unknown, the over 16 collection or under collection could be material. This is especially true if a utility 17 breaks a proposed debt issuance into multiple issuances. For example, if a utility 18 broke up a \$90 million issuance into three \$30 million issuances, where each 19 issuance was one year apart, the annual debt service on the combined loans will be 20 spread out and result in a lower initial debt service. Rates should not include the 21 debt service expenses of a single debt issuance, when the debt is issued over several 22 years. A utility should use its best efforts to accurately estimate its anticipated cost of debt service. Thus, minimizing the need and scope of the true-up. Based on the 23

information provided through discovery, it clear that the annual debt service
 included in Petitioner's proposed revenue requirements will be materially different
 than its actual debt service.

Finally, the OUCC and the Commission should have an opportunity to evaluate a utility's financing plan as it will take place. Petitioner now asserts it will have an open market issuance and multiple SRF issuances. The OUCC and Commission should be permitted to evaluate Petitioner's actual financing plan. Petitioner's revenue requirements should not be authorized based on a hypothetical plan that will not reflect actual costs.

- 10 Q: What should be done in this case to address the lack of information provided?
- 11 A: One solution would be to defer the debt service portion of this case until Petitioner 12 can provide amortization schedules that reflect both the timing and amounts of its 13 open-market and SRF debt issuances. Thus, the initial order in this rate case would 14 incorporate all changes to Petitioner's revenue requirements except it would not 15 include in rates funds for debt service on future issuances. In the alternative, rates 16 should be based on an estimate that incorporates multiple SRF issuances as well as 17 an open market debt issuance. In other words, rates should be based on an estimate 18 of the actual debt issuances that should be expected.
- 19 Q: Please explain how you estimated a debt service for Petitioner.

A: Based on my analysis and the testimony of OUCC witness James Parks, I have
 reduced Petitioner's proposed financing authority by \$30,000,000 to \$117,355,000.
 This reduction addresses Petitioner's overstated project costs, unsupported inflation
 adjustment, unsupported mark-ups, and unsupported "unknown relocation

projects." This reduction also reflects, Petitioner's ability (or inability) to complete
all of the projects included in its testimony. This estimate is intended to reflect the
totality of our concerns, that Petitioner's proposed borrowing authority overstates
its projects costs and includes more projects than Petitioner will be able to complete
over the three-year time period (2019-2021). This estimate also recognizes that
Petitioner will issue debt from both the SRF and through the open market.

7 For my estimation of debt service, I anticipate that the Evansville borrows \$85,000,000<sup>2</sup> from the SRF, on Jan 1, 2019. My analysis assumes an interest rate 8 9 of 2.5%. I also assume Evansville borrows \$32,355,000 through an open market 10 issuance on December 19, 2019 at its stated interest rates. (SRF debt is not issued 11 all at once. Instead funds are loaned out by SRF as they are expended by the utility.) 12 In my analysis I anticipate a two year construction cycle and that Evansville draws 13 its funds equally over the next two years (starting on January 1, 2019). Thus, 14 Evansville spends one fourth of its SRF debt issuance, \$21,250,000, every six 15 months. Schedule ERK - 1, is an amortization schedule for an open market debt 16 issuance of \$32,355,000. Schedule ERK - 2, is an amortization schedule for 17 \$85,000,000 in SRF debt. SRF debt is a draw and borrowers are charged interest 18 on the outstanding balance. My amortization schedule assumes that Petitioner 19 would draw down \$21,250,000 every six months.

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Schedule ERK-3 combines the annual debt service payments of the SRF and open market loans. Using my amortization schedules, Petitioner would have a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> <u>Per DW Preliminary Engineering Report (PER)</u> – A, page SOP-7 (Attachment ERK - 5).

1		debt service payment of \$1,667,736 in 2019, \$5,403,575 in 2020 and \$7,691,575 in
2		2021. <sup>3</sup> My amortization schedules show payments are made on the January 1 <sup>st</sup> of
3		each year. Payments made on January 1 <sup>st</sup> , must be collected during the prior year.
4		My estimated amortization schedules reflect that Petitioner would pay \$1,667,736
5		on January 1, 2020. Thus, the revenues to make this payment will be collected in
6		2019 and are included in the column titled Phase 1 (2019) on Schedule ERK 3.
7	Q:	Why did you anticipate an SRF loan of \$85.0 million in your calculation?
8	A:	Page SOP-8 of the summary of "DW Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) – A"

9 estimates a "Total Project Cost" of approximately \$85 million. The balance of the
10 OUCC's proposed debt authority of \$32,355,000 (\$117,355,000 - \$85,000,000)
11 would be raised through an open market issuance.

#### C. Project Costs

#### 12 Q: Please explain your concerns about Petitioner's proposed project costs?

13 Petitioner appears to have adjusted the cost of its proposed projects, proposed A: 14 borrowing authority and subsequent annual debt service for inflation. The column titled "Estimated total Project Cost in Contraction Year" of the HNTB Report 15 16 (Attachment ERK – 6) matches the estimated cost figures from Petitioner's 17 Attachment DLB 1, pages 7-9. The HNTB Report also includes a column titled "Estimated Project Cost (2017 dollars)." The difference between these two 18 19 columns appears to account for estimated inflation. For example, the first line of 20 the HNTB report for the Project titled "President's Neighborhood Central" shows

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The 2021 annual debt service is based on a five year average 2021-2025.

1	an "Estimated Total Project Cost (2017 dollars) of \$3,575,900, while the column
2	titled "Estimated Total Project Cost in Contraction Year" of \$3,905,300. Thus, it
3	appears the report has increased the estimated project costs for 2019 projects by
4	approximately 9.3% (or 4.5% per year, compounded over two years). Petitioner
5	does not explain the basis for adding inflation, the amount of inflation included or
6	even that its proposed borrowing authority includes inflation. A review of the
7	bottom line from page 1 of Attachment ERK - 6 indicates that almost \$12 million
8	(\$105,133,500 - \$93,519,500) of Petitioner's proposed project costs is to account
9	for estimated inflation. Petitioner's unsupported adjustment for inflation is one
10	reason why the OUCC believes that Petitioner has overstated its estimated project
11	costs.

#### D. Project Timing

Q: Does the timing of projects that Petitioner includes in Attachment DLB-1, page
 7 (Proposed Capital Improvements 2019 – 2021) match the timing of projects
 indicated in Petitioner's loan application to the SRF?
 A Not entirely. For instance, Petitioner's proposed capital improvement plan for

16 2019-2021 lists the "Franklin Ave and Illinois East of Pig[e]on Creek" project in

17 2019 (\$1,406,800), yet Evansville's application to the SRF lists project 32

18 "Franklin Ave and Illinois east of Pigeon Creek" with a construction year of 2022.

19 Petitioner's proposed capital improvement plan for 2019-2021 also lists the Schutte

20 Road, Broadway to USI Tank (\$2,335,100) as being constructed in 2021, while

21 Evansville's loan application to the SRF lists Project 27 "Broadway, Phase II and

22 II, Schutte Road, Broadway to USI Tank as being constructed in 2022. Projects

1		scheduled to be completed in 2022 (per Petitioner's SRF loan application) should
2		not be included in borrowing authority for Petitioner's 2019-2021 capital plan.
	E. <u>A</u>	djustments to E&R
3	Q:	Do you make any adjustments to Petitioner's proposed E&R?
4	A:	Yes. According to Petitioner's (Proposed Capital Improvements 2019 - 2021)
5		Attachment DLB-1, page 7, Petitioner proposes to fund its "New Harmony Road,
6		Allens Lane to Harmony Way of \$1,061,800 through E&R. However, page 7 of
7		Evansville's loan application (Attachment ERK - 4), project 7, appears to include
8		the "New Harmony Road, Allens Lane to Harmony Way" in its SRF proposed debt
9		issuance. This project should not be included in both the debt issuance and in E&R.
10		I propose the project be excluded from Petitioner's E&R revenue requirement. The
11		same duplication appears with respect to the "Schmitt Lane, east of Oak Hill"
12		(\$513,300) project (project 19). I also propose this project be excluded from
13		Petitioner's E&R revenue requirement.

#### F. Interest Earned

#### 14 Q: Will Petitioner be able to earn interest on its open market debt?

A: Petitioner's open market debt will be issued all at once, but it will likely be spent
over 18-36 months. Thus, it is reasonable to expect Petitioner will earn interest on
the unspent balance of its open market debt funds while it is completing it proposed
projects. According to the U.S. Department of Treasury, as of July 13, 2018, the
interest rate on 1 month Treasury securities was 1.87% (Attachment ERK – 7).
Assuming Petitioner earns an interest rate of 1.5% per year (0.125% per month)
and Petitioner spends the open market debt funds evenly over 24 months, Petitioner

1	would earn \$374,105 in 2019 and \$131,442 in 2020 (Schedule ERK – 4, page 1 of
2	2). Interest earned on Petitioner's unspent open market debt issuance should be
3	recognized as an offset to Petitioner's revenue requirements.

Note: The earned interest figures I provided above and used as an offset to
Petitioner's revenue requirements is based on the OUCC's proposed level of open
market debt of \$32,355,000. If Petitioner borrows its proposed \$147,700,000
through an open market loan, spent the funds over 24 months and earned annual
interest of 1.5%, their interest earned would be \$1,707,871 in 2019 and \$600,031

9 in 2020 (Schedule ERK – 4, page 2 of 2).)

#### G. Interest Rates

- 10Q:Does your amortization schedule for the proposed open market debt use the11same interest rates that Petitioner used in its analysis?
- 12 A: Yes. While I believe the interest rates used by Petitioner may be overstated, I used
- 13 the same interest rates to estimate debt service for the open market loan.<sup>4</sup>

#### III. <u>DEBT TIMING</u>

- Q: Will there be a gap between the time Petitioner receives an order in this Cause
   and when it issues its proposed debt?
- 16 A: Yes.

#### 17 Q: When would this gap become a material concern?

- 18 A: The gap in timing becomes a concern if Petitioner does not issue its proposed debt
- 19 within two months after it has filed a revised tariff with the Commission in this
- 20 Cause. Petitioner should reserve any funds collected in rates for its 2018 debt

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Attachment ERK 1 is a copy of the Municipal Yield curve from Municipal Market Monitor (TM3) from 7/08/2018. For "A" rated municipal bonds the attachment shows interest rates ranging from 1.69% (1 year) to 3.39% (30 year).

1 issuances. In the event Petitioner does not or cannot issue its debt within two 2 months of a final order in this Cause, Petitioner should use those funds to offset the 3 amount it needs to borrow. For example, if a utility issues its proposed debt four 4 months after the final order in its Cause, over which period it collected \$25,000 per 5 month for its proposed debt, then it should use the 100,000 (4 \* 25,000) it 6 collected to reduce the amount of debt that is issued. This mechanism is a means 7 to match revenues collected for Petitioner's proposed 2018 bonds with its actual 8 expense for its 2018 bonds.

#### IV. TRUE-UP AND OTHER ISSUES

# 9 Q: Should Petitioner be required to true-up its proposed annual debt service once 10 the interest rates on its proposed debt are known?

Yes. The precise interest rates and annual debt service will not be known until 11 A: 12 Petitioner's debt is issued; therefore, Petitioner's rates should be trued-up to reflect 13 the actual cost of the debt. I recommend the Commission require Petitioner to file 14 a report within thirty (30) days of closing on any of its long term debt issuances 15 explaining the terms of the new loan, the amount of debt service reserve and an 16 itemized account of all issuance costs. The report should include a revised tariff, 17 amortization schedule and also calculate the rate impact in a manner similar to the 18 OUCC's schedules.

#### 19 Q: How should disputes regarding Petitioner's true up report be identified?

A: The OUCC should have fourteen (14) days to challenge Petitioner's proposed trueup. Petitioner should similarly have fourteen (14) days to file a response to the OUCC if it has challenged Petitioner's calculation. Thereafter, the Commission should resolve the issue through a process it considers appropriate.

#### 1 Q: Should there be any exceptions to your proposed process?

A: Yes. If both parties agree in writing that the increase or decrease would be
immaterial, the true-up should not be implemented.

# 4 Q: What other conditions should be placed on Petitioner's proposed debt issuance? 6 A: Unused financing authority should not continue indefinitely. Typically, I would

recommend that if a Petitioner issues its debt for less than the amount authorized
by the Commission, any unused authority expires and cannot be used at a later date.
But if Petitioner is going to issue debt in phases over multiple years, its financing
authority should remain over a specified time period. Based on the information
provided in this case, I believe it is reasonable that unused financing authority
should not expire until December 31, 2021.

#### V. <u>DEBT SERVICE RESERVE</u>

#### 13 Q: Should there be any restrictions on Petitioner's proposed debt service reserve?

14 A: Yes. If Petitioner spends any funds from its debt service reserve for any reason 15 other than to make the last payment on its current or proposed debt issuance(s), 16 Petitioner should be required to provide a report to the Commission and the OUCC 17 within five (5) business days of said transaction. The report should state how much 18 Petitioner spent from its debt service reserve, explain why it spent funds from its 19 debt service reserve, provide a cite to any applicable loan documents that allow it 20 to spend funds from its debt service reserve, describe its plans to replenish its debt 21 service reserve, and explain any cost-cutting activities it has implemented to 22 forestall spending funds from its debt service reserve.

#### VI. SUMMARY

#### 1 **Q**: Please summarize your concerns regarding Petitioner's proposed debt 2 issuance. 3 A: Petitioner's proposed debt issuance and revenue requirements do not represent its 4 actual financing plans. Petitioner intends to borrow funds through both the SRF 5 and through an open market issuance. Petitioner also intends to issue debt in 6 multiple phases. But Petitioner's rate case revenue requirements are based on a 7 single open market debt issuance of \$147.7 million. Based on its responses to 8 OUCC discovery, Petitioner has not determined when and how much debt it will 9 actually issue. Additionally, Petitioner's estimates of the costs of many of its 10 proposed projects are overstated Further complicating matters is that Petitioner 11 does not have a history of completing projects at the pace it has proposed to justify 12 its barrowing in this case. Petitioner should not burden ratepayers with debt service 13 for projects it is unlikely to complete during the life of these rates.

#### **VII. OUCC RECOMMENDATIONS**

14 **Q**:

Please state your recommendations.

- 15 A: As soon as practicable, Petitioner should provide amortization schedules that reflect 16 the amounts, timing and lender of its anticipated debt issuances. The debt issuances 17 should be based on a viable schedule that is within Petitioner's ability to complete. 18 Additionally, I recommend the following:
- 19 1) Absent revised amortization schedules, I recommend the Commission 20 authorize Petitioner to issue no more than \$117,355,000 in long-term at a maximum 21 interest rate of 5.0%

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1		2)	I recor	nmend the Commission include the following in its findings:
2			A.	If Petitioner does not issue its proposed debt within two (2) months
3				after it has filed a revised tariff with the Commission, it should
4				temporarily reserve the funds collected in rates for its 2017 debt and
5				use those funds to offset the amount it borrows.
6			B.	Within thirty (30) days of closing on its long term debt issuance,
7				Petitioner shall file a report with the Commission and serve a copy
8				on the OUCC, explaining the terms of the new loan, including an
9				amortization schedule, the amount of debt service reserve and all
10				issuance costs. The report should include a revised tariff and also
11				calculate the rate impact in a manner similar to the OUCC's
12				schedules. Petitioner's rates should be trued-up if necessary to
13				match its actual cost of debt service.
14			C.	If Petitioner spends any of the funds from its debt service reserves
15				for any reason other than to make the last payment on its proposed
16				2018 debt issuance, Petitioner shall provide a report (as described
17				above) to the Commission and the OUCC within five (5) business
18				days.
19	Q:	Does t	his con	clude your testimony?

20 A: Yes.

#### VIII. APPENDIX A

#### **QUALIFICATIONS**

#### Please describe your educational background and experience. 1 **Q**: 2 A: I graduated from Bentley College in Waltham, Massachusetts with a Bachelors 3 degree in Economics/Finance and an Associates degree in Accounting. Before 4 attending graduate school, I worked as an escheatable property accountant at State 5 Street Bank and Trust Company in Boston, Massachusetts. I was awarded a 6 graduate fellowship to attend Purdue University where I earned a Masters of 7 Science degree in Management with a concentration in finance. 8 I was hired as a Utility Analyst in the Economics and Finance Division of 9

the OUCC in October 1990. My primary areas of responsibility have been in utility 10 finance, utility cost of capital, and regulatory policy. I was promoted to Principal 11 Utility Analyst in August 1993 and to Assistant Chief of Economics and Finance 12 in July 1994. As part of an agency wide reorganization in July 1999, my position 13 was reclassified as Lead Financial Analyst within the Rates/Water/Sewer Division. 14 In October, 2005 I was promoted to Assistant Director of the Water/Wastewater 15 Division. In October 2012, I was promoted to Chief Technical Advisor. I have 16 participated in numerous conferences and seminars regarding utility regulation and financial issues. I was awarded the professional designation of Certified Rate of 17 18 Return Analyst ("CRRA") by the Society of Utility and Regulatory Financial 19 Analysts ("SURFA"). This designation is awarded based upon experience and the 20 successful completion of a written examination. In April 2012, I was elected to 21 SURFA's Board of Directors. I continue to serve on SURFA's board.

1 2	Q:	Have you previously testified before the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission?										
3	A:	Yes. I have testified before the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission										
4		("Commission") in a number of different cases and issues. I have testified in water,										
5		wastewater, natural gas, telecommunication and electric utility cases. While my										
6		primary areas of responsibility have been in cost of equity, utility financing, fair										
7		value, utility valuation and regulatory policy, I have also provided testimony on										
8		trackers, guaranteed performance contracts, declining consumption adjustments,										
9		and other issues.										
10 11	Q:	Please describe the review and analysis you conducted to prepare your testimony.										
12	A:	I reviewed the Petition, testimony, and exhibits filed by Petitioner in this Cause. I										
13		participated in conducting discovery, reviewed Petitioner's responses. I discussed										
14		Petitioner's proposal to issue debt with Shelley Love and Bill Harkins of the SRF.										
15		Finally, I reviewed publications such as "The Municipal Market Monitor" and										
16		"Value Line" which provide current interest rates.										

#### IX. <u>APPENDIX B</u>

#### SCHEDULES AND ATTACHMENTS

1 2	<u>Schedule ERK - 1</u> , is an ammonization schedule that calculates the annual debt service on an Open Market loan of 32,355,000.
3 4	<u>Schedule ERK - 2</u> , is an ammonization schedule that calculates the annual debt service on an SRF loan of \$85,000,000.
5 6	<u>Schedule ERK - 3</u> , Calculates the combined annual debt service on the Open Market and SRF loans.
7 8	<u>Schedule ERK – 4</u> Calculates the estimated interest that Petitioner will earn on the unspent funds of its Open Market debt.
9 10	<u>Attachment ERK-1</u> is a copy of "The Municipal Market Monitor (TM3)" as of July 6 <sup>th</sup> , 2018.
11	Attachment ERK - 2 is Petitioner's response to OUCC Data Request 2.1 and 2.2
12 13	<u>Attachment ERK - 3</u> is Petitioner's response to OUCC Data Request 4.7, 4.8 and $4.9$ .
14 15	<u>Attachment ERK - 4</u> is a copy of the City of Evansville's loan application it filed with the SRF on April 25, 2018
16 17 18	<u>Attachment ERK – 5</u> is a copy of the City of Evansville's cover letter and Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) – A <u>Summary of Projects</u> it provided to the SRF on June 15 <sup>th</sup> , 2018
19 20	<u>Attachment ERK - 6</u> is a five page report prepared by HNTB (dated 12/27/2017) that itemizes the costs of Evansville's capital projects from 2019-2022.
21 22	<u>Attachment ERK – 7</u> sets forth interest rates published by the U.S. Department of Treasury, as of July 13, 2018.

#### EVANSVILLE (INDIANA) WATERWORKS DISTRICT

#### SCHEDULE OF AMORTIZATION OF \$32,355,000 PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF OPEN MARKET WATERWORKS DISTRICT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2018A Principal payable annually January 1st, beginning January I, 2021 and semi-annually on July 1, 2038. Interest payable semi-annually January 1st and July 1st, beginning July I, 2019.

