FILED
July 11, 2024
INDIANA UTILITY
REGULATORY COMMISSION

STATE OF INDIANA

INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

PETITION OF DUKE ENERGY INDIANA, LLC PURSUANT TO IND. CODE §§ 8-1-2-42.7 AND 8-1-2-61, FOR (1) AUTHORITY TO MODIFY ITS RATES AND CHARGES FOR ELECTRIC UTILITY SERVICE THROUGH A MULTI-STEP RATE IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW RATES AND CHARGES USING A FORECASTED TEST PERIOD; (2) APPROVAL OF NEW SCHEDULES OF RATES AND CHARGES, GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS, AND RIDERS; (3) APPROVAL REVISED **ELECTRIC DEPRECIATION RATES** APPLICABLE TO ITS ELECTRIC PLANT IN SERVICE, AND APPROVAL OF REGULATORY ASSET TREATMENT UPON RETIREMENT OF THE COMPANY'S LAST COAL-FIRED STEAM GENERATION PLANT; (4) APPROVAL OF AN **CAUSE NO. 46038** ADJUSTMENT TO THE COMPANY'S FAC RIDER TO TRACK COAL INVENTORY BALANCES; AND (5) APPROVAL OF NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE ACCOUNTING RELIEF, **INCLUDING AUTHORITY** TO: (A) DEFER TO REGULATORY ASSET EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE **EDWARDSPORT CARBON CAPTURE AND** SEQUESTRATION STUDY, (B) DEFER TO A REGULATORY ASSET COSTS INCURRED TO ACHIEVE ORGANIZATIONAL SAVINGS, AND (C) DEFER TO A REGULATORY ASSET OR LIABILITY, AS APPLICABLE, ALL CALCULATED INCOME TAX DIFFERENCES RESULTING FROM FUTURE CHANGES IN INCOME TAX RATES.

INDIANA OFFICE OF UTILITY CONSUMER COUNSELOR

PUBLIC'S EXHIBIT NO. 2

PUBLIC REDACTED TESTIMONY OF OUCC WITNESS MARK E. GARRETT

July 11, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

Thomas R. Harper Atty. No. 16735-53

Atty. 110. 10755-55

Deputy Consumer Counselor

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I. <u>INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY</u>

- 1 Q: PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
- 2 A: My name is Mark E. Garrett. My business address is 4028 Oakdale Farm Circle, Edmond,
- 3 Oklahoma 73013.

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- 5 Q: WHAT IS YOUR PRESENT OCCUPATION?
- 6 A: I am the President of Garrett Group Consulting, Inc., a firm specializing in public utility
- 7 regulation, litigation and consulting services.

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- Q: WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND
- 10 AND YOUR PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE RELATED TO UTILITY
- 11 **REGULATION?**
- 12 A: I received my bachelor's degree from The University of Oklahoma and completed post
- graduate hours at Stephen F. Austin State University and the University of Texas at
- 14 Arlington and Pan American. I received my juris doctorate degree from Oklahoma City
- University Law School and was admitted to the Oklahoma Bar in 1997. I am a Certified
- Public Accountant licensed in the States of Texas and Oklahoma with a background in
- public accounting, private industry, and utility regulation. In public accounting, as a staff
- auditor for a firm in Dallas, I primarily audited financial institutions in the State of Texas.
- In private industry, as controller for a mid-sized corporation in Dallas, I managed the
- 20 company's accounting function, including general ledger, accounts payable, financial
- 21 reporting, audits, tax returns, budgets, projections, and supervision of accounting

personnel. In utility regulation, I served as an auditor in the Public Utility Division of the
Oklahoma Corporation Commission ("Corporation Commission") from 1991 to 1995. Ir
that position, I managed the audits of major gas and electric utility companies in
Oklahoma.

Since leaving the Corporation Commission, I have worked on numerous rate cases and other regulatory proceedings on behalf of various consumers, consumer groups, public utility commission staffs, and attorney general's offices. My clients primarily include industrial customers, hospitals and hospital groups, universities, municipalities, and large commercial customers. I have also testified on behalf of the commission staff in Utah and the offices of attorneys general in Oklahoma, Washington, Nevada, and Florida. I have also served as a presenter at the NARUC subcommittee on Accounting and Finance on the issue of incentive compensation, and as a regular instructor at the New Mexico State University's Center for Public Utilities course on basic utility regulation.

Q: HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED IN REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS ON

UTILITY RATES?

A: Yes. I have provided testimony before the public utility commissions in the states of Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Indiana, Massachusetts, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, and Washington. My qualifications were accepted in each of those states. A description of my qualifications and a list of the proceedings in which I have been involved are attached as Attachment MEG-1.

1	Q:	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU APPEARING IN THESE PROCEEDINGS?
2	A:	I am appearing on behalf of the Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor ("OUCC").
3		
4	Q:	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?
5	A:	The purpose of my testimony is to address various revenue requirement issues identified
6		in the rate case application filed by Duke Energy Indiana, LLC ("Duke" or "Company").
7		In my testimony, I provide recommendations and adjustments to the Company's requested
8		revenue requirement. My adjustments include several recommendations for the sharing
9		of certain costs between ratepayers and shareholders, rather than recovering them solely
10		from ratepayers. I sponsor the OUCC's revenue requirement accounting schedules, and
11		my testimony also presents a summary of the adjustments proposed by other OUCC
12		witnesses.

Q: PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY'S REQUESTED

REVENUE REQUIREMENT IN THIS APPLICATION.

16 A: In this filing, Duke is requesting a \$491.5 million increase in rates, which is an overall system increase of 16.2%. The Company is proposing a two-step implementation of the increase to avoid having ratepayers paying for assets that are not yet used and useful.

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20 Q: PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED TIMING OF ITS RATE

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¹ See Petition at p. 7.

² *Id*.

1		INCREASES.
2	A:	The Company proposes to phase in the rate increases in two steps as follows:
3 4 5 6		Step 1: Step 1 would increase revenue by approximately \$355.4 million for plant in-service by June 30, 2024. Step 1 would represent an approximate 12% increase and take effect soon after an order is issued in this case.
7 8 9 10 11		Step 2: Step 2 would increase rates by another \$136.1 million for plant in-service by the end of the forward looking test year, December 31, 2025. Step 2 represents an additional 4% incremental increase and would take effect as soon as possible after December 31, 2025.
12		Taken together, these two steps will increase rates by 16.2%.
13		
14	Q:	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE ACCOUNTING SCHEDULES THAT ACCOMPANY
15		YOUR TESTIMONY.
16	A:	The accounting schedules that accompany my testimony present my findings and
17		recommendations and also include the recommendations and proposed adjustments
18		sponsored by other OUCC witnesses. The accounting schedules are presented in two
19		parts, which correspond to the Company's proposed Step 1 and Step 2 revenue
20		requirement calculations. The accounting schedules in Exhibits MEG-2 through MEG-
21		2.13 reflect OUCC adjustments to the combined Step 1 and Step 2 increases. The
22		accounting schedules in MEG-2.14(S1) through MEG-2.20(S1) show the OUCC
23		adjustments to the interim rate increase for the Step 1 accounting period ended June 30,
24		2024.
25		

TO THE EXTENT YOU DO NOT ADDRESS A SPECIFIC ITEM OR

Public's Exhibit No. 2 – Redacted Public Version Direct Testimony of Mark E. Garrett

Q:

1 ADJUSTMENT, SHOULD THAT BE CONSTRUED TO MEAN YOU AGREE 2 WITH THE COMPANY'S PROPOSAL FOR THAT ITEM? 3 No. Exclusion from my testimony of any specific adjustments or amounts proposed by the A: Company does not indicate my approval of those adjustments or amounts, but rather, that 4 5 the scope of my testimony is limited to the specific items addressed herein. II. REVENUE REQUIREMENT ADJUSTMENTS II. A. INCENTIVE COMPENSATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENT 6 Q: WHAT DID THE COMPANY INCLUDE IN THE REVENUE REQUIREMENT 7 FOR INCENTIVE COMPENSATION? 8 Duke included a total of \$29.559 million for incentive compensation in the 2025 revenue A: 9 requirement but did not identify the breakdown of this amount between long-term stockbased incentives or short-term cash incentives.³ 10 11 12 Q: WHAT TYPES OF INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLANS DOES DUKE

PROVIDE FOR ITS EMPLOYEES?

³ See Duke's response to OUCC Data Request ("DR") 19.5, Attachment 19.10-A.xlsx, which reflects total incentive compensation of \$29.559 million. This is slightly different than Duke's response to OUCC 3.06 which shows the components of incentive compensation as: Non-Union \$14,266,862 + Union \$2,221,719 + Executive \$13,442,940 = \$29,931,520.

1 A: The Company provides both short-term incentives ("STI") and long-term incentives
2 ("LTI") that vary based upon the employees' positions within the Company.⁴ All
3 employees are eligible for STI.⁵ LTI is limited to employees in leadership positions.⁶

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Q: PLEASE DESCRIBE THE STI PLAN.

The STI plan covers all employees, with union employees being covered by a Union
Employee Incentive Plan ("UEIP"). Each year corporate level goals are set for the nonunion employees and are reflected in a corporate scorecard. Separate scorecards are
developed for leadership employees and non-leadership employees. The UEIP awards are
based on corporate and business unit goals, including financial results, safety, and
customer satisfaction. The non-union plans are summarized in Table 1 in the Direct
Testimony of Shannon A. Caldwell and reproduced below.

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⁴ See Petitioner's Exhibit No.16, Direct Testimony of Shannon A. Caldwell, p. 8, lines 6-16.

⁵ *Id.*, p. 9, lines 7-8.

⁶ *Id.*, p. 9, lines 14-15.

⁷ *Id.*, p. 14, lines 9-12.

⁸ *Id.*, p. 14, line 19 – p. 16, line 6.

⁹ *Id.*, p. 17, lines 15-18.

TABLE 1: SUMMARY 2023 STI PLAN

Goals	Senior Management Committee (SMC) Weight	Leadership (Other than SMC) Weight	Non- Leadership Weight	Payout range
EPS	50%	50%	50%	0-200%
O&M Expense	12.5%	10%	5%	0-175%
Operational				
Excellence	12.5%	10%	10%	0-175%
CSAT	12.5%	10%	10%	0-175%
Climate	12.5%	N/A	N/A	0-175%
Team	N/A	N/A	25%	0-175%
Individual	N/A	20%	N/A	0-175%

As shown in the table above, the Company's plan goals are defined and weighted for three employment categories: Senior Management Committee ("SMC"), Leadership other than SMC, and Non-Leadership. For every employment category within the STI plan, the earnings per share ("EPS") metric constitutes 50% of the total incentive compensation goal. Another financially based metric, O&M expense, is weighted between 12.5% to 5% of the total depending on the employment category. O&M Expense is weighted 12.5% for Senior Management Committee ("SMC") positions, 10% for leadership positions other than SMC, and 5% for non-leadership positions.

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Q: PLEASE DESCRIBE THE LTI PLANS OFFERED TO LEADERSHIP

- 11 **EMPLOYEES.**
- 12 A: The LTI plans provide stock awards to executive and leadership-level employees. ¹⁰ The
- Executive LTI Plan includes performance shares and Restricted Stock Units ("RSU"). 11

¹⁰ *Id.*, p. 21, lines 6-7.

¹¹ *Id.*, p. 22, lines 5-9.

Duke's RSUs are 100% based on Duke's performance. 12 The performance metrics of Duke's Executive Incentive Plan are summarized on Table 2, excerpted from page 25 of the Direct Testimony of Shannon A. Caldwell, and reproduced below:

TABLE 2: SUMMARY EXECUTIVE INCENTIVE PLAN

Incentive Plan	Incentive Plan Components	Weighting
Executive	Restricted stock units	30%
LTI	Performance shares (70%)	2074
	Total Shareholder Return (TSR) relative to that of the companies in the Philadelphia Utility Index	17.5%
	Cumulative adjusted Earnings Per Share (EPS)	35%
	Absolute Total Incident Case Rate (TICR)	17.5%
Duke Energy	Performance Based Restricted stock units (30%)	
Indiana	 Regulatory Business Plan 	15%
Executive	Funds from Operations	3%
LTI	• O&M	3%
	Capital Expenditures	4.5%
	• TICR	4.5%
	Performance shares (70%)	
	Annual Budget Targets	17.5%
	Regulatory Filings	31.5%
	Net Promoter Score	7%
	Composite Net Promoter Score	14%

As shown in this table, Duke's executive LTI plan is primarily based upon financial performance metrics, with only a very small proportion of the executive LTI compensation tied to the Total Incident Case Rate ("TICR") safety metric.

The Company's second LTI plan (for employees in Leadership positions other than SMC) is limited to the performance based RSU awards. The metrics of this second RSU based LTI plan are summarized in Table 3 on page 27 of Ms. Caldwell's Direct Testimony as follows.

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¹² *Id.*, p. 22, lines 21-22.

TABLE 3: SUMMARY RSU PLAN

Incentive Plan	Incentive Plan Components	Weighting
Other Duke Energy non- executive LTI	Restricted stock units	100%
Duke Energy	Performance Based Restricted stock units (100%)	
Indiana non-	Regulatory Business Plan	50%
executive LTI	 Funds from Operations 	10%
	• O&M	10%
	Capital Expenditures	15%
	• TICR	15%

1 As shown in Table 3, the LTI plan for Leadership RSU awards is based primarily on 2 financial performance measures. Only a small proportion of the plan (15%) is based on 3 the TICR safety metric.

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Q: WHAT ARE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING DUKE'S INCENTIVE

6 **COMPENSATION PLANS?**

A: First, I recommend that Duke's proposed total incentive plan cost of \$29.559 million be
prorated between its STI and LTI plans based on the actual plan costs for the year ended
August 31, 2023. Second, I recommend that the prorated STI and LTI costs be limited
to the plan metrics that directly benefit ratepayers. These two recommendations are
explained further in the testimony below.

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Q: PLEASE EXPLAIN THE RECOMMENDATION TO PRORATE THE

14 REQUESTED INCENTIVE LEVELS AMONG THE SHORT-TERM AND LONG-

15 TERM INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLANS.

¹³ See Duke's response to OUCC Data Request ("DR") 19.10, Attachment 19.10-A.xlsx.

A:	The costs must be apportioned among the various plans because the payment metrics for
	each plan are different. From a ratemaking perspective, incentive compensation plan
	metrics that provide benefits to ratepayers are generally includible in rates, such as metrics
	to promote safety and reliability, while other metrics are not includible in rates, such as
	metrics to promote shareholder wealth. Therefore, the total requested cost for incentive
	compensation must be apportioned between the various plans to properly evaluate the
	incentive award amounts associated with each plan's specific metrics.

Ms. Caldwell explains in her Direct Testimony that the Company's 2025 plans should be similar to the current plan design. ¹⁴ This means a proration of the 2025 plan costs in accordance with the allocation of 2023 plan costs should be acceptable. This proration method results in assigning the total plan cost as follows: 66% to STI, 15% to performance shares, and 19% to RSUs. This proration approach is also very similar to the average percentages for these plans for the five-year period 2019 – 2023, as shown on Exhibit MEG-2.5.

A:

Q: PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR SECOND RECOMMENDATION TO LIMIT RECOVERY OF INCENTIVE PLAN COSTS TO ONLY THOSE PLAN METRICS THAT BENEFIT RATEPAYERS.

Based on a review of the plans, as set forth in the tables above, I recommend that 50% of the STI plan costs be recovered from ratepayers and that shareholders should be responsible for the 50% tied directly to the earnings per share metric. I also recommend

¹⁴ See Direct Testimony of Shannon A. Caldwell, p. 21, lines 3-4 and p. 27, lines 6-7.

1		that 17.5% of the performance shares and 15.0% of the RSUs be included in rates because
2		these are the portions of the LTI plans related to TICR safety metrics. I recommend the
3		remaining 82.5% of the performance shares and 85% of the RSUs, respectively, be paid
4		by shareholders. Finally, I recommend that all of the Company's union incentive plan
5		costs be recovered in rates.
6		
7	Q:	WHAT IS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF THE ADJUSTMENT YOU RECOMMEND
8		FOR INCENTIVE COMPENSATION EXPENSE?
9	A:	I recommend the incentive compensation expense be reduced by \$16.9 million. This
10		adjustment is described further below and is set forth on Exhibit MEG-2.5.
11		
12	Q:	PLEASE DISCUSS THE COMMISSION'S STANDARD FOR THE RECOVERY
13		OF INCENTIVE COMPENSATION COSTS IN RATES.
14	A:	The Commission uses a three-part test for evaluating the amount of incentive
15		compensation cost to be included in rates. 15 The Commission recognized this established
16		standard in Cause No. 42359, stating:
17 18 19 20 21 22		The criteria for the recovery of incentive compensation plan costs is well established. We will allow recovery in rates when: (1) the incentive compensation plan is not a pure profit-sharing plan, but rather incorporates operational as well as financial performance goals; (2) the incentive compensation plan does not result in excessive pay levels beyond what is reasonably necessary to attract

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¹⁵ In re Indiana Michigan Power Co., Cause No. 45235, Final Order p. 62. (Ind. Util. Regul. Comm'n Mar. 11, 2020).

1 2		a talented workforce; and (3) shareholders are allocated part of the cost of the incentive compensation programs. ¹⁶
3	Q:	HAS THE COMMISSION PREVIOUSLY APPLIED ITS THREE-PART TEST IN
4		EVALUATING INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLANS?
5	A:	Yes. The Commission addressed the recovery of incentive compensation costs in NIPSCO
6		Cause No. 43526. In that case, the Industrial Group witness proposed all of NIPSCO's
7		incentive plan costs be disallowed based on the existence of a financial trigger; however,
8		the Commission determined a 50%-50% sharing of the target level of incentive
9		compensation expense was the appropriate treatment, stating:
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18		Under our criteria, once an incentive compensation plan is found to provide benefits to shareholders and ratepayers and not be excessive, an appropriate level of costs should be recovered from ratepayers who are benefited by these programs. Mr. Campbell explained that NiSource's shareholders are already allocated a portion of the incentive plan costs <i>because NIPSCO's adjustment</i> only includes incentive compensation at the trigger level which is 50% below the target amount, leaving shareholders to cover the target and stretch levels. Thus, NIPSCO's adjustment reduces electric test year incentive compensation expense by \$916,264. 17
20		The treatment the Commission adopted included only 50% of the target level in rates. The
21		Commission left the remaining 100% "target" and 150% "stretch" levels to be paid by
22		shareholders, if achieved.
23		

¹⁶ In re PSI Energy, Inc., Cause No. 42359, Final Order p. 89 (Ind. Util. Regul. Comm'n May 18, 2004), ("42359 Order"); see also, In re S. Ind. Gas and Elec. Co., d/b/a Vectren Energy Delivery of Ind. Inc., Cause No. 43839, Final Order p.50 (Ind. Util. Regul. Comm'n Apr. 27, 2011).

¹⁷ In re N. Ind. Pub. Serv. Co. ("NIPSCO"), Cause No. 43526, Final Order p. 63 (Ind. Util. Regul. Comm'n Aug. 25, 2010) ("43526 Order") (emphasis added).

Q: DID THE COMPANY FOLLOW THE TREATMENT DESCRIBED IN THE

COMMISSION'S CAUSE NO. 43526 ORDER?

3 No. In more recent cases, the Commission has approved 100% recovery of incentive A: compensation costs. In the last litigated I&M rate case, ¹⁸ and the last litigated Duke rate 4 case, ¹⁹ the Commission allowed recovery of the utilities' incentive costs. This level of 5 6 inclusion of incentive costs in rates is unusual when compared with the treatment of these 7 costs in other jurisdictions and is not consistent with the prior treatment of these costs in 8 Indiana. For these reasons, I would ask that the Commission reconsider its recent 9 treatment and find a middle ground that assigns a portion of the incentive compensation 10 costs to shareholders, particularly costs associated with the EPS metric that are directly 11 related to increasing shareholder wealth. To accomplish a reasonable sharing of the 12 incentive plan costs, I recommend the Commission adopt the treatment followed in Cause 13 No. 43526 to allow recovery of 50% of the short-term incentive costs and that portion of 14 long-term incentive costs related to safety measures.

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Q: DOES THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED RECOVERY OF 100% OF THE PROJECTED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION SATISFY THE THREE COMPONENTS OF THE COMMISSION'S STANDARD?

A: No. In my view, the Company's request for full recovery of projected incentives does not constitute a legitimate *sharing* of costs between shareholders and ratepayers as required

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¹⁸ Indiana Michigan Power, Cause No. 45235, Final Order, p. 63 (Ind. Util. Reg. Comm'n Mar. 11, 2020).

¹⁹ Duke Energy Indiana, Cause No. 45253, Final Order p. 104 (Ind. Util. Reg. Comm'n Jun. 29, 2020).

1		by the third prong of the Commission's standard recognized in Cause No. 42359:
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		The criteria for the recovery of incentive compensation plan costs is well established. We will allow recovery in rates when: (1) the incentive compensation plan is not a pure profit-sharing plan, but rather incorporates operational as well as financial performance goals; (2) the incentive compensation plan does not result in excessive pay levels beyond what is reasonably necessary to attract a talented workforce; and (3) shareholders are allocated part of the cost of the incentive compensation programs. ²⁰
10		Moreover, the first prong of the standard clearly disfavors financial-based incentives
11		therefore, I recommend a sharing be drawn along the same lines as required by the
12		Commission in NIPSCO Cause No. 43526. ²¹
13		
14	Q:	DO INCENTIVE PLANS WITH SIGNIFICANT FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE
15		METRICS PRIORITIZE THE INTERESTS OF SHAREHOLDERS OVER THE
16		INTERESTS OF CUSTOMERS?
17	A:	Yes. Plans heavily weighted on EPS targets (such as the Duke plans) provide incentive
18		to maximize shareholders' earnings. Under the Company's plans, employees may
19		underperform in operational metrics such as safety or customer satisfaction but still receive
20		significant rewards based on the EPS metric. Conversely, if the EPS metrics are

insufficient, the employee awards may be reduced or eliminated entirely, regardless of

how well employees may perform in operational metrics. In this manner, the EPS and

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²⁰ In re PSI Energy, Inc., Cause No. 42359, Final Order p. 89 (Ind. Util. Regul. Comm'n May 18, 2004), (emphasis added)("42359 Order"); see also, In re S. Ind. Gas and Elec. Co., d/b/a Vectren Energy Delivery of Ind. Inc., Cause No. 43839, Final Order p. 50 (Ind. Util. Regul. Comm'n Apr. 27, 2011).

²¹ *In re N. Ind. Pub. Serv. Co.* ("NIPSCO"), Cause No. 43526, Final Order p. 63 (Ind. Util. Regul. Comm'n Aug. 25, 2010) ("43526 Order").

1		financial performance metrics may control the ultimate payout of the incentive
2		compensation plan.
3		
4	Q:	DO FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE METRICS CONTROL THE PAYOUT OF
5		THE COMPANY'S INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLAN?
6	A:	Yes. In response to IG 10.9-A, the Company provided its incentive compensation payouts
7		compared to its annual budgeted levels for the five year period from 2019 - 2023. In 2023,

Table 4: Company's Actual v. Budgeted 2023 Incentive Compensation Payout ²²			
Year	Actual	Budgeted	Difference
2023	\$20,412,107	\$30,004,728	\$(9,592,621)

the Company paid substantially less than the amount budgeted for incentive pay.