Assumed issue date December 19, 2018

	Date	Principal Balance	Principal	Interest Rate	Period Interest		Total Interest		Period Total		Fiscal Total
	Date	Baranee	<u>i incipai</u>	Rate	<u>interest</u>		<u>interest</u>		10141		<u>10tai</u>
1	7/1/2019					\$	586,573.33	\$	586,573		
2	1/1/2020	\$ 32,355,000				\$	549,912.50	\$	549,913	\$	1,136,486
3	7/1/2020					\$	549,912.50	\$	549,913		
4	1/1/2021	\$ 32,355,000	\$ 1,100,000	2.50%	\$ 13,750.00	\$	549,912.50	\$	1,649,913	\$	2,199,825
5	7/1/2021					\$	536,162.50	\$	536,163		
6	1/1/2022	\$ 31,255,000	\$ 1,150,000	3.00%	\$ 17,250.00	\$	536,162.50	\$	1,686,163	\$	2,222,325
7	7/1/2022					\$	518,912.50	\$	518,913		
8	1/1/2023	\$ 30,105,000	\$ 1,200,000	3.00%	\$ 18,000.00	\$	518,912.50	\$	1,718,913	\$	2,237,825
9	7/1/2023					\$	500,912.50	\$	500,913		
10	1/1/2024	\$ 28,905,000	\$ 1,250,000	3.00%	\$ 18,750.00	\$	500,912.50	\$	1,750,913	\$	2,251,825
11	7/1/2024					\$	482,162.50	\$	482,163		
12	1/1/2025	\$ 27,655,000	\$ 1,300,000	3.00%	\$ 19,500.00	\$	482,162.50	\$	1,782,163	\$	2,264,325
13	7/1/2025					\$	462,662.50	\$	462,663		
14	1/1/2026	\$ 26,355,000	\$ 1,350,000	3.00%	\$ 20,250.00	\$	462,662.50	\$	1,812,663	\$	2,275,325
15	7/1/2026					\$	442,412.50	\$	442,413		
16	1/1/2027	\$ 25,005,000	\$ 1,400,000	3.00%	\$ 21,000.00	\$	442,412.50	\$	1,842,413	\$	2,284,825
17	7/1/2027	* <b>**</b>	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		A A1 550 00	\$	421,412.50	\$	421,413	<i>•</i>	
18	1/1/2028	\$ 23,605,000	\$ 1,450,000	3.00%	\$ 21,750.00	\$	421,412.50	\$	1,871,413	\$	2,292,825
19	7/1/2028	¢ 22.155.000	¢ 1,500,000	2 000/	¢ 22 500 00	\$	399,662.50	\$	399,663	¢	2 200 225
20	1/1/2029	\$ 22,155,000	\$ 1,500,000	3.00%	\$ 22,500.00	\$	399,662.50	\$	1,899,663	\$	2,299,325
21	7/1/2029	¢ 20 <55 000	¢ 1,550,000	2 000/	¢ 22.250.00	\$	377,162.50	\$	377,163	¢	0.004.005
22 23	1/1/2030 7/1/2030	\$ 20,655,000	\$ 1,550,000	3.00%	\$ 23,250.00	\$ \$	377,162.50	\$ \$	1,927,163 353,913	\$	2,304,325
23 24	1/1/2030	\$ 19,105,000	\$ 1,600,000	3.50%	\$ 28,000.00	Դ Տ	353,912.50 353,912.50	Դ Տ	1,953,913	\$	2,307,825
24 25	7/1/2031	\$ 19,105,000	\$ 1,000,000	5.50%	\$ 28,000.00	э \$	325,912.50	э \$	325.913	ф	2,307,823
23 26	1/1/2031	\$ 17,505,000	\$ 1,650,000	3.50%	\$ 28,875.00	\$	325,912.50	چ \$	1,975,913	\$	2,301,825
20	7/1/2032	\$ 17,505,000	\$ 1,050,000	5.50%	\$ 28,875.00	\$	297,037.50	\$	297,038	φ	2,301,823
28	1/1/2032	\$ 15,855,000	\$ 1,750,000	3.50%	\$ 30,625.00	\$	297,037.50	\$	2,047,038	\$	2,344,075
20 29	7/1/2033	φ 15,055,000	\$ 1,750,000	5.5070	\$ 50,025.00	\$	266,412.50	\$	266,413	Ψ	2,344,075
30	1/1/2034	\$ 14,105,000	\$ 1,800,000	3.50%	\$ 31,500.00	\$	266,412.50	\$	2,066,413	\$	2,332,825
31	7/1/2034	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,000,000	512070	\$ 51,500100	\$	234,912.50	\$	234,913	Ψ	2,002,020
32	1/1/2035	\$ 12,305,000	\$ 1,850,000	3.75%	\$ 34,687.50	\$	234,912.50	\$	2,084,913	\$	2,319,825
33	7/1/2035		. , ,		. ,	\$	200,225.00	\$	200,225		, ,
34	1/1/2036	\$ 10,455,000	\$ 1,900,000	3.75%	\$ 35,625.00	\$	200,225.00	\$	2,100,225	\$	2,300,450
35	7/1/2036					\$	164,600.00	\$	164,600		
36	1/1/2037	\$ 8,555,000	\$ 2,000,000	3.75%	\$ 37,500.00	\$	164,600.00	\$	2,164,600	\$	2,329,200
37	7/1/2037	\$ 6,555,000				\$	127,100.00	\$	127,100		
38	1/1/2038	\$ 6,555,000	\$ 2,100,000	3.75%	\$ 39,375.00	\$	127,100.00	\$	2,227,100	\$	2,354,200
39	7/1/2038	\$ 4,455,000	\$ 1,100,000	3.75%	\$ 20,625.00	\$	87,725.00	\$	1,187,725		
40	1/1/2039	\$ 3,355,000	\$ 1,100,000	4.00%	\$ 22,000.00	\$	67,100.00	\$	1,167,100	\$	2,354,825
41	7/1/2039	\$ 2,255,000	\$ 1,100,000	4.00%	\$ 22,000.00	\$	45,100.00	\$	1,145,100		
42	1/1/2040	<u>\$ 1,155,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,155,000</u>	4.00%	\$ 23,100.00	\$	23,100.00	\$	1,178,100	\$	2,323,200
	Total		\$ 32,355,000			\$	14,682,485.83	\$	47,037,486	\$	47,037,486

Five Year Average 2022 - 2026 \$ 2,250,325

#### EVANSVILLE (INDIANA) WATERWORKS DISTRICT

#### SCHEDULE OF AMORTIZATION OF \$85,000,000 PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF SRF WATERWORKS DISTRICT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2018 Principal payable semi- annually January 1st, beginning January I, 2021 Interest payable semi-annually January 1st and July 1st, beginning July I, 2019.

Assumed issue date January 1, 2019

	Date	Principal <u>Balance</u>	Principal	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Total <u>Interest</u>	Period <u>Total</u>		Fiscal <u>Total</u>
	7/1/2019	\$ 21,250,000		2.50%	\$ 132,812.50	\$ 132,813		
	1/1/2020	\$ 42,500,000		2.50%	\$ 398,437.50	\$ 398,438	\$	531,250
1	7/1/2020	\$ 63,750,000		2.50%	\$ 664,062.50	\$ 664,063	Ψ	551,250
2	1/1/2021	\$ 85,000,000	\$ 1,610,000	2.50%	\$ 929,687.50	\$ 2,539,688	\$	3,203,750
3	7/1/2021	\$ 83,390,000	\$ 1,640,000	2.50%	\$1,042,375.00	\$ 2,682,375	Ψ	3,203,750
4	1/1/2022	\$ 81,750,000	\$ 1,670,000	2.50%	\$1,021,875.00	\$ 2,691,875	\$	5,374,250
5	7/1/2022	\$ 80,080,000	\$ 1,700,000	2.50%	\$1,001,000.00	\$ 2,701,000		- , ,
6	1/1/2023	\$ 78,380,000	\$ 1,730,000	2.50%	\$ 979,750.00	\$ 2,709,750	\$	5,410,750
7	7/1/2023	\$ 76,650,000	\$ 1,760,000	2.50%	\$ 958,125.00	\$ 2,718,125		
8	1/1/2024	\$ 74,890,000	\$ 1,790,000	2.50%	\$ 936,125.00	\$ 2,726,125	\$	5,444,250
9	7/1/2024	\$ 73,100,000	\$ 1,820,000	2.50%	\$ 913,750.00	\$ 2,733,750		
10	1/1/2025	\$ 71,280,000	\$ 1,850,000	2.50%	\$ 891,000.00	\$ 2,741,000	\$	5,474,750
11	7/1/2025	\$ 69,430,000	\$ 1,880,000	2.50%	\$ 867,875.00	\$ 2,747,875		
12	1/1/2026	\$ 67,550,000	\$ 1,910,000	2.50%	\$ 844,375.00	\$ 2,754,375	\$	5,502,250
13	7/1/2026	\$ 65,640,000	\$ 1,940,000	2.50%	\$ 820,500.00	\$ 2,760,500		
14	1/1/2027	\$ 63,700,000	\$ 1,970,000	2.50%	\$ 796,250.00	\$ 2,766,250	\$	5,526,750
15	7/1/2027	\$ 61,730,000	\$ 2,000,000	2.50%	\$ 771,625.00	\$ 2,771,625		
16	1/1/2028	\$ 59,730,000	\$ 2,030,000	2.50%	\$ 746,625.00	\$ 2,776,625	\$	5,548,250
17	7/1/2028	\$ 57,700,000	\$ 2,060,000	2.50%	\$ 721,250.00	\$ 2,781,250		
18	1/1/2029	\$ 55,640,000	\$ 2,090,000	2.50%	\$ 695,500.00	\$ 2,785,500	\$	5,566,750
19	7/1/2029	\$ 53,550,000	\$ 2,120,000	2.50%	\$ 669,375.00	\$ 2,789,375		
20	1/1/2030	\$ 51,430,000	\$ 2,150,000	2.50%	\$ 642,875.00	\$ 2,792,875	\$	5,582,250
21	7/1/2030	\$ 49,280,000	\$ 2,180,000	2.50%	\$ 616,000.00	\$ 2,796,000		
22	1/1/2031	\$ 47,100,000	\$ 2,210,000	2.50%	\$ 588,750.00	\$ 2,798,750	\$	5,594,750
23	7/1/2031	\$ 44,890,000	\$ 2,240,000	2.50%	\$ 561,125.00	\$ 2,801,125		
24	1/1/2032	\$ 42,650,000	\$ 2,270,000	2.50%	\$ 533,125.00	\$ 2,803,125	\$	5,604,250
25	7/1/2032	\$ 40,380,000	\$ 2,300,000	2.50%	\$ 504,750.00	\$ 2,804,750		
26	1/1/2033	\$ 38,080,000	\$ 2,330,000	2.50%	\$ 476,000.00	\$ 2,806,000	\$	5,610,750
27	7/1/2033	\$ 35,750,000	\$ 2,360,000	2.50%	\$ 446,875.00	\$ 2,806,875		
28	1/1/2034	\$ 33,390,000	\$ 2,390,000	2.50%	\$ 417,375.00	\$ 2,807,375	\$	5,614,250
29	7/1/2034	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 2,420,000	2.50%	\$ 387,500.00	\$ 2,807,500		
30	1/1/2035	\$ 28,580,000	\$ 2,450,000	2.50%	\$ 357,250.00	\$ 2,807,250	\$	5,614,750
31	7/1/2035	\$ 26,130,000	\$ 2,480,000	2.50%	\$ 326,625.00	\$ 2,806,625		
32	1/1/2036	\$ 23,650,000	\$ 2,510,000	2.50%	\$ 295,625.00	\$ 2,805,625	\$	5,612,250
33	7/1/2036	\$ 21,140,000	\$ 2,540,000	2.50%	\$ 264,250.00	\$ 2,804,250		
34	1/1/2037	\$ 18,600,000	\$ 2,570,000	2.50%	\$ 232,500.00	\$ 2,802,500	\$	5,606,750
35	7/1/2037	\$ 16,030,000	\$ 2,600,000	2.50%	\$ 200,375.00	\$ 2,800,375		
36	1/1/2038	\$ 13,430,000	\$ 2,630,000	2.50%	\$ 167,875.00	\$ 2,797,875	\$	5,598,250
37	7/1/2038	\$ 10,800,000	\$ 2,660,000	2.50%	\$ 135,000.00	\$ 2,795,000		
38		\$ 8,140,000	\$ 2,690,000	2.50%	\$ 101,750.00	\$ 2,791,750	\$	5,586,750
39	7/1/2039		\$ 2,720,000	2.50%	\$ 68,125.00	\$ 2,788,125		
40	1/1/2040	\$ 2,730,000	\$ 2,730,000	2.50%	\$ 34,125.00	\$ 2,764,125	\$	5,552,250
Т	otal		\$85,000,000		\$ 24,160,250	<u>\$ 109,160,250</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	09,160,250
				Fi	ve Year Average	2022 - 2026	\$	5,441,250

#### Combined Annual Debt Service Open Market and SRF Debt

	Phase I			Phase II	Phase III		
	<u>2019</u> <u>202</u>			<u>2020</u>	<u>2021 - 2025</u>		
Open Market Issuance \$32.355 million	\$	1,136,486	\$	2,199,825	\$	2,250,325	
SRF \$85.0 million	\$	531,250	\$	3,203,750	\$	-	
Total	\$	1,667,736	\$	5,403,575	\$	2,250,325	
Increase			\$	3,735,839	\$	(3,153,250)	
Petitioner's proposed annual debt service Increase	\$	4,355,836	\$ \$	8,543,713 4,187,876	\$ \$	10,550,463 2,006,750	
	¢.	<b>a</b> 500 100				, ,	
Difference between Petitioner and OUCC	\$	2,688,100	\$	3,140,138	\$	8,300,138	

#### Estimated Interest Earned on Outstanding Balance Open Market Debt Annual Interest Rate 1.5% Monthly Interest Rate 0.125%

<u>Month</u>	Unspent Loan Onth Proceeds		Monthly Interest <u>Earned</u>		Annual Interest <u>Earned</u>	
Jan-19	\$	32,355,000.00	\$	40,443.75		
Feb-19	\$	31,006,875.00	\$	38,758.59		
Mar-19	\$	29,658,750.00	\$	37,073.44		
Apr-19	\$	28,310,625.00	\$	35,388.28		
May-19	\$	26,962,500.00	\$	33,703.13		
Jun-19	\$	25,614,375.00	\$	32,017.97		
Jul-19	\$	24,266,250.00	\$	30,332.81		
Aug-19	\$	22,918,125.00	\$	28,647.66		
Sep-19	\$	21,570,000.00	\$	26,962.50		
Oct-19	\$	20,221,875.00	\$	25,277.34		
Nov-19	\$	18,873,750.00	\$	23,592.19		
Dec-19	\$	17,525,625.00	\$	21,907.03	\$	374,104.69
Jan-20	\$	16,177,500.00	\$	20,221.88		
Feb-20	\$	14,829,375.00	\$	18,536.72		
Mar-20	\$	13,481,250.00	\$	16,851.56		
Apr-20	\$	12,133,125.00	\$	15,166.41		
May-20	\$	10,785,000.00	\$	13,481.25		
Jun-20	\$	9,436,875.00	\$	11,796.09		
Jul-20	\$	8,088,750.00	\$	10,110.94		
Aug-20	\$	6,740,625.00	\$	8,425.78		
Sep-20	\$	5,392,500.00	\$	6,740.63		
Oct-20	\$	4,044,375.00	\$	5,055.47		
Nov-20	\$	2,696,250.00	\$	3,370.31		
Dec-20	\$	1,348,125.00	\$	1,685.16	\$	131,442.19

#### Estimated Interest Earned on Outstanding Balance Open Market Debt Annual Interest Rate 1.5% Monthly Interest Rate 0.125%

Month	Unspent Loan <u>Proceeds</u>	Monthly Interest <u>Earned</u>	Annual Interest <u>Earned</u>
Jan-19	\$ 147,700,000.00	\$ 184,625.00	
Feb-19	\$ 141,545,833.33	\$ 176,932.29	
Mar-19	\$ 135,391,666.67	\$ 169,239.58	
Apr-19	\$ 129,237,500.00	\$ 161,546.88	
May-19	\$ 123,083,333.33	\$ 153,854.17	
Jun-19	\$ 116,929,166.67	\$ 146,161.46	
Jul-19	\$ 110,775,000.00	\$ 138,468.75	
Aug-19	\$ 104,620,833.33	\$ 130,776.04	
Sep-19	\$ 98,466,666.67	\$ 123,083.33	
Oct-19	\$ 92,312,500.00	\$ 115,390.63	
Nov-19	\$ 86,158,333.33	\$ 107,697.92	
Dec-19	\$ 80,004,166.67	\$ 100,005.21	\$ 1,707,781.25
Jan-20	\$ 73,850,000.00	\$ 92,312.50	
Feb-20	\$ 67,695,833.33	\$ 84,619.79	
Mar-20	\$ 61,541,666.67	\$ 76,927.08	
Apr-20	\$ 55,387,500.00	\$ 69,234.38	
May-20	\$ 49,233,333.33	\$ 61,541.67	
Jun-20	\$ 43,079,166.67	\$ 53,848.96	
Jul-20	\$ 36,925,000.00	\$ 46,156.25	
Aug-20	\$ 30,770,833.33	\$ 38,463.54	
Sep-20	\$ 24,616,666.67	\$ 30,770.83	
Oct-20	\$ 18,462,500.00	\$ 23,078.13	
Nov-20	\$ 12,308,333.33	\$ 15,385.42	
Dec-20	\$ 6,154,166.67	\$ 7,692.71	\$ 600,031.25

#### Municipal Yield Curves as of 07/06/2018

	General Obligations					"AAA" Coupon Range			
		"AAA"	PRE-RE	INSURED	"AA"	"A"	"BAA"	"LOW"	"HIGH"
1	2019	1.49	1.51	1.59	1.51	1.69	1.96	5.00	5,00
2	2020	1.64	1.66	1.80	1.67	1.89	2.19	5.00	5.00
3	2021	1.77	1.79	1.94	1.82	2.07	2.39	5.00	5.00
4	2022	1.87	1.90	2.10	1.94	2.22	2.54	5.00	5.00
5	2023	1.97	2.00	2.24	2.05	2.36	2.68	5.00	5.00
6	2024	2.08	2.12	2.37	2.18	2.50	2.84	5,00	5.00
7	2025	2.20	2.24	2.51	2.32	2.64	2.97	5.00	5.00
8	2026	2.31	2.35	2.64	2.46	2.77	3.11	5.00	5.00
9	2027	2.38		2.72	2,55	2.85	3.19	5.00	5.00
10	2028	2.43		2.78	2.61	2.91	3.26	5.00	5.00
11	2029	2.47		2.82	2.66	2.95	3.31	5.00	5.00
12	2030	2.51	ana na mangana ang kangka na kangkanan	2.87	2.71	3.00	3.36	5.00	5.00
13	2031	2.55		2.91	2.75	3.04	3.40	5.00	5.00
14	2032	2.59		2.95	2.79	3.08	3,44	5,00	5.00
15	2033	2.63		2.99	2.83	3.12	3.48	5.00	5.00
16	2034	2.67		3.03	2.87	3.16	3.52	5.00	5.00
17	2035	2.71		3.06	2.91	3.20	3,55	5.00	5.00
18	2036	2.74		3.08	2.94	3,23	3.57	5,00	5.00
19	2037	2.76		3.10	2.96	3.25	3,59	5.00	5.00
20	2038	2.78	ar ann an t-bhainn an t-bhainn an t-bhainn t-bhainn t-bhainn t-bhainn ann t-bhainn ann a t-bhainn ann a' bhain	3.12	2.98	3.27	3.61	5.00	5.00
21	2039	2.80		3.14	3.00	3.29	3.62	5.00	5.00
22	2040	2.82		3.16	3.02	3.31	3.63	5.00	5.00
23	2041	2.83		3.17	3.03	3,32	3.64	5.00	5.00
24	2042	2.84	5	3.18	3.04	3,33	3.65	5.00	5.00
25	2043	2.85		3.19	3.05	3.34	3.66	5.00	5.00
26	2044	2.86		3.20	3,06	3.35	3.67	5.00	5.00
27	2045	2.87		3.21	3,07	3,36	3.68	5.00	5.00
28	2046	2.88		3.22	3.08	3.37	3.69	5.00	5.00
29	2047	, 2.89		3.23	3.09	3.38	3.70	5.00	5.00
30	2048	2.90	ang gang saga saga sa	3.24	3.10	3.39	3.71	5.00	5.00

https://www.tm3.com/mmdrewrite/mmd/14902.faces

#### OUCC DR 2.1

#### DATA REQUEST

#### City of Evansville Cause No. 45073

#### **Information Requested:**

Page 3 of Petitioner's Accountants' Report: lists "Allowance for legal, financial advisory, bond issuance costs, general project contingencies and rounding" of \$1,404,088. Please provide a specific breakdown of the individual items that make up the \$1,404,808. If a calculation was used to determine any of the items, please provide the calculation for each item.