In the footnotes to that data response, the Company explained how its actual payout levels are determined, as follows:

Note 1: EPS achievement was between the minimum EPS goal level and the "circuit breaker" level. The EPS circuit breaker is an achievement level between the minimum and target EPS performance level and *is designed to align incentive payouts with Duke Energy's financial performance* during challenging years when financial results need to be taken into consideration for funding incentive payouts. It is applied differently depending on EPS results and the performance level of the other non-EPS goals. In general:

- -- If the minimum EPS goal level is not met, <u>no STI payout for any</u> metric will occur.
- -- If EPS achievement is below the circuit breaker, <u>payouts for all</u> <u>measures will be reduced and capped at the EPS achievement</u>.

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²² See Company's response to IG 10.9-A.

If EPS achievement is above the circuit breaker, no adjustments
will be made to the scorecard payout. ²³

In essence, the Company's explanation in Note 1 indicates that the EPS achievement markers are designed to align incentive payments with financial performance. Moreover, if the required levels of earnings are not met, money earmarked for incentive pay can be redirected to help make up the shortfall.

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FROM A RATEMAKING PERSPECTIVE, WHY IS THIS A CONCERN? Q:

A discretionary plan that caps all payout metrics based on EPS performance, or prevents any payout below certain EPS metrics, results is the possibility that amounts collected from ratepayers to make incentive payments to employees instead may be retained by the Company and be diverted to shareholders at the discretion of Company management if earnings are low in a given year. In this instance, \$9.6 million of budgeted incentive pay was diverted to shareholders to make up for weak earnings in 2023. This demonstrates one of the main reasons the costs of discretionary incentive plans tied to financialperformance measures are generally shared between ratepayers and shareholders to some degree in most jurisdictions.

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ARE THERE OTHER EXAMPLES OF INSTANCES IN WHICH MANAGEMENT **Q**:

DIVERTED INCENTIVE PAYMENTS TO SUPPORT EARNINGS?

Yes. In 2020, the Company diverted \$11.1 million from incentives to cover other costs in A:

²³ See Company's response to IG 10.9-A (Emphasis added).

Table 5: Company's Actual v. Budgeted 2020 Incentive Compensation Payout ²⁴			
Year	Actual	Budgeted	Difference
2020	\$17,864,155	\$28,985,079	\$(11,120,924)

In the footnotes to that data response, the Company explained the reason for the variance between its budgeted incentive compensation and its actual payout level as follows:

Note 2: For 2020, Duke Energy responded to the significant challenges faced in 2020 by implementing aggressive cost mitigation efforts while continuing our strong focus on delivering safe and reliable service to our customers. We avoided layoffs, base pay cuts and furloughs that occurred at many other companies. Consistent with prior years, the 2020 **STI Plan allows** the Compensation and People Development Committee, in conjunction with the Incentive Plan Committee and the Senior Management Committee, to use **discretion when determining the incentive payout.** Most employees received 75% of their target payout, and some non-union employees, union craft teammates, and craft frontline supervisors received 85% of their target payout. Executive leadership received the lowest payouts at 51% to 65% of their target payout.²⁵

In other words, the Company acknowledges that in 2020 management used its discretion to divert incentive payments away from employees to cover other financial shortfalls in an effort to protect earnings.

Q: WHAT WERE THE LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PAYOUTS TO UPPER
MANAGEMENT AND EXECUTIVE EMPLOYEES DURING 2020 AND 2023?

 $^{^{\}rm 24}\,{\rm See}$ Company's response to IG 10.9-A.

²⁵ See Response to IG 10.9-A (Emphasis added).

1	A:	The long-term incentive compensation levels were paid in full in both 2020 and 2023.20
2		
3	Q:	HOW DO DISCRETIONARY INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLANS TIED TO
4		FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE SPECIFICALLY BENEFIT SHAREHOLDERS?
5	A:	Discretionary plans that are conditioned on meeting predetermined financial goals create
6		uncertainty regarding the actual level of incentive payments from year to year. If rates are
7		established based on 100% of incentive plan levels, but annual plan goals are not met, the
8		incentive payments may be reduced at management's discretion, and the amounts
9		collected in rates would then be transferred to help with shareholder profits rather than
10		employee compensation. As such, incentive payments embedded in rates can be used to
11		shelter the utility's shareholders against the risk of earnings erosion.
12		When regulators allow full recovery of incentive plans in rates, those funds are
13		available not only to make incentive payments when financial performance goals are met,
14		but also to supplement earnings in years that a utility's financial performance falls short.
15		As such, embedded incentive compensation payments can be used as a financial hedge to
16		shelter the financial performance of the company.
17		
18	Q:	WHEN REGULATORS EXCLUDE A PORTION OF A UTILITY'S INCENTIVE
19		PLAN TIED TO FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES, DOES THE
20		UTILITY STOP OFFERING INCENTIVE COMPENSATION TO HELP
21		ACHIEVE ITS FINANCIAL GOALS?

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²⁶ See Response to IG 10.9-A.

No. Even though regulators generally disallow incentive compensation tied to financial performance for ratemaking purposes, utilities continue to include financial performance as a key component of their plans. In my opinion, utilities continue to tie incentive payments to financial performance because by doing so they achieve the primary objective of the incentive plans: to increase corporate earnings and, thereby, EPS. However, since the utility retains the increased earnings these plans help achieve, payments for these plans should be made from a portion of these increased earnings, and these plans should not be subsidized by ratepayers.

A:

A:

Q: WHY DO YOU SAY THAT REGULATORS GENERALLY DISALLOW INCENTIVE COMPENSATION TIED TO FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE?

This statement is based on more than 30 years of experience in numerous jurisdictions testifying in regulatory proceedings involving incentive compensation plans. In conjunction with my work in this area, I conducted Incentive Compensation Surveys of the 24 Western States in 2007, 2009, 2011, 2015, and 2018.²⁷ I also survey several states in the Eastern United States. The results of these surveys show that a clear majority of the states surveyed exclude financial incentives. While some states disallow incentive pay using other criteria, none of the jurisdictions surveyed allow full recovery of incentive compensation through rates as a general rule, as shown in Table 4 below:

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²⁷ The Garrett Group incentive compensation surveys were telephonic surveys of commission staff responsible for, or with knowledge of, the treatment of incentive compensation in those states. Commission staff responses to survey questions about incentive compensation treatment in each jurisdiction were transcribed, summarized, and returned to the commission staff member for approval.

Table 6: Garı	rett Group LLC 1 (28 States Sur		vey Results
Incentive Costs Disallowed in Rates	Financial Performance Excluded	Other Sharing Approach	Incentive Plans Not at Issue
Hawaii			
	Arizona		
	Arkansas		
	California		
	Idaho		
	Illinois ²⁹		
	Kansas		
	Kentucky ³⁰		
	Louisiana		
	Michigan ³¹		
	Minnesota		
	Missouri		
	Nebraska		
	Nevada		
	New Mexico		
	North Dakota		
	Oklahoma		
	Oregon		
	South Dakota		
	Texas ³²		
	Utah		
	Washington ³³		
	Wisconsin ³⁴		
	Wyoming		
		Alaska ³⁵	
		Colorado ³⁶	
			Iowa
			Montana

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²⁸ This table reflects the responses to the Garrett Group LLC Incentive Compensation Survey, which was last updated in 2018. Although the public utility commissions in some of these jurisdictions may have adopted different approaches in subsequent dockets, the principle that some portion of financial incentives should be disallowed remains the majority rule.

²⁹ See Commonwealth Edison, Docket No. 05-0597, pp. 95-97 (affirmed on appeal); North Shore Gas/Peoples Gas, Docket Nos. 09-0166 and 09-0167, (affirmed on appeal); and Illinois-American Water Co., Order No. 16-0093, p. 37.

1	As shown in the table above, most states disallow incentive compensation costs tied to
2	financial measures.

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4 Q: DO YOU AGREE WITH THE CLAIM THAT INCENTIVE COMPENSATION

PROGRAMS ARE NECESSARY TO ATTRACT AND RETAIN QUALIFIED

6 PERSONNEL TO PROVIDE SAFE AND RELIABLE SERVICE?

A: Not entirely. Utilities often claim their incentive compensation plans are necessary for attracting talent to provide safe and reliable service. However, much of the electricity in this country is provided by municipal electric providers that do not pay short-term incentives, yet they are able to attract talent sufficient to deliver safe and reliable service. Electric cooperatives also provide a substantial amount of the electricity used in this country but many do so without the use of short-term incentives. Likewise, many state-

³⁰ See also KPC 14-00396 20150622_PSC_ORDER, pp. 24-26.

³¹ In the U-20162 Order, the Commission cites Staff's Initial Brief (pp. 67-68) in which Staff lists 11 prior cases in which the Commission disallowed financially-based incentive compensation which does not benefit ratepayers.

³² During the years of the Garrett Group LLC survey, all financial-based incentives were excluded in Texas. In 2023, the legislature passed a statute that allows all market-based incentives, except for the financial-based incentives of executive employees.

³³ Washington has generally excluded a portion of financial-based incentives.

³⁴ See Northern States Power Co., Docket 4220-UR-123, issued December 21, 2017, p. 16.

³⁵ Incentive compensation has not been an issue in the past, partly because most utilities in Alaska are municipalities and co-ops. In one recent case, however, the Commission approved incentives in rates, which may turn out to be an anomaly.

³⁶ Colorado followed the financial performance rule in the past. In one recent case, however, the Colorado Commission approved another approach, which may also be an anomaly.

 $^{^{37}}$ See e.g., Oklahoma Corp. Comm'n, Docket No. PUD 2018-00140, OG&E response to OIEC 9-8.

³⁸ *Id*.

run electric systems also provide electric service without the use of short-term incentives,³⁹ as do some federally-owned utilities.⁴⁰ So, it is inaccurate to say that incentives are *necessary* for the provision of electric service. Incentives, especially those tied to financial performance, are very useful, however, in helping increase stock prices of investor-owned utilities.

The other problem with this argument is that virtually all utilities have the same need to attract qualified employees, but most of these other utilities are <u>not</u> recovering the full amount of their incentive pay in rates. Most cooperative and municipal utilities do not offer financial-based incentives, and most investor-owned utilities have their financial-based incentives excluded for ratemaking purposes.

A:

Q: ARE YOU RECOMMENDING DUKE ELIMINATE ITS SHORT-TERM

INCENTIVES?

No. The question for ratemaking purposes is not whether the utility should offer short-term incentives to its employees; the question is, who should pay for these. My point is that the metrics of many incentive compensation plans are focused more heavily on increasing shareholder wealth than on enhancing the safety and reliability of their electric service. The consensus view is that financial-based incentives benefit shareholders more than they do ratepayers and, as a result, should be paid for by the shareholders.

³⁹ *Id*.

⁴⁰ *Id*.

O: WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU RECOMMEND?

For short-term incentive compensation, I recommend the Commission adopt the treatment used in NIPSCO's Cause No. 43526, a 50% - 50% sharing approach, which allocates the annual incentive plan costs evenly between shareholders and ratepayers. A 50% -50% sharing approach is a reasonable approach that recognizes the Company's plan is based on both financial and operational performance measures and that it benefits both shareholders and ratepayers.

For long-term stock-based incentive compensation to executives and select employees in leadership positions, I recommend the portion of their stock-based payments related to safety measures be included in rates. In many jurisdictions, stock-based LTI is excluded from rates entirely. My approach, however, allows a portion of LTI to be included in rates in recognition of the Commission's third prong that requires a sharing of incentive costs. My adjustments reduce the Company's requested \$29.6 million total incentive compensation to \$12.7 million, an adjustment of \$16.9 million as set forth in Exhibit MEG-2.5.

II. B. OTHER POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS EXPENSE

- 16 Q: PLEASE EXPLAIN THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED TREATMENT OF OTHER
- 17 **POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS ("OPRB").**
- 18 A: Duke has a post-retirement benefit plan covering legacy employees. 41 The Company 19 established a Grantor Trust for these benefits as a result of a Commission order requiring

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A:

⁴¹ See Direct Testimony of Shannon A. Caldwell, p. 33, lines 16-19.

the trust be established as a condition to use accrual accounting for the OPRB expenses being recovered in base rates. 42 The Grantor Trust is expected to exceed future benefit payments so Duke is proposing to refund \$75 million of the trust balance to ratepayers over a two year period. The Company is also proposing to eliminate the negative expense of the OPRB of \$5.85 million.

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Q: DO YOU AGREE WITH THE COMPANY'S PROPOSAL TO BOTH REFUND

PART OF THE EXCESS TRUST BALANCE AND TO RESET THE OPRB

EXPENSE TO ZERO?

I agree with the Company's proposal to refund the excess trust balance through a rider over a two-year period; however I disagree with eliminating the OPRB expense credit because the refund will not necessarily eliminate the trust earnings in excess of the plan's cost. The Company only proposed to refund approximately half of the excess trust balance. 43 This is not likely to eliminate the net negative cost of the trust.

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Q: WHAT IS YOUR PROPOSAL FOR THE OPRB EXPENSES, THE PARTIAL

TRUST REFUND, AND THE PROPOSED REFUND RIDER?

18 A: I recommend the \$5.85 million negative expense be restored, the partial refund be
19 distributed to ratepayers over a two-year period, and the costs and refunds be reviewed

⁴² *Id.*, p. 34, l. 22 – p. 35, l. 11.

⁴³ *Id.*, p. 48, line 18 – p. 49, line 3.

1		and trued up at the end of the two-year period. This will protect the Company and its
2		ratepayers from the eventual over or under recovery of these costs and benefits.
3		
4	Q:	WHAT IS YOUR PROPOSED ADJUSTMENT TO RESTORE THE NON-
5		SERVICE COST EXPENSE CREDIT IN THE REVENUE REQUIREMENT?
6	A:	The adjustment to restore the OPRB expense reduces pension and benefits expense by
7		\$5.85 million. This adjustment is set forth on Exhibit MEG-2.10.
	II. C.	INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION DUES
8	Q:	IS DUKE SEEKING TO RECOVER INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION DUES FROM
9		RATEPAYERS IN THIS PROCEEDING?
9 10	A.	RATEPAYERS IN THIS PROCEEDING? Yes. Duke requests recovery of \$430,000 in industry association membership dues
	A.	
10	A.	Yes. Duke requests recovery of \$430,000 in industry association membership dues
10 11	A. Q.	Yes. Duke requests recovery of \$430,000 in industry association membership dues
10 11 12		Yes. Duke requests recovery of \$430,000 in industry association membership dues incurred by or allocated to the Company during the test year. ⁴⁴
10 11 12 13		Yes. Duke requests recovery of \$430,000 in industry association membership dues incurred by or allocated to the Company during the test year. 44 PLEASE DESCRIBE THE ISSUE REGARDING UTILITY COMPANIES
10 11 12 13 14	Q.	Yes. Duke requests recovery of \$430,000 in industry association membership dues incurred by or allocated to the Company during the test year. 44 PLEASE DESCRIBE THE ISSUE REGARDING UTILITY COMPANIES SEEKING TO RECOVER INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION DUES IN RATES.

captive utility customers.⁴⁵ An article published August 23, 2023, by the Energy and

Public's Exhibit No. 2 – Redacted Public Version Direct Testimony of Mark E. Garrett Duke Energy Indiana 2024 Rate Case Cause No. 46038

⁴⁴ Petitioner's Exhibit 26, Attachment 26-C, Schedule OM1, line 177.

⁴⁵ See e.g., Joseph, Brian, "State Lawmakers Look to Keep Utilities Out of Politics, LexisNexis State Net Insights, Mar. 18, 2024.

Policy Institute, discussed regulatory and legislative efforts to increase transparency and fairness to utility customers regarding utility industry association dues.⁴⁶ The article stated:

Regulated utilities have every right to engage in outreach to influence public opinion on political issues. Presumptively, however, they do not have the right to pass through the costs of this outreach to their customers' bills," said Commissioner Allison Clements at the time. "At a minimum it is a good housekeeping exercise to ensure that customers are not inappropriately left footing the bill for their utility providers' political aims simply because they were taken on by a trade association instead of the regulated entities themselves.⁴⁷

There is a growing sense that regulators should limit recovery of industry association

[N]othing keeps the monopoly from spending money on First Amendment protected speech, including lobbying legislators and related public-relations activities, but its investors should pay those costs, not captive customers. That is the issue implicated by this NOI, which seeks to better understand whether costs permitted to be "above the line" (chargeable to customers) and those required to be "below the line" (chargeable to investors) for privately-owned companies are being treated as such on a transparent and consistent

dues so these expenses are paid by investors rather than captive customers.

The concern is industry associations, such as the Edison Electric Institute ("EEI"), use significant portions of member utilities' dues to engage in political activities, lobbying efforts, and other promotion of the electric industry that are not necessarily in customers' interests.

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⁴⁶ Kasper, Mark "Legislation Introduced by Rep. Kathy Castor Instructs FERC to Ban Utilities from Using Ratepayer Dollars for Political Activities," Energy and Policy Institute (Aug. 2, 2023).

⁴⁷ *Id*.

⁴⁸ *Id*.

1	Q.	IS IT CLEAR HOW MUCH OF THE ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP DUES ARE
2		SPENT TO INFLUENCE LEGISLATION AND PROMOTE THE INTERESTS OF
3		THE ELECTRIC INDUSTRY AS OPPOSED TO PUBLIC SERVICE EFFORTS?
4	A.	No. Industry associations, such as EEI, provide members an array of services with
5		significant overlap between those services which advocate for their members' private
6		interests and other services which serve the public interest. Because EEI dues are used in
7		part to conduct advocacy efforts that advance their members' private interests, I
8		recommend the Commission disallow recovery of 50% of the membership dues through
9		rates.
10		
11	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE EDISON ELECTRIC INSTITUTE.
12	A.	Organized in 1933, the EEI is the industry association that represents all U.S. investor-
13		owned electric companies. Its members provide electricity for nearly 250 million
14		Americans and operate in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. In addition to U.S.
15		members, EEI has more than 70 international electric companies as International Members
16		and hundreds of industry suppliers and related organizations as Associate Members.
17		
18	Q.	DOES EEI SELF-REPORT THE PERCENTAGE OF A MEMBER'S DUES THAT

THESE ORGANIZATIONS ATTRIBUTE TO LOBBYING EXPENSES?

1 A. Yes. EEI is required to self-report the portion attributable to lobbying expense by the
2 Internal Revenue Service (IRS), because for tax purposes, the amount an organization
3 under 501(c)(6) spends on lobbying is not deductible.⁴⁹

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- 5 Q. DOES THE NOMINAL AMOUNT SELF REPORTED AS "LOBBYING"
- 6 DISCLOSE THE ENTIRE RANGE OF ACTIVITIES THAT PROMOTE THE
- 7 PRIVATE INTERESTS OF THE UTILITY INDUSTRY AND ITS OWNERS?
 - A. No. The percentage of industry associations' dues allocated to lobbying, as shown on their invoices, is predicated on a very narrow definition for "lobbying," as defined by IRS regulations. This allocation method may be appropriate for tax reporting purposes, but the IRS lobbying definition is not sufficient to determine how much of EEI's efforts are more appropriately described as advocating for its members' private interests to federal, state, and local officials and policymakers.

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- Q. HAS THE U.S. FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION ("FERC")
- 16 TAKEN ACTION REGARDING THE REGULATORY TREATMENT FOR
- 17 INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION DUES?
- 18 A. Yes. Although the FERC has not clearly drawn a distinction between recoverable public 19 outreach/educational expenses and unrecoverable lobbying/advocacy expenses, it has 20 opened an investigatory docket to address the concern that captive customers should not

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⁴⁹ IRC § 162(e).

be required to pay industry association dues.⁵⁰ The FERC's Notice of Inquiry ("NOI") requested input to better understand the nature of industry association expenses included in Account 930.2 and to consider other potential Uniform System of Accounts ("USoA") amendments to protect consumers from paying for activities that principally serve private, not public interest.⁵¹ An appellate court recently found that *indirect* influence expenses (*e.g.*, industry associations that provide public policy advocacy services on behalf of duespaying members) should be recorded in Account 426.4, an expenditure paid for by shareholders rather than ratepayers.⁵² In their comments, several customer groups, non-utility competitors, and issue advocates asserted that customer-financed legislative and regulatory advocacy provides an unlevel playing field that promotes private interests over the public interest.

Q. DID CONSUMER ADVOCATES SUBMIT COMMENTS TO THE FERC'S NOI?

A. Yes. Consumer advocates in at least 16 jurisdictions filed comments regarding the lack of transparency in the delineation between industry associations serving their members' private interests and the public interest. For example, in a joint filing, consumer advocates from California, Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota,

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⁵⁰ Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. Docket No. RM22-5-000. Rate Recovery, Reporting, and Accounting Treatment of Industry Association Dues and Certain Civic, Political, and Related Expenses. Notice of Inquiry. 86 Fed. Reg. 72,958 (2021) ("NOI") at p. 5.

⁵¹ Expenses recorded in FERC Account Number 930.2 for "Dues - Industry association dues for company memberships," are customarily "above the line" expenses and presumed recoverable from its customers. Expenses recorded in FERC Account 426.4, are typically considered "below the line" expenses which are presumed not recoverable from customers.

⁵² Newman v. FERC, No. 20-1324, 22 F.4th 189, 2021 U.S. App. LEXIS 38373 (D.C. Cir. Dec. 28, 2021).

Oregon, and Rhode Island indicated each advocate has an interest in "ensuring that captive ratepayers [in their respective states] are not charged for political and public advocacy expenses that do not provide ratepayer benefits and that may be contrary to ratepayer interests." The joint filing called for a more detailed, transparent review of the activities that industry association dues fund to ensure rates are just and reasonable. At a minimum, a utility should substantiate its requests for recovery of industry association dues with categorical breakdowns of industry associations' activities and clear connections between the items for which the utilities seek recovery and ratepayer benefits. 54

A:

Q: IS THIS COMMISSION BOUND BY ANY FERC DETERMINATION REGARDING THE RECOVERY OF INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION DUES FROM CAPTIVE UTILITY CUSTOMERS?

No. Each public utility regulatory commission has authority to determine whether its ratepayers will be required to fund the utility's elective industry association dues. The information regarding the FERC's NOI proceedings merely highlights the growing concern as to whether it is appropriate for captive customers to be required to fund the elective association activities that promote the interests of the utility industry and its shareholders.

⁵³ See FERC Docket No. RM22-5-000, Comments of State Agencies, p. 8.

⁵⁴ *Id.* at 20.

1	Q.	HAVE OTHER STATE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSIONS DISALLOWED
2		INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION DUES ASSOCIATED WITH ADVOCACY
3		ACTIVITIES?
4	A.	Yes. Kentucky, ⁵⁵ Minnesota, ⁵⁶ and California ⁵⁷ have disallowed all or part of a utility's
5		trade or industry association dues expenses because the utility could not show that such
6		expenses were required or necessary for the provision of utility service. Although
7		Michigan allowed recovery for these expenses, that Commission reiterated to the utility
8		"the need to continually justify that [membership] fees are truly required and/or are in the
9		interests of ratepayers," and "of its continuing obligation to identify, describe, and explain
10		projected costs associated with membership fees in future rate cases."58 In addition,
11		Louisiana has recently opened an investigation to determine whether recovery of such
12		costs is appropriate. ⁵⁹

⁵⁵ Application of Kentucky Utilities Company for an Adjustment of Its Electric Rates, Case No. 2020-00349, Order at 28 (Ky. Pub. Serv. Comm'n June 30, 2021) (KYPSC KU Order); Application of Louisville Gas and Electric Company for an Adjustment of its Electric and Gas Rates, Case No. 2020-00350, Order at 30.

⁵⁶ In the Matter of the Application of Otter Tail Power Company for Authority to Increase Rates for Electric Service in the State of Minnesota, Docket No. E-017/GR-20-719, Findings of Fact, Conclusions, and Order (Minn. Pub. Util. Comm'n Feb. 1, 2022).

⁵⁷ Application of Southern California Edison Company (U338E) for Authority to Increase its Authorized Revenues for Electric Service in 2021, among other things, and to Reflect that Increase in Rates, Application 19-08-013, Decision on Test Year 2021 General Rate Case for Southern California Edison Company, Decision 21-08-036 (Cal. Pub. Util. Comm'n Aug. 20, 2021).

⁵⁸ In the Matter of the Application of DTE Electric Company for Authority to Increase Its Rates, Amend Rate Schedules and Rules Governing the Distribution and Supply of Electric Energy, and for Miscellaneous Accounting Authority, Case No. U-20561, Order at p. 200 (Mich. Pub. Util. Comm'n May 8, 2020).

⁵⁹ Minutes Of June 7, 2023, Open Session of Louisiana Public Service Commission.

1	Q.	HAS FEDERAL LEGISLATION BEEN INTRODUCED THAT WOULD DIRECT
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2 THE FERC TO PROHIBIT UTILITIES FROM RECOVERING DUES AND FEES

PAID TO TRADE AND INDUSTRY ASSOCIATIONS FROM CUSTOMERS?

4 A. Yes. In 2023, federal legislation was introduced that would direct the FERC to promulgate regulations that would, *inter alia*, prohibit a utility from recovering direct or indirect expenses associated with political influence activities from its customers. If enacted, the FERC would also be directed to amend the Uniform System of Accounts to instruct utilities to record such expenses as presumptively not recoverable from customers. The legislation specifically identifies "dues or fees paid to trade associations or industry

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Q. HAS THERE BEEN STATE LEGISLATION ENACTED THAT PROHIBITS THE

RECOVERY OF TRADE OR INDUSTRY ASSOCIATIONS' DUES?

14 A. Yes. Colorado, ⁶¹ Connecticut, ⁶² New York, ⁶³ and Maine ⁶⁴ have each enacted legislation 15 prohibiting jurisdictional utilities from recovering the expenses for trade or industry 16 association dues from retail customers.

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Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?

associations" as a political influence activity. 60

⁶⁰ H.R. Bill 5075, "Ethics in Energy Act of 2023."

⁶¹ Colorado Revised Statutes 40-3-114(2)(g).

 $^{^{62}}$ Connecticut Statutes §16-243p(b)(3).

⁶³ New York Statutes § 334-114-a.

⁶⁴ 35-A MRSA §302(2)(B).

A: I recommend the Commission exclude 50% of industry association dues. Absent a thorough audit of Duke's industry associations' expenses, the Commission and stakeholders will find it extremely challenging to distinguish between expenditures for the general public's interests versus advocacy of members' private interests. Industry associations engage in advocacy for the utility industries and their owners. Until the Company can demonstrate its request for recovery of industry association membership dues relates to customer interests rather than lobbying and broader industry advocacy efforts, it is recommended the Commission disallow the Company's requested recovery of \$215,000 of industry association dues, as shown on Exhibit MEG-2.7.

II. D. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION

10 Q: PLEASE DESCRIBE DUKE ENERGY CORPORATION'S BOARD OF
11 DIRECTORS.

A: Duke Energy Corporation, ("Duke Energy") the parent company of Duke, is comprised of regulated electric utility operations in Florida, South Carolina, North Carolina, Indiana, and Ohio and regulated gas utility operations in North Carolina, South Carolina, Ohio, Kentucky, and Tennessee. Its Board of Directors ("Board") is comprised of 14 members that meet periodically throughout the year to set broad, strategic direction for Duke Energy. The Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") positions are currently, but are not required to be, united. Excluding the Chair and CEO, the remaining Board

⁶⁵ 2023 Form 10-K at 5, 10.

⁶⁶ 2024 Proxy Statement, p. 24.

members meet the independence standards set by the New York Stock Exchange.⁶⁷ The Board also maintains five standing committees⁶⁸ comprised of independent directors to provide oversight over specific corporate functions. In addition, under the leadership of the lead independent director, the independent directors regularly meet in executive session outside the presence of the Chair and CEO.⁶⁹

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Q: HOW IS DUKE ENERGY'S BOARD CHOSEN?

8 A: Each member of Duke Energy's Board is chosen by its shareholders on an annual basis to serve a one year term.⁷⁰

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Q: DOES DUKE ENERGY MANDATE THAT THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

TAKE ACTION TO ALIGN THEIR INTERESTS WITH THE SHAREHOLDERS'

13 **INTEREST?**

14 A: Yes. Each independent director is expected to own Duke Energy shares equal in value to
15 at least five (5) times the equity portion of their retainer or retain 50% of his or her vested
16 annual equity retainer during their Board tenure. All directors were in compliance with
17 these guidelines as of December 31, 2023.⁷¹

⁶⁷ *Id.*, at 25.

⁶⁸ The Board's current standing committees are: 1) Audit; 2) Compensation and People Development; 3) Corporate Governance; 4) Finance and Risk Management; and 5) Operations and Nuclear Oversight.

⁶⁹ 2024 Proxy Statement, p. 24.

⁷⁰ *Id.*, at 14.

⁷¹ 2024 Proxy Statement, p. 38.

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Company in this proceeding.

⁷² See Duke's response to OUCC DR 9.07.

O: WHY IS THE SHARING OF BOARD MEMBERS' COMPENSATION

2 **APPROPRIATE?**

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A: A portion of the Board's compensation should come from shareholders because the Board is selected by Duke Energy's shareholders and represents shareholders' interests. Board members have fiduciary duties of care and loyalty to shareholders that supersede any responsibility the Board may have to Duke's customers. The Board spends a significant portion of its time and efforts maximizing long term earnings potential for shareholders, and, therefore, it is appropriate that a portion of the Board's compensation be paid by shareholders. Additionally, as shareholders themselves, the Board's Directors are motivated to take actions that will increase the value of their holdings, which may have a marginal, if any, impact on the provision of service to customers. My recommendations result in a revenue requirement reduction of \$320,093, as set forth on Exhibit MEG-2.9.

II. E. INVESTOR RELATIONS

Q: WHAT COSTS DID DUKE ENERGY ALLOCATE TO DUKE FOR INVESTOR

RELATIONS EXPENSE IN THIS PROCEEDING?

15 A: Duke Energy allocated \$709,569 to the Company during the base year to maintain the
16 communication channels with its existing and potential shareholders. In its response to
17 OUCC 9.01, the Company indicated it expects Duke Energy will allocate approximately
18 \$504,000 in the 2024 forecast period and \$507,000 in the 2025 forecast period.⁷³

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⁷³ Company response to Data Request OUCC 9.01.

O: PLEASE DESCRIBE INVESTOR RELATIONS EXPENDITURES.

A: Duke Energy is a publicly traded company headquartered in Charlotte, North Carolina. As discussed above, it is a holding company that includes vertically integrated electric utilities in five states and local natural gas distribution utilities in five states.⁷⁴ As a publicly traded company, Duke Energy must be responsive to the needs and expectations of thousands of shareholders which collectively own nearly 771 million shares outstanding.

A:

Q: HOW DOES DUKE ENERGY DISTRIBUTE INFORMATION TO ITS SHAREHOLDERS?

Duke Energy competes in global capital markets with companies within and outside the utility industry. Duke Energy maintains an investor relations unit to provide publicly available information in various formats to existing and potential shareholders in the investing community. These practices promote transparency between Duke Energy and the public and help Duke Energy build and maintain a positive reputation that encourages trust and promotes integrity. For example, Duke Energy's website⁷⁵ contains news releases, investor presentations, and regulatory filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. An existing or potential shareholder can also download documents related to its Environmental, Social, and Governance ("ESG") reports. An individual may also access information of unique relevance to a shareholder, such as historical share prices and dividend dates.

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⁷⁴ Duke Energy Corporation Form 10-K for the fiscal period ended December 31, 2023, pp. 5-10.

⁷⁵ Duke Energy Corporation - Investor Relations (duke-energy.com).

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Q: ARE THERE OTHER MEANS IN WHICH DUKE ENERGY COMMUNICATES

WITH THE INVESTMENT COMMUNITY?

4 Yes. After Duke Energy publishes its earnings results from the prior quarter, Duke Energy A: 5 will host a conference call with equity analysts to provide a summary of the prior quarter

earnings results as well as respond to questions regarding how specific actions or decisions

may impact its market value. In addition, Duke Energy often participates in investor

conferences that foster further communication with the investment community.

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HOW DO DUKE ENERGY'S SHAREHOLDERS BENEFIT FROM INVESTOR Q:

RELATIONS EXPENSES?

12 A: When global capital markets have access to timely, relevant, and accurate financial and

operational data regarding Duke Energy and its subsidiaries, the underlying value of Duke

Energy should be more closely reflected in its market capitalization, allowing existing and

potential shareholders to make better informed decisions regarding share ownership.

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IS DUKE A PUBLICLY TRADED COMPANY? Q:

A: No. Duke is a subsidiary of Duke Energy. It is accountable to its parent company and a

19 private equity firm, ⁷⁶ but Duke does not directly engage in investor relations activities.

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⁷⁶ Since 2022, a private equity firm has held a minority interest in Duke. See, Duke Energy, Inc. Form 10-K for the fiscal period ended December 31, 2023, p. 5.

1	Q:	ARE INVESTOR RELATIONS EXPENSES A NECESSARY AND REQUIRED
2		COST TO PROVIDE ELECTRIC UTILITY SERVICE?
3	A:	No. Duke Energy, not Duke, is the party responsible for communicating timely, relevant,
4		and accurate financial and operational data regarding all of its subsidiaries to the global
5		capital markets. As evidenced by the hundreds of local electric utilities nationwide owned
6		by cities, counties, and tribal nations that do not maintain an investor relations function,
7		these expenses are not a necessary cost for the provision of electric utility service.
8		
9	Q:	WHAT IS THE RECOMMENDED REGULATORY TREATMENT FOR THE
10		COMPANY'S ALLOCATED INVESTOR RELATIONS EXPENSES?
11	A:	For reasons listed previously, I recommend the Commission disallow 50% of these
12		investor relations expenses. These expenses should not be recovered exclusively from the
13		Company's customers because the responsibility to communicate with the global capital
14		markets ultimately falls upon Duke Energy, not Duke or its customers. As a result, this
15		expense item should be shared between shareholders and ratepayers. As shown in Exhibit
16		MEG-2.8, I recommend a reduction in the amount of \$254,000 to reflect this sharing of
17		investor relations expense.
	II. F.	STORM DAMAGE EXPENSE
18	Q:	PLEASE DESCRIBE DUKE'S PROPOSAL FOR STORM DAMAGE EXPENSE.

The Company is requesting that the Commission approve the continuation of its Major

Storm Damage Restoration Reserve ("Major Storm Reserve") established in Cause No.

19

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A:

1 45253. The accrual for the reserve is based on a five-year average of major storm expenses.

Duke is proposing the base rate amount be updated to \$15.6 million based on the five-year

average for the years 2019 through 2023. The Company also requests that over-recovered

or under recovered amounts be accrued as a regulatory asset or liability until Duke's next

rate case.⁷⁷

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DO YOU AGREE WITH THE COMPANY'S PROPOSAL? Q:

A: I agree with the request to continue tracking the major storm costs and the recording of a

regulatory asset or liability for future recovery. I do not agree with the requested \$15.6

million amount the Company proposed for major storm costs to be recovered in base rates.

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Q: WHY DO YOU DISAGREE WITH THE AMOUNT DUKE PROPOSED FOR

CURRENT RECOVERY IN BASE RATES?

I disagree with this amount because one year, 2023, included an extraordinarily large A:

storm, as discussed by both myself and OUCC witness Roopali Sanka. In fact, the major

storm costs for 2023 totaled \$39.993 million, compared to \$34.938 million for the prior

four years combined.⁷⁸ The year 2023 included a single storm with a distribution

restoration cost of \$26.5 million and another storm with a cost of \$7.1 million.⁷⁹ Both

storms cost more than any other single storm in the five-year period. Including the

⁷⁷ See Direct Testimony of Suzanne E. Sieferman, p. 39, lines 1-17.

⁷⁸ See WP OM3- Storm, lines 1-5.

⁷⁹ See Duke's response to OUCC DR 7.12.

1		extraordinarily high storm costs experienced in 2023 significantly distorts Duke's normal
2		storm restoration costs.
3		
4	Q:	WHAT IS THE OUCC'S RECOMMENDATION FOR THE AMOUNT TO
5		INCLUDE IN BASE RATES FOR STORM RESTORATION COSTS?
6	A:	OUCC Witness Roopali Sanka recommends using four-year averages for both distribution
7		and transmission storms instead of a five-year average due to the extraordinary nature of
8		the 2023 storm costs. This results in an adjustment of \$6.4 million as shown on Exhibit
9		MEG 2.6.
	***	DEDDECLATION EVDENCE
	III.	<u>DEPRECIATION EXPENSE</u>
10	III. Q:	DOES THE OUCC PROPOSE DEPRECIATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS?
10 11		
	Q:	DOES THE OUCC PROPOSE DEPRECIATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS?
11	Q:	DOES THE OUCC PROPOSE DEPRECIATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS? Yes. Mr. David Garrett proposes changes to the Company's depreciation study on behalf
11 12	Q:	DOES THE OUCC PROPOSE DEPRECIATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS? Yes. Mr. David Garrett proposes changes to the Company's depreciation study on behalf of the OUCC. His recommendations result in new proposed depreciation rates for several
111213	Q:	DOES THE OUCC PROPOSE DEPRECIATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS? Yes. Mr. David Garrett proposes changes to the Company's depreciation study on behalf of the OUCC. His recommendations result in new proposed depreciation rates for several of the Company's asset accounts, as set forth in Exhibit MEG-2.12, and in Exhibit MEG-
111213	Q:	DOES THE OUCC PROPOSE DEPRECIATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS? Yes. Mr. David Garrett proposes changes to the Company's depreciation study on behalf of the OUCC. His recommendations result in new proposed depreciation rates for several of the Company's asset accounts, as set forth in Exhibit MEG-2.12, and in Exhibit MEG-
111213	Q: A:	DOES THE OUCC PROPOSE DEPRECIATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS? Yes. Mr. David Garrett proposes changes to the Company's depreciation study on behalf of the OUCC. His recommendations result in new proposed depreciation rates for several of the Company's asset accounts, as set forth in Exhibit MEG-2.12, and in Exhibit MEG-2.19(S1) for the Step 1 Depreciation rate adjustments.
11 12 13 14	Q: A: IV.	DOES THE OUCC PROPOSE DEPRECIATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS? Yes. Mr. David Garrett proposes changes to the Company's depreciation study on behalf of the OUCC. His recommendations result in new proposed depreciation rates for several of the Company's asset accounts, as set forth in Exhibit MEG-2.12, and in Exhibit MEG-2.19(S1) for the Step 1 Depreciation rate adjustments.
11 12 13 14	Q: A: IV. Q:	DOES THE OUCC PROPOSE DEPRECIATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENTS? Yes. Mr. David Garrett proposes changes to the Company's depreciation study on behalf of the OUCC. His recommendations result in new proposed depreciation rates for several of the Company's asset accounts, as set forth in Exhibit MEG-2.12, and in Exhibit MEG-2.19(S1) for the Step 1 Depreciation rate adjustments. COST OF CAPITAL DOES THE OUCC PROPOSE COST OF CAPITAL RECOMMENDATIONS?

V. <u>SUMMARY OF THE OUCC'S ADJUSTMENTS</u>

1 Q: DO YOUR SCHEDULES INCLUDE ADJUSTMENTS SPONSORED BY OTHER

2 **OUCC WITNESSES?**

- 3 A: Yes. The accounting schedules in Exhibits MEG-2 through MEG-2.13 include proposed
- 4 adjustments from all the OUCC's witnesses, as summarized below:

Table 7: Summary of OUCC Adjustments (\$ Thousands)

Issue	OUCC Witness	Proposed Adjustment			
Rate Base					
Regulatory Assets from Gallagher Closure	Eckert	\$ (663)			
Cayuga Restricted Waste Site II, Landfill Cell 3	Armstrong	(165)			
Depreciation Reserve	M. Garrett	11,155			
Cost of Capital					
Return on Equity	D. Garrett	(109,648)			
O&M Adjustments					
Incentive Compensation Expense	M. Garrett	(15,451)			
Storm Damages	Sanka	(6,466)			
Industry Association Dues	M. Garrett	(197)			
Investor Relations Expense	M. Garrett	(232)			
Board of Directors' Compensation	M. Garrett	(293)			
Other Post Retirement Benefits Expense	M. Garrett	(5,348)			
Revenue Rate Migration Adjustment	Hanks	(2,546)			
Payment Navigators Program	Hanks	(320)			
Credit Card Fees	Latham	(2,377)			
Restructuring Costs	Latham				
CCR Disposal	Armstrong				
Depreciation Expense	D. Garrett				
Amortization of Regulatory Assets	Eckert				
Fuel Cost	Eckert				
Total OUCC Adjustments		\$306,848			

VI. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

- 1 Q: DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY AT THIS TIME?
- 2 A: Yes, it does.

MARK E. GARRETT

CONTACT INFORMATION:

4028 Oakdale Farm Circle Edmond, OK 73013 (405) 203-5415

EDUCATION:

Juris Doctor Degree, With Honors, Oklahoma City University Law School, 1997
Post Graduate Hours in Accounting, Finance and Economics, 1984-85:
 University of Texas at Arlington; University of Texas at Pan American;
 Stephen F. Austin State University
Bachelor of Arts Degree, University of Oklahoma, 1978

CREDENTIALS:

Member Oklahoma Bar Association, 1997, License No. 017629 Certified Public Accountant in Oklahoma, 1992, Certificate No. 11707-R Certified Public Accountant in Texas, 1986, Certificate No. 48514

WORK HISTORY:

GARRETT GROUP CONSULTING, INC. – Regulatory Consulting Practice (1996 - Present) Participates as a consultant and expert witness in gas and electric regulatory proceedings and other matters before regulatory agencies in rate case proceedings to determine just and reasonable rates. Reviews management decisions of regulated utilities regarding the reasonableness of prices paid for electric plant, gas plant, purchased power, renewable energy projects, natural gas supplies and transportation, and coal supplies and transportation. Participates in legislative advisory role regarding regulated utilities. Participates as an Instructor at NMSU Center for Public Utilities and as a Speaker at NARUC Staff Subcommittee on Accounting and Finance.

OKLAHOMA CORPORATION COMMISSION - Coordinator of Accounting and Financial Analysis (1991 - 1994) Planned and supervised the audits of major public utility companies doing business in Oklahoma for the purpose of determining revenue requirements. Presented both oral and written testimony as an expert witness for Staff in defense of numerous accounting and financial recommendations related to cost-of-service based rates. Audit work and testimony covered all areas of rate base and operating expense. Supervised, trained and reviewed the audit work of numerous Staff CPAs and auditors. Promoted from Supervisor of Audits to Coordinator in 1992.

FREEDOM FINANCIAL CORPORATION - Controller (1987 - 1990) Responsible for all financial reporting including monthly and annual financial statements, cash flow statements, budget reports, long-term financial planning, tax planning and personnel development. Managed the General Ledger and Accounts Payable departments and supervised a staff of seven CPAs and accountants. Reviewed all subsidiary state and federal tax returns and facilitated the annual independent financial audit and all state or federal tax audits. Received promotion from Assistant Controller in September 1988.

SHELBY, RUCKSDASHEL & JONES, CPAs - Auditor (1986 - 1987) Audited the financial statements of businesses in the state of Texas, with an emphasis in financial institutions.

- 1. NV Energy, 2024 (Nevada), (Docket No. 24-03006) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Gaming Group, Nevada Resorts Association, MGM Resorts International, and Caesars Enterprise Services before the Nevada PUC to provide written and oral testimony in Cost Recovery Phase of the Nevada Power and Sierra Pacific Joint Natural Disaster Protection Plan ("NDPP").
- 2. Public Service Company of New Mexico, 2024 (New Mexico), (Case No. 24-00089-UT) Participating as an expert witness for the Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Utility Authority ("ABCWUA") before the New Mexico Public Regulation Commission to address various ratemaking issues in PNM's rate case application.
- 3. NV Energy, 2024 (Nevada), (Docket No. 24-08015) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission. Sponsoring written and oral testimony in the 2024 Nevada Power and Sierra Pacific Joint Integrated Resource Plan ("IRP") to provide analysis of the Companies' requested resource plan.
- 4. Southwestern Electric Power Company, 2024 (Texas), (PUC Docket No. 56511) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of Cities Advocating Reasonable Deregulation ("CARD Cities") before the Texas Public Utility Commission in SWEPCO's distribution cost recovery factor ("DCRF") case.
- 5. Oklahoma Natural Gas Company, 2024 (Oklahoma), (Case No. PUD 2024-000010) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in ONGs performance based rate change plan for twelve months ending December 31, 2023, addressing transportation service charges.
- 6. Southwestern Electric Power Company, 2024 (Texas), (PUC Docket No. 55155) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Cities Advocating Reasonable Deregulation ("CARD Cities") before the Texas Public Utility Commission in SWEPCO's application to address a potential refund of imprudent amounts included in rate base from 2013 forward associated with the Turk plant after remand from the Court of Appeals.
- 7. **Duke Energy Indiana, 2024 (Indiana), (Docket No. 46038)** Participating as an expert witness on behalf of the Office of Utility Consumer Counselor in Duke's rate case application, sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement and tax issues.
- 8. Chugach Electric Association, 2024 (Alaska), (Docket No. U-24-002) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Providence Health and Services before the Alaska Regulatory Commission. Sponsoring testimony to address Chugach's application to revise the Beluga River Unit ("BRU") rebate to former Municipal Light and Power ("ML&P") customers.
- 9. CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, 2024 (Texas) (Docket No. 56211) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of City of Houston before the Public Utility Commission of Texas in CenterPoint Energy's rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- 10. Doyon Utilities, 2024 (Alaska) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Department of Defense to provide expert testimony in twelve rate case reviews for the utility systems of Fort

Wainwright, Fort Greely and Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson before the Regulatory Commission of Page 3 of 26 Alaska.