#### **Information Provided**:

See Attachment OUCC DR 2.1-R1.pdf for a breakdown of the allowance for legal, financial advisory, bond issuance costs, general project contingencies and rounding.

#### Attachment:

OUCC DR 2.1-R1.pdf

OUCC Attachment ERK-2 Cause No. 45073 Page 2 of 9 Cause No. 45073 OUCC DR 2.1-R1 Page 1 of 1

#### EVANSVILLE (INDIANA) WATERWORKS DISTRICT

#### ESTIMATED ALLOWANCE FOR COSTS OF ISSUANCE Proposed Waterworks District Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A

Service	Vendor	Amounts	
Legal			
Bond counsel (Bonds) *	Barnes & Thornburg	\$130,000	
IURC counsel	Barnes & Thornburg	99,000	
Local counsel *	Zeimer, Styman, Wetzel & Shoulders, LLP	20,000	
SRF counsel	Bingham Greenebaum Doll LLP	20,000	
Sub-total		269,000	
Financial			
IURC rate case	Umbaugh	185,000	
Accounting financial advisory;	- -		
disclosure document and related *	Umbaugh	150,000	
Sub-total		335,000	
Other			
IURC bond issue fee	State	368,388	
(\$147,355,000 par amount divided by 100 tin	nes \$0.25)		
IURC rate case fee	State	35,000	
Rating fee	S&P	72,500	
Trustee and RP&A services:	TBD		
Acceptance Fee		1,000	
Annual Fee		500	
Official Statement Printing	Pacesetter Press	1,000	
Parity Report *	Umbaugh	8,000	
Parity	Parity	1,500	
CUSIP and service bureau fees	DTC	400	
Legal advertising and misc.		500	
General project contingencies and rounding		311,300	
Sub-total		800,088	
Total Estimated Costs of Issuance		\$1,404,088	

\* Assumes two bond issues.

#### OUCC DR 2.2

#### DATA REQUEST

#### City of Evansville Cause No. 45073

#### **Information Requested**:

On page 7 of his direct testimony, Mr. Baldessari notes that Petitioner has an "A+" rating with Standard and Poors. Please provide a copy of the most recent report from Standard Poors that supports Petitioner's current credit rating.

#### **Information Provided**:

See OUCC DR 2.2-R1.pdf for a copy of the most recent report from Standard and Poor's that supports Petitioner's current credit rating.

#### Attachment:

OUCC DR 2.2-R1.pdf

OUCC Attachment ERK-2 Cause No. 45073 Page 4 of 9 Cause No. 45073 OUCC DR 2.2-R1 Page 1 of 6

# **S&P Global** Ratings

# **RatingsDirect**<sup>®</sup>

#### Summary:

## Evansville, Indiana; Water/Sewer

#### **Primary Credit Analyst:**

Gregory Dziubinski, Chicago (312) 233-7085; gregory.dziubinski@spglobal.com

Secondary Contact: Scott D Garrigan, New York (1) 312-233-7014; scott.garrigan@spglobal.com

#### **Table Of Contents**

Rationale

Outlook

OUCC Attachment ERK-2 Cause No. 45073 Page 5 of 9 Cause No. 45073 OUCC DR 2.2-R1 Page 2 of 6

## Summary: Evansville, Indiana; Water/Sewer

Credit Profile					
US\$39.64 mil waterworks dist rev bnds ser 2016A due 01/01/2038					
Long Term Rating	A+/Stable	New			
US\$31.57 mil waterworks dist rfdg rev bnds ser 2016B due 01/01/2030					
Long Term Rating	A+/Stable	New			

#### Rationale

S&P Global Ratings assigned its 'A+' rating and stable outlook to Evansville, Ind.'s series 2016A waterworks district revenue bonds and series 2016B waterworks district refunding revenue bonds and affirmed its 'A+' rating, with a stable outlook, on the system's existing debt.

The rating reflects, in our opinion, the combination of a very strong enterprise risk profile and a strong financial risk profile.

The enterprise risk profile reflects our opinion of the system's:

- · Service area participation in the broad and diverse Evansville metropolitan statistical area (MSA) economy,
- Very low industry risk as a monopolistic service provider of an essential public utility.
- Monthly water rates we consider affordable relative to the service area's income, and
- · Good operational management practices and policies.

The financial risk profile reflects our opinion of the system's:

- Adequate all-in debt service coverage (DSC), which we expect to improve significantly following rate increases in 2016 and 2017;
- Adequate liquidity;
- Moderately high system debt load with a debt-to-capitalization ratio of 60%; and
- Good financial management practices and policies.

Evansville is issuing its series 2016A bonds to fund the replacement of water mains at the end of or past their life expectancy and the replacement and relocation of water mains necessitated by local and state transportation projects, as well as to repay taxable waterworks bond anticipation notes issued in 2016. Evansville is issuing the series 2016B bonds to advance refund the system's series 2008 bonds.

Bond provisions, in our opinion, are a neutral credit factor. Net revenue of the city's waterworks district secures the bonds. The system has established a rate covenant that requires, at least, sufficiency coverage; an additional bonds test of 1.25x maximum annual DSC; and a debt service reserve funded at the least of the three-pronged test. We understand that officials will cash fund the debt service reserve for the 2016A bonds with bond proceeds and that surety bonds will satisfy the debt service reserve requirement for the 2016B bonds.

OUCC Attachment ERK-2 Cause No. 45073 Page 6 of 9 Cause No. 45073 Summary: Evansville, Indiana, Water Bewer .2-R1 Page 3 of 6

Evansville, in southwestern Indiana's Vanderburgh County, along the Ohio River, is the state's largest city south of Indianapolis. Evansville serves as the retail, trade, and services center for southwestern Indiana and portions of northwestern Kentucky. University of Evansville and University of Southern Indiana call Evansville home, as do multiple major hospitals, including Deaconess Health System and St. Mary's Medical Center. Despite this service orientation, there are several leading manufacturers in the area, including Berry Plastics Corp. and Toyota Motor Manufacturing Corp.

We consider the customer base diverse with no one customer exceeding 3% of revenue. The water district utility provides service to more than 62,000 customers. Residential customers accounted for 56% of revenue in 2015. The 10 leading customers accounted for 9.1% of total 2015 operating revenue. Management indicates the service base is coterminous with Vanderburgh County; however, there are customers in surrounding counties. Due to the broad service area, we consider Vanderburgh County's median household effective buying income adequate but below the national average at about 85%. Evansville's median household effective buying income is considerably lower at 76% of the national average. Service area growth has been marginal during the past few years, and management expects this to continue. The service area's role as the economic base of the Evansville MSA, which provides a broad and diverse economy, further supports the service area.

The city reviews rates annually. The city must submit rate increases to Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (IURC), which must approve the rate hikes. IURC approved a two-phase rate increase for Evansville: The first increase of 26% took effect Nov. 7, 2016, and the second increase of 16% is planned for Jan. 1, 2018. These rate increases are considerable with their aim to improve the utility's finances; fund the replacement of an aging distribution system; and evaluate, design, and develop an alternative water treatment solution. The most recent rate hike increased the average water bill—using our benchmark of 6,000 gallons of usage monthly—to \$28.50, representing an affordable 0.9% of median household effective buying income. Management expects to apply to IURC for another rate increase in 2018.

Based on our Operational Management Assessment, we view the district as good. The water supply system's water treatment plant has a capacity of 60 million gallons per day (mgd), which is more than sufficient to meet average needs of 22 mgd. Management indicates the water supply system complies with regulations. The system has a water-conservation policy. However, due to an ample water source, the system has not yet reached the threshold to reduce water usage. The city has broadened its public outreach and transparency, particularly on the city's and county's websites.

Consistent with the article titled "Methodology: Industry Risk," published Nov. 19, 2013, on RatingsDirect, we consider industry risk for the system very low, the most favorable assessment possible on a six-point scale with '1' being the best and '6' the worst.

The system's finances have been adequate when using unaudited pro forma statements provided by the city's financial consultant, which we expect to improve following the approval of considerable rate increases. All-in DSC, which includes payments in lieu of taxes, remained relatively level at roughly 1.1x from fiscal years 2013-2015. Management expects DSC to be roughly the same for fiscal 2016. Due to the recently approved 26% rate increase, adopted in November 2016 and the 16% increase that will take effect on Jan. 1, 2018, we expect all-in DSC to improve to, what we consider, good-to-strong levels.

OUCC Attachment ERK-2 Cause No. 45073 Page 7 of 9 Cause No. 45073 Summary: Evansville, Indiana, Water Pewer . 2-R1 Page 4 of 6

Liquidity has been at levels we consider just adequate. Unrestricted cash and equivalents, which include operating and improvement funds balances, totaled \$2.9 million, or 51 days' operating expenses, at fiscal year-end 2015. The system adopted a reserve policy that targets a minimum operations-and-maintenance fund balance of 45 days' operating expenses and an improvement fund balance of \$500,000 that it will fund as money becomes available. Due to capital needs, particularly the replacement of aging water mains, we expect slow and steady liquidity improvement.

The system's debt profile shows a moderately high debt load with a debt-to-capitalization ratio at 60% for fiscal 2015. The current capital improvement plan (CIP) details the system's needs at roughly \$125.5 million for fiscal years 20162021, \$95 million of which management expects to fund with bond proceeds. Management is currently evaluating several options for water supply and treatment, including developing a new treatment plant for groundwater treatment or updating the current treatment facilities.

Based on our Financial Management Assessment, we view the system as good, indicating that financial practices exist in most areas but that governance officials might not formalize or regularly monitor all of them. Management highlights include its:

- Use of five-year historical trends for budgeting and operational performance analysis
- Monthly budget-to-actual and investment reports to the board of directors of the department of waterworks,
- Investment and debt policy, and
- Five-year CIP that it updates annually and includes funding sources for planned projects.

#### Outlook

The stable outlook reflects S&P Global Ratings' opinion that the system's financial profile will likely improve following significant approved rate increases by IURC. The outlook further reflects our view of the city's recognized role as a regional economy, which provides stability during the two-year outlook period.

#### Upside scenario

If the service area's economy were to expand further and if finances were to improve to sustainable levels, particularly regarding system liquidity, we could raise the rating over the longer term.

#### Downside scenario

We could lower the rating if financial performance were to deteriorate or if actual operations were to fail to meet the expected improvement of all-in DSC.

# Ratings Detail (As Of November 17, 2016) Evansville wtrwks (AGM) Unenhanced Rating A+(SPUR)/Stable Evansville wtrwks Long Term Rating A+/Stable Evansville (BAM) Unenhanced Rating A+(SPUR)/Stable Evansville (BAM) Unenhanced Rating A+(SPUR)/Stable Evansville (BAM) Unenhanced Rating A+(SPUR)/Stable Evansville Local Pub Imp Bnd Bank, Indiana Evansville, Indiana

OUCC Attachment ERK-2 Cause No. 45073 Page 8 of 9 Cause No. 45073 Summary: Evansville, Indiana, WaterBewer . 2-R1 Page 5 of 6

#### Ratings Detail (As Of November 17, 2016) (cont.)

Evansville Local Pub Imp Bnd Bank (Evansville) wtrwks Long Term Rating

A+/Stable

Affirmed

Many issues are enhanced by bond insurance.

Certain terms used in this report, particularly certain adjectives used to express our view on rating relevant factors, have specific meanings ascribed to them in our criteria, and should therefore be read in conjunction with such criteria. Please see Ratings Criteria at www.standardandpoors.com for further information. Complete ratings information is available to subscribers of RatingsDirect at www.globalcreditportal.com. All ratings affected by this rating action can be found on the S&P Global Ratings' public website at www.standardandpoors.com. Use the Ratings search box located in the left column.

OUCC Attachment ERK-2 Cause No. 45073 Page 9 of 9 Cause No. 45073 OUCC DR 2.2-R1 Page 6 of 6

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#### OUCC DR 4-7

#### DATA REQUEST

### City of Evansville Cause No. 45073

#### **Information Requested:**

In response to OUCC Data Request Question 2-1 the footnote at the bottom of Petitioner's attachment indicates its estimated issuance costs assumes two bond issuances. Is Petitioner still assuming two bond issuances? If yes, please explain the anticipated lender, timing, terms and amount of each bond issuance. Please provide an amortization schedule for each bond issuance. If Petitioner is not assuming two bond issuances, please explain why not.

#### **Information Provided**:

It is anticipated that there will be at least two bond issues; one open market bond issue and one SRF bond issue. The SRF program may want a bond issue in each year of the three (3) year rate proceeding. The funding source, timing, terms and amounts of each bond issuance are not fully known at this time. Management and its consulting engineers are currently determining the projects which will be funded through the SRF program and those which will be funded with an open market bond issue. As the financing plan for the projects, which will be funded through the SRF and the open market bond issues, are determined, we will supplement this response.

The Petitioner has filed an application with SRF as of June 15, 2018. SRF has indicated that there will be sufficient funds available to finance those projects the City determines are best suited to go through the SRF program. Conversations regarding the amounts and timing of the SRF issues will occur over the next several months.

### OUCC DR 4-8

#### DATA REQUEST

### City of Evansville Cause No. 45073

#### Information Requested:

On page 7 of his testimony, Mr. Baldessari states "Over the next several months the Petitioner will be determining the amount and timing of the open market and SRF bond issuances." Has Petitioner determined the amount and timing of the open market and SRF bond issuances since it filed its testimony? If not, please explain when Petitioner will know the more precise nature and terms of its proposed financing?

#### **Information Provided**:

Please see response to DR 4-7.

### OUCC DR 4-9

### DATA REQUEST

City of Evansville Cause No. 45073

### **Information Requested**:

Does Petitioner have plans to issue debt through the SRF? Please explain your answer.

### Information Provided:

Yes, please see response DR 4-7.

OUCC Attachment ERK-4 Cause No. 45073 Page 1 of 8



# <u>APPLICATION FORM</u> Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program (DWSRF)

Return completed form to: DWSRF Administrator 100 North Senate Avenue, Rm. 1275 Indianapolis, IN 46204 RECEIVED

APR 25 2018

INDIANA FINANCE AUTHORITY ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS

#### I. APPLICANT and SYSTEM INFORMATION:

- 1. Applicant Name (community or water system name): City of Evansville Water and Sewer Utility
- 2. Public Water Supply ID #: IN5282002
- 3. Type of Applicant (check one):
  - X Municipality (City, Town, County, Township)
  - Regional Water District
  - Non-profit Water Corporation

- For-profit UtilitySchool
- Other \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Location of the Proposed Project: USGS Quadrangle Map Name(s), Township(s), Range(s), Section(s): Varies

City / Town: Evansville County(ies): Vanderburgh Civil Township(s): Center, Pigeon, Union, Perry, Knight, German, Scott

- 5. State Representative District: 75, 76, 77, 78 State Senate District: 49 & 50 Congressional District: IN-8
- 6. Population Served (available from the U.S. Census): <u>117,429</u>
- 7. Population Trend (U.S. Census): Growing when Compared to 2010
- 8. Unemployment Data(Bureau of Labor Statistics http://data.bls.gov/pdq/querytool.jsp?survey=la): 3.6%
- 9. Median Household Income for Service Area: \$35,786
- 10. Number of Connections: (current) Approximately 60,000 (post project) Same
- Current User Rate/4,000 gal.: <u>18.97 (2016 First Year of Increase</u>) Estimated Post-Project Rate/4,000 gal.: <u>\$27.86 (2018 Last Year of Increase</u>)
- 12. Is the utility regulated by the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (IURC)? (Yes/No) Yes
- 13. Applicant's Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number<sup>1</sup>: 78-4782641

#### II. CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT:

Pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water Act, a DWSRF Loan Program Participant must certify that the Participant possesses the technical, managerial, and financial capacity to operate the water system or that the DWSRF Loan Program assistance will ensure compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act (40 CFR 35.3520(d)(2)).

- 1. Does your system currently possess technical, managerial and financial capacity? (Yes/No) Yes
- If no, will technical, managerial and financial capacity be achieved after the implementation of the water system's DWSRF project? (Yes/No) <u>N/A</u>

To assess the technical, managerial, and financial capacity of the water system, the Participant is encouraged to complete the "Indiana Department of the Environmental Management (IDEM) Capacity Development Self-Assessment", available at <u>www.srf.in.gov</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SRF Participants must register with the Central Contractor Registry (CCR) which requires the Participant to have a DUNS number. For more information about how to register with the CCR and obtain a DUNS number, see <u>www.srf.in.gov</u>.

OUCC Attachment ERK-4 Cause No. 45073 Page 2 of 8

### RECEIVED

# APR 25 2018

Consulting Engineer

INDIANA FINANCE AUTHORITY ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS

III. CONTACT INFORMATION:

Authorized Signatory (an official of the water system that is authorized to contractually obligate the applicant with respect to the proposed project): Name: <u>Michael\_D. Labitzke</u> Title: Deputy Director of Utilities – Program Management Office Telephone # (include area code): <u>(812) - 421-2120 Ex. 2228</u> Address: <u>1931\_Allens Ln.</u> City, State, Zip Code <u>Evansville, IN\_47720</u> . E-mail: <u>mlabitzke@umbaugh.com</u>

Applicant Staff Contact (person to be contacted directly for information if different from authorized signatory): Name: <u>Michael\_D. Labitzke</u> Title: Deputy\_Director\_of Utilities - Program Management Office Telephone # (include area code): <u>(812) - 421-2120 Ex. 2228</u> Address: <u>1931\_Allens Ln.</u> City, State, Zip Code <u>Evansville, IN\_47720</u> E-mail: <u>mlabitzke@umbaugh.com</u>

#### **Certified Operator:**

Name: <u>Rick Glover</u> Telephone # (include area code): <u>812-428-0568</u> E-mail: <u>rglover@ewsu.com</u>

Grant Administrator (if applicable)

Contact:	
Firm:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip Code	
Telephone # (include area code):	
Fax:	
E-mail Address:	

ENVIRG Contact: <u>Nicholas R. Jahn</u> Firm: <u>VS Engineering, Inc.</u> Address: <u>203 Main St., Suite 102</u> City, State, Zip Code <u>Evansville, IN\_47708</u> Telephone # (include area code): <u>(812) 401-0303</u> Fax: <u>N/A</u> E-mail Address: <u>nrjahn@vsengineering.com</u>

#### **Bond Counsel**

Contact: <u>Thomas A. Pitman</u> Firm: <u>Barnes & Thornburg LLP</u> Address: <u>11 South Meridian Street</u> City, State, Zip Code <u>Indianapolis, IN 46204-3535</u> Telephone # (include area code): <u>(317) 231-6420</u> Fax: <u>(317) 231-7433</u> E-mail: thomas.pitman@BTLaw.com

Financial Advisor Contact: <u>Douglas\_L. Baldessari</u> Firm: <u>Umbaugh</u> Address: <u>8365 Keystone Crossing Suite 300</u> City, State, Zip Code <u>Indianapolis, IN 46240-2687</u> Telephone # (include area code): <u>(317) 465-1500</u> Fax: <u>(317) 465-1550</u> E-mail Address: <u>baldessari@umbaugh.com</u>

#### Local Counsel

Contact: <u>Marco L. DeLucio</u> Firm: <u>Ziemer, Stayman, Weitzeland Shoulders</u> Address: <u>20 N.W. First Street, 9th Floor</u> City, State, Zip Code <u>Evansville, Indiana 47706</u> Telephone # (include area code): (<u>812</u>) 424-7575 Fax: (<u>812</u>) 421-5089 E-mail: <u>MDeLucio@zsws.com</u>

#### **IV. PROJECT INFORMATION:**

- 1. Project Name: Refresh Evansville Preliminary Engineering Report "A"
- 2. Project Need Describe the facility needs in terms of age, condition, date of most recent rehabilitation/replacement, and public health or Safe Drinking Water Act compliance issues or violations:

The Evansville Water and Sewer Utility (EWSU) distribution system serves an area of approximately 160 square miles and consists of over file million lineal feet of water mains, six elevated storage tanks, two ground storage reservoirs and seven booster stations. The water distribution mains vary in age and material with the vast majority being constructed prior to 1970 and over 60% consisting of cast iron. EWSU has continued to experience a high frequency of water main breaks in its system, specifically in areas where the mains were constructed prior to 1970 and of cast iron.

As such EWSU developed the Refresh Evansville Program which is a long-term strategy to replace the City's aging water mains and supporting infrastructure. The Refresh Evansville Program Management (PM) team completed a condition assessment of all existing mains and evaluated each main based upon rate of failure, pipe age, operating pressure, pipe material, pipe size, location and consequence of failure. Utilizing the condition assessment, the PM team then developed a prioritized list of projects based on the aforementioned needs and the recommended year (or years) of construction. The results of this analysis are summarized in the Evansville Water and Sewer Utility's Drinking Water Master Plan. A full copy of this document is available upon request. Below are key exhibits from the Master Plan further detailing Project Needs:

Water Main Material	Total Length (feet)	Percent of Total (%)
Cast Iron	2,429,643	45.6
Polyvinyl Chloride	1,791,692	33.2
Ductile Iron	764,326	14.2
Asbestos Concrete	90,267	1.7
Concrete	64,761	1.2
Steel	47,766	0.9
Galvanized Steel	19,562	0.4
Polyethylene	18,358	0.3
Copper	2,682	0.05
Unknown	130,114	2.4

TABLE 2.1 Length of Water Main by Material

Mains Installed Prior To	Total Length (feet)	Percent of Total (%)	Cumulative Percentage (%)
1930	830,777	15.4	15.4
1940	992,138	3.0	18.4
1950	1,423,224	8.0	26.4
1960	2,030,424	11.3	37.7
1970	2,765,005	13,6	51.3
1980	3,087,299	6.0	57.3
1990	3,281,073	3.6	60.9
2000	3,354,734	1.4	62.2
2010	3,468,479	2.1	64.4
2015	3,472,901	0.08	64.4
Unknown	1,916,272	35.6	100

TABLE 2.2 Length and Percentage of Main by Installation Dat

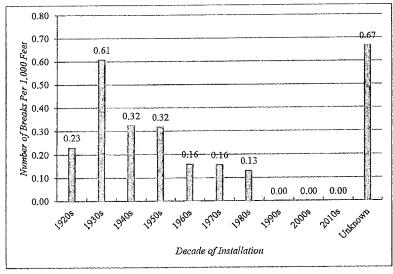


FIGURE 2-2 Main Breaks per 1,000 Feet of Cast Iron Main by Decade Installed

Refresh Evansville PER "A" seeks funding for various system wide projects to be constructed in years 2019 thru 2022. A summary table identifying all proposed projects, project costs, ranking and project needs have been attached to this document.

3. **Proposed Project** - Describe the scope of the proposed project and how it will address the applicant's needs as enumerated above. Please provide a map showing proposed work areas, if possible. Note: Projects that are solely for fire suppression or economic development are not eligible for funding under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

Each proposed project is identified in the attached summary table. The need that each project is addressing, along with proposed project costs and the ranking as determined through EWSU's master planning initiative is also included. An exhibit identifying the proposed work areas is also attached.

Will any part of the proposed project be constructed on previously undisturbed land<sup>2</sup>? (Yes/No) No

If no, would it be accurate to describe the entire project as rehabilitation of existing system components? (Yes/No) Yes If no, why not?

Does the utility have a back-up power source? (Yes/No) Yes

Will the proposed project incorporate Green Project Components? (Yes/No) <u>No</u> If yes, complete a SRF Green Project Reserve Checklist. Checklist and more information can be found at <u>www.srf.in.gov</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology's definition of "undisturbed land" is "any land, including agricultural land (row-crop farmland, orchards, pasture, fallow farmland, or land that was previously farmland but is now grass or other vegetation), that has not been substantially disturbed by recent soil disturbing activities."

#### 4. Project Cost Estimate:

Source (intake or wells)	\$
Treatment	\$
Storage	\$
Distribution/Transmission	\$ <u>148,881,800.00</u>
Other:	\$
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION:	\$
Non-construction Costs	\$ <u>148,881,800.00</u>
TOTAL ESTIMATED PROJECT COST:	\$ <u>148,881,800.00</u>

#### **Other Funding Sources:**

	Application Round (date)	Amount Requested (dollars)	Amount Awarded (if applicable)
Office of Community and Rural Affairs Community Focus Fund			
U.S. Dept. of Commerce Economic Development Administration			and the second
U.S. Dept. of Agriculture Rural Development			
Local Funds			
Other			

5. Will this project proceed if other funding sources are not in place? (Yes/No) Yes

## 6. Anticipated SRF Loan Amount (after other funding): \$148,881,800.00

7. Anticipated Dates:

Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) submittal: June 15, 2018

Contract Award: Varies

Construction Start: Varies

Construction Complete: Varies

#### V. SIGNATURE:

I certify that I am legally authorized by the legislative body to sign this application. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the foregoing information is true and correct.

Signature of Authorized pignatory (Community Official)

Michael D. Labitzke, P.E. Printed or Typed Name

<u>Deputy Director Utilities, Program Management Office</u> Title of Authorized Signatory

Upril 24, 2018 Date

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Project Name         Project Name         Construction         Vert         Unitian         Ranking           Inderthyborhood of Covert, Van, Grahun, and Hawthone         53,20,000.00         2021         9700         32.5           Inderthyborhood         57,321,000.00         2021         9700         90.5           Prediets Neityhborhood         57,321,000.00         2019         15800         NA           Inderthyborhood         57,321,000.00         2019         15800         NA           Inderthyborhood         57,321,000.00         2019         20400         NA           Inderthyborhood         51,325,000.00         2019         20400         NA           Inderthyborhood         51,355,000.00         2019         2050         NA           Inderthyborhood         51,355,000.00         2021         2900         NA           Inderthyborhood         51,355,000.00         2021         2900         265           Inderthyborhood		Project Costs - 2017 Dollars		Construction	Project	Average	
Meighborhood of Covert, Vann, Graham, and Hiavthorne         \$3.2007,000.00         2021         9700         82.5           Interpreted and Weege Ave         \$1.2007,000.00         2021         3900         905         1           Interpreted and Weege Ave         \$1.2007,000.00         2013         2300         10/4         1           Interpreted and Weege Ave         \$1.2007,000.00         2013         2300         10/5         1           Interpreted Ave         Washington Scored Hardmony Vay         \$1.200,000.00         2013         2300         10/5         1           Interpreted Ave         Washington Scored Hardmony Vay         \$1.200,000.00         2013         200         10/5         1           Interpreted Status Vermon Stockwell         \$1.200,000.00         2013         2000         10/5         1         <	PEK#	Project Name	Construction	Year	(fft)	Ranking	Project need
Image: Covert Ave. Phase II and Wedge Ave.         51,209,000.00         2021         3900         90.5           Image: Presidents Neighborhood Area         57,321,000.00         2019         24,607         N/A           Image: Neweteer: Rotherwood Area         54,567,000.00         2019         15,600         N/A           Image: Neighborhood Area         54,375,000.00         2019         2300         90.5           Image: Neighborhood Area         51,355,000.00         2019         2300         N/A           Image: Number Nead and Craig Areas         51,355,000.00         2019         2300         N/A           Image: Ru, Number Nead and Graig Areas         51,355,000.00         2019         2300         266           Image: Ru, Number Nead and Graig Areas         51,355,000.00         2019         2050         N/A           Image: Ru, Number Nead and New Harmony Way         55,435,000.00         2021         2600         269           Image: Ru, Nolan Ave         53,3500.00         2021         2000         269         269           Image: Ru, Nolan Ave, Harmony Koad         51,355,000.00         2021         2600         269         269           Image: Ru, Nolan Ave, Harmony to Wessel         51,355,000.00         2021         2600         269 <td< td=""><td>1</td><td>Neighborhood of Covert, Vann, Graham, and Hawthorne</td><td>\$3,007,000.00</td><td>2021</td><td>9700</td><td>32.5</td><td>Breaks, Age, Material</td></td<>	1	Neighborhood of Covert, Vann, Graham, and Hawthorne	\$3,007,000.00	2021	9700	32.5	Breaks, Age, Material
Presidents Neighborhood         57,321,000.00         2019         20400         MA           Presidents Neighborhood Area         54,567,000.00         2019         15800         MA           Division St. Vann to Stockwell         51,209,000.00         2019         15800         MA           Division St. Vann to Stockwell         51,355,000.00         2019         2030         MA           Division St. Vann to Stockwell         51,355,000.00         2019         2030         MA           Presense Red, New Harmony Way         51,355,000.00         2019         2030         MA           Division St. Vann to Nova         51,457,000.00         2019         2030         MA           Division St. Red Bank Road, Harmony Way         51,457,000.00         2021         2030         205           Division St. Red Bank Road, Nernon to Moya         51,457,000.00         2021         2030         205         205           Division St. Red Bank Road, Nernon to Moya         51,473,000.00         2021         2030         2030         205         205           Division St. Red Bank Road, Nernon to Moya         51,473,000.00         2021         2030         2030         2030         2030         2030         2030         2030         2030         2030         2030	2	Covert Ave - Phase II and Wedge Ave	\$1,209,000.00	2021	3900	90.5	Age
Sweetser fortherwood Area         54,567,000.00         2019         15800         N/A           Division St. Vann to Steckwell         12,329,000.00         2021         3900         N/A           Division St. Vann to Steckwell         12,355,000.00         2019         2300         N/A           Division St. Vann to Steckwell         13,355,000.00         2019         2300         N/A           Division St. Vann to Steckwell         13,355,000.00         2019         2300         N/A           Division St. Vann to Steckwell         53,457,000.00         2019         2560         N/A           Division St. Vann to Nove and Harmony Way         53,457,000.00         2021         2500         256           Division St. Vann to Nove and Nat Harmony Way         53,145,000.00         2021         250         256           Upper Mit Vermon Phase I, Red Bank Rus, Jund Nac Harmony Road         51,175,000.00         2021         2500         250           Upper Mit Vermon Phase I, Red Bank Rus, Jund Nac Harmony Road         51,175,000.00         2021         2500         250           Upper Mit Vermon Phase I, Red Bank Rus, Jund Nac Harmony Road         51,175,000.00         2021         2500         250           Upper Mit Vermon Phase I, Red Bank Rus, Jund Nac Harmony Road         51,175,000.00         2021 </td <td>m</td> <td>Presidents Neighborhood</td> <td>\$7,321,000.00</td> <td>2019</td> <td>20400</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Current project</td>	m	Presidents Neighborhood	\$7,321,000.00	2019	20400	N/A	Current project
Pivilon StVan to Stockwell         51,205,000.0         2021         3900         90.5           New Washington and Second - Relocation         51,385,000.00         2019         2300         N/A           Pole Under Rel, New Harmony Road and Harmony Way         55,447,000.00         2019         2050         N/A           Caremont, Bosse, and Craig Aues         S1,385,000.00         2021         2050         205         205           Depret Reles Read, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya         51,550,000.00         2021         5000         205         205           Depret Reles Read, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya         51,45,000.00         2021         2000         455         205           Depret Mt Vernon - Phase I, Red Bank Read, and New Harmony Road         51,45,000.00         2021         2000         455         205         2	4	Sweetser Rotherwood Area	\$4,567,000.00	2019	15800	N/A	Current project
Washington and Second - Relocation         \$1,385,000.00         2019         2300         N/A           In Under Harmony Road and Harmony Way         \$6,447,000.00         2019         20500         N/A         N/A           In Under Harmony Road and Harmony Way         \$5,447,000.00         2019         2050         N/A         N/A           In Under Harmony Road and Harmony Way         \$5,150,000         2021         5000         205         205         N/A         N/A           In Preerless Road, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya         \$1,550,000         2021         5000         205 <t< td=""><td>'n</td><td>Division St Vann to Stockwell</td><td>\$1,209,000.00</td><td>2021</td><td>3900</td><td>90.5</td><td>Age</td></t<>	'n	Division St Vann to Stockwell	\$1,209,000.00	2021	3900	90.5	Age
Hogue Rd, New Harmony Road and Harmony Way         56,47,000.00         2050         N/A           Image Rd, New Harmony Road and Harmony Way         5,2,25,000.00         2020         256         26           Peerless Road, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya         5,1,55,000.00         2021         5000         25           Speaker Rd, James Ave, Nolan Ave         \$899,000.00         2021         2090         465           Vupper Mt Vernon - Phase I, Red Bark Road, and New Harmony Road         5,145,000.00         2021         2900         465           Upper Mt Vernon - Phase I, Red Bark Road, and New Harmony Road         5,145,000.00         2021         2900         465           Mary/and Ave, Harmony to Wessel         5,145,000.00         2021         2020         465         465           Mary/and Ave, Harmony to Wessel         5,118,000.00         2021         2000         22         200         25           Mary/and Ave, Harmony to Wessel         5,118,000.00         2021         2700         25 <td>و</td> <td>Washington and Second - Relocation</td> <td>\$1,385,000.00</td> <td>2019</td> <td>2300</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Current project</td>	و	Washington and Second - Relocation	\$1,385,000.00	2019	2300	N/A	Current project
Image: Claremont, Bosse, and Craig Aves         S2,263,0000         2020         256         25           Image: Peerless Road, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya         S1,550,0000         2021         5000         29         55           Image: Peerless Road, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya         S1,550,0000         2021         5000         29         455           Image: Presels Road, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya         S1,178,0000         2021         2900         465         53           Image: Vernon - Phase I, Red Bank Road, and New Harmony Road         S1,178,0000         2020         2020         210         455           Image: Vernon - Phase I, Red Bank Road, and New Harmony Road         S1,178,00000         2020         2000         465         465           Image: Vernon - Phase I         S337,000.00         2021         2020         2020         256         455           Image: In - Phase I         S1,178,000.00         2020         2020         2500         256	7	Hogue Rd., New Harmony Road and Harmony Way	\$6,447,000.00	2019	20500	N/A	Current project
Peerless Road, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya         54,550,000.00         2021         5000         29           Upper Mt Vernon - Phase I, Red Bank Road, and New Harmony Road         5839,000.00         2021         2900         46.5           Upper Mt Vernon - Phase I         S839,000.00         2021         5600         10         48.5           Maryland Ave, Harmony to Wessel         51,178,000.00         2020         16600         10         48.5           Maryland Ave, Harmony to Wessel         51,178,000.00         2021         3800         48.5         48.5           Maryland Ave, Harmony to Wessel         5337,000.00         2020         2020         2500         45.5           More Street, South of Allens Lane         5835,000.00         2021         2500         47.5           Maryland Ave, Farest South of Allens Lane         51,186,000.00         2021         2500         47.5           More Street, South of Allens Lane         51,186,000.00         2021         2500         47.5           Maryland Ave, Farest South of Allens Lane         51,186,000.00         2021         2500         47.5           More Street, South of Allens Lane         51,186,000.00         2021         2500         47.5           More Street, South of Allens Lane         51,186,000.00	8	Claremont, Bosse, and Craig Aves	\$2,263,000.00	2020	7300	26	Age, Pressure, Material
Speaker Rd, James Ave, Nolan AveSa99,000.002021290046.5Upper Mt Vernon - Phase I, Red Bank Road, and New Harmony Road5,146,000.0020201660010Maryland Ave, Harmony to Wessel5,1178,000.002021380048.5Maryland Ave, Harmony to Wessel5,1178,000.00202027002.5Allens Ln - Phase IRoad and New Harmony to Wessel5,1178,000.0020202.6002.5Cove Street, South of Allens LaneS806,000.0020202.0202.62.6Shaley Ave, Governot to dead end east of Kerth5,1,085,000.002.02135002.8NoStanley Ave, Governot to dead end east of Kerth5,1,085,000.002.02135002.7NoSanley Ave, Governot to dead end east of Kerth5,1,085,000.002.02135001.7NoSanley Ave, Governot to dead end east of Kerth5,1,085,000.002.02135001.7NoSanley Ave, Governot to dead end east of Kerth5,1,085,000.002.0211.71.7NoSanley Ave, Stenet genet to Gavernot to dead end east of Kerth5,1,085,000.002.0211.751.7NoSanley Ave, Stenet Sanley StenetSanley Stenet5,1,085,000.002.0211.751.7NoSanley Ave, Stenet Sanley StenetSanley Stenet5,1,08,000.002.0211.751.75NoSanley Ave, Stenet Sanley StenetSanley StenetSanley Stenet2.2,21,000.002.0211.75NoSanley Ave, Stenet Sa	6	Peerless Road, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya	\$1,550,000.00	2021	5000	29	Location, Consequence of Failure
Upper Mt Vernon - Phase I, Red Bank Road, and New Harmony Road         55,146,000.00         2020         16600         10           Maryland Ave, Harmony to Wessel         51,178,000.00         2021         3800         48: 5           Maryland Ave, Harmony to Wessel         5837,000.00         2021         2500         25           Import Allens Ln - Phase I         5836,000.00         2020         2500         25           Import Allens Ln - Phase I         5836,000.00         2021         2500         25           Import Are, Governor to dead end east of Kerth         51,186,000.00         2021         2500         14           Import Are, Forext, South of Allens Lane         51,186,000.00         2020         2500         14           Import Are, Forext, South of Allens Lane         51,186,000.00         2021         2500         14           Import Are, Forext, South of Allens Lane         53,186,000.00         2021         2500         17           Import Are, Potersburg to I-659 - Relocation         52,585,000.00         2021         2320         17           Import Are, Potersburg to F69         54,156,000.00         2021         2400         17           Import Are, Potersburg to F69         53,038,000.00         2021         2400         17           <	10	Speaker Rd, James Ave, Nolan Ave	\$899,000.00	2021	2900	46.5	Age, Pressure
Maryland Ave, Harmony to Wessel         51,178,000.00         2021         3800         48.5           Allens Ln - Phase I         5837,000.00         2020         2700         2.5           Allens Ln - Phase I         5837,000.00         2020         2700         2.5           Corve Street, South of Allens Lane         5806,000.00         2020         2600         2.5           Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth         51,185,000.00         2021         3500         2.8           No         Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth         51,185,000.00         2021         3500         2.8           No         Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth         51,185,000.00         2021         3500         17           No         Vansas Road, St. Petersburg to I-65 - Relocation         5,136,000.00         2020         2134         17           No         Vansas Road, St. Petersburg to Kertucky & St George         5,138,000.00         2020         175         17           No         Schmitt, Whetstone & Beeley         5,314,600.00         2020         217         17         17           No         Schmitt, Whetstone & Beeley         Schmitt & St. Schmoton         2021         2020         17         17           No	11	Upper Mt Vernon - Phase I, Red Bank Road, and New Harmony Road	\$5,146,000.00	2020	16600	10	Age, Pressure, Material
Allens Ln - Phase I         Sa37,000.00         2020         2700         2.5           Recove Street, South of Allens Lane         \$806,000.00         2020         2600         4         7           Recove Street, South of Allens Lane         \$806,000.00         2020         2600         4         7           Recove Street, South of Allens Lane         \$806,000.00         2021         3500         28         7           Recove Street, South of Allens Lane         \$1,085,000.00         2021         3500         28         7         7           Recover dead end east of Kerth         \$1,185,000.00         2021         3500         7         28           Recover dead end east of Kerth         \$1,185,000.00         2020         2020         78         7           Recover dead end east of Kerth         \$1,185,000.00         2020         2020         17         7           Recover dead end east of Kerth         \$2,185,000.00         2020         2020         17         7         7         7           Recover dead end east of Kerth         \$2,185,000.00         2020         2020         17         7         7         7           Recover dead end east of Kerth         \$2,185,000.00         2020         2020         17	12	Maryland Ave, Harmony to Wessel	\$1,178,000.00	2021	3800	48.5	Age
Image: Construct Street, South of Allens Lane         \$806,000         2020         2600         4           Image: Charlotte and Russel Sts         Charlotte and Russel Sts         \$1,085,000.00         2021         3500         28           Image: Charlotte and Russel Sts         Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth         \$1,186,000.00         2020         5200         N/A           Image: Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth         \$1,186,000.00         2021         5200         N/A           Image: Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth         \$1,186,000.00         2021         5200         N/A           Image: Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth         \$1,186,000.00         2021         5200         N/A           Image: Stanley Ave, St Petersburg to Federation         \$2,585,000.00         2020         2020         17         2020           Image: Stant Ave, Pietersburg to Kentucky & St George         \$3,038,000.00         2021         2020	13	Allens Ln - Phase I	\$837,000.00	2020	2700	2.5	Road, Age, Material, Pressure
Charlotte and Russel Sts         \$1,085,000:00         2021         3500         28           Remain Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth         \$1,186,000:00         2020         5200         N/A           No         Kansas Road, St. Petersburg to I-69 - Relocation         \$2,585,000:00         2019         6500         N/A           US         US 41 and Lynch Rd         \$4,154,000:00         2020         13400         17           Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$4,154,000:00         2020         13400         17         17           No         Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$3,585,000:00         2020         2020         17/5         17           No         Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$3,575,000:00         2020         2020         17/5         17           No         Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$3,575,000:00         2020         2020         17/5         17           No         Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$3,570:00:00         2020         2020         17/5         17/5         17/5         17/5         17/5         17/5         17/5         17/5         11/5         11/5         11/5         11/5         11/5         11/5         11/5         11/5         11/5         11/5	14	Grove Street, South of Allens Lane	\$806,000.00	2020	2600	4	Road, Age, Material, Location
Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth         \$1,186,000:00         \$200         \$200         N/A           N         Kansas Road, St. Petersburg to I-69 - Relocation         \$2,585,000:00         \$2019         \$6500         N/A           US 41 and Lynch Rd         \$5,585,000:00         \$2020         \$13400         \$17         \$2,585,000:00         \$13400         \$17         \$17           N         Schnitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$5,57,000:00         \$2020         \$13400         \$17	15	Charlotte and Russel Sts	\$1,085,000.00	2021	3500	28	Breaks, Age, Pressure
Kansas Road, St. Petersburg to I-69 - Relocation         \$2,585,000.00         2019         6500         N/A           US 41 and Lynch Rd         US 41 and Lynch Rd         \$4,154,000.00         2020         13400         17           Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$5,035,000.00         2020         3220         17.5           Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$53,035,000.00         2021         9800         34.5           Percestor Booster Station         \$3,335,000.00         2021         9800         34.5           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$2,374,600.00         2021         9800         34.5           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$2,374,600.00         2021         9400         35.5           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$2,374,000.00         2021         9400         35.5           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$2,374,000.00         2021         9400         35.5           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$2,374,000.00         2021         9400         35.5           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$2,374,000.00         2021         9400         35.5           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$2,374,000.00         2021         9400         95.5           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$	16	Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth	\$1,186,000.00	2020	5200	N/A	Current project
US 41 and Lynch Rd         \$4,154,000.00         2020         13400         17           Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$998,200.00         2020         3220         17.5           Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$998,200.00         2021         9800         34.5           Senate Ave, Petersburg to Kentucky & St George         \$3,038,000.00         2021         9800         34.5           First Ave, Pigeon Creek to Booster Station         \$2,374,600.00         2021         7660         38.5           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$1,271,000.00         2021         7400         32           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$1,271,000.00         2021         9400         35           Columbia - Phase I, Fares, Columbia to Morgan         \$2,914,000.00         2021         9400         95.5           Fendrich Neighborhood         Yann Ave, Graham to Covert         \$2,077,000.00         2021         9400         95.5	17	Kansas Road, St. Petersburg to I-69 - Relocation	\$2,585,000.00	2019	6500	N/A	INDOT Relocation
Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley         \$998,200.00         2020         3220         17.5           Note Senate Ave, Petersburg to Kentucky & St George         \$3,038,000.00         2021         9800         34.5           First Ave, Pigeon Creek to Booster Station         \$2,374,600.00         2021         7660         38.5           Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$1,271,000.00         2021         7400         32           Columbia - Phase I, Fares, Columbia to Morgan         \$2,314,000.00         2021         4100         32           Fendrich Neighborhood         \$2,914,000.00         2021         9400         95.5         7           Vann Ave, Graham to Covert         \$2,077,000.00         2020         6700         N/A         7	18	US 41 and Lynch Rd	\$4,154,000.00	2020	13400	17	Road, Breaks, Age, Material, Location
Notice         Senate Ave, Petersburg to Kentucky & St George         \$3,038,000:00         2021         9800         34.5	19	Schmitt, Whetstone & Bexley	\$998,200.00	2020	3220	17.5	Age, Material
First Ave, Plgeon Creek to Booster Station         \$2,374,600.00         2021         7660         38.5	20	Senate Ave, Petersburg to Kentucky & St George	\$3,038,000.00	2021	9800	34.5	Age, Size
Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin         \$1,271,000.00         2021         4100         32           Columbia - Phase I, Fares, Columbia to Morgan         \$2,914,000.00         2021         9400         95.5           Fendrich Neighborhood         \$2,077,000.00         2020         6700         N/A           Vann Ave, Graham to Covert         \$2,108,000.00         2022         6800         109	21	First Ave, Pigeon Creek to Booster Station	\$2,374,600.00	2021	7660	38.5	Breaks, Age, Size, Location, Booster Station Demand
Columbia - Phase I, Fares, Columbia to Morgan         \$2,914,000.00         2021         9400         95.5           Fendrich Neighborhood         \$2,077,000.00         2020         6700         N/A           Vann Ave, Graham to Covert         \$2,108,000.00         2022         6800         109	22	Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin	\$1,271,000.00	2021	4100	32	Breaks, Age, Location
Fendrich Neighborhood         \$2,077,000.00         2020         6700         N/A           Vann Ave, Graham to Covert         \$2,108,000.00         2022         6800         109	23	Columbia - Phase I, Fares, Columbia to Morgan	\$2,914,000.00	2021	9400	95.5	Breaks, Age, Location
Vann Ave, Graham to Covert \$2,108,000.00 2022 6800 109	24	Fendrich Neighborhood	\$2,077,000.00	2020	67,00	N/A	Current project
	25	Vann Ave, Graham to Covert	\$2,108,000.00	2022	6800	109	Age, Material