- 11. Avista Utilities, 2024 (Washington), (Docket Nos. UE-240006) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of Public Counsel in Avista's general rate case. Sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement issues and Avista's requested attrition adjustments.
- 12. Atmos Mid Tex, 2024 (Texas), (Dallas Annual Rate Review) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of Dallas before the Texas Railroad Commission in Atmos's Dallas Annual Rate Review ("DARR") proceeding. Sponsoring recommendations on various revenue requirement issues.
- 13. Sierra Pacific Power Company, 2024 (Nevada), (Docket No. 24-02026 and 24-02027) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to address various revenue requirement issues.
- 14. Southwestern Electric Power Company, 2024 (Texas), (PUC Docket No. 55438) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Cities Advocating Reasonable Deregulation ("CARD Cities") before the Texas Public Utility Commission in SWEPCO's transmission cost recovery factor ("TCRF") case.
- 15. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2023 (Oklahoma), (Cause No. PUD 202300087) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in OG&E's general rate case application addressing various revenue requirement and rate design issues.
- 16. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2023 (Oklahoma) (Cause No. PUD 202300086) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's general rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement, cost of service and rate design issues.
- 17. CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp., 2023 (Texas) (Docket No. OS-23-00015513) Participated as an expert witness for the City of Houston before the Texas Rail Road Commission in a general rate case proceeding for the gas utility.
- 18. NV Energy, 2023 (Nevada), (Docket No. 23-08015) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission. Sponsoring written and oral testimony in the 2021 Nevada Power and Sierra Pacific Joint Integrated Resource Plan ("IRP") Fifth Amendment to provide analysis of the Companies' request for Critical Facility designation of the Sierra Solar PV and BESS project.
- 19. Southwest Gas Corporation, 2023 (Nevada) (Docket No. 23-09012) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to address various revenue requirement issues.
- **20.** Nevada Power Company, 2023 (Nevada), (Docket No. 23-06007) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to address various revenue requirement issues Nevada Power's general rate case application.
- 21. Atmos Pipeline Texas 2023 (Texas), (Docket No. 13758) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of Dallas before the Texas Railroad Commission in APT's General Rate Case

- application, sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement proposals.
- 22. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2023 (Oklahoma), (Cause No. PUD 2023000038) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in OG&E's application for pre-approval of new generation costs.
- 23. NV Energy, 2023 (Nevada), (Docket No. 23-03003) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Gaming Group ("SNGG") before the Nevada PUC to provide written and oral testimony in the Nevada Power and Sierra Pacific Joint Natural Disaster Protection Plan ("NDPP").
- 24. NV Energy, 2023 (Nevada), (Docket No. 23-03004) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Gaming Group ("SNGG") before the Nevada PUC to provide written and oral testimony in Cost Recovery Phase of the Nevada Power and Sierra Pacific Joint Natural Disaster Protection Plan ("NDPP").
- 25. SiEnergy, LP (Texas) 2023 (Docket No. OS-23-00013504) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Cities Served by SiEnergy (Cities) in SiEnergy's application to increase gas utility rates.
- 26. CSWR-Texas Utility Operating Company, LLC (CSWR-Texas), 2023 (Docket No. 54565) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Office of Public Utility Counsel ("OPUC") in CSWR-Texas' application for authority to change rates.
- 27. **Denton Municipal Electric (DME), 2023 (Texas) (Docket No. 52715)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Office of Public Utility Counsel ("OPUC") in DME's application to change rates for wholesale transmission service.
- 28. NV Energy, 2023 (Nevada), (Docket No. 22-09006) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Gaming Group ("SNGG") before the Nevada PUC. Sponsoring written and oral testimony in the 2021 Nevada Power and Sierra Pacific Joint Integrated Resource Plan ("IRP") Third Amendment to provide analysis of the proposed Transportation Electrification Plan to accelerate the roll out of electric vehicle charging facilities.
- 29. Atmos MidTex, 2023 (Texas), (Dallas Annual Rate Review) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of Dallas before the Texas Railroad Commission in Atmos's Dallas Annual Rate Review ("DARR") proceeding. Sponsoring recommendations on various revenue requirement issues.
- 30. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2023 (Oklahoma) (Cause No. PUD 202200093) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's general rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement, cost of service and rate design issues.
- 31. Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., 2023 (Montana), Docket No. 2022.11.099) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of the Montana Office of Consumer Council in MDU's general rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- **Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2023 (Oklahoma) (Cause No. PUD 202200021)** Participating as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's application for pre-approval of renewable generation additions and the ratemaking treatment of the costs of those additions.

- Public Service Company of New Mexico, 2023 (New Mexico), (Case No. 22-00270-UT) Page 5 of 26 Participated as an expert witness for the Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Utility Authority ("ABCWUA") before the New Mexico Public Regulation Commission to address various ratemaking issues in PNM's rate case application.
- 34. Entergy Texas Inc., 2022 (Texas) (PUC Docket No. 53719) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Cities in ETI's general rate case to provide testimony on various cost of service issues and on the utility's overall revenue requirement.
- 35. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2022 (Oklahoma), (Cause No. PUD 202200097) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in PUD's show cause investigation into OG&E's fuel and purchased power under-recovered balance.
- 36. Northern Indiana Public Service Company, 2022 (Indiana), (Docket No. 45772) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Office of Utility Consumer Counselor in NIPSCOs rate case application, sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement and tax issues.
- **37. Oncor Electric Delivery Company (Texas), 2022 (PUC Docket No. 53601)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Steering Committee of Cities before the Texas Public Utility Commission in Oncor's General Rate Case proceeding to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- **38.** York Waterworks (2022) (Pennsylvania), (Docket No. 061522) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Office of Consumer Advocate ("OCA") before the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission to address various revenue requirement issues in York rate case.
- **39. Sierra Pacific Power Company, 2022 (Nevada), (Docket No. 22-06)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to address various revenue requirement issues.
- **40. NV Energy, 2022 (Nevada), (Docket No. 22-003028)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to address various issues in the merger application of Sierra Pacific Power Company and Nevada Power Company.
- 41. Atmos MidTex (Texas), 2022 (Texas), (Dallas Annual Rate Review) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of Dallas before the Texas Railroad Commission in Atmos's Dallas Annual Rate Review ("DARR") proceeding. Sponsoring recommendations on various revenue requirement issues.
- **42.** CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp., 2022 (Texas) (Docket No. 53442) Participated as an expert witness for the City of Houston before the Texas Public Utility Commission the Company's Distribution Cost Recovery Factor sponsoring testimony on various cost recovery issues.
- 43. Cascade Natural Gas, 2021 (Washington) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Public Counsel in Cascade's limited issue rate case application, sponsoring Public Counsel's revenue requirement schedules and testimony to address various revenue requirement and tax issues.
- 44. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2021 (Oklahoma), (Cause No. PUD 202100164) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC")

before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in OG&E's general rate case application addressing Page 6 of 26 various revenue requirement and rate design issues.

- **45. Southwestern Electric Power Company, 2021 (Texas), (PUC Docket No. 52397)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Cities Advocating Reasonable Deregulation ("CARD Cities") before the Texas Public Utility Commission in SWEPCO's application to recover Uri storm costs.
- **46. Southwestern Public Service Co., 2021 (Texas) (Docket No. 52210)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Alliance of Xcel Municipalities ("AXM") before the Texas Public Utility Commission in SWEPCO's application to recover Uri storm costs.
- 47. CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp., 2021 (Texas) (Docket No. OS—00007061) Participated as an expert witness for the City of Houston before the Texas Rail Road Commission in a consolidated application from the large natural gas distribution utilities in Texas to securitize and recover URI storm costs from February 2021.
- **48. Indiana Michigan Power, 2021 (Indiana), (Docket No. 45576)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Office of Utility Consumer Counselor in I&M's rate case application, sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement and tax issues.
- **49. Chugach Electric Association, 2021 (Alaska), (Docket No. U-21-059)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Providence Health and Services before the Alaska Regulatory Commission. Sponsoring testimony to address Chugach's application to address a shortfall in revenues after its acquisition of Municipal Light and Power.
- **Southwestern Public Service Co., 2021 (Texas) (Docket No. 51802)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Alliance of Xcel Municipalities ("AXM") in the SPS general rate case application to provide testimony before the Texas Public Utility Commission regarding rate base and operating expense issues.
- 51. El Paso Electric Company, 2021 (Texas), (Docket No. 52195) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of El Paso in the El Paso Electric Company general rate case to provide recommendations to the Texas Public Utility Commission regarding rate base and operating expense issues.
- **52. NV Energy, 2021 (Nevada), (Docket No. 21-06001)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Gaming Group ("SNGG") before the Nevada PUC. Sponsoring written and oral testimony in the Nevada Power and Sierra Pacific Joint Integrated Resource Plan ("IRP") to provide analysis of the proposed generation additions and cost allocations.
- 53. Summit Utilities Arkansas (Arkansas), (Docket No. 21-060-U) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Arkansas Gas Consumers and the Hospitals and Higher Education Group before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in Summit's proposed acquisition of CenterPoint Energy's Arkansas assets. Sponsoring testimony regarding the acquisition premium, ratepayer benefits and affiliate transactions.
- **54. Doyon Utilities, 2021 Alaska (Regulatory Commission of Alaska)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Department of Defense to provide expert testimony in twelve rate case reviews for the utility systems of Fort Wainwright, Fort Greely and Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson before the Regulatory Commission of Alaska.

- NV Energy, 2021 (Nevada), (Docket No. 21-03040) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Gaming Group ("SNGG") before the Nevada PUC to provide written and oral testimony in the Nevada Power and Sierra Pacific Joint Natural Disaster Protection Plan ("NDPP").
- **Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2021 (Oklahoma) (Cause No. PUD 202100022)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's general rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement, cost of service and rate design issues.
- 57. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2021 (Oklahoma), (Cause No. PUD 202100072) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in OG&E's application for securitization of its winter storm costs.
- 58. Southwestern Electric Power Company, 2021 (Arkansas), (Docket No. 19-008-U) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Western Arkansas Large Energy Consumers ("WALEC") before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in SWEPCO's Formula Rate Plan review and extraordinary winter storm cost recovery plan.
- 59. Atmos MidTex (Texas), 2021 (Texas), (Dallas Annual Rate Review) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of Dallas before the Texas Railroad Commission in Atmos's Dallas Annual Rate Review ("DARR") proceeding. Sponsoring recommendations on various revenue requirement issues.
- **60. Atmos MidTex, 2023 (Texas), (Dallas Annual Rate Review)** Participating as an expert witness on behalf of the City of Dallas before the Texas Railroad Commission in Atmos's Dallas Annual Rate Review ("DARR") proceeding. Sponsoring recommendations on various revenue requirement issues.
- 61. PNM Resources / Avangrid Merger, 2021 (New Mexico), (Case No. 20-00222-UT) Participated as an expert witness for the Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Utility Authority ("ABCWUA") before the New Mexico Public Regulation Commission to address various merger-related issues.
- **Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co., 2020 (Arkansas) (Docket No. 18-046-FR)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Arkansas River Valley Energy Consumers ("ARVEC") before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in OG&E's Formula Rate Plan application to provide testimony on cost of service issues.
- 63. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2020 (Oklahoma) (Cause No. PUD 202000097) Participating as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's application for approval of facilities proposed for Fort Sill to address cost recovery and rate design issues.
- **El Paso Electric Company, 2020 (Texas), (Docket No. 51348)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of El Paso in the El Paso Electric Company annual Distribution Cost Recovery Factor ("DCRF") application to provide recommendations to the Texas Public Utility Commission regarding the Company's requested DCRF increase.
- **65. NV Energy, 2020 (Nevada), (Docket No. 20-07023)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Gaming Group ("SNGG") before the Nevada PUC. Sponsoring written and oral testimony in the Nevada Power and Sierra Pacific Joint Integrated Resource Plan ("IRP") to provide analysis of the proposed transmission additions and cost allocations.

- 66. Southwestern Electric Power Company, 2020 (Texas), (PUC Docket No. 51415) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Cities Advocating Reasonable Deregulation ("CARD Cities") before the Texas Public Utility Commission in SWEPCO's general rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- 67. Dominion Energy South Carolina, 2020 (South Carolina), (Docket No. 2020-125-E) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of DOD/FEA in DESC's rate case application, sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement, rate design and tax issues.
- **Cascade Natural Gas, 2020 (Washington), (NG-UG-200568)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Public Counsel in Cascade's rate case application, sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement and tax issues.
- 69. Nevada Power Company, 2020 (Nevada) (Docket No. 20-06003) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to address various revenue requirement issues in the case.
- 70. El Paso Electric Company, 2020 (New Mexico), (Docket RC-20-00104-UT) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of Las Cruces and Dona Ana County in EPE's rate case application, sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement and tax issues.
- 71. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2020 (Oklahoma), (Cause No. PUD 202000021) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in OG&E's Grid Enhancement Plan application. Sponsoring testimony to address the utility's proposed cost recovery mechanism and cost of service allocations.
- **72.** Philadelphia Gas Works, 2020 (Pennsylvania), (Docket No. R-2020-3017206) Participated expert witness on behalf of Office of Consumer Advocate ("OCA") before the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission to address various revenue requirement issues in PGW's rate case.
- 73. Atmos MidTex (Texas), 2020 (Texas), (Dallas Annual Rate Review) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of Dallas before the Texas Railroad Commission in Atmos's Dallas Annual Rate Review ("DARR") proceeding. Sponsoring recommendations on various revenue requirement issues.
- 74. Southwest Gas Corporation, 2020 (Nevada) (Docket No. 20-02023) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to address various revenue requirement issues.
- 75. El Paso Electric Company, 2019 (Texas), (Docket No. 49849) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of El Paso in the merger of El Paso Electric Company with Sun Jupiter Holdings LLC and IIF US Holdings 2 LLP to provide recommendations to the Texas Public Utility Commission regarding the treatment of tax issues in the proposed merger agreement.
- 76. Nevada Senate Bill 300 Rulemaking, 2019 (Nevada), (Docket No. 19-069008) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Gaming Group before the Nevada PUC to assist with the development of alternative ratemaking regulations under SB 300.
- 77. Entergy Arkansas, 2019 (Arkansas), (Docket No. 19-020-TF) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Arkansas industrial consumer group to review EAI's application to allocate its

perceived under-recovery of off-system sales margins to Arkansas customers.

- 78. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2019 (Oklahoma) (Cause No. PUD 201900201) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's application for approval for the cost recovery of selected wind facilities.
- 79. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co., 2019 (Arkansas) (Docket No. 15-034-U) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Arkansas River Valley Energy Consumers ("ARVEC") before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in OG&E's Act 310 Environmental Compliance Plan ("ECP") Rider case to provide testimony on whether OG&E can apply for an ECP rider now that it has elected to utilize an annual Formula Rate Plan with a 4% annual cap.
- **80. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co., 2019 (Arkansas) (Docket No. 18-046-FR)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Arkansas River Valley Energy Consumers ("ARVEC") before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in OG&E's Formula Rate Plan application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement, cost of service and rate design issues.
- 81. Southwestern Public Service Co., ("SPS") 2019 (Texas), (Docket No. 49831) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Alliance of Xcel Municipalities ("AXM") in the SPS general rate case application to provide testimony before the Texas Public Utility Commission regarding rate base and operating expense issues and sponsor the AXM Accounting Exhibits.
- 82. Southwestern Electric Power Company, 2019 (Arkansas), (Docket No. 19-008-U) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Western Arkansas Large Energy Consumers ("WALEC") before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in SWEPCO's rate case to address various revenue requirement and rate design issues.
- 83. Anchorage Municipal Light and Power and Chugach Electric Association, 2019 (Alaska), (Docket No. U-19-020) Participated as an expert witness before the Regulatory Commission of Alaska on behalf of Providence Health and Services to provide testimony on pending acquisition of ML&P by Chugach to address the proposed acquisition premium and other issues associated with the public interest.
- **84. Sierra Pacific Power Company, 2019 (Nevada), (Docket No. 19-06002)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to address various revenue requirement issues.
- 85. Air Liquide Hydrogen Energy U.S., 2019 (Nevada), (704B Exit Application, Docket No. 19-02002) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Air Liquide before the Nevada PUC. Sponsoring written and oral testimony in Air Liquide's application to purchase energy and capacity from a provider other than NV Energy.
- 86. Empire District Electric Company, 2019 (Oklahoma), (Cause No. PUD 201800133) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in Empire's general rate case to address various revenue requirement, rate design and tax issues.
- 87. Indiana Michigan Power, 2019 (Indiana), (Docket No. 45235) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Office of Utility Consumer Counselor in I&M's rate case application, sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement and tax issues.

- 88. Puget Sound Energy, 2019 (Washington), (Docket No. 190529-30) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Public Counsel in PSE's rate case application, sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement and tax issues.
- 89. Anchorage Municipal Light and Power, 2019 (Alaska), (Docket No. U-18-102) Participated as an expert witness before the Regulatory Commission of Alaska on behalf of Providence Health and Services to provide testimony on the ratemaking treatment of ML&P's acquired interest in the Beluga River Unit gas field with ratepayer funds.
- 90. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2019 (Oklahoma), (Cause No. PUD 201800140) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in OG&E's General Rate Case application. Sponsoring testimony to address the utility's overall revenue requirement and rate design proposals.
- 91. Cascade Natural Gas, 2019 (Washington) (Docket No. 190210) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Public Counsel in Cascade's rate case application. Sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement and tax issues.
- 92. CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, 2019 (Texas) (Docket No. 49421) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of City of Houston before the Public Utility Commission of Texas in CenterPoint Energy's rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- 93. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co., 2018 (Arkansas) (Docket No. 18-046-FR Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Arkansas River Valley Energy Consumers ("ARVEC") before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in OG&E's Formula Rate Plan application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement, cost of service and rate design issues.
- **94. Southwest Gas Corporation, 2018 (Nevada) (Docket No. 18-05031)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Bureau of Consumer Protection ("BCP") before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to address various revenue requirement issues.
- **Puget Sound Energy, 2018 (Washington) (Docket No. UE 18089)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Public Counsel in PSE's Emergency Rate Relief proceeding. Sponsoring testimony to address the application itself and various revenue requirement and TCJA issues.
- 96. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2018 (Oklahoma) (Cause No. PUD 201800097) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's general rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement, cost of service and rate design issues.
- 97. Entergy Texas Inc., 2018 (Texas) (PUC Docket No. 48371) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Cities in ETI's general rate case to provide testimony on various cost of service issues and on the utility's overall revenue requirement.
- 98. Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-Tex Division, 2018 (Texas) (Docket No. GUD No. 10779) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Atmos Texas Municipalities to review the utility's requested revenue requirement including TCJA adjustments.
- 99. CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC, 2018 (Texas) (Docket No. 48226) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of City of Houston before the Public Utility Commission of Texas in

CenterPoint Energy's application for approval to amend its distribution cost recovery factor (DCRF) age 11 of 26 to address the utility's treatment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA").

- **100. NV Energy, 2018 (Nevada) (Docket No. 17-10001)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Energy Choice Initiative ("ECI") before the Governor's Committee on Energy Choice, in an investigatory docket of an Issue of Public Importance Regarding the Pending Energy Choice Initiative and the Possible Restructuring of Nevada's Energy Industry.
- 101. Southwestern Electric Power Company, 2018 (Texas) (PUC Docket No. 48233) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Cities Advocating Reasonable Deregulation ("CARD Cities") before the Texas Public Utility Commission in SWEPCO's application to implement bae rate reductions as result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA").
- 102. Oncor Electric Delivery Company (Texas), 2018 (PUC Docket No. 48325) Participated as an expert witness before the Texas Public Utility Commission in Oncor's application for authority to decrease rates based on the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA").
- 103. Public Service Company of Oklahoma ("PSO") (Oklahoma), 2018 (Cause No. PUD 201800019)

 Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's application regarding ADIT under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA").
- **104. Oklahoma Natural Gas Company, 2018 (Cause No. PUD 201800028)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in ONG's Performance Based Rate Change Tariff, to address issues involving the impacts of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA").
- 105. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co. (Arkansas), 2018 (Docket No. 18-006-U Participated as an expert on behalf of the Arkansas River Valley Energy Consumers ("ARVEC") before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in the matter of an Investigation of the Effect on Revenue Requirements Resulting from Changes to Corporate Income Tax Rates under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA").
- **106. Texas Gas Service, 2018** Participated as a consulting expert on behalf of the City of El Paso regarding implementation of rate changes related to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA").
- 107. Sierra Pacific Power Company (Nevada), 2018 (Docket No. 18-02011 and 18-02015) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Northern Nevada Utility Customers¹ before the Nevada PUC in SPPC's application related to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA").
- **108. Nevada Power Company (Nevada), 2018 (Docket No. 18-02010 and 18-02014)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Gaming Group before the Nevada PUC in NPC's application related to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA").
- 109. Public Service Company of Oklahoma ("PSO") (Oklahoma), 2017 (Cause No. PUD 201700572)

 Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's application to examine the impacts of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA").
- 110. Empire District Electric Company ("EPE") (Oklahoma), 2018 (Cause No. PUD 201700471) –

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¹ The Northern Nevada Utility Consumers is a group of large commercial and industrial customers in the SPPC service territory.

Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") age 12 of 26 before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in Empire's application to add 800MW of wind. Sponsoring testimony to address the various ratemaking and tax issues.

- 111. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company ("OG&E"), (Oklahoma), 2018 (Cause No. PUD 201700496) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in OG&E's General Rate Case application. Sponsoring testimony to address the utility's overall revenue requirement and rate design proposals.
- 112. Public Service Company of Oklahoma ("PSO") (Oklahoma), 2017 (Cause No. PUD 201700276)

 Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's Wind Catcher case to provide testimony on various ratemaking and tax issues.
- 113. Southwestern Public Service Co. ("SPS") (Texas), 2017 (PUCT Docket No. 47527) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Alliance of Xcel Municipalities ("AXM") in the SPS general rate case application to provide testimony before the Texas Public Utility Commission regarding rate base and operating expense issues and sponsor the AXM Accounting Exhibits.
- 114. Southwestern Electric Power Company, ("SWEPCO") (Texas), 2017 (PUC Docket No. 47461) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Cities Advocating Reasonable Deregulation ("CARD Cities") before the Texas Public Utility Commission in SWEPCO's Wind Catcher case proceeding to provide testimony on various ratemaking and tax issues.
- 115. Atmos MidTex (Texas), 2017 (Docket No. 10640) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of Dallas before the Texas Railroad Commission in Atmos's Dallas Annual Rate Review ("DARR") proceeding. Sponsoring testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- 116. Avista Utilities (Washington), 2017 (Docket Nos. UE-170485/UG-170486) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Public Counsel in Avista's general rate case proceeding. Sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement issues and Avista's requested attrition adjustments.
- 117. Nevada Power Company (Nevada), 2017 (Docket No. 17-06003) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Hotel Group before the Nevada PUC in NPC's general rate case. Sponsored testimony on various revenue requirement, depreciation, and rate design issues.
- 118. Anchorage Municipal Light and Power (Alaska), 2017 (Docket No. U-17-008) Participated as an expert witness before the Regulatory Commission of Alaska on behalf of Providence Health and Services to provide testimony in ML&P's General Rate Case on various revenue requirement and rate design issues.
- 119. Public Service Company of Oklahoma (Oklahoma), 2017 (Cause No. PUD 201700151) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's general rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement and rate design issues.
- **120.** Oncor Electric Delivery Company (Texas), 2017 (PUC Docket No. 46957) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Steering Committee of Cities before the Texas Public Utility Commission in Oncor's General Rate Case proceeding to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- **121. EverSource (Massachusetts), 2017 (DPU Docket No. 17-05)** Participated as an expert witness before the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities EverSource's General Rate Case application

on behalf of Energy Freedom Coalition of America to provide testimony to address various revenue 13 of 26 requirement issues.

- 122. El Paso Electric Company (Texas), 2017 (PUC Docket No. 46831) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of El Paso before the Texas Public Utility Commission in El Paso's General Rate Case proceeding to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- **123. Atmos Pipeline Texas (Texas), 2017 (Docket No. 10580)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of Dallas before the Texas Railroad Commission in APT's General Rate Case application, sponsoring testimony to address various revenue requirement proposals.
- 124. Empire District Electric Company (Oklahoma), 2017 (Cause No. PUD 201600468) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in Empire's General Rate Case application. Sponsoring testimony to address the utility's overall revenue requirement and rate design proposals.
- **125.** Caesars Enterprise Service, LLC (Nevada), 2016 (704B Exit Application) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Caesars before the Nevada PUC. Sponsoring written and oral testimony in Caesar's application to purchase energy and capacity from a provider other than Nevada Power.
- **Southwestern Electric Power Company (Texas), 2016 (PUC Docket No. 46449)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Cities Advocating Reasonable Deregulation ("CARD Cities") before the Texas Public Utility Commission in SWEPCO's general rate case proceeding to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- 127. CenterPoint Texas, 2016 (Docket No. 10567) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of City of Houston before the Texas Railroad Commission in CenterPoint's general rate case application, sponsoring testimony to address the utility's overall revenue requirement and various rate design proposals.
- **128. Entergy Texas, Inc., 2016 (Docket No. 46357)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf Cities Served by Applicant before the Texas PUC in ETI's application to amend its Transmission Cost Recovery Factor.
- **129.** Anchorage Municipal Light and Power, 2016 (Docket No. U-16-060) Participated as an expert witness before the Regulatory Commission of Alaska on behalf of Providence Health and Services to provide testimony on the ratemaking treatment of ML&P's acquired interest in the Beluga River Unit gas field with ratepayer funds.
- **130.** Arizona Public Service Company, 2016 (Docket No. E-01345A-16-0036) Participated as an expert witness before the Arizona Corporation Commission in APS's General Rate Case application on behalf of Energy Freedom Coalition of America to provide written and oral testimony to address various revenue requirement issues.
- 131. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co. (Arkansas), 2016 (Docket No. 16-052-U Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Arkansas River Valley Energy Consumers ("ARVEC") before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in OG&E's general rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement, cost of service and rate design issues.
- **132. Sierra Pacific Power Company (Nevada), 2016 (Docket No. 16-06006)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Northern Nevada Utility Customers before the Nevada PUC in SPPC's

general rate case proceeding. Sponsored testimony on various revenue requirement, depreciation, and 26 rate design issues.

- **133.** Tucson Electric Power, 2016 (Docket No. E-01933A-15-0322) Participated as an expert witness before the Arizona Corporation Commission in TEP's General Rate Case application, on behalf of Energy Freedom Coalition of America providing written and oral testimony to address the utility's cost of service study and rate design proposals.
- 134. Texas Gas Service, 2016 (Docket No. 10506) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of El Paso before the Texas Railroad Commission in TGS's General Rate Case application, sponsoring testimony to address the utility's overall revenue requirement and various rate design proposals.
- 135. Texas Gas Service, 2016 (Docket No. 10488) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of South Jefferson County Service Area ("SJCSA") before the Texas Railroad Commission in TGS's General Rate Case application, sponsoring testimony to address the utility's overall revenue requirement and various rate design proposals.
- **136. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2016 (Cause No. PUD 201500273)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in OG&E's General Rate Case application. Sponsoring testimony to address the utility's overall revenue requirement and rate design proposals.
- 137. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company, 2016 (Cause No. PUD 201500273) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of The Alliance for Solar Choice ("TASC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission to address OG&E's proposed Distributed Generation ("DG") rates for solar DG customers.
- **138.** Anchorage Municipal Light and Power, 2016 (Docket No. U-13-097) Participated as an expert witness before the Regulatory Commission of Alaska on behalf of Providence Health and Services to provide testimony on rates and tariffs proposed for customer-owned combined heat and power plant generation.
- 139. Oklahoma Natural Gas Company, 2015 (Cause No. PUD 201500213) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in ONG's General Rate Case application. Sponsored testimony to address the utility's overall revenue requirement and rate design proposals.
- **140. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company, 2015 (Cause No. PUD 201500274)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of The Alliance for Solar Choice ("TASC") before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission to address OG&E's proposed Distributed Generation ("DG") rates for solar DG customers.
- 141. Nevada Power Company, 2015 (Docket No. 15-07004) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Hotel Group ("SNHG")² before the Nevada PUC. Sponsoring written and oral testimony in NPC's 2015 Integrated Resource Plan to provide analysis of the On Line transmission line allocation, the Siverhawk plant acquisition, and the Griffith contract termination.
- 142. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company, 2015 (Docket No. 15-034-U) Participated as an expert

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² The Southern Nevada Hotel Group is comprised of Boyd Gaming, Caesars Entertainment, MGM Resorts, Station Casinos, Venetian Casino Resort, and Wynn Las Vegas.

witness on behalf of the Arkansas River Valley Energy Consumers ("ARVEC") before the Arkansas Page 15 of 26 Public Service Commission in OG&E's Act 310 application to implement a rider to recover environmental compliance costs.

- **MGM Resorts, LLC, 2015** (Docket No. 15-05017) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM Resorts, LLC before the Nevada PUC. Sponsoring written and oral testimony in MGM's application to purchase energy and capacity from a provider other than Nevada Power.
- **144.** Entergy Arkansas, 2015 (Docket No. 15-015-U) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Hospital and Higher Education Group ("HHEG") an intervener group that includes the University of Arkansas and several hospitals before the Arkansas PSC in Entergy's general rate case to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- **Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2015 (Cause No. PUD 201500208)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's general rate case application to provide testimony on various cost-of-service issues and on the utility's overall revenue requirement and rate design proposals.
- 146. Nevada Power Company, 2014 (Docket No. 14-05003) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Hotel Group ("SNHG") before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony in NPC environmental compliance case, called the Emissions Reduction and Capacity Replacement case. The main focus of our testimony was our recommendation to eliminate the \$438M Moapa solar project from the compliance plan.
- 147. Nevada Power Company, 2014 (Docket No. 14-05004) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Hotel Group before the Nevada PUC to sponsor written and oral testimony in both the revenue requirement phase and the rate design phase of the proceedings to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates for the power company.
- 148. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co., 2014 (Cause No. PUD 201400229) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers ("OIEC") in OG&E's Environmental Compliance and Mustang Modernization Plan before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission to provide testimony addressing the economics and rate impacts of the plan.
- 149. Sourcegas Arkansas, Inc., 2014 (Docket No. 13-079-U) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Hospital and Higher Education Group ("HHEG"), an intervener group that includes the University of Arkansas and several hospitals before the Arkansas PSC in SGA's general rate case to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- **150.** Anchorage Municipal Light and Power, 2014 (Docket No. U-13-184) Participated as an expert witness before the Alaska Regulatory Utility Commission on behalf of Providence Health and Services to provide testimony on various revenue requirement and cost of service issues.
- **151. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2014 (Cause No. PUD 201300217)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's general rate case application to provide testimony on various cost-of-service issues and on the utility's overall revenue requirement and rate design proposals.
- 152. Entergy Texas Inc., 2013 (PUC Docket No. 41791) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of

the Cities³ in ETI's general rate case to provide testimony on various cost of service issues and on the Page 16 of 26 utility's overall revenue requirement.

- **MidAmerican/NV Energy Merger, 2013 (Docket No. 13-07021)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Hotel Group ("SNHG") before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored testimony to address various issues raised in the proposed acquisition of NV Energy by MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company, including capital structure and acquisition premium recovery issues.
- **154.** Entergy Arkansas, 2013 (Docket No. 13-028-U) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Hospital and Higher Education Group ("HHEG") an intervener group that includes the University of Arkansas and several hospitals before the Arkansas PSC in Entergy's general rate case to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- **Sierra Pacific Power Company, 2013 (Docket No. 13-06002)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Northern Nevada Utility Customers⁴ before the Nevada PUC in SPPC's general rate case proceeding to provide testimony on various cost of service and revenue requirement issues. Sponsored written and oral testimony in the depreciation phase, the revenue requirement phase and the rate design phase of these proceedings.
- **156. Gulf Power Company, 2013 (Docket No. 130140-EI)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Office of Public Counsel before the Florida Commission in Gulf Power's general rate case proceeding to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- **Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2013 (Cause No. PUD 201200054)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission ("OCC") to provide testimony in PSO's application seeking Commission approval of its settlement agreement with EPA.
- **Southwestern Electric Power Company, 2012 (PUC Docket No. 40443)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Cities Advocating Reasonable Deregulation ("CARD Cities") before the Texas Public Utility Commission in SWEPCO's general rate case proceeding to provide testimony on various cost of service issues and on the utility's overall revenue requirement.
- **159. Doyon Utilities, 2012 Alaska Rate Case** (Docket No. TA7-717) Participated as an expert witness consultant on behalf of the Department of Defense to provide expert testimony in twelve rate case reviews for the utility systems of Fort Wainwright, Fort Greely and Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson before the Regulatory Commission of Alaska.
- **160.** University of Oklahoma, 2012 Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the University of Oklahoma to provide expert testimony on various revenue requirement issues in the University's general rate case with the Corix Group, which provides utility services to the University.
- **161. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2012 (Cause No. PUD 201200079)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission to provide expert testimony addressing the utility's request to earn additional compensation on a 510MW purchased power agreement with Exelon.

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³ The Cities include Beaumont, Conroe, Groves, Houston, Huntsville, Orange, Navasota, Nederland, Pine Forest, Pinehurst, Port Arthur, Port Neches, Rose City, Shenandoah, Silsbee, Sour Lake, Vidor, and West Orange.

⁴ The Northern Nevada Utility Consumers is a group of large commercial and industrial customers in the SPPC service territory.

- **162.** Centerpoint Energy Texas Gas, 2012 (Docket No. GUD 10182) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Steering Committee of Cities before the Texas Railroad Commission to provide expert testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- **163.** Entergy Texas Inc., 2012 (PUC Docket No. 39896) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Cities in ETI's general rate case to provide testimony on various cost of service issues and on the utility's overall revenue requirement.
- **Oklahoma Natural Gas Company, 2012 (Cause No. PUD 2012-029)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in ONG's Performance Based Rate ("PBR") application seeking Commission approval of a requested rate increase based upon formula results for 2011.
- **165.** University of Oklahoma, 2012 Assisted the University of Oklahoma with an audit of the costs associated with its six utility operations and its contract with the Corix Group to provide utility services to the university.
- **Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2012 (Cause No. PUD 2011-186)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in OG&E's application seeking Commission approval of a special contract with Oklahoma State University and a wind energy purchase agreement in connection therewith.
- 167. Empire Electric Company, 2011, (Cause No. PUD 11-082) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Enbridge before the OCC in Empire's rate case to provided testimony in both the revenue requirement and rate design phases of the proceedings to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates for the power company.
- **168. Nevada Power Company, 2011, (Docket No. 11-04010)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Hotel Group ("SNHG") before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony to address proposed changes to the Company's customer deposit rules.
- **169. Nevada Power Company, 2011, (Docket No. 11-06006)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Hotel Group before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony in both the revenue requirement phase and the rate design phase of the proceedings to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates for the power company.
- 170. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2011 (Cause No. PUD 2011-106) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in PSO's application seeking rider recovery of third party SPP transmission costs and fees.
- 171. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2011 (Cause No. PUD 2011-087) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in OG&E's rate case to provided testimony in both the revenue requirement and rate design phases of the proceedings to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates for the power company.
- 172. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company, 2011 (Docket No. 10-109-U) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Gerdau Macsteel before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in OG&E's application to recover Smart Grid costs to make recommendations regarding the allocation of the Smart Grid costs.

- 173. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company, 2011 (Cause No. PUD 2011-027) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in OG&E's application seeking to include retiree medical expense in the Company's pension tracker mechanism.
- 174. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2011 (Cause No. PUD 2010-50) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in AEP/PSO's application to recover ice storm O&M expenses through a regulatory asset/rider mechanism to address tax impact and return issues in the proposed rider.
- 175. Public Service Company of Colorado, 2011 (Docket No. 10AL-908E) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Colorado Retail Council ("CRC") before the Colorado Public Utilities Commission providing written and live testimony to address PSCo's proposed Environmental Tariff.
- 176. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company, 2011 (Docket No. 10-067-U) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Northwest Arkansas Industrial Energy Consumers ("NWIEC")⁵ before the Arkansas Public Service Commission in OG&E's general rate case application to provide testimony on various revenue requirement, cost of service and rate design issues.
- 177. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company, 2010 (Cause No. PUD 2010-146) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in OG&E's application seeking rider recovery of third party SPP transmission costs and SPP administration fees.
- 178. Massachusetts Electric Co. & Nantucket Electric Co. d/b/a National Grid, 2010 (Docket No. DPU 10-54) Participated as an expert witness providing both written and live testimony before the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities on behalf of the Associated Industries of Massachusetts ("AIM") to address the Company's proposed participation in the 438MW Cape Wind project in Nantucket Sound.
- 179. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2010 (Cause No. PUD 2010-50) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in AEP/PSO's general rate case application to provide testimony on various cost-of-service issues and on the utility's overall revenue requirement and rate design proposals.
- **180. Texas-New Mexico Power Co., 2010 (Docket 38480)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Alliance of Texas Municipalities ("ATM") before the Texas PUC in TMNP's general rate case application to address various revenue requirement and rate design issues to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates.
- **181.** Southwestern Public Service Co., 2010 (PUCT Docket No. 38147) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Alliance of Xcel Municipalities ("AXM") in the SPS general rate case application to provide testimony before the Texas Public Utility Commission regarding rate base and operating expense issues and sponsor the AXM Accounting Exhibits.
- **182.** Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company, 2010 (Cause No. PUD 2010-37) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC to address the preapproval and ratemaking treatment of OG&E's 220MW self-build wind project.
- **183.** Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company, 2010 (Cause No. PUD 2010-29) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in OG&E's application seeking pre-approval of

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⁵ NWIEC is an association of industrial manufacturing facilities in northwest Arkansas.

deployment of smart-grid technology and rider-recovery of the associated costs. Sponsored written Page 19 of 26 testimony to address smart-grid deployment and time-differentiated fuel rates.

- **Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2010 (Cause No. PUD 2010-01)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in the Company's proposed Green Energy Choice Tariff. Sponsored testimony to address the pricing and ratemaking treatment of the Company's proposed wind subscription tariff.
- **185.** Nevada Power Company, 2010 (Docket No. 10-02009) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Hotel Group ("SNHG") before the Nevada PUC to provide testimony in NPC's Internal Resource Plan to address the ratemaking treatment of the proposed ON Line transmission line.
- **186.** Entergy Texas Inc., 2010 (PUC Docket No. 37744) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Cities in ETI's general rate case to provide testimony on various cost of service issues and on the utility's overall revenue requirement.
- **187.** El Paso Electric Company, 2010 (PUC Docket No. 37690) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the City of El Paso in the EPI general rate case to provide testimony on various cost of service issues and on the utility's overall revenue requirement.
- **Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2009 (Cause No. 09-196)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in PSO's application for approval of DSM programs and cost recovery. Sponsored testimony to address program costs, lost revenue recovery, cost allocations and incentives.
- 189. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2009 (Cause No. PUD 09-230 and 09-231) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in OG&E's application to add wind resources from two purchased power contracts. Sponsored written testimony to address the proper ratemaking treatment of the contract costs and the renewable energy certificates.
- 190. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2009 (Cause No. PUD 08-398) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in OG&E's rate case. Provided testimony in both the revenue requirement and rate design phases of the proceedings to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates for the power company.
- 191. Nevada Power Company, 2009, (Docket No. 08-12002) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Southern Nevada Hotel Group before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony in both the revenue requirement phase and the rate design phase of the proceedings to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates for the power company.
- 192. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2009 (Cause No. 09-031) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in PSO's application to add wind resources from two purchased power contracts. Sponsored written testimony to address the proper ratemaking treatment of the contract costs and the renewable energy certificates.
- 193. Oklahoma Natural Gas Co., 2009 (Cause No. PUD 08-348) Participated as an expert witness on witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in ONG's application to establish a Performance Based Rate tariff. Sponsored both written and oral testimony to address the merits of the utility's proposed PBR.

- 194. Rocky Mountain Power, 2009 (Docket No. 08-035-38) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Division of Public Utilities (Staff) in PacifiCorp's general rate case to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- 195. Texas-New Mexico Power Co., 2008 (Docket 36025) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Alliance of Texas Municipalities ("ATM") before the Texas PUC in TMNP's general rate case application to address various revenue requirement and rate design issues to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates.
- 196. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2008 (Cause No. 08-144) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in PSO's general rate case application to address revenue requirement and rate design issues to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates.
- 197. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2008 (Cause No. 08-150) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC to address PSO's calculation of its Fuel Clause Adjustment for 2008.
- 198. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2008 (Cause No. PUD 08-059) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in OG&E's application seeking authorization of its Demand Side Management ("DSM") programs and the establishment of a DSM Rider to recover program costs, lost revenues and utility incentives.
- 199. Entergy Gulf States, 2008 (PUC Docket No. 34800, SOAH Docket No. 473-08-0334) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Cities in EGSI's general rate case to provide testimony on various cost of service issues and on the utility's overall revenue requirement.
- **200.** Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2008 (Cause No. 07-465) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in PSO's application to recover the pre-construction costs of the cancelled Red Rock coal generation facility.
- **201. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 2008 (Cause No. 07-447)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in OG&E's application seeking authorization to recover the pre-construction costs of the cancelled Red Rock coal generation facility using proceeds from sales of excess SO₂ allowances.
- **202. Rocky Mountain Power, 2008 (Docket No. 07-035-93)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Division of Public Utilities (Staff) in PacifiCorp's general rate case to provide testimony on various revenue requirement issues.
- **203. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2008 (Cause No. PUD 07-449)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in PSO's application seeking authorization of its Demand Side Management ("DSM") programs and the establishment of a DSM Rider to recover program costs, lost revenues and utility incentives.
- **204. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2008 (Cause No. PUD 07-397)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in PSO's application seeking authorization to defer storm damage costs in a regulatory asset account and to recover the costs using the proceeds from sales of excess SO₂ allowances.
- **205. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co., 2007 (Cause No. PUD 07-012)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of OIEC before the OCC in OG&E's application seeking pre-approval to construct the Red

Rock coal plant to address the Company's proposed rider recovery mechanism.

- **206. Oklahoma Natural Gas Co., 2007 (Cause No. PUD 07-335)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in ONG's application proposing alternative cost recovery for the Company's ongoing capital expenditures through the proposed Capital Investment Mechanism Rider ("CIM Rider"). Sponsored testimony to address ONG's proposal.
- **207. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2007 (Cause No. PUD 06-030)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in PSO's application seeking a used and useful determination for its planned addition of the Red Rock coal plant to address the Company's use of debt equivalency in the competitive bidding process for new resources.
- **208. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2006 (Cause No. PUD 06-285)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in PSO's general rate case application to address various revenue requirement and rate design issues to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates.
- **209. Nevada Power Company, 2007, (Docket No. 07-01022)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM MIRAGE before the Nevada PUC in Nevada Power Company's deferred energy docket to determine the level of prudent company expenditures for fuel and purchased power.
- 210. Nevada Power Company, 2006, (Docket No. 06-11022) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM MIRAGE properties before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony in both the revenue requirement phase and the rate design phase of the proceedings to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates for the power company.
- 211. Southwestern Public Service Co., 2006 (PUCT Docket No. 37766) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Alliance of Xcel Municipalities ("AXM") in the SPS general rate case application. Provided testimony before the Texas Public Utility Commission regarding rate base and operating expense issues and sponsored the Accounting Exhibits on behalf of AXM.
- 212. Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-Tex Division, 2006 (Texas GUD 9676) Participated as an expert witness in the Atmos Mid-Tex general rate case application on behalf of the Atmos Texas Municipalities ("ATM"). Provided written and oral testimony before the Railroad Commission of Texas regarding the revenue requirements of Mid-Tex including various rate base, operating expense, depreciation and tax issues. Sponsored the Accounting Exhibits for ATM.
- 213. Nevada Power Company, 2006 (Docket No. 06-06007) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM MIRAGE in the Sinatra Substation Electric Line Extension and Service Contract case. Provided both written and oral testimony before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to provide the Commission with information as to why the application is consistent with the line extension requirements of Rule 9 and why the cost recovery proposals set forth in the application provide a least cost approach to adding necessary new capacity in the Las Vegas strip area.
- **Public Service Co. of Oklahoma, 2006 (Cause No. PUD 05-00516) -** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC to review PSO's application for a "used and useful" determination of its proposed peaking facility.
- **Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co., 2006 (Cause No. PUD 06-00041)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC in OG&E's application to propose an incentive sharing mechanism for SO₂ allowance proceeds.

- 216. Chermac Energy Corporation, 2006 (Cause No. PUD 05-00059 and 05-00177) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC in Chermac's PURPA application. Sponsored written responsive and rebuttal testimony to address various rate design issues arising under the application.
- **217. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co., 2006 (Cause No. PUD 05-00140)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC in OG&E's 2003 and 2004 Fuel Clause reviews. Sponsored written testimony to address the purchasing practices of the Company, its transactions with affiliates, and the prices paid for natural gas, coal and purchased power.
- **218. Nevada Power Company, 2006, (Docket No. 06-01016)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM MIRAGE properties before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written testimony in NPC's deferred energy docket to determine the level of prudent company expenditures for fuel and purchased power.
- **219. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co., 2005 (Cause No. PUD 05-151)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC in OG&E's general rate case application. Sponsored both written and oral testimony before the OCC to address various revenue requirement and rate design issues for the purpose of setting prospective cost-of-service based rates.
- **220. Oklahoma Natural Gas Co., 2005 (Cause No. PUD 04-610)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Attorney General of Oklahoma. Sponsored written and oral testimony to address numerous rate base, operating expense and depreciation issues for the purpose of setting prospective cost-of-service based rates.
- **221. CenterPoint Energy Arkla, 2004 (Cause No. PUD 04-0187)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Attorney General of Oklahoma: Sponsored written testimony to provide the OCC with analysis from an accounting and ratemaking perspective of the Co.'s proposed change in depreciation rates from an Average Life Group to an Equal Life Group methodology. Addressed the Co.'s proposed increase in depreciation rates associated with increased negative salvage value calculations.
- **Public Service Co. of Oklahoma, 2004 (Cause No. PUD 02-0754)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC. Sponsored written testimony (1) making adjustments to PSO's requested recovery of an ICR programming error, (2) correcting errors in the allocation of trading margins on off-system sales of electricity from AEP East to West and among the AEP West utilities and (3) recommending an annual rather than a quarterly change in the FAC rates.
- **223. PowerSmith Cogeneration Project, 2004 (Cause No. PUD 03-0564)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC to provide the OCC with direction in setting an avoided cost for the PowerSmith Cogeneration project under PURPA requirements. Provided both written and oral testimony on the provisions of the proposed contract under PURPA:
- **224.** Electric Utility Rules for Affiliate Transactions, 2004 (Cause No. RM 03-0003) Participated as a consultant on behalf of the OIEC to draft comments to assist the OCC in developing rules for affiliate transactions. Assisted in drafting the proposed rules. Successful in having the Lower of Cost or Market rule adopted for affiliate transactions in Oklahoma.
- **225. Nevada Power Company, 2003, (Docket No. 03-10001)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM MIRAGE properties before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony in both the revenue requirement phase and the rate design phase of the proceedings to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates for the power company.

- **226. Nevada Power Company, 2003, (Docket No. 03-11019)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM MIRAGE before the Nevada PUC in Nevada Power Company's deferred energy docket to determine the level of prudent company expenditures for fuel and purchased power.
- **Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 2003 (Cause No. PUD 03-0076)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC in PSO's general rate case application to address various revenue requirement and rate design issues to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates.
- **228. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co., 2003 (Cause No. PUD 03-0226)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC. Provided both written and oral testimony before the OCC to determine the appropriate level to include in rates for natural gas transportation and storage services acquired from an affiliated company.
- **229. Nevada Power Company, 2003 (Docket No. 02-5003-5007)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM Mirage before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony to calculate the appropriate exit fee in MGM Mirage's 661 Application to leave the system.
- **230. McCarthy Family Farms, 2003** Participated as a consultant to assist McCarthy Family Farms in converting a biomass and biosolids composting process into a renewable energy power producing business in California.
- 231. Bice v. Petro Hunt, 2003 (ND, Supreme Court No. 20030306) Participated as an expert witness in a class certification proceeding to provide cost-of-service calculations for royalty valuation deductions for natural gas gathering, dehydration, compression, treatment and processing fees in North Dakota.
- 232. Nevada Power Company, 2003 (Docket No. 03-11019) Participated as a consulting expert on behalf of the MGM Mirage before the Nevada PUC in Nevada Power Company's deferred energy docket to determine the level of prudent company expenditures for fuel and purchased power. Provided written and oral testimony on the reasonableness of the cost allocations to the utility's various customer classes.
- **233. Wind River Reservation, 2003 (Fed. Claims Ct. No. 458-79L, 459-79L)** Participated as a consulting expert on behalf of the Shoshone and Arapaho Tribes to provide cost-of-service calculations for royalty valuation deductions for gathering, dehydration, treatment and compression of natural gas and the reasonableness of deductions for gas transportation.
- **234. Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co., 2002 (Cause No. PUD 01-0455)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC. Sponsored written and oral testimony on numerous revenue requirement issues including rate base, operating expense and rate design issues to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates.
- 235. Nevada Power Company, 2002 (Docket No. 02-11021) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM Mirage before the Nevada PUC in Nevada Power Company's deferred energy docket to determine the level of prudent company expenditures for fuel and purchased power and to make recommendations with respect to rate design.
- **Nevada Power Company, 2002 (Docket No. 01-11029)** Participated as a consulting expert on behalf of the MGM Mirage before the Nevada PUC in Nevada Power Company's deferred energy

docket to determine the level of prudent company expenditures for fuel and purchased power 24 of 26 included in the Company's \$928 million deferred energy balances.