OUCC Attachment ERK-4 Cause No. 45073 Page 7 of 8

$\vdash$	Designed Clock Control Designed			Project	-	
PER #	Project costs - 2017 Dollars		Construction	Length	Average	Project Need
	Project Name	Construction	Year	(111)	Kanking	
26	Morton and Elliot	\$1,643,000.00	2022	5300	75	Age, Location
27	Broadway, Phase II & II, Schutte Road, Broadway to USI Tank	\$8,215,000.00	2022	26500	77	Age, Location
28	Lioyd Expressway, Wabash to Tekoppel	\$3,689,000.00	2022	11900	50	Road, Breaks, Age, Pressure, Size, Location
29	Maryland Ave and Buchanan Road	\$3,410,000.00	2022	11000	66.5	Age, Location
30	Mount Vernon Rd, Upper Mt Vernon to Michigan	\$3,565,000.00	2022	11500	81	Age
	9th Ave, Franklin St, and Michigan St	\$3,596,000.00	2022	11600	55	Road, Age, Size, Location
	Franklin Ave and Illinois east of Pigeon Creek	\$961,000.00	2022	3100	53.5	Age, Location
	Mesker Park - Phase I & II	\$3,503,000.00	2021	11300	46.5	Road, Age, Pressure, Location
34	Neighborhood of Buena Vista, 1st, and Pigeon Creek	\$7,936,000.00	2022	25600	13.5	Breaks, Age, Material
35	First Ave, Booster to Reservoir, Campground Road to Petersburg	\$5,983,000.00	2022	19300	5.64	Age, Pressure, Material, Size
	St George - Phase II	\$3,441,000.00	2022	11100	52	Road, Age, Size, Location
	Petersburg Rd and US 41	\$7,099,000.00	2022	22900	88	Road, Pressure, Size, Location
	Neighborhood of Crossgate, Fulton, Mill, and Kratzville	\$1,705,000.00	2022	5500	94.5	Age, Pressure
	Residential area on Idlewild and Allens west of 1st Ave	\$2,790,000.00	2022	0006	64	Breaks, Age, Pressure
40	Martins Lane, Burkhardt to Newburgh	\$2,635,000.00	2022	8500	100	Age
	Division Street & Canal	\$1,705,000.00	2022	5500	45	Road, Age, Size, Location
	Residential/Commercial area bound by Stringtown, US 41, Diamond, and Morgan	\$5,549,000.00	2022	17900	49	Road, Breaks, Age, Material, Location
43	E Morgan Ave and Old Boonville Hwy	\$2,759,000.00	2022	8900	50.5	Road, Age, Location
	Stockweil Road, Indiana to Morgan	\$1,395,000.00	2022	4500	61	Age, Location
45	Virginia Ave and Oak Hill Rd east of US 41	\$2,077,000.00	2022	6700	61	Road, Age, Size, Location
46	Downtown area on 1st Ave and 2nd Ave	\$3,875,000.00	2022	12500	87	Age
	Washington Ave - Phase I & II	\$3,906,000.00	2022	12600	58	Road, Breaks, Age, Location
48	HSPS 4, Clearwell and Transmission Mains	\$4,250,000.00	2019	8500	100	Effluent Pump Station, Age, Size
49	Lincoln Booster Station	\$1,580,000.00	2020	6800	109	Age, Material
1-		÷1 10 001 000 00				

OUCC Attachment ERK-5 Cause No. 45073 Page 1 of 25

# PRELIMINARY ENGINEERING REPORT - A

# SUMMARY OF PROJECTS

# **JUNE 2018**

RECEIVED

JUN 15 2018

INDIANA FINANCE AUTHORITY ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS

**PREPARED FOR:** 



AS PART OF:



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OUCC Attachment ERK-5 Cause No. 45073 Page 2 of 25

**PREPARED BY:** 



IN ASSOCIATION WITH:

**Clark** Dietz

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Tegleburlan Quality in C.M.



HNTB



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### SUMMARY OF PROJECTS

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Table SOP-2	PER – A: Overall Project Costs Summary (SRF Table III)
Table SOP-2	PER – A: Overall DWSRF Loan Program Financial Information Form (SRF Att. C)

#### LIST OF INCLUDED PER'S

- PROJECT # PROJECT NAME
  - 1 Neighborhood of Covert, Vann, Graham, and Hawthorne
  - 2 Covert Avenue Phase II and Wedge Avenue
  - 3 President's Neighborhood
  - 4 Sweetser Rotherwood Area
  - 5 Division St, Vann to Stockwell (Project Removed)
  - 6 Washington and Second
  - 7 Hogue Rd, New Harmony Rd, Harmony Way
  - 8 Claremont, Bosse, and Craig Avenues
  - 9 Peerless Road
  - 10 Speaker Road, James Avenue, and Nolan Avenue
  - 11 Upper Mount Vernon Phase I, Red Bank Road and New Harmony Road
  - 12 Maryland Avenue, Harmony to Wessel
  - 13 Allens Lane Phase I
  - 14 Grove Street
  - 15 Charlotte and Russell Avenue
  - 16 Stanley Ave, Governor to Kerth
  - 17 Kansas Road, Petersburg to Baldwin
  - 18 US 41, St. George to Lynch Road
  - 19 Schmitt Lane, Whetstone Lane, Bexley Court
  - 20 Senate Avenue, Petersburg Road, Feltman Drive and Campground Road
  - 21 First Avenue, Pigeon Creek to Booster Station
  - 22 Morgan Avenue Phase III, Fares to Heidelbach
  - 23 Columbia Phase I, Fares, Columbia to Morgan
  - 24 Fendrich Neighborhood
  - 25 High Service Pump Station and Clearwell
  - 26 Lincoln Booster Station



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### LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Signatory Authorization Resolution
PER Acceptance Form
Public Notice, Comments, & Transcript of Public Hearing
2019-2021 Rate Case Water Main Replacement Projects Hydraulic
Modeling Memorandum
Financial Information Form
Preliminary Design Summary





### I. DESCRIPTION OF PROJECTS

Writer's Note: The <u>italicized</u> excerpts below were taken directly from the Evansville Water and Sewer Utility, Water Master Plan, Dated September 2016 and authored by HNTB Corporation. A full copy of the master plan is available upon request.

This Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) – A is for a total of 25 projects for which the City of Evansville Water and Sewer Utility (EWSU) request funding assistance through the State Revolving Loan Fund (SRF) Drinking Water Program. The funds being requested by PER – A are for construction only and would be closed in early 2018 prior to the end of the calendar year.

EWSU's distribution system serves an area of approximately 160 square miles and consists of over file million lineal feet of water mains, six elevated storage tanks, two ground storage reservoirs, and sever booster stations.

The existing water mains vary in size from 1-inch to 60 inches in diameter and have been installed over time since the late 1800s with over half of the mains installed prior to 1970. The total lengths of the water mains are broken down by material in Table 2.1 and by installation date in Table 2.2.

Water Main Material	Total Length (feet)	Percent of Total (%)
Cast Iron	2,429,643	45.6
Polyvinyl Chloride	1,791,692	33.2
Ductile Iron	764,326	14.2
Asbestos Concrete	90,267	1.7
Concrete	64,761	1.2
Steel	47,766	0.9
Galvanized Steel	19,562	0.4
Polyethylene	18,358	0.3
Copper	2,682	0.05
Unknown	130,114	2.4

#### TABLE 2.1 Length of Water Main by Material

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Mains Installed Prior To	Total Length (feet)	Percent of Total (%)	Cumulative Percentage (%)
1930	830,777	15.4	15.4
1940	992,138	3.0	18.4
1950	1,423,224	8.0	26.4
1960	2,030,424	11.3	37.7
1970	2,765,005	13.6	51.3
1980	3,087,299	6.0	57.3
1990	3,281,073	3.6	60.9
2000	3,354,734	1.4	62.2
2010	3,468,479	2.1	64.4
2015	3,472,901	0.08	64.4
Unknown	1,916,272	35.6	100

TABLE 2.2Length and Percentage of Main by Installation Date

Over 90% of the distribution system is constructed of cast iron, ductile iron, or polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Mains constructed of asbestos concrete, also called transite, and galvanized steel are all planned to be replaced and have been included in the proposed improvements.

The majority of mains were installed prior to 1970, though it is unknown when over a third of the system was installed. It has been common practice for water utilities to prioritize main replacement based exclusively on age of the pipe, but this could result in an inefficient allocation of funds if other criteria such as the criticality of the main or historical rate of failure are not considered.

To identify the water mains with the highest priority for replacement, all water mains in the distribution system were rated based on the following criteria:

- Historical Rate of Failure the work orders for main failures were utilized to count the number of breaks for each main segment. The number of breaks was then normalized per 100 lineal feet of main.
- Pipe Age the installation dates for the mains were used to categorize each main into installation decades. If the installation date of the main was unknown, 1975 was assumed. Any main that was installed in the last 20 years was not considered for replacement as part of the Master Plan.
- Operating Pressure the hydraulic model results were used to assign an approximate operating pressure (in pounds per square inch (psi)) to each main segment.
- Pipe Material the water main's material of construction (if known).





- Pipe Size the water main's nominal pipe diameter.
- Location the physical location of the water mains were considered. The scores varied depending on the type of road or highway under which it is installed, if the main is located under a railroad or Pigeon Creek, if the main is located under a building, or if the main is located within 500 feet of a storage tank. If a main met the requirements of multiple location options, the higher scoring location option was used in ranking the main.
- Consequence of Failure the hydraulic model was utilized to determine the predicted demand short fall should each individual main segment fail.

The seven booster stations were evaluated in two ways. First the site visits were used to identify proposed improvements. Second the hydraulic model with the projected demand was used to determine of the booster stations would have sufficient capacity meet future needs. For the purposes of this Water Master Plan, it was assumed that an upgrade or expansion would be required if the flow out of a booster station meets or exceeds 80-percent of the design capacity of station and the intended service life of a pump is approximately 30 years.

Upon the completion of the master planning process EWSU developed and implemented the Refresh Evansville Program, which is a long-term strategy to replace aging water mains and supporting infrastructure.

The projects identified in this PER were identified as part of EWSU's master planning process and are being implemented through the Refresh Evansville Program. These projects will serve to:

- Construct multiple water distribution main replacement projects.
- Replace an existing boster station
- Add additional clear well capacity at the Water Treatment Plant





#### II. PROJECTS INCLUDED IN LOAN CLOSING

PER – A will include individual PER's for 25 projects beginning with Project #1. The following projects are included within PER – A:

PROJECT # PROJECT NAME

- 1 Neighborhood of Covert, Vann, Graham, and Hawthorne
- 2 Covert Avenue Phase II and Wedge Avenue
- 3 President's Neighborhood
- 4 Sweetser Rotherwood Area
- 5 Division St, Vann to Stockwell (Project Removed)
- 6 Washington and Second
- 7 Hogue Rd, New Harmony Rd, Harmony Way
- 8 Claremont, Bosse, and Craig Avenues
- 9 Peerless Road
- 10 Speaker Road, James Avenue, and Nolan Avenue
- 11 Upper Mount Vernon Phase I, Red Bank Road and New Harmony Road
- 12 Maryland Avenue, Harmony to Wessel
- 13 Allens Lane Phase I
- 14 Grove Street
- 15 Charlotte and Russell Avenue
- 16 Stanley Ave, Governor to Kerth
- 17 Kansas Road, Petersburg to Baldwin
- 18 US 41, St. George to Lynch Road
- 19 Schmitt Lane, Whetstone Lane, Bexley Court
- 20 Senate Avenue, Petersburg Road, Feltman Drive and Campground Road
- 21 First Avenue, Pigeon Creek to Booster Station
- 22 Morgan Avenue Phase III, Fares to Heidelbach
- 23 Columbia Phase I, Fares, Columbia to Morgan
- 24 Fendrich Neighborhood
- 25 High Service Pump Station and Clearwell
- 26 Lincoln Booster Station

Individual project PER's for each project can be located within this document by opening the binder to the tab that corresponds to the desired project number. Detailed project information, as required by SRF, for each identified project can be found in the individual project PER's.



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#### III. SUMMARY OF PROJECT COSTS

Total estimated construction costs for all projects are approximately 85.2 million. A complete breakdown of estimated project costs can be found below in Tables SOP-1 (SRF Table II), SOP-2 (SRF Table III) and Table SOP-3 (SRF Table IV).

PROJECT #	PROJECT NAME	CONSTRUCTION COST
1	Neighborhood of Covert, Vann, Graham, and Hawthorne	\$2,925,000
2	Covert Avenue - Phase II and Wedge Avenue	\$1,204,000
3	President's Neighborhood	\$7,314,000
4	Sweetser Rotherwood Area	\$5,372,000
5	Division St, Vann to Stockwell (Project Removed)	N/A
6	Washington and Second	\$800,000
7	Hogue Rd, New Harmony Rd, Harmony Way	\$7,253,586
8	Claremont, Bosse, and Craig Avenues	\$2,750,400
9	Peerless Road	\$1,562,284
10	Speaker Road, James Avenue, and Nolan Avenue	\$859,867
11	Upper Mount Vernon - Phase I, Red Bank Road and New Harmony Road	\$5,176,545
12	Maryland Avenue, Harmony to Wessel	\$703,935
13	Allens Lane - Phase I	\$940,972
14	Grove Street	\$894,119
15	Charlotte and Russell Avenue	\$1,026,807
16	Stanley Ave, Governor to Kerth	\$1,772,746
17	Kansas Road, Petersburg to Baldwin	\$2,193,344
18	US 41, St. George to Lynch Road	\$1,965,815
19	Schmitt Lane, Whetstone Lane, Bexley Court	\$1,350,423
20	Senate Avenue, Petersburg Road, Feltman Drive and Campground Road	\$1,962,565
21	First Avenue, Pigeon Creek to Booster Station	\$5,583,288
22	Morgan Avenue - Phase III, Fares to Heidelbach	\$2,182,839
23	Columbia - Phase I, Fares, Columbia to Morgan	\$3,486,359
24	Fendrich Neighborhood	\$2,250,311
25	High Service Pump Station and Clearwell	\$21,032,153
26	Lincoln Booster Station	\$2,622,000
	Contingencies (Included in cost)	N/A
	Construction Costs Sub-Total	\$85,185,358

#### Table SOP-1: Overall Construction Costs Summary (SRF Table II)





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Administrative and Legal	\$0.00
Land and Rights-of-Way Acquisition	\$0.00
Relocation	\$0.00
Engineering Fees	N/A
Design	N/A
Construction	N/A
Other	N/A
Project Inspection	N/A
Costs Related to Start-Up	\$0.00
Non Construction Costs Sub-Total	\$0.00
Construction Costs Sub-Total (Table SOP-1)	\$85,185,358
Total Project Cost	\$85,185,358

#### Table SOP-2: Overall Project Costs Summary (SRF Table III)

Engineering Fees have already been encumbered by EWSU as on-call contracts through the Refresh Evansville Program and therefore have not been included in this PER. SRF funding for engineering fees is not being requested at this time.