- 237. Nevada Power Company, 2002 (Docket No. 01-10001) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM Mirage before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony in both the revenue requirement phase and the rate design phase of the proceedings to establish prospective cost-of-service based rates for the power company.
- 238. Chesapeake v. Kinder Morgan, 2001 (CIV-00-397L) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of Chesapeake Energy in a gas gathering dispute. Sponsored testimony to calculate and support a reasonable rate on the gas gathering system. Performed necessary calculations to determine appropriate levels of operating expense, depreciation and cost of capital to include in a reasonable gathering charge and developed an appropriate rate design to recover these costs.
- **239. Southern Union Gas Company, 2001** Participated as a consultant to the City of El Paso in its review of SUG's gas purchasing practices, gas storage position, and potential use of financial hedging instruments and ratemaking incentives to devise strategies to help shelter customers from the risk of high commodity price spikes during the winter months.
- **240. Nevada Power Company, 2001** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the MGM-Mirage, Park Place and Mandalay Bay Group before the Nevada Public Utility Commission to review NPC's Comprehensive Energy Plan (CEP) for the State of Nevada and make recommendations regarding the appropriate level of additional costs to include in rates for the Company's prospective power costs associated with natural gas and gas transportation, coal and coal transportation and purchased power.
- 241. Bridenstine v. Kaiser-Francis Oil Co. et al., 2001 (CJ-95-54) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of royalty owner plaintiffs in a valuation dispute regarding gathering, dehydration, metering, compression, and marketing costs. Provided cost-of-service calculations to determine the reasonableness of the gathering rate charged to the royalty interest. Also provided calculations as to the average price available in the field based upon a study of royalty payments received on other wells in the area.
- **242. Klatt v. Hunt et al., 2000 (ND)** Participated as an expert witness and filed report in United States District Court for the District of North Dakota in a natural gas gathering contract dispute to calculate charges and allocations for processing, sour gas compression, treatment, overhead, depreciation expense, use of residue gas, purchase price allocations, and risk capital.
- **243. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co., 2000 (Cause No. PUD 00-0020)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC. Sponsored testimony on OG&E's proposed Generation Efficiency Performance Rider (GEPR). Provided a list of criteria with which to measure a utility's proposal for alternative ratemaking. Recommended modifications to the Company's proposed GEPR to bring it within the boundaries of an acceptable alternative ratemaking formula.
- **Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co., 1999** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the OIEC before the OCC. Sponsored testimony on OG&E's proposed Performance Based Ratemaking (PBR) proposal including analysis of the Company's regulated return on equity, fluctuations in the capital investment and operating expense accounts of the Company and the impact that various rate base, operating expense and cost of capital adjustments would have on the Company's proposal.
- **Nevada Power Company, 1999 (Docket No. 99-7035)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Mirage, Park Place and Mandalay Bay Group before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and

oral testimony addressing the appropriate ratemaking treatment of the Company's deferred energy 25 of 26 balances, prospective power costs for natural gas, coal and purchased power and deferred capacity payments for purchased power.

- **246. Nevada Power Company, 1999 (Docket No. 99-4005)** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Mirage, Park Place and Mandalay Bay Group before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony to unbundle the utility services of the NPC and to establish the appropriate cost-of-service allocations and rate design for the utility in Nevada's new competitive electric utility industry.
- **247. Nevada Power Company, 1999 (Docket No. 99-4005) -** Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Mirage, Park Place and Mandalay Bay Group before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony to establish the cost-of-service revenue requirement of the Company.
- 248. Nevada Power/Sierra Pacific Merger, 1998 (Docket No. 98-7023) Participated as an expert witness on behalf of the Mirage and MGM Grand before the Nevada PUC. Sponsored written and oral testimony to establish (1) appropriate conditions on the merger (2) the proper sequence of regulatory events to unbundle utility services and deregulate the electric utility industry in Nevada (3) the proper accounting treatment of the acquisition premium and the gain on divestiture of generation assets. The recommendations regarding conditions on the merger, the sequence of regulatory events to unbundle and deregulate, and the accounting treatment of the acquisition premium were specifically adopted in the Commission's final order.
- **249. Oklahoma Natural Gas Company, 1998 (Cause No. PUD 98-0177)** Participated as an expert witness in ONG's unbundling proceedings before the OCC. Sponsored written and oral testimony on behalf of Transok, LLC to establish the cost of ONG's unbundled upstream gas services. Substantially all of the cost-of-service recommendations to unbundle ONG's gas services were adopted in the Commission's interim order.
- **250. Public Service Company of Oklahoma, 1997 (Cause No. PUD 96-0214) -** Audited both rate base investment and operating revenue and expense to determine the Company's revenue requirement and cost-of-service. Sponsored written testimony before the OCC on behalf of the OIEC.
- 251. Oklahoma Natural Gas /Western Resources Merger, 1997 (Cause No. PUD 97-0106) Sponsored testimony on behalf of the OIEC regarding the appropriate accounting treatment of acquisition premiums resulting from the purchase of regulated assets.
- **Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co., 1996 (Cause No. PUD 96-0116)** Audited both rate base investment and operating income. Sponsored testimony on behalf of the OIEC for the purpose of determining the Company's revenue requirement and cost-of-service allocations.
- **253. Oklahoma Corporation Commission, 1996** Provided technical assistance to Commissioner Anthony's office in analyzing gas contracts and related legal proceedings involving ONG and certain of its gas supply contracts. Assignment included comparison of pricing terms of subject gas contracts to portfolio of gas contracts and other data obtained through annual fuel audits analyzing ONG's gas purchasing practices.
- **254. Tenkiller Water Company, 1996 -** Provided technical assistance to the Attorney General of Oklahoma in his review of the Company's regulated cost-of-service for the purpose of setting prospective utility rates.
- 255. Arkansas Oklahoma Gas Company, 1995 (Cause No. PUD 95-0134) Sponsored written and oral

testimony before the OCC on behalf of the Attorney General of Oklahoma regarding the price of 26 natural gas on AOG's system and the impact of AOG's proposed cost of gas allocations and gas transportation rates and tariffs on AOG's various customer classes.

- **256.** Enogex, Inc., 1995 (FERC 95-10-000) Analyzed Enogex's application before the FERC to increase gas transportation rates for the Oklahoma Independent Petroleum Association and made recommendations regarding revenue requirement, cost-of-service and rate design on behalf of independent producers and shippers.
- **257. Oklahoma Natural Gas Company, 1995 (Cause No. PUD 94-0477)** Analyzed a portfolio of ONG's gas purchase contracts in the Company's Payment-In-Kind (PIC) gas purchase program and made recommendations to the OCC Staff on behalf of Terra Nitrogen, Inc. regarding the inappropriate profits made by ONG on the sale of the gas commodity through the PIC program pricing formula. Also analyzed the price of gas on ONG's system, ONG's cost-of-service based rates, and certain class cross-subsidizations in ONG's existing rate design.
- **258. Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company, 1994 (Cause No. PUD 94-0354)** Planned and supervised the rate case audit for the OCC Staff and reviewed the workpapers and testimony of the other auditors on the case. Sponsored cost-of-service testimony on cash working capital and developed policy recommendations on post test year adjustments.
- **Empire District Electric Company, 1994 (Cause No. PUD 94-0343) -** Planned and supervised the rate case audit for the OCC Staff and reviewed the workpapers and testimony of other auditors. Sponsored cost-of-service testimony on rate base investment areas including cash working capital.
- **260. Oklahoma Natural Gas Company, 1992 through 1993 (Cause No. PUD 92-1190) -** Planned and supervised the rate case audit of ONG for the OCC Staff. Reviewed all workpapers and testimony of the other auditors on the case. Sponsored written and oral testimony on numerous cost-of-service adjustments. Analyzed ONG's gas supply contracts under the Company's PIC program.
- 261. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, 1991 through 1992 (Cause No. PUD 91-1055) Audited the rate base, operating revenue and operating expense accounts of OG&E on behalf of the OCC Staff. Sponsored written and oral testimony on numerous revenue requirement adjustments to establish the appropriate level of costs to include for the purpose of setting prospective rates.

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
Office of Utility Consumer Counsel (OUCC) Summary of Recommendations
URC Cause No. 46038; Test Year Ending December 31, 2025

Exhibit MEG-2

Exhibit MEG-2

(\$ Thousands)

Line	Description		Witness	Reference		Rate Base	Pre-Tax ROR		Rate Increase
1	Requested Amounts			Exh. 26, RR1	ç	12,482,080	(Note 1) 8.7290%	\$	543,166
2	Less: Present Tracker Revenue			Exh. 26, RR1	T)	12,402,000	0.727070	J	17,281
3	Plus: Proposed Tracker Revenue			Exh. 26, RR1					(34,347)
4	Base Rate Deficiency after Trackers			Exh. 26, RR1				\$	491,538
5	OUCC Rate Base Adjustments								
6	Depreciation Reservo		M. Garrett	MEG-2.3		127,790	8.7290%		11,155
7	Regulatory Assets from Gallagher Closure		Eckert	MEG-2.11		(7,600)	8.7290%		(663)
8	Cayuga Restricted Waste Site II, Landfill Cell 3		Annstrong	MEG-2.11		(1,894)	8.7290%		(165)
9	Total OUCC Rate Base Adjustments				\$	118,296		\$	10,326
10	OUCC Cost of Capital Adjustments								
11	Return on Equity	9.00%	D. Garrett	MEG-2.13	\$	12,600,376	-0.8702%		(109,648)
12	Total OUCC Cost of Capital Adjustments							\$	(109,648)
13	OUCC Operating Income Adjustments								
14	Incentive Compensation		M. Garrett	MEG-2.4				\$	(15,451)
15	Storm Dainages		Sanka	MEG-2.4					(6,466)
16	Industry Association Dues		M. Garrett	MEG-2.4					(197)
17	Investor Relations Expense		M. Garrett	MEG-2.4					(232)
18	Board of Directors Compensation		M. Garrett	MEG-2.4					(293)
19	Other Post Retirement Benefits		M. Garrett	MEG-2.4					(5,348)
20	Revenue Rate Migration Adjustment		Hanks	MEG-2.4					(2,546)
21	Payment Navigators Program		Hanks	MEG-2.4					(320)
22	Credit Card Fees		Latham	MEG-2.4					(2,377)
23	Restructuring Costs		Latham	MEG-2.4					
24	CCR Disposal Confidential		Armstrong	MEG-2.4					
25	Depreciation Expense		D. Garrett	MEG-2.4					
26	Amortization of Regulatory Assets		Eckert	MEG-2.4					
27	Fuel Cost		Eckert	MEG-2.4					
28	Total OUCC Operating Income Adjustments							\$	(207,526)
29	Total OUCC Adjustments							_\$_	(306,848)
30	OUCC Adjusted Revenue Requirement Increase								184,690

Note	Note I Pre-Tax Rate of Return calculation:			m	Pre-Tax Factor	Pre-Tax Return		
		(Exh. 26, RR1)	6.52%	*	1.33880	=	8.72898%	
Note	2 Highlighted Cells Reference Confidential Information							

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC Exhibit MEG-2.1

OUCC - Determination of Revenue Increase/(Decrease)

IURC Cause No. 46038; For the Test Year Ending December 31, 2025
(\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	Reference	I	Amounts per Petitioner at resent Rates	, F	Amount Per OUCC
1	Recommended Rate Base	Note 1	\$	12,482,080	\$	12,600,376
2	Required Rate of Return			6.52%	_	5.87%
3	Net Operating Income Required		\$	813,832	\$	739,642
4	Net Operating Income at Present Rates			408,121	_	563,130
5	Net Income Surplus/(Deficiency)		\$	405,711	\$	176,512
6	Revenue Multiplier	Note 2		1.3388	_	1.3388
7	Base Rate Revenue Increase		\$	543,166	\$	236,314
8	Less: Present Revenue for Ongoing Trackers			17,281		17,281
9	Plus: Proposed Revenue from Ongoing Trackers			(34,347)	_	(34,347)
10	Total Rate Change Before Phase-In Credit		\$	491,538	\$	184,686
11	Pro Forma Revenue at Present Rates		\$	3,016,950	\$	3,019,481
12	Present Revenue from Ongoing Trackers		_	17,281	_	17,281
13	Pro Forma Revenues at Present Rates Plus Trackers		\$	3,034,231	\$	3,036,762
14	Percent Increase			16.20%	_	6.08%

Note 1 See MEG-2.3 RB Sum, line 30.

Note 2 From 46038_DEI_Petitioner's Exhibit 26 - Revenue Requirement Model_040424.xlsx, tab RR2 - Revenue Conversion, Line 7, column C.

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
OUCC - Jurisdictional Electric Operating Income
IURC Cause No. 46038; For the Test Year Ending December 31, 2025
(\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	A	Petitioner Amounts at esent Rates	A	OUCC djustments	OUCC Amounts at Proposed	Revenue Increase/ Decrease		Increase/ After Decrease Increase	
			(A)		(B)	 C)=(A)+(B)		(D)		(E)
1	Operating Revenues	\$	3,016,950	\$	2,531	\$ 3,019,481	\$	236,314	\$	3,255,795
2	Operating Expenses:									
3	Operation & Maintenance Expenses	\$	1,520,666	\$	(78,408)	\$ 1,442,258	\$	1,009	\$	1,443,267
4	Depreciation & Amortization Expense		967,291		(125,384)	841,907				841,907
5	Taxes - Other than Income Taxes		74,799		-	 74,799		357		75,156
6	Total Operating Expenses Other Than									
7	Income Taxes		2,562,756		(203,792)	 2,358,964	\$	1,366	\$	2,360,329
8	Net Operating Income Before Income Taxes	\$	454,194	\$	206,324	\$ 660,518	\$	234,948	\$	895,466
9	Income Taxes									
10	Current Federal Income Taxes	\$	125,647	\$	41,205	\$ 166,852	\$	46,921	\$	213,773
11	Current State Income Taxes		1,864		10,110	11,974		11,512		23,486
12	Deferred Federal Income Taxes		(84,555)		-	(84,555)				(84,555)
13	Deferred State Income Taxes		3,233		-	3,233				3,233
14	Investment Tax Credits		(116)		-	 (116)				(116)
15	Total Income Taxes	\$	46,073	\$	51,315	\$ 97,388	\$	58,434	\$	155,822
16	Net Utility Operating Income		408,121	\$	155,009	\$ 563,130	<u>\$</u>	176,514	\$	739,644

IURC Cause No. 46038; For the Test Year Ending December 31, 2025

(\$ Thousands)

(3 Thou	Description	Reference		ec. 31, 2025 Balance As Adjusted		OUCC justments	OL	ec. 31, 2025 JCC Balance as Adjusted
				(A)		(B)		(C)
1	Net Utility Plant In-Service:	Note 1						
2	Production Plant (incl. Acquisition Adjustment)							
3	Plant In-Service	Note 2	S	9,058,998	S	(1,894)	S	9,057,104
4	Depreciation Reserve	Note 3		(5,068,793)		97,953		(4,970,840)
5	Net Book Value		S	3,990,205	\$	96,059	\$	4,086,264
6	Transmission Plant							
7	Plant In-Service		S	2,885,631			S	2,885,631
8	Depreciation Reserve	Note 3		(351,583)		4,678		(346,905)
9	Net Book Value			2,534,048		4,678		2,538,726
10	Distribution Plant							
11	Plant In-Service			5,514,720				5,514,720
12	Depreciation Reserve	Note 3		(1,450,863)		24,758		(1,426,105)
13	Net Book Value			4,063,857		24,758		4,088,615
14	General Plant							
15	Plant In-Service			810,533				810,533
16	Depreciation Reserve	Note 3		(269,941)		401		(269,540)
17	Net Book Value			540,592		401		540,993
18	Intangible Plant							
19	Plant In-Service			368,847				368,847
20	Depreciation Reserve			(260,444)				(260,444)
21	Net Book Value			108,403		•		108,403
22	Total Net Utility Plant In-Service							
23	Plant In-Service			18,638,731		(1,894)		18,636,836
24	Depreciation Reserve			(7,401,626)		127,790		(7,273,836)
25	Net Book Value			11,237,105		125,896		11,363,001
26	Fuel Stock Inventory			130,594				130,594
27	Regulatory Assets	Note 4		529,750		(7,600)		522,150
28	Materials and Supplies	Note 5		363,176				363,176
29	Prepaid Pension Costs		-	221,455	-			221,455
30	Total Utility Rate Base		\$	12,482,080	\$	118,296	S	12,600,376

Exhibit MEG-2.3

Note 1 DEI December 31, 2025 Amounts from RB1 - Summary, column E.

Note 2 Adjustments from Exhibit MEG-2.11, lines 4 and 5.

Note 3 Adjustment from Exhibit MEG-2.19(S1).

Note 4 Adjustment from Exhibit MEG-2.11, line 3.

Duke Energy Indiana, I.F.C

OUCC - Adjustments to Net Income

1URC Cause No. 46038; For the Test Year Ending December 31, 2025 (\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	Reference	R	evenues	O&M Expenses	Depreciation Expense	Taxes Other Than Income	Current Federal Income Tax		State	Deferred Federal Income Tax	Deferred State come Tax		estment Tax redits	Net Operating Income	Indiana Retail Factor (Note 2)	Revenue Requirement Impact
1	Net Income per Petitioner (Note 1)	Note 1	\$ 3.	016,950	\$ 1,520,666	\$ 967,291	S 74.799	\$ 125,647	S	1,864	\$ (84,555)	\$ 3,233	\$	(116)	\$ 408,121	(Note 2)	
2	OUCC Adjustments																
3	Incentive Compensation	MEG-2.5			(16,900)			3,375		828					\$ 12,697	0.90893	\$ (15,451)
4	Storm Damages	MEG-2.6			(6,429)			1,284		315					4,830	1.00000	(6,466)
5	Industry Association Dues	MEG-2,7			(215)			43		11					162	0.90893	(197)
6	Investor Relations Expense	MEG-2.8			(254)			51		12					190	0.90893	(232)
7	Board of Directors Compensation	MEG-2.9			(320)			64		16					240	0.90893	(293)
8	Other Post Retirement Benefits	MEG-2.10			(5.850)			1,168		287					4,395	0.90893	(5,348)
9	Revenue Rate Migration Adjustment	MEG-2.11		2,531				506		124					1,902	00000.1	(2.546)
10	Payment Navigators Program	MEG-2.11			(350)			70		17					263	0.90893	(320)
11	Credit Card Fees	MEG-2.11			(2,600)			519		127					1,953	0.90893	(2,377)
12	Restructuring Costs	MEG-2.11														0.90893	
13	CCR Disposal	MEG-2.11														0.90893	
14	Depreciation Rate Adjustment Expense	MEG-2.11				(128,342)		25,631		6,289					96,422	0.96138	(124,104)
15	Amortization of Regulatory Assets	MEG-2.11				(2.079)		415		102					1,562	0.96138	(2,011)
16	Fuel Cost	MEG-2.11														0.90893	
17	Total OUCC Adjustments		S	2.531	\$ (85,620)	\$ (130,421)	S -	\$ 43,651	\$	10,710	S -	\$ -	S	-	\$ 164,211		\$ (207,526)
18	Jurisdictional Factor			000000.1	0.908931	0.961378	0.975737										
19	OUCC Jurisdictional Adjustment		s	2,531	\$ (78,408)	\$ (125,384)	\$ -	41,205		10,110					155,009		(207,526)
20	OUCC Adjusted Net Income		\$ 3	,019,481	\$ 1,442,258	\$ 841,907	\$ 74,799	\$ 166,852	\$	11,974	\$ (84,555)	\$ 3,233	S	(116)	\$ 563,130		

Note 1 From 46038_DEI Petitioner's Exhibit 26 - Revenue Requirement Model_040424.xlsx, tab OPIN1 - Juris Oper Inc, column A,

Note 2 From 46038 DEL Petitioner's Exhibit 26 - Revenue Requirement Model_040424.xlsx, tab OPINI - Juris Oper Inc, column A divided by item amounts from tab OPIN3 - total comp Oper Inc, column E, lines 21, 25, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35, and 36.

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
OUCC - Incentive Compensation Expense
IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025
(\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	Reference		ort-Term entive Plan O&M	1	formance Awards O&M	Sto	estricted ock Units O&M		Total O&M
1	STI O&M Expense 12 Months Ended August 31, 2023	Note 1	\$	15,728	\$	3,541	\$	4,400	Jnits M 4,400 \$ 19% 55% \$ 5,284 \$ 793 \$ 5,284	23,669
2	STI O&M Expense 12 Months Ended August 31, 2023 (Percentage)			66%		15%		19%		100%
3	LTI Percentages 12 Months Ended August 31, 2023					45%		55%		100%
4	2025 LTI	Note 2							\$	9,537
5	2025 LTI Distributed Based on 2023 Results		_		\$	4,253	\$	5,284	\$	9,537
6	2025 STI	Note 3	\$	20,022						
7	Less: 2025 Union Incentive Compensation	Note 4		2,222						
8	2025 Non-Union STI		\$	17,800						17,800
9	Ratepayer (Non-Financial) Plan Metrics Percentages	Note 5		50%		7.50%		15.0%		
10	Ratepayer Non-Union Incentives		\$	8,900	\$	744	\$	793	\$	10,437
11	2025 Union Incentives			2,222					_	2,222
12	OUCC Recommended Test Year Incentive Compensation Expense		\$	11,122	\$	744	\$	793	\$	12,659
13	Company's Requested Incentive Compensation Expense	•	\$	20,022	\$	4,253	\$	5,284		29,559
14	OUCC Adjustment Amount		\$	(8,900)	\$	(3,509)		(4,492)	\$	(16,900)

Note 1 Response to OUCC 19.5, Performance Awards and Restricted Units from Attachment OUCC 19.3-A.xlsx

Note 2 Attachment to OUCC 19.10-A.xlsx, total of cells E4 - P4.

Note 3 Attachment to OUCC 19.10-A.xlsx, total of cells E3 - P3.

Note 4 Response to OUCC 3.06.

Note 5 Direct Testimony of Shannon A. Caldwell, (STI) p. 16, Table I (excluding EPS) 7 1.2 of O&M, PUs p. 25, Table 2 TICR, RSUs p. 27, Table 3 TICR.

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC OUCC - Storm Expense IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025 (\$ Thousands)

	D	D - S			_	stment for		ounts for nalization
Line 1	Description Distribution	Reference	/	Amount	Lar	ge Storm	INOIL	lanzation
2	2019	Note 1	S	14,681			\$	14,681
3	2020	Note I	3	9,019			J	9,019
4	2021	Note I		6,457				6,457
5	2022	Note I		4,781				4,781
6	2022	Notes 1, 2		39,993		(39,993)		7,701
7	Adjusted Five Year Average	Notes 1, 2		37,773		(57,775)	S	8,735
							-	
8	Distribution Storm Allocation	Percent	OUG	CC Amount		[Amount	Ad	ustment
9		(Note 3)				Note 4)		
10	Distribution Related	94.54%	S	8,258	S	14,168	S	(5,910)
11	Transmission Related	0.00%		-		-		-
12	Fringe Benefits	4.25%		371		637		(266)
13	Payroll Taxes	1.21%		106		181		(75)
14	Total		<u>s</u>	8,735	S	14,986	\$	(6,252)
15	Transmission							
16	2019	Note 5	S	520			S	520
17	2020	Note 5		967				967
18	2021	Note 5		267				267
19	2022	Note 5		164				164
20	2023	Notes 5, 6		1,366		(1,366)		-
21	Adjusted Five Year Average						S	480
22	Transmission Storm Allocation	Percent	OUG	CC Amount	DE	I Amount	Λd	justment
		Note 7	_		(Note 8)		
23	Distribution Related	11.96%	\$	57	\$	79	\$	(22)
24	Transmission Related	77.44%		371		509		(138)
25	Fringe Benefits	8.28%		40		54		(14)
26	Payroll Taxes	2.32%		11		15		(4)
27	Total		\$	480	S	657	S	(178)
28	Total Major Storm Expense Adjustment						\$	(6,429)
Note 1	WP OM3 - Storm, lines 1 - 5.	Note 5	WP OM3 - S	Storm, lines 12 -	16.			
Note 2	Large storm from OUCC 7.12	Note 6	Large storm	from OUCC 7.1	2			
Note 3	WP OM3 - Storm, lines 7 - 10.	Note 7	WP OM3 - 9	Storm, lines 18 -	21.			
Note 4	WP OM3 - Storm, lines 7 - 10.	Note 8	WP OM3 - 9	Storm, lines 18 -	21.			

Exhibit MEG-2.7

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
OUCC - Industry Association Dues
IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025
(\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	Reference	A	mount
1	Industry Association Dues Requested	Note 1	\$	430
2	Adjustment to Exclude Industry Association Dues		\$	(215)

Note 1- See Exhibit 26, Attachment 26-C, Schedule OM1, Line 177.

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC OUCC - Investor Relations Expense IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025 (\$ Thousands) Exhibit MEG-2.8

Line	Description	Reference	Aı	mount
1	Investor Relations Expense - Forecasted 2025	OUCC 9.01	\$	507
2	Recommended Disallowance %			50%
3	Recommended Disallowance		\$	(254)

Exhibit MEG-2.9

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC OUCC - Board of Directors' Compensation IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025 (\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	Reference	Aı	mount
1	Cash-based Board of Directors' compensation	OUCC 9.07	\$	183
2	Recommended Disallowance %			50%
3	Recommended Disallowance		\$	(91)
4	Stock-based Board of Directors' compensation	OUCC 9.07	\$	229
5	Recommended Disallowance %			100%
6	Recommended Disallowance		\$	(229)
7	Total Recommended Disallowance		\$	(320)

Exhibit MEG-2.10

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
OUCC - Other Post Retirement Benefits Expense
IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025
(\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	Reference	A	Amount
1	OPRB Expense Proposed by DEI	Note 1	\$	-
2	Adjustment to Include the Forecasted OPRB Expense		\$	(5,850)

Note 1 See Direct Testimony of Shannon Caldwell, p. 34, l. 22 – p. 35, l. 11.

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
OUCC - Adjustments of Other OUCC Witnesses
IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025
(\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	Witness	Amount		Indiana
l	Rate Base				
2	Regulatory Assets from Gallagher Closure	Eckert	(7,600)	1.000000	(7,600)
3	Cayuga Restricted Waste Site II, Landfill Cell 3	Armstrong	(2,000)	0.9472436	(1,894)
4	Total Rate Base Adjustments		\$ (9,600)		\$ (9,494)
5	Operating Income Adjustments				
6	Revenue Rate Migration Adjustment	Hanks			\$ 2,531
7	Payment Navigators Program	Hanks			(350)
8	Credit Card Fees	Latham			(2,600)
9	Restructuring Costs	Latham			
10	CCR Disposal Confidential	Armstrong			
11	Amortization of Regulatory Assets	Eckert			
12	Fuel Cost	Eckert			
13	Total Revenue Adjustments				\$ 2,531
14	Total O&M Adjustments				\$ (55,652)
15	Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense Adjustments				\$ (2,079)

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC

Exhibit MEG-2.12

OUCC - Depreciation Rate Adjustment IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025 (\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	Reference	1	DEI preciation Expense (Note 1)	De	OUCC preciation Expense (Note 2)		OUCC epreciation adjustment	Jurisdictional Factor	OUCC risdictional djustment
1	Production Plant	Note 1	\$	628,410	\$	528,280	\$	(100,130)		
2	Acquisition Adj. Amortization			163		163	_			
3	Total Production		\$	628,573	\$	528,443	\$	(100,130)	0.947243615	\$ (94,848)
4	Transmission Plant			78,152		72,477		(5,675)	0.999049462	(5,670)
5	Distribution Plant			154,516		127,085		(27,431)	1	(27,431)
6	General Plant			40,380		39,971		(409)	0.963512184	(394)
7	Intangible Plant		_	29,718		29,718	_		0.963513706	 -
8	Total		\$	931,339	\$	797,694	\$	(133,645)		\$ (128,342)

Note 1 See 46038_DEI_Petitioner's Exhibit 26 - Revenue Requirement Model_040424.xlsx, tab DA1 - Depr Sum, lines 1 - 7, column (H).

Note 2 See WP MG-2.12 Depreciation Rate Adjustment

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
OUCC Cost of Capital
URC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025
(\$ Thousands)

								Capital Struc	cture Ratio		Wı	eighted Cost Ra	te
			Projected	Pro	Forma	Р	roposed	Financial	Regulatory	Cost	Financial	Regulatory	Synch.
Line	Description		pitalization		stments		oitalization	Concept	Concept	Rate	Concept	Concept	Interest
	*		(A)		(B)		(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(11)	(1)
1	Requested Amounts												
2	Common Equity	S	5,959,031	S	•	\$	5.959.031	53.03%	43,28%	10.50%	5.57%	4.54%	
3	Preferred Stock				-			0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
4	Long-Tenn Debt (1)		5,278,772				5,278,772	46.97%	38.34%	4.87%	2.29%	1.87%	1.89%
5	Total Financial Capitalization		11,237,803		-		11,237,803	100.00%	81.62%		7.86%		
6	Deferred Income Taxes including Excess Deferred Taxes (2)		2,325,599				2,325,599		16.89%	0.00%		0.00%	
7	Unamortized ITC - Crane Solar		11,231		-		11,231		0.08%	7.86%		0.01%	
8	Unamortized ITC - 1971 & Later		94		-		94		0.00%	7.86%		0.00%	
9	Unamortized ITC - Markland Hydro		35,947		-		35,947		0.26%	7.86%		0.02%	
10	Unamortized ITC - Camp Atterbury Solar		476		-		476		0.01%	7.86%		0.00%	
11	Unamortized ITC - Advanced Coal (IGCC)		116,978		-		116,978		0.85%	7.86%		0.07%	
12	Unamortized ITC - Purdue CHP		4,055		-		4,055		0.03%	7.86%		0.00%	
13	2025 Forecasted Unamortized ITC -Battery Storage (3)				-		·		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	
14	Customer Deposits		35,929		-		35,929		0.26%	5.00%		0.01%	
15	Total Regulatory Capitalization	\$	13,768,112	\$		\$	13,768,112		100,00%			6.52%	1,89%
						V	Veighted		Revenue				
							Cost	Tax	Conversion				
							Rate	Gross-up (3)	Factor				
16	Revenue Requirement Conversion Factor												
17	Debt Costs (Synchronized Interest Rate)						1.89%	1.00581	1,9010%				
18	Equity Costs						4.63%	1.33880	6.1986%				
19	Total						6.52%	1.24227	8.0996%				
20	OUCC Recommended Return on Equity												
21	Common Equity	S	5,959,031	\$		\$	5,959,031	53.03%	43.28%	9.00%	4.77%	3.90%	
22	Preferred Stock				-			0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
23	Long-Term Debt (1)		5,278,772				5,278,772	46,97%	38.34%	4.87%	2.29%	1,87%	1,89%
2.4	Total Financial Capitalization		11,237,803		-		11,237,803	100.00%	81.62%		7.06%		
25	Deferred Income Taxes including Excess Deferred Taxes (2)		2,325,599				2,325,599		16.89%	0.00%		0.00%	
26	Unamortized ITC - Crane Solar		11,231				11,231		0.08%	7.06%		0.01%	
27	Unamortized ITC - 1971 & Later		94				94		0.00%	7.06%		0.00%	
28	Unamortized ITC - Markland Hydro		35,947				35,947		0.26%	7.06%		0,02%	
29	Unamortized ITC - Camp Atterbury Solar		476				476		0.01%	7.06%		0.00%	
30	Unamortized ITC - Advanced Coal (IGCC)		116,978				116,978		0.85%	7.06%		0.06%	
31	Unamonized ITC - Purdue CHP		4,055				4,055		0.03%	7.06%		0.00%	
32	2025 Forecasted Unamortized ITC -Battery Storage (3)		4.055		_		1,055		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	
13	Customer Deposits		35,929				35,929		0.26%	5.00%		0.01%	
34	Total Regulatory Capitalization	\$	13,768,112	\$		\$	13,768,112		100.00%			5.87%	1.89%
35						V	Veighted		Revenue				
36						,	Cost	Tax	Conversion				
37							Rate	Gross-up (3)	Factor				
38	Revenue Requirement Conversion Factor							21000 4[7 (0)					
39	Debt Costs (Synchronized Interest Rate)						1.89%	1.00581	1.9010%				
40	Equity Costs						3,98%	1.33880	5.3284%				
41	Total						5,87%	1,23158	7,2294%				
42	OUCC Capital Structure Adjustments						-0.65%	1.33877	-0.8702%				

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC Exhibit MEG-2.14(S1)

OUCC - Step 1 Recommendation Summary IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025 (\$ Thousands)

						Pre-Tax		Rate
Line	Description		Witness	Reference	Rate Base	ROR		Increase
1	Requested Amounts			Exh. 26, RA2	\$ 11,905,203	8.4746%	\$	418,233
2	Less: Present Tracker Revenue			Exh. 26, RA2				17,281
3	Plus: Proposed Tracker Revenue			Exh. 26, RA2				(45,538)
4	Base Rate Deficiency after Trackers			Exh. 26, RA2			\$	355,414
5	OUCC Rate Base Adjustments							
6	Regulatory Assets from Gallagher Closure		Eckert	MEG-2.11	(7,600)	8.4746%		(644)
7	Cayuga Restricted Waste Site II, Landfill Cell 3		Armstrong	MEG-2.11	(1,894)	8.4746%		(161)
8	Total OUCC Rate Base Adjustments				\$ (9,494)		\$	(805)
9	OUCC Cost of Capital Adjustments							
10	Return on Equity	9.00%	D. Garrett		\$ 11,895,709	-0.8434%		(100, 328)
11	Total OUCC Cost of Capital Adjustments						\$	(100,328)
12	OUCC Operating Income Adjustments							
13	Incentive Compensation		M. Garrett	MEG-2.18(S1)			\$	(15,451)
14	Storm Damages		M. Garrett	MEG-2.18(S1)				(6,466)
15	Industry Association Dues		M. Garrett	MEG-2.18(S1)				(197)
16	Investor Relations Expense		M. Garrett	MEG-2.18(S1)				(232)
17	Board of Directors Compensation		M. Garrett	MEG-2.18(S1)				(293)
18	Other Post Retirement Benefits		M. Garrett	MEG-2.18(S1)				(5,348)
19	Revenue Rate Migration Adjustment		Hanks	MEG-2.18(S1)				(2,546)
20	Payment Navigators Program		Hanks	MEG-2.18(S1)				(320)
21	Credit Card Fees		Latham	MEG-2.18(S1)				(2,377)
22	Restructuring Costs		Latham	MEG-2.18(S1)				
23	CCR DisposalConfidential		Armstrong	MEG-2.18(S1)				
24	Depreciation Expense		D. Garrett	MEG-2.18(S1)				
25	Amortization of Regulatory Assets		Eckert	MEG-2.18(S1)				
26	Fuel Cost		Eckert	MEG-2.18(S1)				
27	Total OUCC Operating Income Adjustments						_\$_	(201,923)
28	Total OUCC Adjustments						\$	(303,056)
29	OUCC Adjusted Increase							52,358

Exhibit MEG-2.15(S1)

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC OUCC - Step 1 Revenue Increase/(Decrease) IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025 (\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	References	I	amounts per Petitioner at resent Rates	Α	amount Per OUCC
1	Recommended Rate Base	MEG-2.17(S1)	\$	11,905,203	\$	11,895,709
2	Required Rate of Return	MEG-2.20(S1)		6.33%		5.70%
3	Net Operating Income Required		\$	753,599	\$	678,055
4	Net Operating Income at Present Rates	MEG-2.16(S1)		441,205	_	592,029
5	Net Income Surplus/(Deficiency)		\$	312,394	\$	86,026
6	Revenue Multiplier			1.3388		1.3388
7	Base Rate Revenue Increase		\$	418,233	\$	115,172
8	Less: Present Revenue for Ongoing Trackers			17,281		17,281
9	Plus: Proposed Revenue from Ongoing Trackers			(45,538)		(45,538)
10	Total Rate Change Before Phase-In Credit		\$	355,414	_\$_	52,353
11	Pro Forma Revenue at Present Rates		\$	3,016,950	\$	3,019,481
12	Present Revenue from Ongoing Trackers			17,281		17,281
13	Pro Forma Revenues at Present Rates Plus Trackers		\$	3,034,231	\$	3,036,762
14	Percentage Increase			11.71%		1.72%

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
OUCC - Step 1 Jurisdictional Operating Income
1URC Cause No. 46038; For the Test Year Ending December 31, 2025
(\$ Thousands)

		A	Petitioner Amounts at		OUCC		OUCC Amounts at	1	Revenue ncrease/	OUCC Amounts After Revenue Increase/Decrease		
Line	Description	Pr	Present Rates		djustments		Proposed	I	Decrease	Incre		
			(A)		(B)	(C)=(A)+(B)		(D)		(E)	
1	Operating Revenues	\$	3,016,950	\$	2,531	\$	3,019,481	\$	115,172	\$	3,134,653	
2	Operating Expenses:											
3	Operation & Maintenance Expenses	\$	1,520,666	\$	(78,408)	\$	1,442,258	\$	492	\$	1,442,750	
4	Depreciation & Amortization Expense		916,964		(119,814)		797,150				797,150	
5	Taxes - Other than Income Taxes		74,800		-		74,800		174		74,974	
6	Total Operating Expenses Other Than Income Taxes	\$	2,512,430	_\$_	(198,222)	_\$_	2,314,208	_\$_	666	\$	2,314,874	
7	Net Operating Income Before											
8	Income Taxes	\$	504,520	\$	200,753	\$	705,273	\$	114,506	\$	819,780	
9	Income Taxes											
10	Current Federal Income Taxes	\$	139,483	\$	40,092	\$	179,575	\$	22,868	\$	202,444	
11	Current State Income Taxes		5,258		9,837		15,095		5,611		20,706	
12	Deferred Federal Income Taxes		(84,528)		-		(84,528)				(84,528)	
13	Deferred State Income Taxes		3,218		-		3,218				3,218	
14	Investment Tax Credits		(116)		-		(116)				(116)	
15	Total Income Taxes	\$	63,315	\$	49,929	\$	113,244	\$	28,479	\$	141,723	
16	Net Utility Operating Income	\$	441,205	\$	150,824		592,029	\$	86,027	\$	678,056	

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
OUCC Step 1 Summary of Pro Forma Net Original Cost Rate Base June 30, 2024
IURC Cause No. 46038
(\$ Thousands)

Exhibit MEG-2.17(S1)

Line	Description	Reference	Jı	un. 30, 2024 urisdictional Rate Base
1	DEI Rate Base at June 30, 2024	Note 1	\$	11,905,203
2	OUCC Adjustments to June 30, 2024 Rate Base	Note 2		(9,494)
3	OUCC Recommended Step 1 Rate Base			11,895,709

Note1 See 46038_DEI_Petitioner's Exhibit 26 - Revenue Requirement Model_040424.xlsx, tab RA2 - Step 1 Proposed Op Rev, line 1, column C. Note 2 See MEG-2.11 Other OUCC Adj, line 4.

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
OUCC - Step 1 Adjustments to Net Income
JURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025
(\$ Thousands)

	S	p. c	D.	O&M	Depreciation	Taxes Other Than	Current Federal	Current State	Deferred Federal	Deferred State	Investme Tax		Net Operating Income	Indiana Retail Factor	Revenue Requirement
Line	Description	Reference	Revenues	Expenses	Expense	Income	Income Tax	Income Tax	Income Tax	Income Tax	Credits		meune	(Note 2)	Impact
1	Net Income per Petitioner	(Note 1)	\$ 3,016,950	\$ 1,520,666	\$ 916,964	\$ 74,800	\$ 139,483	\$ 5,258	\$ (84,528)	\$ 3,218	\$ (11	6) \$	441,205		
2	OUCC Adjustments														
3	Incentive Compensation	MEG-2.5		(16,900)			3,375	828				\$	12,697	0.90893	\$ (15.451)
4	Storm Damages	MEG-2.6		(6,429)			1,284	315					4,830	1.00000	(6,466)
5	Industry Association Dues	MEG-2.7		(215)			43	11					162	0.90893	(197)
6	Investor Relations Expense	MEG-2.8		(254)			51	12					190	0.90893	(232)
7	Board of Directors Compensation	MEG-2.9		(320)			64	16					240	0,90893	(293)
8	Other Post Retirement Benefits	MEG-2.10		(5,850)			1,168	287					4,395	0.90893	(5,348)
9	Revenue Rate Migration Adjustment	MEG-2.11	2,531				506	124					1,902	1,00000	(2,546)
10	Payment Navigators Program	MEG-2.11		(350)			70	17					263	0.90893	(320)
11	Credit Card Fees	MEG-2.11		(2,600)			519	127					1,953	0.90893	(2,377)
12	Restructuring Costs	MEG-2.11												0.90893	
13	CCR DisposalConfidential	MEG-2-11												0.90893	
14	Depreciation Rate Adjustment	MEG-2.8(S1)			(122,548)		24,474	6,005					92,069	0.96138	(118,502)
15	Amortization of Regulatory Assets	MEG-2.11			(2,079)		415	102	_				1,562	0.96138	{2,011}
16	Fuel Cost	MEG-2.11							l			_		0.90893	
17	Total OUCC Adjustments		\$ 2,531	\$ (85,620)	\$ (124,627)	S -	\$ 42,494	\$ 10,426	\$ -	S -	S -	\$	159,858		\$ (201,923)
18	Jurisdictional Factor		1.000000	0.908931	0.961378	0.975737									
19	OUCC Jurisdictional Adjustment		\$ 2,531	\$ (78,408)	\$ (119,814)	\$ -	40,092	9,837					150,824		(201,923)
20	OUCC Adjusted Net Income		\$ 3,019,481	\$ 1,442,258	\$ 797,150	\$ 74,800	\$ 179,575	S 15,095	\$ (84,528)	\$ 3,218	<u>s (11</u>	6) <u>S</u>	592,029		

Note 1 See 46038 DEI_Petitioner's Exhibit 26 - Revenue Requirement Model_040424.xlsx, tab RA3 - Step 1 Juris Oper Inc, column A.

Exhibit MEG-2.19(S1)

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC OUCC Step 1 Depreciation Rate Adjustment IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025 (\$ Thousands)

Line	Description	Reference	De	DEI une 2024 epreciation Expense (Note 1)	Ji De	OUCC une 2024 epreciation Expense (Note 2)	De	OUCC Step 1 preciation djustment	Jurisdictional Factor (Note 3)	Jur	OUCC Step 1 isdictional djustment
,	Production Plant	No. 1		617,544	\$	519,591	\$	(07.052)	(Note 3)		
1	Production Plant	Note 1	\$	017,344	D	319,391	D	(97,953)			
2	Acquisition Adj. Amortization			163	_	163		\bar			
3	Total Production		\$	617,707	\$	519,754	\$	(97,953)	0.946675205	\$	(92,730)
4	Transmission Plant			64,361		59,683		(4,678)	0.999137181		(4,674)
5	Distribution Plant			138,425		113,667		(24,758)	1		(24,758)
6	General Plant			39,662		39,261		(401)	0.963512593		(386)
7	Intangible Plant		_	19,832		19,832	_		0.963512602	-	
8	Totals		\$	879,987	\$	752,197	\$	(127,790)		\$	(122,548)
	Adjustments to December 31, 2025 Accumulated	d Depreciation									
9	Production						\$	97,953		\$	92,730
10	Transmission Plant							4,678			4,674
11	Distribution Plant							24,758			24,758
12	General Plant							401			386
13	Intangible Plant						-	-		_	n
14	Total						\$	127,790		\$	122,548

Note 1 See 46038_DEI_Petitioner's Exhibit 26 - Revenue Requirement Model_040424.xlsx, tab RA12 - Step 1 Depr Sum, lines 1 - 7, column (B).

Note 2 See WP MG-2.12(S1) for Step 1 Depr Rate Adj.

Note 3 46038_DEI_Confidential Workpaper 4-MTD - COS - 12CP - Step 1_040424.xlsx, tab SS-JS - Rate Base.