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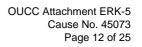
### Table SOP-3: Overall DWSRF Loan Program Financial Information Form (SRF Att. C)

Proposed Project Costs:	
Supply / Wells Cost	\$0.00
Transmission / Distribution System Cost	\$72,016,421
Treatment Cost	\$0.00
Storage Cost	\$13,168,937
Subtotal Construction Cost	TBD
Contingencies (should not exceed 10% of construction cost) (included in costs)	N/A
Non-Construction Costs	\$0.00
Total Proposed Project Cost	\$85,185,358
The Following are not SRF Loan Program Eligible:	
Previously funded SRF components that have not met useful life	\$0.00
Materials and work done on private property	\$0.00
Grant applications and income surveys done for other agencies	\$0.00
Expenses incurred as a part of forming a utility, RWD or CD	\$0.00
Other	\$0.00
Total Ineligible Costs	\$0.00
List Other Grant / Loan Funding Sources and Amounts	
Other Grants	\$0.00
Other Loans	\$0.00
Hook-on Fees	\$0.00
Cash on Hand	\$0.00
Total Other Funding Sources	\$0.00
Requested SRF Loan	\$85,185,358
Estimated Post-Project User Rate for 4,000 Gallons	\$27.86
Anticipated SRF Interest Rate	2.00%

Financial Advisor: Douglas L. Baldessari	Bond Counsel: Thomas A. Pitman
Firm: Umbaugh	Firm: Barnes & Thornburg LLP
Telephone: (317)-465-1500	Telephone: (317)-231-6420
Email: baldessari@umbaugh.com	Email: thomas.pitman@BTLaw.com



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### ATTACHMENT A

### SIGNATORY AUTHORIZATION RESOLUTION

**Appendix Section Common Across all Projects** 

APPENDIX SECTION TO BE UPDATED DRAFT DOCUMENTS UTILIZED AS PLACEHOLDERS

#### SRF Loan Program Signatory Authorization Resolution

Whereas, the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of Utility / Political Subdivision] of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert location], Indiana, (the "Participant") has plans for a \_\_\_\_\_\_ [insert one: wastewater / drinking water] infrastructure improvement project to meet State and Federal regulations and the Participant intends to proceed with the construction of such project:

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the Council / Board of Trustees, the governing body of the Participant, that:

- 1. [insert name] be authorized to make application for a State Revolving Fund Loan ("SRF Loan") and provide the SRF Loan Program such information, data and documents pertaining to the loan process as may be required, and otherwise act as the authorized representative of the Participant; and
- 2. The Participant agrees to comply with State and Federal requirements as they pertain to the SRF Loan Program; and
- 3. Two certified copies of this Resolution be prepared and submitted as part of the Participant's Preliminary Engineering Report.

Adopted and Passed by the Council / Board of Trustees of the Utility / Political Subdivision of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert location], Indiana, this \_\_\_\_\_ [insert day] day of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert month], of 20\_\_\_\_ [insert year].

Council / Board of Trustees

[insert name], President

Attest:

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[insert name], Secretary / Clerk Treasurer

Approved and signed by the Mayor of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert location], Indiana this \_\_\_\_\_ [insert day] day of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert month], of 20\_\_\_\_ [insert year].

[insert name], Mayor

Attest:

[insert name], Secretary / Clerk Treasurer







### ATTACHMENT B

### PER ACCEPTANCE FORM

### **Appendix Section Common Across all Projects**

### APPENDIX SECTION TO BE UPDATED DRAFT DOCUMENTS UTILIZED AS PLACEHOLDERS

#### SRF Loan Program PER Acceptance Resolution

Whereas, the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert Utility / Political Subdivision] of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert location], Indiana, has caused a Preliminary Engineering Report ("PER"), dated \_\_\_\_\_, to be prepared by the consulting firm of \_\_\_\_\_; and

Whereas, said PER has been presented to the public at a public hearing held on \_\_\_\_\_ [insert date], at \_\_\_\_\_ [insert location], for public comment; and

Whereas, the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert Utility / Political Subdivision] Council / Board of Trustees finds that there was not sufficient evidence presented in objection to the recommended project in the PER.

Now, therefore be it resolved that:

- 1. The PER dated \_\_\_\_\_ [insert date] \_\_\_\_\_ be approved and adopted by the \_\_\_\_\_\_ [insert Utility / Political Subdivision] Council / Board of Trustees; and
- 2. Said PER be submitted to the State Revolving Fund Loan Program for review and approval.

Adopted and Passed by the Council / Board of Trustees of the Utility / Political Subdivision of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert location], Indiana, this \_\_\_\_\_ [insert day] day of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert month], of 20\_\_\_\_ [insert year].

Council / Board of Trustees

[insert name], President

Attest:

[insert name], Secretary / Clerk Treasurer

Approved and signed by the Mayor of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert location], Indiana this \_\_\_\_\_ [insert day] day of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert month], of 20\_\_\_\_ [insert year].

Attest:

[insert name], Mayor

[insert name], Secretary / Clerk Treasurer





### ATTACHMENT C

### PUBLIC NOTICE, COMMENTS, & TRANSCRIPT OF PUBLIC HEARING

Appendix Section Common Across all Projects

APPENDIX SECTION TO BE UPDATED DRAFT DOCUMENTS UTILIZED AS PLACEHOLDERS





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OUCC Attachment ERK-5 Cause No. 45073 Page 17 of 25

### ATTACHMENT D

### 2019-2021 RATE CASE WATER MAIN REPLACEMENT PROJECTS HYDRAULIC MODELING MEMORANDUM

### **Appendix Section Common Across all Projects**

### <u>APPENDIX SECTION TO BE UPDATED</u> <u>DRAFT DOCUMENTS UTILIZED AS PLACEHOLDERS</u>

2019-2021 Rate Case Water Main Replacement Projects Hydraulic Modeling Memorandum

# 2019-2021 Rate Case Water Main Replacement Projects Hydraulic Modeling Memorandum

Evansville, Indiana 72158-PL-001 May 18, 2018

### **Background**

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The City of Evansville Water and Sewer Utility (EWSU) retained VS Engineering to prepare Preliminary Engineering Reports (PER) for the proposed for water main replacement projects for years 2019 to 2021. As part of the PERs, VS has requested distribution system modeling to confirm project requirements and justification for a select number of projects.

### **Evaluation**

The proposed water main replacement projects identified by VS Engineering as needing modeling were evaluated using the existing WaterCAD distribution system model as needed. Numerous projects were not modeling as explained in the following paragraphs. For the purposes of this evaluation, new mains 12-inch and smaller were assumed to be PVC with Hazen-Williams "C" values of 140 and new mains 16-inch and larger were assumed to be ductile iron with Hazen-Williams "C" values of 130. The evaluations were conducted at steady state for an average day (AD) demand of approximately 29 MGD and a maximum day (MD) demand of approximately 35 MGD. In general, two replacement scenarios were evaluated and the resulting pressures and available fire flows were compared to existing conditions and to each other.

### Project 6 - Washington and Second

Project 6 includes relocation of existing 6-inch, 8-inch, and 16-inch water mains. No modeling was done for Project 6. The water mains are being relocated due to conflicts with a road improvement project. All mains will be replaced with a minimum of 8-inch and a 16-inch will be installed on Adams Avenue.

### Project 8 - Claremont, Bosse, and Craig Avenues

Project 8 includes replacement of existing 2-inch water main on Boehne Avenue, 4-inch water main on Craig, Bosse, and Claremont Avenues west of Tekoppel and replacement of existing 8-inch and 12-inch water mains on Barker and Clarement Avenues east of Tekopkel. Two scenarios were modeled for Project 8: 8-inch water main on Claremont Avenue east of Tekoppel and 12-inch water main on Claremont Avenue east of Tekoppel. All other mains west of





Tekoppel will be replaced with 8-inch to provide sufficient fire flows for the residential area served and the main on Barker Avenue will be replaced in-kind with a 12-inch water main. **Table 1** below summarizes the differences between the replacement scenarios and the existing conditions. The total available fire flow in the table is sum of available fire flows in the entire distribution system.

Table 1. Claremont, bosse, and Craig Avenues model Results				
	Existing	8-inch on Claremont	12-inch on Claremont	
Average Static	67.2	67.3	67.3	
Pressure AD (psi)	07.2	07.5 07.5	07.5	
Total Available Fire	4,632,475	4,746,113	4,770,950	
Flow AD (gpm)	4,032,475	4,740,113	4,770,930	
Average Static	66.6	66.8	66.8	
Pressure MD (psi)	00.0	00.8	00.8	
Total Available Fire	1 501 161	4,697,765	4,722,807	
Flow MD (gpm)	4,584,464	4,097,703	4,122,007	

#### Table 1. Claremont, Bosse, and Craig Avenues Model Results

Based on the model results, a 12-inch on Claremont Avenue provides improved fire flows and maintains the water distribution system grid approach and connects two existing 12-inch mains on Barker and Tekoppel. Therefore 12-inch is the recommended size for main replacement.

### Project 10 - Speaker Road, James Avenue, Nolan Avenue

Project 10 includes replacement of existing 6-inch and 8-inch mains. No modeling was done for Project 10. The existing water main will be replaced with an 8-inch main up to the last hydrants on James and Nolan to provide sufficient fire flows for the residential area served and then the main may reduce to 4-inch from the last hydrants on James and Nolan to the dead-ends.

### Project 11 – Upper Mt. Vernon – Phase I, Red Bank Road, and New Harmony Road

Project 11 includes replacement of existing 6-inch and 16-inch water mains on Upper Mt. Vernon Road, 6-inch water main on Red Bank Road, and 12-inch water main on New Harmony Road. Four scenarios were modeled for Project 8: 12-inch water main on New Harmony Road with either 8-inch or 12-inch water main on Red Bank Road and 16-inch water main on New Harmony Road with either 8-inch or 12-inch water main on Red Bank Road. A 16-inch water main will be installed on Upper Mt. Vernon to consolidate the existing 16-inch and 6-inch mains and maintain 16-inch main feeding the Upper Mt. Vernon Tank. **Table 2** below summarizes the differences between the replacement scenarios and the existing conditions. The total available fire flow in the table is sum of available fire flows in the entire distribution system.



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Results					
		12-inch on	12-inch on	16-inch on	16-inch on
		New	New	New	New
	Existing	Harmony	Harmony	Harmony	Harmony
		and 8-inch	and 12-inch	and 8-inch	and 12-inch
		on Red Bank	on Red Bank	on Red Bank	on Red Bank
Average Static					
Pressure AD	67.3	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(psi)					
Total Available					
Fire Flow AD	4,632,475	4,725,976	4,731,577	4,726,586	4,731,901
(gpm)					
Average Static					
Pressure MD	66.6	66.6	66.6	66.6	66.6
(psi)					
Total Available					
Fire Flow MD	4,584,464	4,678,052	4,683,971	4,678,737	4,684,265
(gpm)					

Table 2. Upper Mt. Vernon – Phase I, Red Bank Road, and New Harmony Road I	Model
Results	

Based on the model results, the 16-inch on New Harmony and 12-inch on Red Bank provide improved fire flows. These also provide an additional route to supply water to the Upper Mt. Vernon Road Tank should a problem occur in the existing water mains on either of Mount Vernon Avenue, Harmony Way, or Koring Road that serve as the primary routes to feed the tank.

### <u>Project 13 – Allens Lane – Phase I</u>

Project 13 includes replacement of existing 4-inch and 6-inch water mains. No modeling was done for Project 13. The existing water main will be replaced with an 8-inch main to connect to an existing 8-inch under Diamond Avenue and to provide sufficient fire flows for the residential area served.

### Project 15 – Charlotte and Russel Streets

Project 15 includes replacement of existing 2-inch, 4-inch, and 6-inch water mains. No modeling was done for Project 15. The existing water main will be replaced with an 8-inch main to provide sufficient fire flows for the residential area served. The water main on Bement Avenue will be replaced with 12-inch to connect the existing 12-inch on St. Joseph with 12-inch planned to be installed in a future replacement project on Bement and Mesker Park Drive.





### Project 18 – US 41 and Lynch Road

Project 18 includes the replacement of parallel water mains that vary in size; one is 16-inch and reduces to 12-inch, the other is 6-inch and increases to 8-inch. Two scenarios were modeled for Project 18: 16-inch water main on US 41 and 20-inch water on US 41. In both cases, all water mains from Lynch Road north to St. George would be replaced with a single main. **Table 3** below summarizes the differences between the replacement scenarios and the existing conditions.

	Existing	16-inch	16-inch
Average Static Pressure AD (psi)	67.3	67.2	67.2
Total Available Fire Flow AD (gpm)	4,632,475	4,700,810	4,700,910
Average Static Pressure MD (psi)	66.6	66.7	66.6
Total Available Fire Flow MD (gpm)	4,584,464	4,652,987	4,653,122

#### Table 3. US 41 and Lynch Road Model Results

Based on the model results, both sizes provide improved fire flows and the 20-inch does not provide significantly better results than the 16-inch. Therefore 16-inch is the recommended size for main replacement.

### Project 19 - Bexley Court, East of Oak Hill

Project 19 includes the replacement of existing 4-inch and 2-inch water main. No modeling was done for Project 19. The existing water main will be replaced with an 8-inch main up to the last hydrant to provide sufficient fire flows for the residential area served and then the main may reduce to 4-inch from the last hydrant to the dead-end.

#### Project 20 - Senate Avenue, Petersburg to Kentucky & St. George

Project 20 includes the replacement of existing 4-inch, 6-inch, 8-inch and 12-inch water mains. Two scenarios were modeled for Project 20: 12-inch water main on Senate Avenue and 16-inch water on Senate. All other water mains included in the project would be replaced with 8-inch to provide sufficient fire flows the residential areas served. **Table 4** below summarizes the differences between the replacement scenarios and the existing conditions. The total available fire flows in the table is sum of available fire flows in the entire distribution system.





2019-2021 Rate Case Water Main Replacement Projects Hydraulic Modeling Memorandum

	Existing	12-inch	16-inch
Average Static Pressure AD (psi)	67.3	67.2	67.2
Total Available Fire Flow AD (gpm)	4,632,475	4,702,386	4,702,708
Average Static Pressure MD (psi)	66.6	66.6	66.6
Total Available Fire Flow MD (gpm)	4,584,464	4,654,623	4,654,955

Based on the model results, both sizes provide improved fire flows and the 16-inch does not provide significantly better results than the 12-inch. Therefore 12-inch is the recommended size for main replacement. A 12-inch main would also lessen the trench requirements compared to a 16-inch main in an already congested area along Senate Avenue.

### Project 21 - First Avenue, Morgan to Booster Station

Project 21 includes the replacement of an existing 24-inch water main that feeds the existing First Avenue Booster Station. No modeling was done for Project 21. The existing water main will be replaced with a 36-inch main up to supply adequate flow to the existing First Avenue Booster Station. This project will connect to existing 36-inch mains that were already installed under Pigeon Creek and Diamond Avenue.

### Project 22 – Morgan Avenue, Fares to Heidelbach

Project 22 includes the replacement of an existing 12-inch water main. No modeling was done for Project 22. The existing water main will be replaced with a 12-inch to connect existing 12-inch and 16-inch water mains and maintain the water distribution system grid approach.

### Project 23 – Columbia – Phase I, Fares, Columbia to Morgan

Project 23 includes the replacement of existing 12-inch and 6-inch water main on Columbia Avenue, 12-inch water main on Fares Avenue, and 16-inch on Governor Street. Two scenarios were modeled for Project 23: 12-inch water main on Columbia Street and 16-inch water main on Columbia Street. 12-inch water main will be installed on Fares Avenue and 16-inch water main will be installed on Governor Street to connect to existing mains of the same size including recent projects on Stringtown Road and Fares Avenue. The total available fire flow in the table is sum of available fire flows in the entire distribution system.



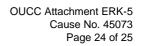


	Existing	12-inch on Columbia	16-inch on Columbia
Average Static Pressure AD (psi)	67.3	67.3	67.3
Total Available Fire Flow AD (gpm)	4,632,475	4,750,174	4,750,705
Average Static Pressure MD (psi)	66.6	66.8	66.8
Total Available Fire Flow MD (gpm)	4,584,464	4,702,712	4,703,248

Based on the model results, both sizes provide improved fire flows and the 16-inch does not provide significantly better results than the 12-inch. Therefore 12-inch is the recommended size for main replacement.









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### ATTACHMENT E

### FINANCIAL INFORMATION FORM

### Appendix Section Unique to Each Individual Project

See Individual Project for Financial Information Form

APPENDIX SECTION TO BE UPDATED DRAFT DOCUMENTS UTILIZED AS PLACEHOLDERS

OUCC Attachment ERK-5 Cause No. 45073 Page 25 of 25



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### ATTACHMENT F

### PRELIMINARY DESIGN SUMMARY

### Appendix Section Unique to Each Individual Project

See Individual Project for Financial Information Form

<u>APPENDIX SECTION TO BE UPDATED</u> <u>DRAFT DOCUMENTS UTILIZED AS PLACEHOLDERS</u>



#### WATER MAIN PROJECTS

Proposed 2019-2021 Water Main Replacement Proje	cts - Current REFRESH Proje	cts plus Highest Ranked Ma	ster Plan Projects						Averag	e of Ranks u	used to determine p	project priority			
				Estimated Construction	A	1		1.			and the same states		1		to a second second
And the second second	and the second		Estimated Program	Engineering and Resident	Estimated Total			Estimated Total				and the second		Same at	
	timated Construction Cost		Management Costs (2017		Project Cost		Estimated	Project Cost in			g Average Score		Rank by	Average of	Intel Process Produceday
Water Main Project Name	(2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	Cost Source	Construction Year		Total LF	Main		Scoring Main	Average Score	Ranks	High Score Explanation
President's Neighborhood Central	\$3,174,000		\$95,200	\$304,700	\$3,573,900	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$3,905,300	9,300	231	194				Current project
President's Neighborhood West	\$2,980,000		\$89,400	\$286,100	\$3,355,500	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$3,666,600	7,700	212	185				Current project
President's Neighborhood East	\$1,167,000		\$35,000	\$112,000	\$1,314,000	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$1,435,800	3,400	207	180				Current project
Eichel, US 41 to Fares	\$392,000		\$11,800	\$37,600	\$441,400	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$482,300	1,100	226	200				Current project
Walcott, West of Van Ness	\$201,000		\$6,000	\$19,300	\$226,300	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$247,300	500	199	177				Current project
Washington and Second - Relocation	\$1,385,000		\$41,600	\$133,000	\$1,559,600	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$1,704,200	2,300	194	190				Current project
Hogue Road, Red Bank to Williams	\$1,944,000		\$58,300	\$186,600	\$2,188,900	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$2,391,900	8,500	202	176				Current project
New Harmony Road, Allens Lane to Harmony Way	\$863,000		\$25,900	\$82,800	\$971,700	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$1,061,800	2,400	216	216				Current project
Harmony Way, Franklin Heights Neighborhood	\$3,640,000		\$109,200	\$349,400	\$4,098,600	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$4,478,700	9,600	226	195				Current project
Sweetser Rotherwood Area	\$4,567,000		\$137,000	\$438,400	\$5,142,400	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$5,619,200	15,800	201	186				Current project
Kansas Road, St. Petersburg to I-69 - Relocation Waterworks Road - (4) 30" Water Main	\$2,585,000	\$258,500	\$77,600	\$248,200	\$3,169,300	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$3,463,200	6,500	N/A	N/A				INDOT Relocation
Relocations	\$4,250,000	\$475.000	¢127 E00	C408 000	CE 210 500	LINTE Cotimate	2010	CE 602 700	5,000	195	193	176	58	117	Effluent Pump Station, Age, Size
Road Project Relocations (unknown)		\$425,000 \$245,520	\$127,500	\$408,000	\$5,210,500	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$5,693,700	7,920	195 N/A	193 N/A	1/0	96	111	Road Project Relocations
Bartels Lane, Evergreen Road South	\$2,455,200	and the second distance of the second s	\$73,700	\$235,700	\$3,010,120	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$3,289,200	and the second se		168				Current project
	\$580,000	\$58,000	\$17,400	\$55,700	\$711,100	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$800,300	2,400	201	the second se				Current project
Ingle Ave, Forest to Marion	\$346,000	\$34,600	\$10,400	\$33,200	\$424,200	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$477,400	1,100	197	173				Current project
Fendrich Neighborhood	\$2,077,000	\$207,700	\$62,300	\$199,400	\$2,546,400	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$2,866,000	6,700	254	192				Current project
Stanley Ave, Governor to dead end east of Kerth	\$1,186,000	\$118,600	\$35,600	\$113,900	\$1,454,100	<b>HNTB Estimate</b>	2020	\$1,636,600	5,200	202	167				Current project
Kerth Avenue, St. George to Christ	\$427,800	\$42,780	\$12,800	\$41,100	\$524,480	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$590,300	1,380	254	201				Current project
Christ Rd - Extension Kerth to Fares	\$100,000	\$10,000	\$3,000	\$9,600	\$122,600	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$138,000	340	N/A	N/A				Current project
Allens Ln - Phase I	\$837,000	\$83,700	\$25,100	\$80,400	\$1,026,200	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$1,155,000	2,700	252	234	3	2	2.5	Road, Age, Material, Pressure
Grove Street, South of Allens Lane	\$805,000	\$80,600	\$24,200	\$77,400	\$988,200	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$1,112,200	2,600	236	236	7	1	4	Road, Age, Material, Location
Rosewood Drive, Weaver to Hermann and Karch															
Drive east of Hermann	\$291,400	\$29,140	\$8,700	\$28,000	\$357,240	<b>HNTB Estimate</b>	2020	\$402,100	940	244	214	5	12	8.5	Age, Material
Gayne Street, West of Van Ness	\$434,000	\$43,400	\$13,000	\$41,700	\$532,100	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$598,900	1,400	232	226	16	3	9.5	Age, Pressure, Material
Upper Mt Vernon - Phase I, Red Bank Road, and	1.0.900	4 10/100	410,000	t ist of	VOULING	THEFT CONTINUE	LULU	4550/555							
New Harmony Road	\$5,146,000	\$514,600	\$154,400	\$494,000	\$6,309,000	<b>HNTB</b> Estimate	2020	\$7,100,800	16,600	232	220	13	7	10	Age, Pressure, Material
Tupman Road, north of Upper Mt Vernon	\$620,000	\$62,000	\$18,600	\$59,500	\$760,100	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$855,500	2,000	231	215	17	10	13.5	Age, Pressure, Material
Road Project Relocations (unknown)	\$2,455,200	\$245,520	\$73,700	\$235,700	\$3,010,120	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$3,387,900	7,920	N/A	N/A				Road Project Relocations
Bellaire Road, Oak Hill to Weinbach	\$260,400	\$26,040	\$7,800	\$25,000	\$319,240	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$359,300	840	227	223	25	6	15.5	Age, Material
US 41 and Lynch Rd	\$4,154,000	\$415,400	\$124,600	\$398,800	\$5,092,800	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$5,732,000	13,400	254	201	2	32	17	Road, Breaks, Age, Material, Location
Schmitt Lane, east of Oak Hill	\$372,000	\$37,200	\$11,200	\$35,700	\$456,100	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$513,300	1,200	226	226	26	4	15	Age, Material
Whetstone Road, west of Oak Hill	\$192,200	\$19,220	\$5,800	\$18,500	\$235,720	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$265,300	620	226	225	30	5	17.5	Age, Material
Bexley Road, east of Oak Hill	\$434,000	\$43,400	\$13,000	\$41,700	\$532,100	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$598,900	1,400	224	213	32	13	22.5	Age, Pressure
New York Ave, Bayse to Riverside	\$651,000	\$65,100	\$19,500	\$62,500	\$798,100	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$898,300	2,100	222	219	40	8	24	Age, Material
Claremont, Bosse, and Craig Aves	\$2,263,000	\$226,300	\$67,900	\$217,200	\$2,774,400	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$3,122,600	7,300	226	205	28	24	26	Age, Pressure, Material
Charlotte and Russel Sts	\$1,085,000	\$108,500	\$32,600	\$104,200	\$1,330,300	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$1,542,200	3,500	226	202	29	27	28	Breaks, Age, Pressure
Peerless Road, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya	\$1,550,000	\$155,000	\$46,500	\$148,800	\$1,900,300	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$2,203,000	5,000	219	209	43	15	29	Location, Consequence of Failure
Morgan Ave, Fares to Garvin	\$1,271,000	\$127,100	\$38,100	\$122,000	\$1,558,200	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$1,806,400	4,100	223	201	34	30	32	Breaks, Age, Location
Neighborhood of Covert, Vann, Graham, and	\$1,271,000	\$127,100	\$56,100	\$122,000	\$1,556,200	HIVID Estimate	2021	\$1,000,400	4,100	223	201	34	50	54	eresist ribet constant
Hawthorne	\$3,007,000	\$300,700	\$90,200	\$288,700	\$3,686,600	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$4,273,800	9,700	236	195	8	57	32.5	Breaks, Age, Material
Senate Ave, Petersburg to Kentucky & St George	\$3,038,000	\$303,800	\$91,100	\$291,600	\$3,724,500	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$4,317,700	9,800	219	203	44	25	34.5	Age, Size
First Ave, Pigeon Creek to Booster Station	\$2,374,600	\$237,460	\$71,200	\$228,000	\$2,911,260	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$3,374,900	7,660	235	193	9	68	38.5	Breaks, Age, Size, Location, Booster Station
Lakeview Blvd, Harmony to Golfmoor	\$558,000	\$55,800	\$16,700	\$53,600	\$684,100	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$770,000	1,800	216	206	63	21	42	Age
Mesker Park - Phase I	\$1,085,000	\$108,500	\$32,600	\$104,200	\$1,330,300	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$1,542,200	3,500	226	194	31	61	46.5	Road, Age, Pressure
Speaker Rd, James Ave, Nolan Ave	\$899,000	\$89,900	\$27,000	\$86,300	\$1,102,200	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$1,277,800	2,900	212	205	71	22	46.5	Age, Pressure
Maryland Ave, Harmony to Wessel	\$1,178,000	\$117,800	\$35,300	\$113,100	\$1,444,200	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$1,674,200	3,800	217	200	62	35	48.5	Age
Covert Ave - Phase II and Wedge Ave	\$1,209,000	\$120,900	\$36,300	\$116,100	\$1,482,300	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$1,718,400	3,900	207	194	115	66	90.5	Age
Columbia - Phase I, Fares, Columbia to Morgan	\$2,914,000	\$291,400	\$87,400	\$279,700	\$3,572,500	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$4,141,500	9,400	207	191	106	85	95.5	Breaks, Age, Location
Schutte Road, Broadway to USI Tank	\$1,643,000	\$164,300	\$49,300	\$157,700	\$2,014,300	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$2,335,100	5,300	197	189	170	98	134	Secondary Feed to USI Tank
Evans Street & Louisiana	\$434,000	\$43,400	\$13,000	\$41,700	\$532,100	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$616,800	1,400	228	218	21	9	15	Age, Material
Road Project Relocations (unknown)	\$2,455,200	\$245,520	\$73,700	\$235,700	\$3,010,120	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$3,489,600	7,920	N/A	N/A				Road Project Relocations
Total of Projects	\$77,937,000	\$5,762,400	\$2,338,100	\$7,482,000	\$93,519,500	inte catinate		\$105,133,500	237,840						

Non-construction costs assumed to be the following: 10% Design Costs; No Design Costs for Projects designed in 2017 / 2018 3% Program Management Costs 9.6% Construction Engineer / Resident Project Representative Costs

Year	Total Cost	Total Lineal Feet	Total Miles
2019	\$37,439,200	80,020	15.2
2020	\$33,380,700	79,940	15.1
2021	\$34,313,600	77,880	14.8
TOTAL	\$105,133,500	237.840	45.0

OUCC Attachment ERK-6 Cause No. 45073 Page 1 of 5 HNTB

Prepared by: HNTB Corporation

## (a refresh EVANSVILLE

#### ADDITIONAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM PROJECTS FOR CONSIDERATION

Additional Water Main Projects for Consideration - Next Highest Ranked Master Plan Projects Highest Scoring Main >= 200 plus Average Score of Main >= 190

Highest Scoring Main >= 200 plus Average Score of N	Main >= 190						Concernent Income		Average	e of Kanks us	ed to determine	project priority			
Es	timated Construction Cost	Estimated Design Costs	Estimated Program Management Costs (2017	Estimated Construction Engineering and Resident Project Representative Costs	Estimated Total Project Cost		Estimated	Estimated Total Project Cost in		High Scoring		Rank By High	Rank by	Average of	
Water Main Project Name	(2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	Cost Source	Construction Year	Construction Year	Total LF	Main	for Project	Scoring Main	Average Score	Ranks	High Score Explanation
Potential) Covert Avenue - Relocation for Road															And a start of the
iet							2022								INDOT Relocation
leighborhood of Buena Vista, 1st, and Pigeon															
reek	\$7,936,000	\$793,600	\$238,080	\$761,856	\$9,729,536	<b>HNTB Estimate</b>	2022	\$11,617,600	25,600	262	203	1	26	13.5	Breaks, Age, Material
Division Street & Canal	\$1,705,000	\$170,500	\$51,150	\$163,680	\$2,090,330	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$2,496,000	5,500	220	197	41	49	45	Road, Age, Size, Location
esidential/Commercial area bound by					and the second se										
tringtown, US 41, Diamond, and Morgan	\$5,549,000	\$554,900	\$166,470	\$532,704	\$6,803,074	<b>HNTB Estimate</b>	2022	\$8,123,200	17,900	242	190	6	92	49	Road, Breaks, Age, Material, Location
irst Ave, Booster to Reservoir, Campground Road															
o Petersburg	\$5,983,000	\$598,300	\$179,490	\$574,368	\$7,335,158	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$8,758,600	19,300	223	194	35	64	49.5	Age, Pressure, Material, Size
		1		411.411	1.1										
loyd Expressway, Wabash to Tekoppel	\$3,689,000	\$368,900	\$110,670	\$354,144	\$4,522,714	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$5,400,400	11,900	232	191	14	86	50	Road, Breaks, Age, Pressure, Size, Locati
Morgan Ave and Old Boonville Hwy	\$2,759,000	\$275,900	\$82,770	\$264,864	\$3,382,534	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$4,038,900	8.900	218	196	47	54	50.5	Road, Age, Location
t George - Phase II	\$3,441,000	\$344,100	\$103,230	\$330,336	\$4,218,666	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$5,037,300	11,100	220	194	42	62	52	Road, Age, Size, Location
Green River - Phase I, Lloyd to Lincoln	\$682,000	\$68,200	\$20,460	\$65,472	\$836,132	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$998,400	2,200	209	209	88	16	52	Age
Division St, Vann to Stockwell	\$465,000	\$46,500	\$13,950	\$44,640	\$570,090	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$680,700	1,500	209	209	91	14	52.5	Road, Age, Location
ATTACK TO STOCKWEI	2402,000	240,200	\$12,320 0	244,040	2210/020	HIVID Estimate	2022	2000,700	1,500	200					
ranklin Ave and Illinois east of Pigeon Creek	COC1 000	tor 100	C38 830	102.255	C1 170 10C	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$1,406,800	3,100	209	207	89	18	53.5	Age, Location
Ath Ave, Franklin St, and Michigan St	\$961,000	\$96,100	\$28,830	\$92,256	\$1,178,186	and the second se	2022	and an	11,600	209	201	81	29	55	Road, Age, Size, Location
th Ave, Franklin St, and Michigan St	\$3,596,000	\$359,600	\$107,880	\$345,216	\$4,408,696	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$5,264,200	11,000	210	201	01	2.5		10001/180/0101
		4114 114	100100		** *******			44	2 000	200	206	94	19	56.5	Age, Location
Dhio Street, West of Pigeon Creek to St Joseph	\$1,178,000	\$117,800	\$35,340	\$113,088	\$1,444,228	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$1,724,500	3,800	208		69	47	58	Road, Age, Location
Washington Ave - Phase I	\$1,736,000	\$173,600	\$52,080	\$166,656	\$2,128,336	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$2,541,300	5,600	213	198		1.4.4		Breaks, Age
Vashington Ave - Phase II	\$2,170,000	\$217,000	\$65,100	\$208,320	\$2,660,420	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$3,176,700	7,000	218	193	46	72	59	The second se
linois Street, Governor to Morton	\$403,000	\$40,300	\$12,090	\$38,688	\$494,078	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$590,000	1,300	208	208	102	17	59.5	Age, Location
tockwell Road, Indiana to Morgan	\$1,395,000	\$139,500	\$41,850	\$133,920	\$1,710,270	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$2,042,200	4,500	208	205	99	23	61	Age, Location
/irginia Ave and Oak Hill Rd east of US 41	\$2,077,000	\$207,700	\$62,310	\$199,392	\$2,546,402	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$3,040,500	6,700	210	199	82	40	61	Road, Age, Size, Location
Residential area on Idlewild and Allens west of 1st															and a second second
Ave	\$2,790,000	\$279,000	\$83,700	\$267,840	\$3,420,540	<b>HNTB Estimate</b>	2022	\$4,084,300	9,000	211	198	80	48	64	Breaks, Age, Pressure
Rollett Lane, south of Broadway	\$465,000	\$46,500	\$13,950	\$44,640	\$570,090	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$680,700	1,500	210	198	87	42	64.5	Age, Pressure
Grove St and Florida St	\$651,000	\$65,100	\$19,530	\$62,496	\$798,126	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$953,000	2,100	208	200	97	34	65.5	Age, Location
Maryland Ave and Buchanan Road	\$3,410,000	\$341,000	\$102,300	\$327,360	\$4,180,660	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$4,991,900	11,000	208	199	96	37	66.5	Age, Location
Big Cynthiana - Phase I	\$1,023,000	\$102,300	\$30,690	\$98,208	\$1,254,198	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$1,497,600	3,300	205	206	116	20	68	Age, Material
R57 north of Kansas Rd	\$527,000	\$52,700	\$15,810	\$50,592	\$646,102	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$771,500	1,700	208	199	103	39	71	Pressure, Location
ark St, Florida to Shanklin	\$434.000	\$43,400	\$13,020	\$41,664	\$532,084	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$635,300	1,400	207	199	105	38	71.5	Age, Location
Aill - Phase I	\$1,209,000	\$120,900	\$36,270	\$116,064	\$1,482,234	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$1,769,900	3,900	210	195	85	59	72	Age
Norton Ave and Franklin St	\$868,000	\$86,800	\$26,040	\$83,328	\$1,064,168	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$1,270,700	2,800	207	198	104	46	75	Age, Location
lliot and Morton Ave	\$775,000	\$77,500	\$23,250	\$74,400	\$950,150	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$1,134,500	2,500	216	190	64	87	75.5	Age
Iroadway Ave - Phase II	\$2,604,000	\$260,400	\$78,120	\$249,984	\$3,192,504	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$3,812,000	8,400	208	195	95	59	77	Age, Location
	\$2,004,000	\$200,400	\$70,120	\$245,564	\$3,132,304	There Estimate	LULL	40,012,000	5,100						
Nount Vernon Rd, Upper Mt Vernon to Michigan	\$3,565,000	\$356,500	\$106,950	\$342,240	\$4,370,690	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$5,218,800	11,500	211	192	79	83	81	Age
larmony - Phase II	\$806,000	\$80,600	\$24,180	\$77,376	\$988,156	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$1,179,900	2,600	206	198	121	41	81	Age
t Joseph, Wyoming to Glenview	\$961,000	\$96,100	\$28,830	\$92,256	\$1,178,186	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$1,405,800	3,100	206	198	119	43	81	Age
Iroadway Ave - Phase III	\$3,968,000	\$396,800	and the second se	and the second se		HNTB Estimate	2022	\$5,808,800	12,800	210	191	84	84	84	Age, Pressure
Vills Rd, Virginia to Michigan	\$3,968,000 \$93,000	\$9,300	\$119,040	\$380,928 \$8,928	\$4,864,768 \$114.018	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$136,100	300	202	202	140	28	84	Age
	and the second se		\$2,790				the second se	and the second of the second sec	12,500	202	193	107	67	87	Age
owntown area on 1st Ave and 2nd Ave	\$3,875,000	\$387,500	\$116,250	\$372,000	\$4,750,750	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$5,672,600	the second se	207	193	107	75	88	Road, Pressure, Size, Location
etersburg Rd and US 41	\$7,099,000	\$709,900	\$212,970	\$681,504	\$8,703,374	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$10,392,300	22,900		201	151	31	91	Road, Location
Villemette Rd, south of Diamond	\$43,400	\$4,340	\$1,302	\$4,166	\$53,208	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$63,500	140	201	201	151	33	92.5	Road, Location, Consequence of Failu
ross Pointe Blvd, Indiana to Eagle Creek	\$288,300	\$28,830	\$8,649	\$27,677	\$353,456	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$422,000	930	201		152	53	92.5	Road, Age, Pressure, Location
Nesker Park - Phase II	\$2,418,000	\$241,800	\$72,540	\$232,128	\$2,964,468	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$3,539,700	7,800	202	197	132	53	92.3	Noau, Age, Flessure, Location
leighborhood of Crossgate, Fulton, Mill, and	1.	1.92.0	1000		S.Y. V.			a contraction	- Alexan		1000				And Deserves
ratzville	\$1,705,000	\$170,500	\$51,150	\$163,680	\$2,090,330	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$2,496,000	5,500	202	196	133	56	94.5	Age, Pressure
fain St, Wedeking to Richardt	\$105,400	\$10,540	\$3,162	\$10,118	\$129,220	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$154,300	340	201	198	149	44	96.5	Age, Material
ass and Ridgway	\$403,000	\$40,300	\$12,090	\$38,688	\$494,078	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$590,000	1,300	205	192	122	73	97.5	Age
lartins Lane, Burkhardt to Newburgh	\$2,635,000	\$263,500	\$79,050	\$252,960	\$3,230,510	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$3,857,400	8,500	207	190	112	88	100	Age
ann Ave, Graham to Covert	\$2,108,000	\$210,800	\$63,240	\$202,368	\$2,584,408	HNTB Estimate	2022	\$3,085,900	6,800	202	192	142	76	109	Age, Material

**Booster Station Master Plan Projects** 

Booster Station Project Name	Estimated Construction Cost (2017 Dollars)	Estimated Design Costs (2017 Dollars)	Estimated Construction Engineering and Resident Project Representative Costs (2017 Dollars)	Estimated Total Project Cost (2017 Dollars)	Cost Source	Estimated Construction Year	Estimated Total Project Cost in Construction Year
Stallings Booster Station Culvert Replacement	\$50,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$60,000	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$65,600
Stallings Booster Station Piping Replacement	\$167,000	\$16,700	\$16,700	\$200,400	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$219,000
Campground Booster Station Improvements	\$342,000	\$34,200	\$34,200	\$410,400	<b>HNTB</b> Estimate	2020	\$461,900
Lincoln Booster Station Replacement	\$1,580,000	\$158,000	\$158,000	\$1,896,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$2,134,000
Total of Projects	\$2,139,000	\$213,900	\$213,900	\$2,566,800			\$2,880,500