Duke Energy Indiana, LLC
OUCC - Step I Cost of Capital
IURC Cause No. 46038; Test Year End December 31, 2025
(\$ Thousands)

(3 11	ousanus)				Capital Str.	icture Ratio		W	eighted Cost Ra	te
		Projected	Pro Forma	Proposed	Financial	Regulatory	Cost	Financial	Regulatory	Synch.
Line	Description	Capitalization	Adjustments	Capitalization	Concept	Concept	Rate	Сопсерт	Concept	Interest
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(b)	(F)	(G)	(H)	(b)
1	Requested Amounts		_			** ***			4 2004	
2	Common Equity	\$ 5,328,053	s -	\$ 5,328,053	52.72%	41.79%	10.50%	5.54%	4.39%	
3	Preferred Stock		-		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
4	Long-Term Debt (1)	4,778,124		4,778,124	47.28%	37.48%	4.86%	2.30%	1.82%	1.85%
5	Total Financial Capitalization	10,106,177	•	10,106,177	100.00%	79.27%		7.84%		
6	Deferred Income Taxes including Excess Deferred Taxes (2)	2,427,696	-	2,427,696		19.04%	0.00%		0.00%	
7	Unamortized ITC - Crane Solar	11,231	-	11,231		0.09%	7.84%		0.01%	
8	Unamortized ITC - 1971 & Later	379	-	379		0.00%	7.84%		0.00%	
9	Unamortized ITC - Markland Hydro	35,947	-	35,947		0.28%	7.84%		0.02%	
10	Unamortized ITC - Camp Atterbury Solar	476	•	476		0.01%	7.84%		0.00%	
11	Unamortized ITC - Advanced Coal (IGCC)	126,891	-	126,891		1.00%	7.84%		0.08%	
12	Unamortized ITC - Purdue CHP	4,055	-	4,055		0.03%	7.84%		0.00%	
13	2025 Forecasted Unamortized ITC -Battery Storage (3)	-	-	•		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	
14	Customer Deposits	35,929	-	35,929		0.28%	5.00%		0.01%	
	•									
15	Total Regulatory Capitalization	\$ 12,748,781	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 12,748,781		100.00%_			6.33%	1.85%
16				Weighted		Revenue				
17				Cost	Tax	Conversion				
18				Rate	Gross-up (3)	Factor				
19	Revenue Requirement Conversion Factor									
20	Debt Costs (Synchronized Interest Rate)			1.85%	1.00581	1.8607%				
21	Equity Costs			4.48%	1.33880	5.9978%				
22	Total			6.33%	1,24227	7.8585%				
23	OUCC Recommended Return on Equity						(D. Garrett)			
24	Common Equity	\$ 5,328,053	s -	\$ 5,328,053	52.72%	41.79%	9.00%	4.74%	3.76%	
25	Preferred Stock		•		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
26	Long-Term Debt (1)	4,778,124	-	4,778,124	47.28%	37.48%	4.87%	2.30%	1.83%	1.85%
27	Total Financial Capitalization	10,106,177	•	10,106,177	100.00%	79.27%		7.04%		
28	Deferred Income Taxes including Excess Deferred Taxes (2)	2,427,696	_	2,427,696		19.04%	0.00%		0.00%	
29	Unamortized ITC - Crane Solar	11,231	_	11,231		0.09%	7.04%		0.01%	
30	Unamortized ITC - 1971 & Later	379	_	379		0.00%	7.04%		0.00%	
31	Unamortized ITC - Markland Hydro	35,947	_	35,947		0.28%	7.04%		0.02%	
32	Unamortized ITC - Camp Atterbury Solar	476		476		0.01%	7.04%		0.00%	
33	Unamortized ITC - Advanced Coal (IGCC)	126,891	_	126,891		1.00%	7.04%		0.07%	
34	Unamortized ITC - Purdue CHP	4,055		4,055		0.03%	7.04%		0.00%	
35	2025 Forecasted Unamortized ITC -Battery Storage (3)	4,055	-	4,055		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	
36	Customer Deposits	35,929		35,929		0.28%	5.00%		0.01%	
37	Total Regulatory Capitalization	\$ 12,748,781	<u>s</u> -	\$ 12,748,781		100.00%			5.70%	1.85%
38					Weighted		Revenue			
39					Cost	Tax	Conversion			
39 40					Rate					
		Davanua Da!		- Fasta-	Kaic	Gross-up (3)	Factor			
41		Revenue Require			1.85%	1.00581	1 840784			
42			nchronized Intere	si Kale)			1.8607%			
43		Equity Costs			3.85%	1,33880	5.1544%			
44		Total			5.70%_	1,24227	7.0151%			
45		OUCC Capital	Structure Adjusts	nents	-0.63%		-0.8434%			

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 1 of 15

Office of Utility Consumer Counselor IURC Cause No. 46038
Data Request Set No. 19
Received: May 21, 2024

OUCC 19.03

Request:

Incentive Compensation: Please refer to Attachment OUCC 3.4-A.xlsx. For each year listed, please provide this information for affiliate costs allocated to or recorded for DEI but also providing the amount of incentives recorded in O&M expenses.

Response:

See Attachment OUCC 19.3-A.

Witness: Shannon A. Caldwell

4,304,387

4,400,178

4,304,387

4,400,178

Performance Awards

						Affiliates (DEBS) ²
	DEI	DEBS				
<u>Year</u>	Participants ¹	Participants ²	1	otal Costs	<u>0&M</u>	<u>0&M</u>
12ME Aug 31, 2019	1	48	\$	2,811,934	\$ 2,734,154	\$ 2,734,154
12ME Aug 31, 2020	1	48		3,923,644	3,844,028	3,844,028
12ME Aug 31, 2021	1	49		3,301,582	3,249,185	3,249,185
12ME Aug 31, 2022	1	52		3,224,980	3,181,025	3,181,025
12ME Aug 31, 2023	1	47		3,586,436	3,541,443	3,541,443
Restricted Stock Units						Affiliates (DEBS) ²
	<u>DEI</u>	DEBS				
<u>Year</u>	Participants ¹	Participants ²		<u>Total</u>	<u>0&M</u>	<u>0&M</u>
12ME Aug 31, 2019	6	277	\$	4,091,703	\$ 3,548,763	\$ 3,548,763
12ME Aug 31, 2020	9	282		4,149,050	3,559,275	3,559,275
12ME Aug 31, 2021	11	286		4,428,580	3,719,810	3,719,810

5,167,645

5,290,413

12ME Aug 31, 2022

12ME Aug 31, 2023

313

314

18

17

¹ From Attachment OUCC 3.4-A.xlsx.

² Column D reflects the number of Duke Energy Business Services, LLC participants. Affiliate O&M expense in column I reflects DEBS only because the expense and accrual for LTI is initially recorded to the Executive Benefits cost center which is in DEBS. LTI expense is then allocated to FERC accounts and jurisdictions based on how the labor cost for each employee is recorded in the corporate time reporting system. We provide counts for DEBS employees as we can assume that a portion of DEBS employee labor, and therefore LTI which follows labor, is allocated to DEI. However, there are employees assigned to other payroll companies that could have a portion of their costs allocated to DEI to the extent they charge a portion of their time to DEI. The Company is not able to determine employee details for amounts allocated to DEI from employees in other payroll companies and therefore, we do not include counts of employees from other payroll companies.

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 3 of 15

Office of Utility Consumer Counselor IURC Cause No. 46038
Data Request Set No. 19
Received: May 21, 2024

OUCC 19.05

Request:

Incentive Compensation: Please refer to the response to OUCC DR 3.05. For each year listed, please provide the total incentives and the incentives recorded in O&M accounts.

Response:

<u>Year</u>	<u>DEI</u> <u>Participants¹</u>	DEBS Participants ²	<u>Total</u>	O&M accounts
12ME Aug 31, 2019	1534	8152	25,345,067	16,872,524
12ME Aug 31, 2020	1555	7652	27,275,053	17,684,327
12ME Aug 31, 2021	1483	7587	24,725,805	14,797,929
12ME Aug 31, 2022	1471	7767	28,311,853	15,428,410
12ME Aug 31, 2023	1487	7561	25,363,830	15,727,786

¹ From response to OUCC Data Request ("DR") 3.05.

Witness: Shannon A. Caldwell

² Number of Duke Energy Business Services, LLC participants.

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 4 of 15

Office of Utility Consumer Counselor IURC Cause No. 46038
Data Request Set No. 19
Received: May 21, 2024

SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE 6/24/24 SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION IS IN BOLD OUCC 19.10

Request:

Payroll: Please refer to the response to OUCC DR 10.01. Please explain why the Company chose not to provide an additional level of accountability by providing a forecast of incentive costs by incentive plan.

Objection:

Duke Energy Indiana objects to this request on the grounds and to the extent it mischaracterizes the Company's response to OUCC 10.01. Duke Energy Indiana further objects to this request to the extent it seeks a compilation that has not been performed and that Duke Energy Indiana objects to performing.

Response:

Subject to and without waiving or limiting its objections, Duke Energy Indiana responds as follows: The data request mischaracterizes the Company's response to OUCC 10.01. The Company did not object to providing the forecast of incentive costs by incentive plan in response to OUCC 10.01, however, this level of detail was not available at the time the Company responded to OUCC 10.01 and thus the Company did not provide the data broken-down by incentive plan in that response. This level of detail is now available for the 2024 forecast and the breakdown of incentives by incentive plan is provided in the Company's response to OUCC 19.09.

Supplemental Response (6/24/24):

This level of detail is now available for the 2025 forecast and the breakdown of 2025 incentives by incentive plan is provided as Attachment OUCC 19.10-A.

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 5 of 15

Cause No. 46038 Attachment OUCC 19.10-A Page 1 of 2

	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25
Short-Term Incentive	\$ 1,629,723	\$ 1,629,723	\$ 1,676,213	\$ 1,676,213	\$ 1,676,213
Long-Term Incentive	\$ 783,647	\$ 753,541	\$ 815,316	\$ 794,390	\$ 797,613

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 6 of 15

Cause No. 46038 Attachment OUCC 19.10-A Page 2 of 2

Jun-25		Jul-25	Aug-25	Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25
\$ 1,676,213 \$	5	1,676,213	\$ 1,676,213	\$ 1,676,213	\$ 1,676,213	\$ 1,676,213	\$ 1,676,213
\$ 795,578 \$	5	798,847	\$ 799,480	\$ 797,395	\$ 798,617	\$ 800,736	\$ 802,011

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 7 of 15

Office of Utility Consumer Counselor IURC Cause No. 46038
Data Request Set No. 3
Received: April 23, 2024

OUCC 3.06

Request:

Please state the forecasted amount for each (1) short-term and (2) long-term incentive award for each of the calendar years 2024 and 2025, separately identifying amounts for each employee group (Executive, Non-Union, and Union).

Objection:

Duke Energy Indiana objects to this request to the extent it seeks a compilation that has not already been performed and that Duke Energy Indiana objects to performing.

Response:

Subject to and without waiving or limiting its objections, Duke Energy Indiana responds as follows:

See below for the requested data. Non-O&M incentive data is not available at a detail level in 2025, therefore the 2025 amounts are O&M only. Additionally, the Company does not split incentives in the forecast between short-term and long-term, therefore this forecast data is not available.

	2024	2025
Non-Union	\$ 24,223,968	\$ 14,266,861
Union	\$ 3,054,649	\$ 2,221,719
Executive	\$ 14,944,216	\$ 13,442,940

Witness: Shannon A. Caldwell

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 8 of 15

Office of Utility Consumer Counselor IURC Cause No. 46038
Data Request Set No. 7
Received: April 24, 2024

OUCC 7.12

Request:

Please refer to table 9 in Ms. McCorkle's direct testimony on p. 31. Please explain and provide a list of the projects behind the large increase in distribution expense in 2023. Please provide the total distribution and transmission cost of restoration of each major event day on average between the years 2019-2023.

a. Please provide the calculation of how the average cost of restoration for each major event day was derived.

Objection:

Duke Energy Indiana objects to the Request on the grounds and to the extent the Request seeks information that is trade secret or other proprietary, confidential, and competitively sensitive business information of Duke Energy Indiana, its customers, or third parties. Duke Energy Indiana has made reasonable efforts to maintain the confidentiality of this information. Such information has independent economic value and disclosure of the requested information would cause an identifiable harm to Duke Energy Indiana, its customers, or third parties. The responses are "trade secret" under law (Ind. Code § 24-2-3-2) and entitled to protection against disclosure. See also Indiana Trial Rule 26(C)(7). All responses containing designated confidential information are being provided pursuant to nondisclosure agreements between Duke Energy Indiana and the receiving parties.

Response:

Subject to and without waiving or limiting its objections, Duke Energy Indiana responds as follows:

For distribution and transmission restoration costs for years 2019 through 2023, please see Confidential Attachment OUCC 7.12-A. The increase in 2023 in distribution expense was driven by storm #8 (large tornado event in western Indiana) which was a multiple restoration event.

a. Please see table below for how the average cost of restoration for each MED was derived.

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 9 of 15

 Capital / O&M
 (Multiple Items) T

 Sum of Monetary Amou

 Fiscal Year CMD
 T Storm Number T Project ID CB T Total

 = 2023 = 2023 Storm #8
 ISTM2308
 26,466,748

 SIN2308DC
 11,981

 2023 Total
 26,478,729.32

 Grand Total
 26,478,729.32

Year	torm Name Distribution				Total		
2019	2019 Storm #2	\$	1.9	\$	0.1	\$	2.0
2019	2019 Storm #3	\$	2.9	\$	0.1	\$	3.0
2019	2019 Storm #5	\$	1.6	\$	0.0	\$	1.6
2019	2019 Storm #6	\$	1.1	\$	0.0	\$	1.2
2019	2019 Storm #8	\$	1.3	\$	0.0	\$	1.4
2019	2019 Storm #9	\$	1.7	\$	0.1	\$	1.8
2019	2019 Storm #10	\$	1.4	\$	0.1	\$	1.5
2019	2019 Storm #11	\$	1.6	\$	0.1	\$	1.7
2019	2019 Storm #14	\$	1.0	\$	0.0	\$	1.1
2019 Total		\$	14.7	\$	0.5	\$	15.2
2020	2019 Storm #14	\$	(0.1)	\$	0.0	\$	(0.1
2020	2020 Storm #1	\$	4.9	\$	0.5	\$	5.4
2020	2020 Storm #3	\$	0.8	\$	0.1	\$	0.8
2020	2020 Storm #5	\$	1.7	\$	0.3	\$	2.0
2020	2020 Storm #8	\$	1.2	\$	0.1	\$	1.3
2020	2020 Storm #9	\$	0.5	\$	0.0	\$	0.5
2020 Total		\$	9.0	\$	1.0	\$	10.0
2021	2021 Storm #2	\$	0.5	\$	0.0	\$	0.5
2021	2021 Storm #4	\$	4.7	\$	0.2	\$	4.9
2021	2021 Storm #7	\$	1.1	\$	0.1	\$	1.2
2021 Total		\$	6.5	\$	0.3	\$	6.7
2022	2021 Storm #7	\$	0.3	\$	0.0	\$	0.3
2022	2022 Storm #3	\$	2.9	\$	0.0	\$	3.0
2022	2022 Storm #5	\$	1.0	\$	0.1	\$	1.0
2022	2022 Storm #10	\$	0.6	\$	0.0	\$	0.6
2022 Total	7,00	\$	4.8	\$	0.2	\$	4.9
2023	2022 Storm #3	\$	0.2	\$	-	\$	0.2
2023	2022 Storm #10	\$	0.2	\$	0.0	\$	0.2
2023	2023 Storm #3	\$	2.0	\$	0.1	\$	2.
2023	2023 Storm #4	\$	7.1	\$	0.4	\$	7.5
2023	2023 Storm #7	\$	0.9	\$	0.1	\$	1.
2023	2023 Storm #8	\$	26.5	\$	0.6	\$	27.
2023	2023 Storm #10	\$	2.3	\$	0.1	\$	2.4
2023	2023 Storm #11	\$	0.9	\$	0.0	\$	0.9
2023 Total	\$	40.0	\$	1.4	\$	41.4	
Year Average		\$	15.0	\$	0.7	\$	15.6

Witness: Harley McCorkle

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 10 of 15

Office of Utility Consumer Counselor IURC Cause No. 46038 Data Request Set No. 9 Received: April 26. 2024

OUCC 9.01

Request:

Investor Relations: Please identify and itemize the expenses incurred by the investor relations unit within Duke Energy allocated to Duke Energy Indiana for the historic base period, the 2023 8&4 period, the 2024 forecast period, and the 2025 forecast period as well as the three most recent calendar years. If less than 100 percent of these investor relations expenses are allocated to O&M expense, indicate the allocation of this cost to O&M expense and capital expenditures separately.

Objection:

Duke Energy Indiana objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome, particularly the portion seeking "as well as the three most recent calendar years."

Response:

Service Function

Subject to and without waiving or limiting its objections, Duke Energy Indiana responds as follows: For the 2023 base period, please see the following:

Investor Relations

Resource Type by FERC Account	Resource Type Long Descr CB	Sum of Monetary Amount JD
0408		12,475.55
18250	Allocated Payroll Tax	8,116.08
(blank)	(blank)	4,359.47
0920		210,958.45
11000	Labor	81,983.03
12000	Overtime	508.86
15002	Labor Other	1,013.00
18001	Unproductive Labor Allocated	13,223.48
18400	Incentives Allocated	11,485.85
19500	Service Company Overhead	24,104.12
1E002	Exec Short Term Incent	8,625.60
1E200	Restricted Stock Units	7,700.95
1E202	Performance Award	3,059.74
(blank)	(blank)	59,253.82
0921		372,262.04
30000	Direct Purchases	325,961.00

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 11 of 15

31003	INFORMATIONAL ADVERTISING	568.99
33000	Office Supplies & Expenses	173.81
33001	Postage & Freight	260.72
35000	Direct Mat/Purchases Accrual	6,340.17
36002	IT SOFTWARE MAINTENANCE	356.78
40000	Travel Expenses	1,267.36
40001	Air Travel Cost	45.42
222434	PersMobileDevice reimbursement	75.99
40007		
41000	Meals and Entertainment (50%)	302.93
60007	Rent	470.62
99810	Accounting Entry	(12,672.36)
(blank)	(blank)	49,110.61
0923		16,735.27
60005	#N/A	7,597.50
69000	Staff Augmentation	1,209.22
69500	Other Contracts	6,641.33
(blank)	(blank)	1,287.22
0926		41,411.92
18350	Allocated Fringes & Non Union	26,164.63
(blank)	(blank)	15,247.29
0930		55,169.26
19500	Service Company Overhead	33,275.80
30000	Direct Purchases	(1,377.97)
(blank)	(blank)	23,271.43
0931	,	556.74
69500	Other Contracts	129.29
(blank)	(blank)	427.45
Grand Total		709,569.23

For the 2024 forecast period, \$504,355.44:

Account CB	Account CB Description Long	Service Function	2024 Forecast
0920000	A & G Salaries	Investor Relations	126,150.96
0921100	Employee Expenses	Investor Relations	12,060.00
0921200	Office Expenses	Investor Relations	342,102.00
0926600	Employee Benefits-Transferred	Investor Relations	24,042.48

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 12 of 15

For the 2025 forecast period, \$507,396.38:

Account CB	Account CB Description Long	Service Function	2025 Forecast (Test Year)		
0926600	Employee Benefits- Transferred	Investor Relations	24,042.48		
0921200	Office Expenses	Investor Relations	342,102.00		
0921100	Employee Expenses	Investor Relations	12,060.00		
0920000	A & G Salaries	Investor Relations	129,191.90		

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 13 of 15

Office of Utility Consumer Counselor IURC Cause No. 46038 Data Request Set No. 9 Received: April 26, 2024

OUCC 9.07

Request:

Board of Directors: Please provide the total Board of Directors compensation for Duke Energy allocated to Duke Energy Indiana for the historic base period, the 2023 8&4 period, the 2024 forecast period, and the 2025 forecast period as well as the three most recent calendar years. In the response, identify separately the following components of compensation: cash; stock awards: and other. If less than 100 percent of this compensation is allocated to O&M expense, indicate the allocation of this compensation to O&M expense and capital expenditures separately.

Response:

See below. 100 percent is allocated to O&M expense.

							DEI Allocation %		
	Quarter	Cash Co	mpensation	Sto	ock Awards	TOTAL*	for OU ENLE	DE	I Allocation \$
2021	1st Quarter	\$	466,250	\$	-	\$ 466,250	10.13%	\$	47,231
Actual	2nd Quarter	\$	413,984	\$	1,920,000	\$ 2,333,984	10.13%	\$	236,433
	3rd Quarter	\$	422,500	\$	-	\$ 422,500	10.13%	\$	42,799
	4th Quarter	\$	428,465	\$	75,165	\$ 503,630	10.13%	\$	51,018
		\$	1,731,199	\$	1,995,165	\$ 3,726,364	10.13%	\$	377,481
						\$ -			
2022	1st Quarter	\$	450,763	\$	28,571	\$ 479,334	10.32%	\$	49,467
Actual	2nd Quarter	\$	452,019	\$	2,274,999	\$ 2,727,018	10.32%	\$	281,428
	3rd Quarter	\$	440,000	\$	-	\$ 440,000	10.32%	\$	45,408
	4th Quarter	\$	440,000	\$	-	\$ 440,000	10.32%	\$	45,408
•		\$	1,782,782	\$	2,303,571	\$ 4,086,353	10.32%	\$	421,712
						\$ -			
2023	1st Quarter	\$	440,000	\$	-	\$ 440,000	10.13%	\$	44,572
Actual	2nd Quarter	\$	441,594	\$	2,275,000	\$ 2,716,594	10.13%	\$	275,191
	3rd Quarter	\$	492,500	\$	•	\$ 492,500	10.13%	\$	49,890
	4th Quarter	\$	442,500	\$	-	\$ 442,500	10.13%	\$	44,825
		\$	1,816,594	\$	2,275,000	\$ 4,091,594	10.13%	\$	414,478
						\$ -			
2024 and 2025	1st Quarter	\$	442,500	\$		\$ 442,500	10.05%	\$	44,471
Projection	2nd Quarter	\$	442,500	\$	2,275,000	\$ 2,717,500	10.05%	\$	273,109
	3rd Quarter	\$	492,500	\$	-	\$ 492,500	10.05%	\$	49,496
	4th Quarter	\$	442,500	\$	-	\$ 442,500	10.05%	\$	44,471
		\$	1,820,000	\$	2,275,000	\$ 4,095,000	10.05%	\$	411,547

Attachment MEG-3 Cause No. 46038 Page 14 of 15

Duke Industrial Group IURC Cause No. 46038 Data Request Set No. 10 Received: June 12, 2024

IG 10.09

Request:

Please provide the actual payouts and budgeted amounts of incentive compensation, by plan, for the past five years. Please describe any variances between actual and budgeted amounts.

Response:

See Attachment IG 10.9-A for actual versus budgeted amounts for the period 2019-2023.

Witness: Shannon A. Caldwell

Short-term Incentive (STI)

	<u>Actual</u>	Budgeted	<u>Difference</u>	<u>Explanation</u>
2023	\$ 20,412,107	\$ 30,004,728	\$ (9,592,621)	Actual less than budget. See Note 1.
2022	32,152,205	31,725,537	426,668	Insignificant variance
2021	49,636,696	30,989,335	18,647,360	Actual achievement greater than budget at target.
2020	17,864,155	28,985,079	(11,120,924)	Actual less than budget. See Note 2.
2019	35,338,032	27,516,023	7,822,009	Actual achievement greater than budget at target.

Note 1: EPS achievement was between the minimum EPS goal level and the "circuit breaker" level. The EPS circuit breaker is an achievement level between the minimum and target EPS performance level and is designed to align incentive payouts with Duke Energy's financial performance during challenging years when financial results need to be taken into consideration for funding incentive payouts. It is applied differently depending on EPS results and the performance level of the other non-EPS goals. In general:

- -- If the minimum EPS goal level is not met, no STI payout for any metric will occur.
- If EPS achievement is below the circuit breaker, payouts for all measures will be reduced and capped at the EPS achievement.
- -- If EPS achievement is above the circuit breaker, no adjustments will be made to the scorecard payout.

Note 2: For 2020, Duke Energy responded to the significant challenges faced in 2020 by implementing aggressive cost mitigation efforts while continuing our strong focus on delivering safe and reliable service to our customers. We avoided layoffs, base pay cuts and furloughs that occurred at many other companies. Consistent with prior years, the 2020 STI Plan allows the Compensation and People Development Committee, in conjunction with the Incentive Plan Committee and the Senior Management Committee, to use discretion when determining the incentive payout. Most employees received 75% of their target payout, and some non-union employees, union craft teammates, and craft frontline supervisors received 85% of their target payout. Executive leadership received the lowest payouts at 51% to 65% of their target payout.

Long-term Incentive (LTI)

	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budgeted</u>	<u>Difference</u>	<u>Explanation</u>
2023	\$ 10,173,528	\$ 9,246,448	\$ 927,080	Actual achievement greater than budget at target for performance shares
2022	9,589,404	9,168,970	420,434	Actual achievement greater than budget at target for performance shares
2021	8,523,998	8,403,742	120,255	Insignificant variance
2020	8,067,971	7,496,384	571,588	Actual achievement greater than budget at target for performance shares
2019	8,575,408	7,710,501	864,907	Actual achievement greater than budget at target for performance shares

AFFIRMATION

I affirm, under the penalties for perjury, that the foregoing representations are true.

Mark E. Garrett

President of Garrett Group Consulting, Inc. Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor

Cause No. 46038

DEI, LLC

Date: July 11, 2024

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that a copy of the foregoing *Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor*

Public's Exhibit No. 2 Testimony of OUCC Witness Mark E. Garrett has been served upon the

following counsel of record in the captioned proceeding by electronic service on July 11, 2024.

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