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TREATMENT PLANT PROJECTS - REQUIRED FOR CONTINUED SERVICE/IMMEDIATE NEEDS

Project Name	Estimated Construction Cost (2016 Dollars)	Estimated Non-Construction Costs (2016 Dollars)	Estimated Total Project Cost (2016 Dollars)	Cost Source	Estimated Construction Year	Estimated Total Project Cost in Construction Year	Туре
Replace MCCs/Switchgear/Transformers	\$850,000	\$170,000	\$1,020,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$1,115,000	Required for Service
Filter Backwash System - Replace Main In/Out of Floodwall to Tanks	\$600,000	\$120,000	\$720,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$787,000	Required for Service
Extend Existing Outfall Sewers	\$500,000	\$100,000	\$600,000	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$656,000	Required for Service
Line 36" Outfall #4 Sewer and Below Existing Filter Buildings	\$80,000	\$0	\$80,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$\$8,000	Required for Service
New 6.0 MG Clear well and HSP #4	\$13,800,000	\$2,760,000	\$16,560,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$18,096,000	Required for Service
Replace and Upgrade Main Plant Switchgear	\$1,000,000	\$200,000	\$1,200,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$1,312,000	Required for Service
Rehab/Repair North Secondary Sed Basin Structural Rehab	\$500,000	\$100,000	\$600,000	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$656,000	Required for Service
Transformer Switches (Allows Bypass of Main Switchgear)	\$60,000	\$12,000	\$72,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$79,000	Required for Service
Enclose Filters 13-20 at Gallery Access, Relocate 1.5MG Clearwell Vent (for Dehumidification Project)	\$50,000	\$10,000	\$60,000	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$66,000	Required for Service
Filters 13-20 Pipe Gallery Coating, Rehab, Replace (As Needed)	\$100,000	\$20,000	\$120,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$131,127	Required for Service
low Meters and Vaults for Transmission Mains (Four 30" and One 48")	\$650,000	\$130,000	\$780,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$877,897	Regulred for Service
Frout Injection to Repair Existing 6.5 MG Clearwell	\$300,000	\$60,000	\$360,000	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$418,000	Required for Service
Total of Projects	\$18,490,000	\$3,682,000	\$22,172,000	and the second sec		\$24,282,024	

\$22,986,127	
\$877,897	
\$418,000	
\$24,282,024	_
	\$877,897 \$418,000

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TREATMENT PLANT PROJECTS - OPTION 1 - REHAB EXISTING PLANT FOR 5-10 ADDITIONAL YEARS OF CONTINUED SERVICE

	Estimated Construction Cost	Estimated Non-Construction Costs (2016	Estimated Total Project Cost		Estimated	Estimated Total Pro
Project Name	(2016 Dollars)	Dollars)	(2016 Dollars)	Cost Source	Construction Year	Construction
Coating LS Pump Station Exterior/Bridge/Interior	\$130,000	\$0	\$130,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$143,000
Coating LS Pump Station Piping and Equipment	\$50,000	\$0	\$50,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$55,000
Coating HS Pump Station No. 2 Piping and Equipment (Includes Lead Paint Abatement)	\$195,000	50	\$195,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$214,000
HSPS2 Rehab (Walls, Stairs, Platforms, Select Piping Replacement, Etc.)	\$167,250	\$33,450	\$200,700	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$220,000
36" DIP Between South Plant and North Plant 1.5 MG Clearwell	\$375,000	\$75,000	\$450,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$492,00
Filters 1-12 Membrane Retrofit (Lead Abatement, Coatings, Rehab, Demo)	\$4,970,000	\$994,000	\$5,964,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$6,518,00
Filter Backwash System - Replace Backup Fill Valve Actuator	\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$6,000
Filter Backwash System - Maintain Vertical Turbine Backwash Pump	\$10,000	\$0	\$10,000	HNTB Estimate	2019	\$11,000
Demo and Replace Boller Heating System (Includes Asbestos Insulation Demo)	\$625,000	\$125,000	\$750,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$820,00
Misc. Replacement of Piping, Flanges, Bolts/Nuts in LSPS	\$15,000	\$0	\$15,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$17,000
Sodium Chlorite Demo	\$\$0,000	\$10,000	\$60,000	2016 Master Plan	2019	\$65,000
Rehab North Sludge Station/Electrical Building	\$55,000	\$11,000	\$66,000	2016 Master Plan	2020	\$75,000
Rehab of South Sludge Pumps Station	\$341,350	\$68,270	\$409,620	2016 Master Plan	2020	\$462,00
Filters 1-20 Dehumidification Improvements	\$93,750	\$18,750	\$112,500	2016 Master Plan	2020	\$127,00
Filters 29-32 Dehumidification Improvements, Coatings, Rehab.	\$128,750	\$25,750	\$154,500	2016 Master Plan	2020	\$174,00
Coat all Headhouse Roof Support Members	\$200,000	\$0	\$200,000	2016 Master Plan	2020	\$226,00
Replace South Primary and Sec. Sed Basins 1 & 2 Equipment, Rehab Tanks, Electrical	\$1,610,000	\$322,000	\$1,932,000	2016 Master Plan	2021	\$2,240,0
Filters 21-28 Pipe Gallery Coating, Rehab, Replace (As Needed)	\$60,000	\$12,000	\$72,000	2016 Master Plan	2021	\$84,000
Filters 33-36 Dehumidification Improvements	\$68,750	50	\$68,750	2016 Master Plan	2021	\$80,000
Filter Backwash System - Reline Piping from Tanks to Filters	\$400,000	\$80,000	\$480,000	2016 Master Plan	2021	\$557,00
New Waste Stream Treatment and Residuals Handling Facility	\$34,300,000	\$6,860,000	\$41,160,000	2016 Master Plan	2021	\$47,716,0
Total of Projects	\$43,849,850	\$8,635,220	\$52,485,070			\$50,303,0

TREATMENT PLANT PROJECTS - OPTION 2 - NEW GWTP

	Estimated Construction Cost	Estimated Non-Construction Costs (2014	Estimated Total Project Cost		Estimated	Estimated Total Pro
Project Name	(2014 Dollars)	Dollars)	(2014 Dollars)	Cost Source	Construction Year	Construction
Property Acquistion - Well Field, Raw Water Mains, Treatment Plant Site	\$860,000	\$172,000	\$1,032,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$1,232,20
Raw Water Mains	\$16,196,910	\$3,239,382	\$19,436,292	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$23,207,9
Collector Wells	\$9,000,000	\$1,800,000	\$10,800,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$12,895,7
Water Treatment Plant						
Site Work and Residuals Pump Station	\$3,000,000	\$500,000	\$3,600,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$4,298,5
Treatment and Chemical Building Equipment	\$14,300,000	\$2,860,000	\$17,160,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$20,489,9
Treatment and Chemical Building Piping and Fittings	\$5,400,000	\$1,280,000	57,680,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$9,170,3
Yard Piping and Fittings	\$2,600,000	\$520,000	\$3,120,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$3,725,4
Concrete	\$9,100,000	\$1,820,000	\$10,920,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$13,039,0
Building Components	\$2,400,000	\$480,000	\$2,880,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$3,438,8
HVAC Components	\$800,000	\$160,000	\$960,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$1,146,2
Plumbing Components	\$200,000	\$40,000	\$240,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$286,57
Electrical Components	\$3,400,000	\$680,000	\$4,080,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$4,871,7
Instrumentation and Controls	\$1,200,000	\$240,000	\$1,440,000	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$1,719,4
Mobilization and Bonds (8% of Subtotal)	\$5,556,553	SO	\$5,556,553	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$6,634,8
Contingency (20% of Subtotal)	\$13,891,382	\$0	\$13,891,382	HNTB Estimate	2020	\$16,587,0
Total of Projects	\$88,044,845	\$13,719,382	\$101,764,227	Set State States and Section Section 2010	ac all and a second	\$121,511,

2019 2020 2021

TOTAL

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d Total Project Cost in instruction Year	Туре
\$143,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$55,000	Pending WTP Decision
and the second s	and the second second
\$214,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$220,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$492,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$6,518,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$6,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$11,000	Pending WTP Decision
and the second se	and the second second
\$820,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$17,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$66,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$75,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$462,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$127,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$174,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$226,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$2,240,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$84,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$80,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$557,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$47,716,000	Pending WTP Decision
\$50,303,000	
\$8,562,000	1
\$1,064,000	
\$50,677,000	1
	1
\$60,303,000	1
d Total Project Cost in	
Instruction Year	Туре
\$1,232,262	Pending WTP Decision
\$23,207,949 \$12,895,765	Pending WTP Decision Pending WTP Decision
942/039/109	rename wir becision
\$4,298,588	Pending WTP Decision
\$20,489,937	Pending WTP Decision
\$9,170,322	Pending WTP Decision
\$3,725,443	Pending WTP Decision
\$13,039,051	Pending WTP Decision
\$3,438,871	Pending WTP Decision
\$1,146,290	Pending WTP Decision
\$286,573	Pending WTP Decision
\$4,871,733	Pending WTP Decision
\$1,719,435	Pending WTP Decision
\$6,634,815	Pending WTP Decision
\$16,587,037	Pending WTP Decision
\$121,511,809	
\$121,511,809	1
ATT1911003	



#### PROJECTS TO SUPPLY WHOLESALE USERS INCREASED DEMANDS

Gibson County			Estimated Construction				-		
			Engineering and Resident				Estimated Total		
	Estimated Construction Co	st Estimated Non-Construction	Project Representative Costs	Estimated Total Project Cost		Estimated Construction	Project Cost in	Estimated User	Estimated User
Project Name	(2017 Dollars)	Costs (2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	Cost Source	Year	<b>Construction</b> Year	Percent Responsible	Cost Responsibilit
Stallings Booster Station Replacement	\$3,600,000	\$360,000	\$360,000	\$4,320,000	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$5,008,100	25%	\$1,252,000
First Avenue, Pigeon Creek to Booster Station	\$2,374,600	\$237,460	\$237,460	\$2,849,520	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$3,303,400	25%	\$825,900
Shroeder Road to Volkman Tank - Extension	\$1,040,000	\$104,000	\$104,000	\$1,248,000	<b>HNTB Estimate</b>	2021	\$1,446,800	25%	\$361,700
Total of Projects	\$7,014,600	\$701,460	\$701,460	\$8,417,520			\$9,758,300		\$2,439,600

German Township - North Pressure Zone (existing feed)

			Estimated Construction						
			Engineering and Resident				Estimated Total		
	Estimated Construction Cos	t Estimated Non-Construction	Project Representative Costs	Estimated Total Project Cost		Estimated Construction	Project Cost in	Estimated User	Estimated User
Project Name	(2017 Dollars)	Costs (2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	Cost Source	Year	Construction Year	Percent Responsible	Cost Responsibility
Stallings Booster Station Replacement	\$3,600,000	\$360,000	\$360,000	\$4,320,000	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$5,008,100	14%	\$701,100
First Avenue Main Replacement - Pigeon Creek to			·						
Booster Station	\$2,374,600	\$474,920	\$237,460	\$3,086,980	<b>HNTB Estimate</b>	2021	\$3,578,700	14%	\$501,000
Total of Projects	\$5,974,600	\$1,194,920	\$597,460	\$7,766,980			\$8,586,800		\$1,202,100

German Township - Killian Pressure Zone (proposed southwest feed) [feed located at Creamery Road and Posey County Line Road]

			Estimated Construction						
			Engineering and Resident				Estimated Total		
	Estimated Construction Cos	t Estimated Non-Construction	Project Representative Costs	Estimated Total Project Cost		Estimated Construction	Project Cost in	Estimated User	Estimated User
Project Name	(2017 Dollars)	Costs (2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	Cost Source	Year	<b>Construction Year</b>	Percent Responsible	Cost Responsibility
Killian Booster Station Replacement	\$3,500,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$4,200,000	<b>HNTB</b> Estimate	2021	\$4,869,000	17%	\$827,700
Middle Mt Vernon, Creamery Road, Posey Count	ty .			and the second second second					
Line Road - Extension	\$2,400,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$2,880,000	<b>HNTB Estimate</b>	2021	\$3,338,700	100%	\$3,338,700
Peerless Road, Upper Mt Vernon to Moya	\$1,550,000	\$155,000	\$155,000	\$1,860,000	<b>HNTB Estimate</b>	2021	\$2,156,200	50%	\$1,078,100
Hogue Road - Phase III	\$1,271,000	\$127,100	\$127,100	\$1,525,200	<b>HNTB Estimate</b>	2021	\$1,768,100	50%	\$884,100
Peerless Road, Moye to Hogue	\$2,914,000	\$291,400	\$291,400	\$3,496,800	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$4,053,700	50%	\$2,026,900
Total of Projects	\$11,635,000	\$1,163,500	\$1,163,500	\$13,962,000			\$16,185,700		\$8,155,500

Warrick County (including North Warrick Industrial Park)

All and the second s			Estimated Construction				Estimated Total		
			Engineering and Resident						
	Estimated Construction Cos	t Estimated Non-Construction	Project Representative Costs	Estimated Total Project Cost		Estimated Construction	Project Cost in	Estimated User	Estimated User
Project Name	(2017 Dollars)	Costs (2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	(2017 Dollars)	Cost Source	Year	Construction Year	Percent Responsible	Cost Responsibilit
Stallings Booster Station Replacement	\$3,600,000	\$360,000	\$360,000	\$4,320,000	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$5,008,100	14%	\$701,100
Northern Pressure Zone Elevated Storage Tank	\$2,500,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$3,000,000	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$3,477,800	12%	\$417,300
First Avenue Main Replacement - Pigeon Creek to									
Booster Station	\$2,374,600	\$237,460	\$237,460	\$2,849,520	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$3,303,400	14%	\$462,500
Volkman Road / Seven Hills Road - Extension	\$3,886,000	\$388,600	\$388,600	\$4,663,200	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$5,405,900	12%	\$648,700
Total of Projects	\$12,360,600	\$1,236,060	\$1,236,060	\$14,832,720			\$17,195,200		\$2,229,600

Elberfeld

		and Sile	Estimated Construction Engineering and Resident	10.00		Estimated Total			
Project Name	Estimated Construction Cos (2017 Dollars)	t Estimated Non-Construction Costs (2017 Dollars)	Project Representative Costs (2017 Dollars)	Estimated Total Project Cost (2017 Dollars)	Cost Source	Estimated Construction Year	Project Cost in	Estimated User Percent Responsible	Estimated User
Stallings Booster Station Replacement	\$3,600,000	\$360,000	\$360,000	\$4,320,000	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$5,008,100	1%	\$50,100
Northern Pressure Zone Elevated Storage Tank	\$2,500,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$3,000,000	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$3,477,800	2%	\$69,600
First Avenue Main Replacement - Pigeon Creek to Booster Station	\$2,374,600	\$237,460	\$237,460	\$2,849,520	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$3,303,400	1%	\$33,000
Volkman Road / Seven Hills Road - Extension	\$3,886,000	\$388,600	\$388,600	\$4,663,200	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$5,405,900	2%	\$108,100
Total of Projects	\$12,360,600	\$1,236,060	\$1,236,060	\$14,832,720			\$17,195,200		\$260,800

#### Vanderburgh Industrial Park

			12 10 10	a section	Estimated Total				
Project Name	Estimated Construction Cos (2017 Dollars)	st Estimated Non-Construction Costs (2017 Dollars)	Engineering and Resident Project Representative Costs (2017 Dollars)	Estimated Total Project Cost (2017 Dollars)	Cost Source	Estimated Construction Year	Project Cost in Construction Year	Estimated User Percent Responsible	Estimated User Cost Responsibility
Stallings Booster Station Replacement	\$3,600,000	\$360,000	\$360,000	\$4,320,000	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$5,008,100	9%	\$450,700
Northern Pressure Zone Elevated Storage Tank	\$2,500,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$3,000,000	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$3,477,800	14%	\$486,900
First Avenue Main Replacement - Pigeon Creek to Booster Station	\$2,374,600	\$237,460	\$237,460	\$2,849,520	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$3,303,400	9%	\$297,300
Volkman Road / Seven Hills Road - Extension	\$3,886,000	\$388,600	\$388,600	\$4,663,200	HNTB Estimate	2021	\$5,405,900	14%	\$756,800
Total of Projects	\$12,360,600	\$1,236,060	\$1,236,060	\$14,832,720			\$17,195,200		\$1,991,700

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### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

#### **Resource Center**

### **Daily Treasury Yield Curve Rates**

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If you are having trouble viewing the above XML in your browser, click here.

To access interest rate data in the legacy XML format and the corresponding XSD schema, click here.

Select type	of Interest R	ate Data											
Daily Treas	ury Bill Rates												
Select Time	Select Time Period												
Current Mo	nth		$\sim$	e									
Date	1 Mo	3 Mo	6 Mo	1 Yr	2 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	7 Yr	10 Yr	20 Yr	30 Yr		
07/02/18	1.90	1.98	2.14	2.34	2.57	2.65	2.75	2.83	2.87	2.92	2.99		
07/03/18	1.91	1.98	2.12	2.33	2.53	2.63	2.72	2.79	2.83	2.89	2.96		
07/05/18	1.87	1.96	2.11	2.32	2.55	2.65	2.74	2.80	2.84	2.88	2.95		
07/06/18	1.86	1.97	2.13	2.34	2.53	2.64	2.71	2.78	2.82	2.87	2.94		
07/09/18	1.87	1.98	2.15	2.34	2.57	2.66	2.75	2.82	2.86	2.90	2.96		
07/10/18	1.88	1.99	2.15	2.36	2.59	2.69	2.77	2.83	2.87	2.91	2.97		
07/11/18	1.89	1.97	2.14	2.36	2.58	2.67	2.74	2.82	2.85	2.89	2.95		
07/12/18	1.89	1.98	2.17	2.39	2.60	2.68	2.75	2.83	2,85	2.89	2.95		
07/13/18	1.87	1.98	2.16	2.37	2.59	2.66	2.73	2.80	2.83	2.87	2.94		

\* 30-year Treasury constant maturity series was discontinued on February 18, 2002 and reintroduced on February 9, 2006. From February 18, 2002 to February 8, 2006, Treasury published alternatives to a 30-year rate. See Long-Term Average Rate for more information.

Treasury discontinued the 20-year constant maturity series at the end of calendar year 1986 and reinstated that series on October 1, 1993. As a result, there are no 20-year rates available for the time period January 1, 1987 through September 30, 1993.

Treasury Yield Curve Rates. These rates are commonly referred to as "Constant Maturity Treasury" rates, or CMTs. Yields are interpolated by the Treasury from the daily yield curve. This curve, which relates the yield on a security to its time to maturity is based on the closing market bid yields on actively traded Treasury securities in the over-the-counter market. These market yields are calculated from composites of quotations obtained by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The yield values are read from the yield curve at fixed maturities, currently 1, 3 and 6 months and 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 20, and 30 years. This method provides a yield for a 10 year maturity, for example, even if no outstanding security has exactly 10 years remaining to maturity.

Treasury Yield Curve Methodology. The Treasury yield curve is estimated daily using a cubic spline model. Inputs to the model are primarily bid-side yields for on-the-run Treasury securities. See our Treasury Yield Curve Methodology page for details.

Negative Yields and Nominal Constant Maturity Treasury Series Rates (CMTs). Current financial market conditions, in conjunction with extraordinary low levels of interest rates, have resulted in negative yields for some Treasury securities trading in the secondary market. Negative yields for Treasury securities most often reflect highly technical factors in Treasury markets related to the cash and repurchase agreement markets, and are at times unrelated to the time value of money.

As such, Treasury will restrict the use of negative input yields for securities used in deriving interest rates for the Treasury nominal Constant Maturity Treasury series (CMTs). Any CMT input points with negative yields will be reset to zero percent prior to use as inputs in the CMT derivation. This decision is consistent with Treasury not accepting negative yields in Treasury nominal security auctions.

In addition, given that CMTs are used in many statutorily and regulatory determined loan and credit programs as well as for setting interest rates on non-marketable government securities, establishing a floor of zero more accurately reflects borrowing costs related to various programs.

For more information regarding these statistics contact the Office of Debt Management by email at debt.management@do.treas.gov.

### AFFIRMATION

I affirm the representations I made in the foregoing testimony are true to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Edward R. Kaufman

Cause No. 45073 Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor

7/20/2018

Date: